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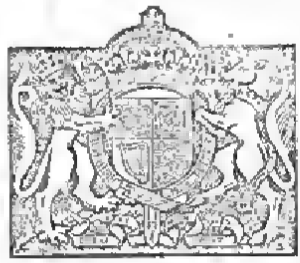

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PRIVATE SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

PRINCE OF WALES' ROYAL INDIAN MILITARY COLLEGE, DEHRA DUN.

No. 2.—(1) In connexion with the admission of candidates to the Prince of Wales' Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun, the following information is published for the use of intending candidates:—

The College provides a public school education on English lines for Indian and Anglo-Indian youths who desire subsequently to enter the Cadet Colleges in England with a view to obtaining Commissions in the Indian Army. It is intended for those who wish to make the Army their profession in life. The course of study at the College will, however, be such that, should a boy fail in the Army and Air Force Entrance Examination, he will be in as favourable a position for entry to a university as if he had been educated at an ordinary school.

(2) Candidates will be selected from unmarried Indian and Anglo-Indian boys of—

(a) Provinces of British India;

(b) Indian States

Nominations will be made by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief on the recommendation of the Local Government or Administration or the Political officer, as the case may be.

(3) Candidates must be under 12 and over 11 years of age on the 1st December 1929.

(4) Candidates should attach to their applications a medical certificate from the Officer Commanding a British or Indian Station Hospital or a Civil Surgeon to the effect that they are physically

fit in all respects in accordance with Appendix A to this notification.

(5) The fees will be Rs. 1,500 for each school year and are liable to enhancement hereafter, if circumstances require. The fees payable by candidates who are sons of Indian officers of good service will be determined by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in each particular case. These fees will include tuition, messing, school servants, washing and mending, and medical attendance of the ordinary kind, and, as initial provision, one suit of the uniform to be worn by students when at the College.

In the event of it becoming necessary for cadets to be admitted into a civil hospital, all charges incurred will be borne by the parents or guardians of the cadets.

A full-term's notice is required to be given of intention to withdraw a cadet from the College. In the event of such notice not being given, the parent or guardian will be required to pay one full term's fees in lieu, unless it is considered that the circumstances in which the cadet was withdrawn are such as to call for special consideration.

(6) Parents or guardians of candidates are required to attach to the applications a declaration in the following form :—

"I, _____, father / guardian of _____, a candidate for admission to the Prince of Wales' Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun, having made myself acquainted with the fees payable at Dehra Dun, and, subsequently, at the Cadet Colleges in England (vide paragraph 57 of 'Provisional Regulations respecting admission of Indian gentlemen to the Royal Military Academy, Woolwich, the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, and the Royal Air Force Cadet College, Cranwell') am able and willing to pay the prescribed fees and meet the incidental expenses.

"It is my intention to make the Army my ward's / son's profession in life.

Signature of parent or guardian _____.

(7) Entry to the College will not be open to candidates who are already married, and parents or guardians of candidates are required to furnish a declaration in the following form :—

"I, _____, father / guardian of _____, a candidate for admission to the Prince of Wales' Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun, hereby declare that my son / ward, is unmarried and that he will remain a bachelor whilst at the College and until he has completed, subsequently, a course at one of the Cadet Colleges in England.

Signature of parent or guardian _____.

(8) One general mess will be maintained. All students will be required to mess together. Special care will be taken that no food is served in the mess which could in any way offend the religious susceptibilities of any student.

(9) All applications should be submitted to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Madras, Madras Governor's Camp, not later than the 15th November 1929 in the form below. No applications received after the 15th November will be considered.

FORM OF APPLICATION.

1. Name in full. (*To be typewritten or hand-printed.*)
2. Date of birth. (*This must be definitely stated and supported by documentary evidence.*)
3. Name, occupation and address of father or guardian.
4. Caste and tribe.
5. Permanent address in India.
6. Brief resume of military service rendered by candidate's father and near relatives and statement of his father's financial position.
7. Medical report.

Place _____

Date _____

Signature of Candidate.

(10) Candidates are informed that no travelling allowance is admissible in the event of their being summoned to Madras or Ootacamund, as the case may be, for the purpose of interviewing His Excellency the Governor.

(11) Detailed information regarding the aim and scope of the course of training and the rules to be observed by parents and guardians of Cadets nominated to join the College are contained in the pamphlet entitled "Regulations for the Prince of Wales' Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun."

Copies of the above Regulations and of the Provisional Regulations respecting admission of Indian Gentlemen to the Royal Military Academy, Woolwich, the Royal Military College, Sandhurst and the Royal Air Force Cadet College, Cranwell, mentioned in paragraph 6 above, can be had from the Manager, Central Publication Branch, 9, Hastings Street, Calcutta, price annas 2 and 4 per copy, respectively.

APPENDIX A.

Information respecting the medical examination of candidates for admission to the Prince of Wales' Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun.

1. The medical examination of candidates for admission to the Prince of Wales Royal Indian Military College, Dehra Dun, should invariably be made by—

(a) the Officer Commanding a British or Indian Station Hospital, or failing (a),

(b) a Civil Surgeon.

2. A standard for height and chest measurements and physical development cannot be laid down, but the candidate should not be below the average for his age and race.

3. The standard of the minimum of acuteness of vision with which a candidate will be considered fit is—

Better eye.

Distant vision V = 6/6.
Near vision reads 0·6.

Worse eye.

Distant vision not below 6/60.
After correction with glasses not below 6/12.
Near vision reads 0·6.
Snellen's types should be used.
Each eye must have a full field of vision as tested by hand movements.

Squint or any morbid condition of the eyes or of the lid of either eye liable to the risk of aggravation or recurrence will cause the rejection of the candidate.

Each eye will be examined separately. The candidate will be required to read the tests in ordinary daylight.

Inability to distinguish the principal colours will not be regarded as a cause for rejection, but the fact will be noted in the proceedings and the candidate will be informed.

No relaxation of the standard of vision will be allowed.

4. The following additional points will then be observed :—

(*a*) That his hearing is good.

(*b*) That his speech is without impediment.

(*c*) That his teeth are in good order. He must have nine (9) sound teeth in the upper jaw, functionally opposed to (9) sound teeth in the lower jaw. Two of these teeth in each jaw must be molars. Well filled teeth will be considered as sound.

(*d*) That his chest is well formed and that his lungs and heart are sound.

(*e*) That he is not ruptured.

(*f*) That he does not suffer in a fair degree of varicocele or varicose veins. A candidate who has been successfully operated on will be accepted.

(*g*) That his limbs are well formed and developed.

(*h*) That there is free and perfect motion of all the joints.

(*i*) That his feet and toes are well formed.

(*k*) That he does not suffer from any inveterate skin disease.

(*l*) That he has no congenital malformation or defect.

(*m*) That he does not bear traces of previous acute or chronic disease pointing to an impaired constitution.

(*n*) That the candidate's age is as near as possible correctly stated.

D. D. WARREN,
Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.

Madras Governor's Camp,
17th September 1929.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.
(General.)

PRESS COMMUNIQUÉ.

Fort St. George, October 29, 1929.

No. 20.—Lieutenant-Colonel the Right Honourable Sir George Frederick Stanley, P.C., G.C.I.E., C.M.G., Governor-Designate, will not arrive at Madras on Monday, the 28th October 1929, as previously notified. A further notification will be issued in due course when the date of his arrival is definitely known.

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Military.)

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, October 28, 1929.
(*G.O. No.* 1084, *Public*).

No. 3.—His Majesty the King-Emperor of India has expressed the wish that on the 11th of November 1929 in order to commemorate the Armistice there should once again be a complete cessation of all normal business throughout the British Empire during two minutes' silence commencing at 11 a.m. in order that in perfect stillness the thoughts of every one may be concentrated in remembrance of the glorious dead. In order that the ceremony may synchronise throughout British India, the Government suggest that 11 a.m. railway time should be adopted everywhere for the commencement of the silence. All heads of departments and offices are requested to see that work in their offices is completely suspended during the two minutes commencing at 11 a.m. on the 11th November 1929.

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Police.)

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, October 16, 1929.

No. 46.—M.R.Ry. E. S. Rajagopala Ayyangar Avargal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, leave on average pay on medical certificate for six months from 14th September 1929.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929.

No. 47.—Mr. S. W. W. Wright, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, leave on average pay for sixteen days from 14th July 1929 to 29th July 1929 both days inclusive.

[This cancels Public (Police) Department Notification No. 7 published on page 1558 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 20th August 1929.]

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 48.—M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib R. Narayana Ayyangar Avargal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, an extension of leave on average pay without medical certificate for three months from 13th October 1929.

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Services.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, October 8, 1929.
[*G.O. No.* 1039, *Public (Services)*].

PUBLIC SERVICES—PROVINCIAL SERVICES.

THE MADRAS DISTRICT BOARD ENGINEERING SERVICE.

Rules regulating recruitment, conditions of service, pay and allowances.

No. 30.—In exercise of the powers conferred in rules 3 and 4 of the Civil Services (Governors' Provinces) Delegation Rules, 1926, the Governor acting with the Minister hereby makes the following rules to regulate the method of recruitment, conditions of service, pay and allowances of the Madras District Board Engineering Service.

For the purpose of these rules—

'Local Government' shall mean the Governor acting with the Minister; and

'The Service' shall mean the Madras District Board Engineering Service.

1. *Constitution.*—The Service shall consist of—

District Board Engineer in the selection Grade	1
District Board Engineers, First Grade	5
District Board Engineers, Second Grade	19
Total	25

2. *Recruitment.*—Admission to the Service shall be to the second grade and shall be either by direct recruitment or by promotion from the rank of Local Fund Assistant Engineers.

Candidates for admission to the Service shall be selected by the Local Government.

3. (*a*) So far as qualified and suitable candidates of each community are available, candidates shall be selected for admission to the Service by promotion in the following order, namely :—

Serial No.	
1	One Non-Brahman (Hindu).
2	One member of any other community (including depressed classes).
3	One Non-Brahman (Hindu).

Serial No.	
4	One Muhammadan.
5	One Non-Brahman (Hindu).
6	One Anglo-Indian or Christian or non-Asiatic.
7	One Brahman
8	One Non-Brahman (Hindu)
9	One Muhammadan
10	One Non-Brahman (Hindu).
11	One Anglo-Indian or Christian or non-Asiatic.
12	One Brahman.

Provided that, in case a candidate of a particular community has been selected for admission to the Service otherwise than by promotion, the candidate next selected for admission by promotion shall be a member of the community next to the said particular community in the serial order mentioned in this sub-rule subject to the preferential claim of any candidate, if any, under sub-rule (*e*).

(*b*) If a qualified and suitable candidate of a particular community is not forthcoming in the turn allotted to that community, a candidate belonging to the next community specified in sub-rule (*a*) shall be selected for admission if he is otherwise qualified and suitable for admission, and a qualified and suitable candidate belonging to the former community will have a preferential claim for selection on the next occasion when a selection for admission to the Service is made.

(*c*) If a probationer of a particular community is found unsuitable for appointment to the Service, a qualified and suitable candidate belonging to that community will have a preferential claim for selection on the next occasion when a selection for admission to the Service is made.

4. *Qualifications.*—No person shall be eligible for admission to the Service unless

(*a*) he is a British subject, or

(*b*) he is a subject of a State in India.

5. No person shall be eligible for admission to the Service by direct recruitment unless

(*a*) he holds a diploma or degree in Civil Engineering of a University or an institution recognized by the Local Government, or

(*b*) he is a member or Associate of an Institute of Civil Engineering recognized by the Local Government, or

(*c*) he holds the upper subordinate diploma of the College of Engineering, Guindy, with ten years' practical experience.

6. *Probation and Training*—

(*a*) A candidate selected for admission to the Service, shall, from the date on which he joins duty as such, be on probation

(i) if recruited direct, for a total period of two years on duty;

(ii) if recruited by promotion from the rank of Local Fund Assistant Engineers, either for a continuous period of one year or a total period of two years on duty out of a continuous period of three years.

(*b*) Within the period of probation a selected candidate shall undergo the third class test in any one of the following vernacular languages of the Presidency of Madras, namely:—

Tamil,	Kanarese,
Telugu,	Hindustani,
Malayalam,	Oriya

Provided that, if a candidate's mother tongue is one of the above languages or if he has taken one such language for his University degree, he shall undergo the test in one other language:

Provided further, that if a candidate's mother tongue is one of the above languages and he has taken another language for his University degree, he shall undergo the test in a third language.

(*c*) There shall be paid to a candidate on probation, a pay calculated at the rate admissible to a District Board Engineer in the second grade

7. (*a*) At any time before the end of the prescribed period of probation, the probation of a selected candidate may be terminated at the discretion of the Local Government and the candidate's services shall then be dispensed with or he shall be reverted to his permanent post as the case may be

(*b*) If at the end of the prescribed period of probation

(i) the Local Government does not consider the selected candidate suitable for appointment to the Service, or

(ii) the selected candidate has not successfully passed the test mentioned in sub-rule (*b*) of rule 6,

the Local Government shall by order, dispense with his services or revert him to his permanent post as the case may be. If no such order is issued by the Local Government within three months after the expiry of the candidate's period of probation under sub-rule (*a*) of rule 6 the candidate shall be deemed to have completed his period of probation satisfactorily.

8. *Appointment to service.*—A probationer who is declared by the Local Government, or is deemed under sub-rule (*b*) of rule 7, to have completed his period of probation satisfactorily shall be appointed by the Local Government to be a member of the Service at the first opportunity and may, if a vacancy in the Service existed, be appointed with retrospective effect:

Provided that no probationer shall be appointed as a member of the Service before any other probationer who completed his probation satisfactorily at an early date.

9. *Seniority.*—Members of the Service, whether recruited direct or by promotion from the rank of Local Fund Assistant Engineers, shall take rank in the several grades of the Service according to the date on which they are substantively appointed to the respective grades in the Service.

10. *Pay.*—There shall be paid to a member of the Service

(*a*) in the selection grade, a pay calculated at the rate of Rs. 1,000 a month rising by annual increments of Rs. 100 each to a maximum of Rs. 1,200;

(*b*) in the first grade, a pay calculated at the rate of Rs. 700 a month rising by annual increments of Rs. 100 each to a maximum of Rs. 1,000;

(*c*) in the second grade, a pay calculated at the rate of Rs. 400 a month rising by annual increments of Rs. 50 each to a maximum of Rs. 650.

11. *Promotion.*—Promotion shall be from one grade to the next higher grade and shall be for approved service of more than ordinary merit. No member shall be entitled to promotion on the ground of seniority alone.

12. *Transfers and Postings.*—Members of the Service, probationers and officers officiating in the Service shall be liable to transfer to any part of the Presidency of Madras for the performance of duties for which the Service is constituted. Postings and transfers shall be made by the Local Government.

13. *Provident Fund*—Members of the Service shall not be eligible for any pension, but shall subscribe to a Special Provident Fund at the rate and on the terms set out in the annexure appended to these rules.

Provided that when the contributory Provident Fund is established it shall replace the Special Provident Fund.

14 *Leave, leave salary and other conditions of service*—The Fundamental Rules issued from time to time under the authority of the Government of Madras shall govern the members of the Service in the matter of leave, leave salary and other conditions of service.

ANNEXURE.

Rules regulating the Madras District Board Engineers' Provident Fund.

1. This fund is established for the benefit of the permanent District Board Engineers employed under district boards in the Madras Presidency in the provincial cadre. It shall be called 'The Madras District Board Engineers' Provident Fund'.

2. Subscriptions to the fund shall be compulsory on every permanent District Board Engineer in the provincial cadre. Subscribers to the provident fund who are transferred temporarily to any other service may continue to subscribe during their temporary absence on such service provided they retain a lien on their permanent appointments. District Board Engineers who are appointed on probation in permanent vacancies may subscribe to the fund if they wish. Engineers who are not permanent in the provincial cadre and who are appointed to fill temporary vacancies shall not be eligible to subscribe to the fund.

3. District Board Engineers who now subscribe to an existing provident fund shall cease to be eligible to subscribe to that fund in respect of their salaries from 1st March 1924 and their accounts with the existing fund including any liability for refund of advances, shall thereafter be transferred to the Madras District Board Engineers' Provident Fund and shall be credited to their account.

4. The fund shall be formed out of and maintained by (1) the amount transferred under rule 3, (2) contributions from subscribers, (3) bonuses from the Government and (4) interest on the above. The control of the fund shall rest with the Government of Madras, but the Accountant-General, Madras, will be the Account Officer for the purposes of these rules.

5 Contributions from subscribers shall be levied at the uniform rate of one anna in each whole rupee (1) of their pay while on duty or (2) of the leave allowances actually drawn while on leave. The contribution shall be recovered monthly by deductions from pay bills and the amounts deducted will be considered as paid into the fund on the first of the month succeeding that for which the pay from which the deduction is made, is due. The first deduction on account of the above fund will be made from the pay bills for March 1924 drawn in April 1924.

6. No bonus shall be payable by Government in respect of any period during which a subscriber is temporarily transferred to any other service. Subject to this reservation a bonus equal to the sum contributed by each subscriber during the year shall be credited to his account on the 1st of April of the year following or whenever his account is closed under rule 11.

7. At the end of each financial year the account of each subscriber shall be credited with interest which will be calculated for each calendar month on the balance of each subscriber's account on the last day of that month. The rate of interest shall be 5½ per cent per annum or such other rate as may be fixed from time to time by the Government.

8. The account of each subscriber shall show—

(i) the amount transferred to his credit under rule 3 with the interest thereon,

(ii) the amount of his subscriptions with the interest thereon,

(iii) the bonus given by the Government with the interest thereon, and

(iv) any amount withdrawn by him from the fund.

9 (*a*) On opening his account in the fund, each subscriber shall furnish to the Account Officer a certificate under his signature giving the name and address of one or more persons to whom he desires that, in the event of his death, the whole or any portion of the amount due to him from the fund should be paid and may at any time revise the certificate, and all certificates in force shall be duly recorded by the Account Officer in a register which should be under lock and key of the Account Officer. The serial number assigned to a subscriber in the register should be communicated to him for note in all subsequent bills and statements.

(*b*) A subscriber is not permitted in his certificate to leave the amount of his accumulations or any part of it to any one outside his family, if he has one. When a certificate purports to leave money otherwise than to a member or members of a subscriber's family, the Account Officer shall call upon the subscriber to state whether he has a family and if it is found that he has one, that certificate shall not be accepted.

Explanation.—For the purpose of these rules, only the following survivors of a subscriber shall be held to constitute his family:—

(1) Widow or widows.

(2) Children

(3) Widow or widows and children of a deceased son

An adopted child will be considered to be a child when under the personal law of the subscriber adoption is legally recognized as conferring the status of a natural child but in this case only.

In cases where the account of a subscriber is closed during his lifetime and he himself receives payment, the certificate of heirship may be returned to him and the fact recorded in the register of subscribers in the last column

10. The Government will not be bound by or recognize, any assignment or encumbrance executed or attempted to be created which affects the disposal of the accumulations of a subscriber who dies before retirement

11. The account of each subscriber shall be closed—

(1) when he is dismissed from the service or removed or called upon to resign on account of misconduct or inefficiency, or resigns without notice or permission or in the case of an officer appointed on probation, if he is not confirmed at the end of the probation period; or

(2) when he retires from service or when his services are dispensed with owing to a reduction of establishment or some cause other than his own misconduct or by reason of his permanent transfer to any other appointment than that of District Board Engineer or when he is permitted to resign under any circumstances other than those mentioned in clause (1) of this rule; or

(3) when he dies.

12. (*a*) When a subscriber's account is closed under clause (1) of rule 11, the Government may withhold all or any part of the amount standing to his credit in the bonus account and pay him only the balance of the amount standing to his credit in the fund.

(*b*) when an account is closed under clause (2) or clause (3) of rule 11, the subscriber or his nominee or heirs, as the case may be, shall be paid the whole amount standing to his credit.

Provise.—Provided that all payments under this rule shall be subject to such recoveries as may be ordered by the Government under rule 16

13 When a subscriber dies, the sum at the deceased subscriber's credit on his account being closed shall be disbursed in accordance with the certificate furnished by him under rule 9. If for any reason the amount or any portion of it cannot be disbursed, the Account Officer shall take steps to discover, in consultation, if necessary, with the Local Government, who is the person legally entitled to receive the amount and shall pay it to that person.

14. In all other cases, the subscriber shall apply to the Government for an order to the Account Officer to pay the amount at his credit. As the amount payable under rule 12 to a subscriber when he quits service will become his absolute property, it will be handed over to him unless the Account Officer has received notice of an attachment, assignment or encumbrance affecting the disposal of the amount or any portion of it. Should such notice have been received the Account Officer shall pay to the subscriber only that portion of the amount which is not affected by the attachment, assignment or encumbrance and shall obtain the orders of the Government regarding the disposal of the balance

15. Payment will be made only in India and subscribers and representatives of deceased subscribers must make their own arrangements to receive payment in India.

16. From and out of the amount standing to the credit of any subscriber the Government shall have power to recover the amount of any claim which the Government or any local body under which he was employed during his service may have against him.

17. (1) When the pecuniary circumstances of a subscriber are such that the indulgence is absolutely necessary, a temporary advance not ordinarily exceeding three months' pay may be allowed from the sum at his credit at the discretion of the Government,

(2) The following are cited as examples of occasions on which the grant of advances may be considered provided the circumstances are exceptional:—

(*a*) To pay expenses incurred in connexion with the illness of a subscriber or a member of his family.

(*b*) To pay for the passage of any member of the subscriber's family coming from beyond the sea to join him, or requiring to make a journey beyond the sea for some urgent cause.

(*c*) To pay expenses in connexion with the marriages, funerals or ceremonies, which by the religion of the subscriber it is incumbent upon him to perform and in connexion with which it is obligatory that expenditure should be incurred.

The order sanctioning the advance should state the specific purpose for which the advance is granted

(3) When one or more advances have already been granted to a subscriber, a subsequent advance shall not be granted, except for strong reasons to be recorded in writing by the sanctioning authority until at least twelve months have elapsed after the complete repayment of the last advance taken.

(4) Advances will be recovered at the discretion of Government in not less than twelve or more than twenty-four instalments. A subscriber may, however, at his option make repayment in less than twelve instalments or may repay two or more instalments at the same time.

The recoveries will commence from the first payment of a full month's pay after the advance is granted, but no recovery will be made while the subscriber is on leave of any kind.

When two or more advances are made, each advance should be treated separately and the monthly deduction of not less than one-twenty-fourth part of each advance should be made until that advance is cleared.

The instalments will be paid by compulsory deductions from pay, and will be in addition to the usual subscription.

(5) When an advance is repaid, as regards principal, in twelve instalments a thirteenth instalment representing interest and equivalent to 3½ per cent of the amount of the advance should be paid in the month following that in which the last instalment is paid; similarly an additional instalment equivalent to 7 per cent of the total amount of the advance should be paid when the advance is repaid in more than twelve instalments. In calculating $\frac{3\frac{1}{2} \text{ per cent}}{7 \text{ per cent}}$ as above, a fraction of a rupee should be taken at the next higher whole rupee if it exceeds 8 annas and should be ignored if it does not. The interest so levied should be credited to the subscriber's account.

18. The Government reserve to themselves the power to amend or alter the rules as may be required.

19. As soon as possible after the close of each year each subscriber will receive from the Account Officer a statement of his account showing the opening balance, the deposits and withdrawals during the year and the closing balance under subscriptions and under bonus. Subscribers are required to satisfy themselves as to the correctness of these statements; and unless errors in them are brought to the notice of the Account Officer within one month from the date of their receipt, the Government will not be responsible for any sums not included in the account.

Fort St. George, October 17, 1923

[*G. O. No.* 1063, *Public (Services)*]

No. 31.—In exercise of the powers conferred in rules 3 and 4 of the Civil Services (Governors

Provinces) Delegation Rules, 1926, the Governor in Council hereby makes the following amendments to the rules regulating the conditions of service, pay, allowances and pension of the Madras Port Service, published with Public Department Notification No. 506, dated 23rd July 1928, on page 1155 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 31st July 1928, as amended by Public Department Notifications No. 447, dated 13th November 1928, published on pages 1782–83 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 20th November 1928 and Notification No. 61, dated 11th February 1929, published on pages 333–336 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 19th February 1929, namely :—

AMENDMENTS.

I

In the preamble to the said rules—

(i) for the words and figures "conferred in rule 4" the words and figures "conferred in rules 3 and 4" shall be substituted;

(ii) before the words "conditions of service" the words "method of recruitment" shall be inserted; and

(iii) after the words "the Madras Port Service" the words "hereinafter referred to as "the Service"" shall be inserted.

II

In rule 1 of the said rules for the words "the Madras Port Service" the words "the Service" shall be substituted.

III

Rules 2, 3, 4, 4-A, 5, 6 and 7 of the said rules shall be renumbered 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 15 respectively and the following shall be inserted as rules 2 to 7 and 14 namely :—

2. *Recruitment.*—(a) Admission to the Service shall be to the ordinary grade and shall be either by direct recruitment or transfer of a person already in Government Service.

(b) Candidates for admission to the Service shall be selected by the Local Government.

3. *Qualifications.*—No person shall be eligible for admission to the Service unless—

(a) he is a British subject, or

(b) he is a subject of a State in India.

4. No person shall be eligible for admission to the Service unless—

(a) he is below 25 years of age,

(b) he has obtained a certificate of competency as Master Mariner in the Mercantile Marine or Commander in the Royal Indian Marine; and

(c) he is able to produce the certificate of physical fitness for the public service prescribed in the Fundamental Rules issued from time to time under the authority of the Government of Madras.

5. *Probation.*—(a) A candidate selected for admission to the Service shall, from the date on which he joins duty as such, be on probation for a total period of one year on duty.

(b) There shall be paid to a candidate on probation a pay calculated in the scale of pay admissible to a member of the Service in the ordinary grade.

6. (a) At any time before the end of the prescribed period of probation, the probation of a selected candidate may be terminated at the discretion of the Local Government and the candidate's services shall then be dispensed with or he shall be reverted to his permanent post as the case may be.

(b) If at the end of the prescribed period of probation, the Local Government does not consider the selected candidate suitable for appointment to the Service, the Local Government shall, by order, dispense with his services or revert him to his permanent post as the case may be. If no such order is issued by the Local Government within three months after the expiry of the candidate's period of probation under sub-rule (a) of rule 5, the candidate shall be deemed to have completed his period of probation satisfactorily.

7. *Appointment to the service.*—A probationer who is declared by the Local Government or is deemed under sub-rule (b) of rule 6, to have completed his period of probation satisfactorily shall be appointed by the Local Government to be a member of the Service at the first opportunity, and, may, if a vacancy in the Service existed, be appointed with retrospective effect:

Provided that no probationer shall be appointed as a member of the Service before any other probationer who completed his probation satisfactorily at an earlier date.

14. *Resignation.*—No member of the Service and no probationer or officer officiating in the Service shall resign the Service without the previous sanction of the Local Government.

IV

In rule 5 of the said rules as renumbered

(i) for the heading "Rank" the heading "Seniority" shall be substituted;

(ii) for the word "officers" the word "Members" shall be substituted; and

(iii) at the end the following sub-paragraph shall be inserted, namely :—

"if more than one probationer completes their probation satisfactorily on the same date, the seniority of such probationers shall be determined by the Local Government in each case."

V

In rule 10 of the said rules as renumbered for the word and figure "rule 3" the word and figure "rule 9", for the word "officers" the word "members", and for the figures "75" the figures "100" shall be substituted.

VI

For rule 12 of the said rules as renumbered, the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"12. *Promotion.*—Promotion to the selection grade shall be made by the Local Government. Approved service of more than ordinary merit shall be essential for promotion to the selection grade and no member shall be entitled to promotion on the ground of seniority alone."

VII

In rule 13 of the said rules as renumbered—

(i) for the heading "Transfer" the heading "Transfers and Postings" shall be substituted;

(ii) after the words, "Members of the Service" the words "probationers and officers officiating in the Service" shall be inserted; and

(iii) for the second sentence the following sentence shall be substituted, namely "Postings and transfers shall be made by the Local Government."

VIII

In the schedule appended to the said rules for the words, figure, letter and brackets "(see rule 4-A)" the words, figures and brackets "(see rule 21)" shall be substituted.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929

[G.O. No. 1072, Public (Services)]

No. 32.—In exercise of the powers conferred in rules 3 and 4 of the Civil Services (Governors' Provinces) Delegation Rules, 1926, the Governor in Council hereby makes the following amendment to the rules regulating the conditions of service, pay, allowances and pension of the Madras Survey

Service published with Public Department Notification No. 358, dated 3rd September 1928, on page 1340 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 12th September 1928, and as amended by Public Department Notification No. 28, dated 8th January 1929, on page 91 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 15th January 1929, namely :—

I

In the preamble to the said rules, for the words "conditions of service" the words "method of recruitment, conditions of service" shall be substituted and after the words "the Madras Survey Service" the words "hereinafter referred to as the Service" shall be added.

II

In rule 1 of the said rules, for the words "the Madras Survey Service" the words "the Service" shall be substituted.

III

Rules 2 to 7 of the said rules shall be renumbered 3 to 14 respectively and the following shall be inserted as rules 2 to 8, namely :—

2. *Recruitment.*—Save as otherwise provided in sub-rule (*b*) of rule 3 admission to the Service shall be to the ordinary grade and shall be by promotion from the rank of Sub-Assistant Director of Survey of the Madras Survey Subordinate Service.

Candidates for admission to the Service shall be selected by the Local Government,

3. (*a*) So far as qualified and suitable candidates are available in each community candidates shall be selected for admission to the Service by promotion in the following order, viz.:—

Serial number.	
1.	One non-Brahman (Hindu).
2.	One member of any other community (including depressed classes).
3.	One non-Brahman (Hindu).
4.	One Mahammadan.
5.	One non-Brahman (Hindu).
6.	One Anglo Indian or Christian or non-Asiatic.
7.	One Brahmon.
8.	One non-Brahman (Hindu).
9.	One Mahammadan.
10.	One non Brahmon (Hindu).
11.	One Anglo Indian or Christian or non-Asiatic.
12.	One Brahman.

(*b*) If a qualified and suitable candidate of a particular community is not forthcoming in the turn allotted to that community a candidate belonging to the next community specified in sub-rule (*a*) shall be selected for admission if he is otherwise qualified and suitable for admission, and a qualified and suitable candidate belonging to the former community will have a preferential claim for selection on the next occasion when a selection for admission to the Service is made.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this sub-rule, if a qualified and suitable candidate of a particular community is not forthcoming in the turn allotted to that community for admission to the Service by promotion from the Madras Survey Subordinate Service, the Local Government may select a candidate belonging to that community for admission to the Service by direct recruitment.

(*c*) If a probationer of a particular community is found unsuitable for appointment to the Service a qualified and suitable candidate belonging to that community will have a preferential claim for selection on the next occasion when a selection for admission to the Service is made.

4. *Qualifications.*—No person shall be eligible for admission to the Service unless—

(*a*) he is a British subject, or

(*b*) he is a subject of a State in India.

5. (*a*) No Sub Assistant Director of Survey shall be eligible for selection as a candidate for admission to the Service unless—

(*i*) he has not attained 45 years of age, and

(*ii*) he has passed the Head Surveyor and Sub-Assistant's test

(*b*) No person shall be eligible for admission to the Service by direct recruitment unless—

(*i*) he is less than 23 years of age,

(*ii*) he is of good character,

(*iii*) he is of sound health, good physique and active habits and free from any defect or bodily infirmity unfitting him for Government service, and

(*iv*) he has passed an examination qualifying for admission to one of the Universities mentioned in the Annexure to these rules.

6. *Probation and training.*—(*a*) A candidate selected for admission to the Service shall, from the date on which he joins duty as such, be on probation—

(*i*) if recruited direct, for a total period of two years on duty ;

(*ii*) if recruited by promotion from the Madras Survey Subordinate Service, either for a continuous period of two years on duty or for a total period of three years on duty out of a continuous period of four years.

(*b*) Within the period of probation, a candidate selected for admission to the Service shall undergo—

(*i*) a course of four months' training in settlement and land revenue work and an examination held at the end of the course in subjects connected with land revenue administration ; and

(*ii*) the third-class test in one of the following vernacular languages of the Presidency of Madras, namely—

Tamil.	Kanarese
Telugu.	Hindustani.
Malayalam	Oriya.

Provided that if a candidate's mother tongue is one of the above languages or if he has taken one such language for his University degree, he shall undergo the test in one other language only.

(*c*) A candidate recruited direct shall also undergo the Head Surveyor and Sub-Assistants' test.

(*d*) There shall be paid to a candidate on probation a pay calculated in the scale of pay admissible to an Assistant Director of Survey in the ordinary grade.

7. (*a*) At any time before the end of the prescribed period of probation the probation of a selected candidate may be terminated at the discretion of the Local Government and the candidate's services shall then be dispensed with or he shall be reverted to his permanent post as the case may be.

(*b*) If at the end of the prescribed period of probation—

(*i*) the Local Government does not consider the selected candidate suitable for appointment to the Service, or

(*ii*) the selected candidate has not successfully passed the tests mentioned in sub-rule (*b*) or (*c*) of rule 6,

the Local Government shall, by order, dispense with his services or revert him to his permanent post as the case may be. If no such order is issued by the Local Government within three months of the expiry of the candidate's period of probation under sub-rule (*a*) of rule 6, the candidate shall be deemed to have completed his period of probation satisfactorily

8. *Appointment to the service.*—A probationer who is declared by the Local Government or is deemed under sub rule (*b*) of rule 7 to have completed his period of probation satisfactorily shall be appointed by the Local Government he is a member of the Service at the first opportunity, and may, if a vacancy in the Service existed, be appointed with retrospective effect :

Provided that no probationer shall be appointed as a member of the Service before any other probationer who completed his probation satisfactorily at an earlier date.

IV

In rule 9 of the said rules as renumbered, for the words "the Madras Survey Service" the words "the Service" shall be substituted.

V

In rule 15 of the said rules as renumbered, after the words "Members of the Service" the words "probationers and officers officiating in the Service" shall be inserted.

ANNEXURE (referred to in rule 5).

Indian Universities.

The Universities of Allahabad, Bombay, Calcutta, Dacca, Delhi, Lucknow, Madras, Nagpur, Patna, the Punjab and Rangoon.

The Aligarh Muslim University.
The Benares Hindu University.
The Mysore University.
The Osmania University.
The Andhra University.
The Annamalai University.

English and Welsh Universities.

The Universities of Birmingham, Bristol, Cambridge, Durham, Leeds, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Oxford, Sheffield and Wales.

Scottish Universities.

The Universities of Aberdeen, Edinburgh, Glasgow and St. Andrews.

Irish Universities.

The University of Dublin (Trinity College) and the Queen's University of Belfast.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929
[G.O. No 1073, Public (Services)].

No 33.—In exercise of the powers conferred in rules 3 and 4 of the Civil Services (Governors' Provinces) Delegation Rules, 1926, the Governor acting with the Minister hereby makes the following amendments to the rules regulating the conditions of service, pay, allowances and pension of the Madras Excise Service published with Public Department Notification No. 146, dated 21st March 1923, on pages 511-512 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 3rd April 1923, and as amended by Public Department Notification No. 310, dated 1st August 1928, published on page 1184 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 7th August 1928, namely :—

AMENDMENTS.

I

"In the preamble to the said rules

(i) for the words and figures "conferred in rule 4" the words and figures "conferred in rules 3 and 4" shall be substituted;

(ii) before the words "conditions of Service" the words "method of recruitment" shall be inserted; and

(iii) after the words "the Madras Excise Service" the words "hereinafter referred to as the Service" shall be added.

II

Before rule 1 of the said rules the following definitions shall be inserted, namely —

"For the purpose of these rules

(i) "Commissioner" shall mean the Commissioner of Excise, Madras, and

(ii) "Local Government" shall mean the Governor acting with the Minister."

III

In rule 1 of the said rules for the words "the Madras Excise Service" the words "the Service" and for the words "the Commissioner of Excise" the words "the Commissioner" shall be substituted.

IV

Rules 2 to 7 of the said rules shall be renumbered 8 to 13 respectively and the following shall be inserted as rules 2 to 7, namely —

"2. *Recruitment.*—Admission to the Service shall be to the fourth grade of Inspectors and shall be by promotion from the rank of Assistant Inspectors of the Madras Excise Subordinate Service or by promotion of Superintendents in the office of the Commissioner or of Senior Assistants in the Laboratory attached to the office of the Commissioner.

Candidates for admission to the Service shall be selected by the Commissioner if such admission is by promotion from the Madras Excise Subordinate Service and by the Local Government if such admission is otherwise than by such promotion.

Explanation.—A person appointed to officiate or hold temporarily a post in the Service shall be regarded as a candidate selected for admission to the Service unless the contrary is stated in the order of his appointment.

3. (a) So far as qualified and suitable candidates of such community are available, candidates shall be selected for admission to the Service by promotion in the following order, viz.—

(1) One Non-Brahman (Hindu).
(2) One Muhammadan.
(3) One Non-Brahman (Hindu).
(4) One Anglo-Indian or Christian or Non-Asiatic.
(5) One Brahman.
(6) One Non-Brahman (Hindu).
(7) One member of any other community (including depressed classes).
(8) One Non-Brahman (Hindu).
(9) One Muhammadan
(10) One Non-Brahman (Hindu).
(11) One Anglo-Indian or Christian or Non-Asiatic.
(12) One Brahman.

(b) If a qualified and suitable candidate of a particular community is not forthcoming in the turn allotted to that community a candidate belonging to the next community specified in sub-rule (a) shall be selected for admission if he is otherwise qualified and suitable for admission, and a qualified and suitable candidate belonging to the former community will have a preferential claim for selection on the next occasion when a selection for admission to the Service is made.

(c) If a probationer of a particular community is found unsuitable for appointment to the Service, a qualified and suitable candidate belonging to that community will have a preferential claim for selection on the next occasion when a selection for admission to the Service is made.

4. *Qualifications.*—No person shall be eligible for admission to the Service unless—

(a) (i) he is a British subject,
(ii) he is a subject of a State in India;

(b) he is less than 50 years of age, and

(c) (i) he has successfully passed the following departmental tests, namely :—

A. Criminal Law.
B. Accounts.
C. Excise manual. } By the Higher
D. Distillery manual. } Grade.
E. Two of the following vernacular languages of the Presidency of Madras, namely, Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam, Kanarese and Hindustani, of which one shall be Tamil or Telugu;

Provided that—

(a) if the candidate's mother tongue is one of the said languages, or

(b) if he has taken one of the said languages for his University degree, or

(c) if his mother tongue is one of the said languages and he has taken the same or another of the said languages for his University degree, he shall have successfully passed the test in one other of the said languages, which, unless the candidate's mother tongue or the language taken by him for his University degree is Tamil or Telugu, shall be Tamil or Telugu; and

P. Engineering.

(ii) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-clause (i), a candidate, who has not successfully passed the departmental tests therein specified may be admitted to the Service as a special case if he is otherwise qualified. A candidate so admitted shall be allowed four consecutive chances from the date of such admission to successfully pass the tests in Criminal Law, Excise Manual, Distillery Manual, Engineering and one vernacular language and four consecutive chances thereafter to successfully pass the tests in accounts and a second vernacular language, if any, required to be passed under sub-clause (i). A candidate who has not successfully passed any of the tests within the number of chances allowed shall be reverted to his permanent post:

Provided that in the case of the test in Distillery Manual, the chances shall be calculated only from the date when the necessary Distillery training has been undergone.

6. *Probation.*—(a) A candidate selected for admission to the Service shall, from the date on which he joins duty as such, be on probation for a continuous period of one year.

(b) There shall be paid to a candidate on probation, a pay calculated at the rate admissible to an Inspector in the fourth grade.

6. (a) At any time before the end of prescribed period of probation, the probation of a selected candidate may be terminated at the discretion of the Local Government and the candidate shall then be reverted to his permanent post.

(b) If at the end of the prescribed period of probation the Local Government does not consider a selected candidate suitable for appointment to the Service, the Local Government shall, by order, revert him to his permanent post. If no such order is issued by the Local Government within three months after the expiry of the candidate's period of probation under sub-rule (a) of rule 5 the candidate shall be deemed to have completed his period of probation satisfactorily.

7. *Appointment to the service.*—A probationer who is declared by the Local Government or is deemed under sub-rule (b) of rule 6 to have completed his period of probation satisfactorily, shall be appointed by the Local Government to be a member of the Service at the first opportunity, and may, if a vacancy in the Service existed, be appointed with retrospective effect:

Provided that no probationer shall be appointed as a member of the Service before any other probationer who completed his probation satisfactorily at an earlier date.

V

In rule 6 of the said rules as renumbered for the word "grading" the word "seniority" and for the words "the Madras Excise Service" the words "the Service" shall be substituted.

VI

In rule 9 of the said rules as renumbered for the words "the Commissioner of Excise" the words "the Commissioner" shall be substituted.

VII

In rule 12 of the said rules as renumbered, after the words "Members of the Service", the words "probationers and officers officiating in the Service" shall be inserted.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929
[G.O. Ms. No. 1033, Public].

No. 34.—In the Public Service Notification published as notification No. 302, Public, dated 10th May 1929, at pages 925—934 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 21st May 1929, as subsequently amended, in article 2 "B—Appointments excluded—Departmental—Development Department", *add* the following as item (5) under "Agricultural Department":—

"(5) Stores clerks on Rs. 20—1—35"

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929
[G.O. No. 1071, Public (Services)].

SPECIAL RULES.

THE MADRAS JAIL SUBORDINATE SERVICE.

No. 35.—In exercise of the powers conferred in rules 3 and 4 of the Civil Services (Governors' Provinces) Delegation Rules, 1926, the Governor in Council hereby makes the following special rules to regulate the method of recruitment, conditions of service, pay, allowances and pension of the Madras Jail Subordinate Service.

In these rules "the Service" shall mean the Madras Jail Subordinate Service.

1. *Constitution.*—(a) The Service shall consist of the following classes of officers, namely:—

Class I.—Jailers other than those mentioned in class IV.

Class II.—Deputy Jailers.

Class III.—Reserve Deputy Jailers.

Class IV.—Jailers, Sub-Jails.

Class V.—Chief European Warders.

Class VI.—European Warders.

Class VII.—Gate-keepers.

Class VIII.—Chief and Reserve Head Warders.

Class IX.—Warders.

Class X.—Matrons.

Class XI.—Female Warders.

Class XII.—Teachers and Instructors.

Class XIII.—Compounders.

(b) There shall be two grades in classes VIII to XI, selection grade and ordinary grade.

2. *Recruitment.*—(a) Admission in all classes of the Service shall be either by direct recruitment, or by promotion from a lower class or by transfer or promotion from any other service:

Provided that admission

(i) to class V shall be by promotion from class VI;

(ii) to class VII shall be made from retired Indian officers of the Army of rank not lower than jamadars;

(iii) to class VIII shall ordinarily be made from retired Indian officers of the Army of the rank of subedar or jamadar;

(iv) to class IX may be made up to 50 per cent of the strength in any jail from pensioned sepoys; and

(v) to class X shall be made by direct recruitment from Anglo-Indian candidates who are certified to be suitable by Superintendents of Jails.

(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-rule (b) of General rule 2, admission by direct recruitment to class XII and in special cases, in other classes also, may be made to any grade higher than the last grade.

(c) Candidates for admission

(i) to classes I to VIII shall be selected by the Inspector General of Prisons, and

(ii) to classes IX to XIII except to the post of Headmaster mentioned in clause (iii), by the Superintendent of the jail concerned :

Provided that no admission to class XIII shall be made except with the approval of the Medical officer of the jail ;

(iii) to the post of Headmaster whose pay is that of Licentiate School Assistants in the Madras Educational Subordinate Service in class XII, by the Chief Inspector of Certified Schools in consultation with the Director of Public Instruction.

3. General rule 5 shall not apply to the Service.

4. *Qualifications.*—(a) Nothing contained in clause (b) of General rule 3 shall apply to classes V to XI and to selection for admission to class IV by promotion from classes VII and VIII and to Jailers in Sub-Jails on Rs. 20—1 (biennial)—25.

(b) No person shall be eligible for admission

(i) to classes I and II unless he has previously passed the Jail Test prescribed by the Local Government :

Provided that a person who has already passed the Criminal Judicial Test or the Account Test or both shall be deemed to have passed the Jail Test if he passes in those subjects in the Jail Test which are not included in the Criminal Judicial Test or the Account Test or both as the case may be ;

(ii) to class IX unless he has a minimum height of 5 feet 3 inches, a minimum girth of chest of 32 inches and a minimum expansion of the chest of 2 inches ;

(iii) to class XII unless he possesses the qualifications prescribed for similar officers in the Madras Educational, the Madras Industries and the Madras Agricultural Subordinate Services ; and

(iv) to class XIII unless he possesses the qualifications prescribed for similar officers in the Madras Medical Subordinate Service.

5. *Probation.*—(a) Nothing contained in General rule 8 shall apply to the Service.

(b) A candidate selected for admission to the Service shall be on probation for a continuous period of one year from the date on which he joins duty.

6. *Training.*—(a) A candidate selected for admission to classes I and II, in case he is a European or an Anglo-Indian, shall acquaint himself with the language of the district in which the jail is situated, sufficiently well to be able to converse with the prisoners and shall undergo within two years of his selection, the third-class test in one of the following vernacular languages, namely, Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese, Oriya and Hindustani. A candidate who fails to pass the test within the prescribed period shall not draw any increment till he passes it

(b) Every officer in classes I to VIII shall undergo a training in squad and company drill and use of arms so as to be able to drill the guard and give instructions in musketry.

He shall undergo training at least once a month in ball practice and in blank firing at least once a fortnight.

7. *Appointment to the Service.*—Appointments to the Service to classes I to VIII shall be made by the Inspector-General of Prisons ; to the post of Headmaster whose pay is that of Licentiate School Assistants in the Madras Educational Subordinate Service in class XII, by the Chief Inspector of Certified Schools ; and to classes IX to XIII other than to the post of said headmaster by the Superintendents of Jails concerned

8. *Pay.*—There shall be paid to the members of the Service a monthly pay calculated at the rates mentioned in the annexure to these rules.

9. *Special pay.*—In addition to the pay specified in rule 8 there shall be paid to an officer in classes II and IX employed in a locality declared by the Local Government as unhealthy, a special pay calculated at the following rates, namely :—

	Rate of special pay per measem.
	Rs.
Class II—Deputy Jailer	40
Class IX—Warder, selection grade ..	5
Warder, ordinary grade ..	3

Provided that no member of the Service shall be entitled to draw the special pay if he is a native of or domiciled in such locality.

10. *Quarters.*—Members of the Service except those included in classes XII and XIII and Jailers of Sub-Jails at Chittoor, Cuddapah and Trichinopoly shall be provided by the Local Government with residential quarters free of rent and they shall reside in such quarters ; provided that when free quarters are not provided by the Local Government they shall reside in such quarters as may be approved by the Superintendent of the Jail and they shall be paid as compensation a house rent allowance at such rate as may be sanctioned by the Local Government.

11. *Uniform.*—Candidates selected for admission to all classes in the Service other than to classes I to III, XII and XIII shall be provided with uniform at Government expense in accordance with the scale and subject to such conditions which may be laid down by the Local Government from time to time. Candidates selected for admission to classes I to III shall, on their being appointed substantively to the class, be paid a uniform allowance at such rate as may be fixed from time to time by the Local Government, and they shall after such appointment provide themselves with the uniform and belts which may be prescribed for them by the Local Government.

12. *Security Deposits.*—Every person who is appointed as Jailer, Deputy Jailer or Reserve Deputy Jailer either permanently or on probation or to act for a period of more than four months shall furnish security in the following amounts and in such manner as may be prescribed by the Local Government :—

Appointment.	Amount of security.
	Rs.
Jailers, permanent, probationary or acting.	1,500
Deputy Jailers, permanent, probationary or acting	900
Reserve Deputy Jailers, permanent, probationary or acting	325

13. *Promotion.*—No member of the Service in class IX shall be promoted from the ordinary grade to the selection grade unless he satisfies the Superintendent of the Jail that he possesses a fair knowledge of drill, with ability to put a squad through the manual, firing and bayonet exercises and unless he is able to read and write one vernacular.

14 *Transfers and Postings.*—Postings and transfers of members of the Service from one Jail, Sub-Jail or certified school to another shall be made by the Inspector-General of Prisons.

ANNEXURE (referred to in rule 8).

Class	Rate of pay per measem.
Class	I—Jailer—Rs. 200—15—350.
Class	II—Deputy Jailer—Rs 75—5—150.
Class	III—Reserve Deputy Jailer—First year Rs. 50, Second and subsequent years Rs. 70.
Class	IV—Jailer, Sub Jail—Rs. 40—4—80 ; 85, 85—1½—90—1—99 ; 20—1—35 ; 20—1 (biennial)—25.
Class	V—Chief European Warder—Rs. 100—2½—125.
Class	VI—European Warder—Rs. 80—2—100.
Class	VII—Gate-keeper—Rs. 40—2—50.

Class VIII—Chief and Reserve Headwarder—Selection grade—Rs. 40—2—60; Ordinary grade—Rs. 30—1—40.

Class IX—Warder, selection grade—*Mufassal*—Rs. 25—1—30 *Madras City*—Rs. 26—1—31.

Warder, ordinary grade—*Madras City*, Rs. 18, 19 21 and 23.

Warder, ordinary grade—*Mufassal*, Rs. 17 for 1 to 3 years' service, Rs. 18 for 4 to 11, Rs. 20 for 11 to 17, Rs. 22 after 17 years' service.

In Sub-Jails—Rs. 12—1/3—13—1/3—14—1/4—15—1/4—16—1/5—17—1/6—18.

Class X—Matron—Selection grade—Rs. 40—2—60.

Ordinary grade—Rs. 35—1—40.

Class XI—Female warder, selection grade—Rs. 25—1—30.

Ordinary grade—Rs. 17 for 1 to 3 years' service, Rs. 18 for 4 to 10 years' service, Rs. 20 for 11 to 17 years' service, Rs. 22 after 17 years' service.

Class XII—Teachers and Instructors.

(a) Central and District Jails.

	Rs.
Higher elementary trained teacher ..	35—1—50
Lower elementary trained teacher ..	25—1—40
Oriya teacher	40—1—50
Telugu teacher	35—1—40
Tamil teacher	30—1—35
Assistant Tamil teacher	30—1—35
Malayalam teacher	35—1—40
Urdu teacher	30—1—35
Bandmaster	75—1—80
Physical training instructor ..	35—1—40
Agricultural instructor	85—5—120
Carpenter maistri	46
Mason instructor	40
Weaving master	35—1—40
Drill instructor	30—1—35
Tailor maistri	35
Blacksmith Foreman	35

(b) Certified schools.

Headmaster—The pay of the school assistants in Madras Educational Subordinate Service.

Teacher—Rs. 35, 36—1½—50—1—60

Instructor—Rs. 35, 35—1½—50—1—60

Teacher and instructor—Rs. 25—1—50; 25—1—40.

Physical training instructor—Rs. 25—1—30.

Weaving instructor—Rs. 35—1½—50; 40.

Agricultural instructor—Rs. 45—3—75

Class XIII—Compounders—Rs. 30—½—35—5,5—40, 50.

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Chief Secretary

(Special.)

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.

No. 84.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, Khan Bahadur Muhammad Baul ul lah Sahib Bahadur, C.I.E., O.B.E., leave on average pay from the 9th October 1929 to the 30th January 1930 inclusive, preparatory to retirement.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 85.—M.R.Ry. E. S. Sundaram Ayyar Avergal, Acting Collector and District Magistrate of Anantapur, leave on average pay without medical certificate for one month from 1st October 1929

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929.

No. 86.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. S. A. Venkataraman, I.C.S., an extension of leave on average pay for fifteen days from the 9th October 1929.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 87.—Mr. D. N. Strathie, I.C.S., Acting Collector and District Magistrate of the Chingleput district, to act as Collector and Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, in relief of Mr. H. M. Hood, I.C.S., proceeding on special duty as whole time Chairman of the Madras Provincial Banking Enquiry Committee.

(With effect from the 9th October 1929.)

No. 88.—Mr. H. A. B. Vernon, C.I.E., I.C.S., to act as First Member of the Board of Revenue, *vice* Mr. H. G. Stokes, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., on other duty, and to be Commissioner of Land Revenue.

No. 89.—Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, C.I.E., I.C.S., to act as Second Member of the Board of Revenue, *vice* Mr. H. A. B. Vernon, C.I.E., I.C.S., and to continue to be Commissioner of Land Revenue and Settlement.

No. 90.—Mr. C. B. Cotterell, C.I.E., I.C.S., to act as Third Member of the Board of Revenue, *vice* Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, C.I.E., I.C.S., and to continue to be Commissioner of Excise.

Fort St. George, October 28, 1929.

No. 91.—Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, C.I.E., I.C.S., provisionally permanent Third Member and Acting Second Member of the Board of Revenue, to act as Chief Secretary to Government, in relief of Mr. H. G. Stokes, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., proceeding on leave and until further orders.

No. 92.—Mr. C. B. Cotterell, C.I.E., I.C.S., Acting Third Member of the Board of Revenue, to act as Second Member of the Board of Revenue, *vice* Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, C.I.E., I.C.S., and to continue to be Commissioner of Excise.

No. 93.—Khan Bahadur Muhammad Baul-ul-lah Sahib Bahadur, C.I.E., O.B.E., to act as Third Member of the Board of Revenue and to be Commissioner of Land Revenue and Settlement.

APPOINTMENTS AND POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929

No. 84.—Mr. A. D. Crombie, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be Headquarters Sub-Collector and Additional District Magistrate, Malabar.

No. 85.—Mr. J. W. Pritchard, I.C.S., on return from leave, to the Coonoor division of the Nilgiri district.

No. 86.—Mr. G. T. Boag, C.I.E., I.C.S., on return from leave, to act as Collector and District Magistrate of the West Godavari district.

No. 87.—Mr. A. R. C. Westlake, I.C.S., Acting Collector and District Magistrate, West Godavari district, on relief by Mr. G. T. Boag, C.I.E., I.C.S., to be Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Narasapur division of the West Godavari district.

POSTING.

Fort St. George, October 25, 1929.

No. 88.—Mr. C. A. Henderson, I.C.S., on return from leave, to be Collector and District Magistrate

of the Nellore district, *vice* Mr. A. C. Woodhouse proceeding on leave.

RECALLED TO DUTY.

Fort St. George, October 28, 1925.

No. 99.—Under Fundamental Rule 70, Khan Bahadur Muhammad Badr-ul-lah Sahib Bahadur, C.I.E., O.B.E., is compulsorily recalled to duty immediately.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, October 20, 1925.

No. 70.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Simla, the 9th October 1925.

No. F 43 IV-R.II.—The following Report of the Government (India Office) Actuary on the Valuation of the Indian Civil Service Family Pension Scheme as at 31st March 1923, together with consolidated accounts for the five years ending on that date, is published for general information :—

Indian Civil Service Family Pension Scheme.

Report by the Government Actuary on the Valuation as at 31st March 1923.

TREASURY CHAMBERS, S. W. 1,
23th June 1925.

Sir,—In compliance with instructions received through the Controller of Pension Funds, I have valued the assets and liabilities of the Indian Civil Service Family Pension Scheme as existing on 31st March 1923.

2. The present value of the future benefits and contributions is dependent on the following elements :—

(*a*) The rates of mortality, at each age, which will prevail among the subscribers, their wives, widows, sons and daughters.

(*b*) The rate of marriage, at each age, among unmarried subscribers.

(*c*) The relation between the ages of husband and wife in the case of married subscribers.

(*d*) The probability of the birth of (*i*) a son or (*ii*) a daughter to a married subscriber at each age.

(*e*) The rate of marriage, at each age, among daughters of subscribers, and the corresponding rates of re-marriage of widows.

(*f*) The probabilities of the re-entry of widows of subscribers to full pension, following on the termination of second marriages.

(*g*) The proportion of subscribers in active service at each age who will retire, and normally, cease to contribute.

(*h*) The rate of interest to be derived from the investment of the fund.

Past experience, obtained either from the records of the scheme under investigation or from those of analogous schemes, provides the only reliable guide to the operation of elements (*a*) to (*g*), and it follows that if any significant changes are taking place in the experience—as, for example, if mortality rates are falling, with a consequent gradual increase in the duration of life—it becomes necessary to revise the valuation basis from time to time in order to give effect to the new conditions.

3. An exhaustive investigation was made into the past experience of the scheme by the late Sir G. F. Hardy, K.C.B., in connection with the valuation as at 31st March 1911, and the scheme being then relatively immature, the facts so obtained were supplemented by corresponding data drawn from the operations of the older Pension Funds connected with the Indian services. On the material thus collected a new valuation basis was constructed, and with comparatively minor modifications this basis has subsequently been retained, save in one particular. The exception is that of the assumptions made as to future retirements. The 1911 basis incorporated the assumption that, on average, retirement would take place at the age of 5 , but the experience of the years 1918-23, showed that a large number of the subscribers continued to serve for varying periods after that age was passed, with the result that a considerable amount of contributions was received in excess of the previous expectation. For the valuation of 1923 the basis was accordingly altered to give effect to this feature. The change was, however, tentative and limited, some uncertainty being felt as to whether the observed prolongation of service was partially due to conditions set up by the Great War, and consequently as to the extent to which it would be repeated in the experience of the future. Reference may also be made to one other feature of the experience in the years 1918-23, namely, the mortality rates among subscribers, active and retired. It was pointed out in the last Report that in this period the deaths had been about 80 per cent of the expectation, but it was explained that in the previous quinquennium the experience had run in the contrary direction, and it was thought inadvisable, therefore, to assume that the prolongation of life shown by the most recent experience had become a permanent feature.

4. As the first step in the work of valuation as at 31st March 1923, a corresponding investigation to those previously made was undertaken and the experience of the scheme in the five years 1923-28 was compared, in each particular, with the "expectation" resulting from the valuation basis previously used. The results were necessarily obtained with reference to age, but their general trend will be sufficiently seen by the following summary. The figures herein given relate only to Europeans. The Asiatic subscribers and their families constitute a small class, and one which is not recruited by new admissions. Abnormalities in the experience of this class, so far as such exist, are not therefore of importance in the present connection.

Experience, 1923-28 (Europeans: All ages combined).

	"Expected" numbers by last valuation basis	Actual numbers.
Deaths—		
Subscribers (active and retired)—		
Married	72	44
Unmarried.. ..	18	16
Wives	34	19
Widows	5	5
Sons	14	10
Daughters	14	5
Marriages—		
Subscribers	127	128
Widows	8	7
Daughters	65	72
Births—		
Sons	189	163
Daughters	189	157
Retirements—		
Subscribers	217	183

The figures last given do not include the retirements under the Regulations as to Premature Retirement on Proportionate Pension. These retirements are of a special character, and special financial arrangements are made in respect of them.

8. It will be seen from this statement that the decline in the mortality rate of subscribers which was noted in connection with the last valuation has continued and has indeed been accentuated. It appears now to be established that the personnel of the Indian Civil Service shares in the fall in the prolongation of life which characterises British vital statistics, both national and sectional, at the present time. The experience in respect of wives of subscribers shows the same general feature, as does also that in respect of sons and daughters. The experience in regard to widows is at present very limited, and the fact that among this class the deaths have been equal to the expectation is probably not significant. Taking all women over the age of 20 as a single class, the actual number of deaths was 24 against an "expectation" of 41

On these facts it is evident that a general revision of the valuation basis in respect of the element of mortality should not be further postponed. New rates have accordingly been constructed, these being equivalent to 70·75 per cent of the pre-1911 rates up to age 60, thereafter moving by regular progression towards the rates of the Government Annuitants Experience, 1900–32, Male and Female, respectively, into which they are assumed to fall at about the age of 75.

9. It should be said of the rates thus adopted that they do not fully express the fall in mortality which has taken place in the five years 1923–28. The number of lives "at risk" has been relatively small, and to some extent the experience of this quinquennium may have been abnormal. It has been deemed advisable in the circumstances to use mortality rates which approximate to the experience of the 10 years 1918–28.

Another point should be mentioned in this connection. It will be seen from the summary given in paragraph 4 that the difference between the "expected" and actual deaths has been much more pronounced among the married subscribers than among the unmarried. Observations in other directions support the belief that the rate of mortality for a common age is less among married than among unmarried men, but the extent of the divergence is, normally, much less than the difference in the present case would suggest, and it is considered that to some extent the latter is an accidental attribute of paucity of numbers. As in previous valuations, it has been deemed advisable, therefore, to assume that married and unmarried subscribers will be subject to the same mortality rates.

7. The figures given as to "expected" and actual marriages suggest that the previous basis remains valid. These figures are, however, totals only, and analysis with reference to age indicates that an increased "rate of marriage" among subscribers of the ages 30–45 should be adopted. No material alteration of the previous basis in respect of the marriage of widows and daughters has been found necessary.

8. The number of births both of sons and daughters, has been below that anticipated, and new "issue rates" have accordingly been prepared, on the experience of the 10 years 1918–28. It will be observed from the Summary that the births of sons continue to be slightly in excess of the births of daughters. This is a general feature of vital statistics, but it is not of sufficient importance to be recognized in the valuation, and following the course adopted on the last occasion the probabilities of the birth of a son or daughter have been assumed to be equal.

9. The significance of the element of retirement from active service, so far as the scheme is concerned, arises from the fact that in this event the subscriber ceases to contribute. There is a striking difference between the experience, in regard to retirements, of the two last quinquennial periods. The members of subscribers remaining in service to the higher ages is rapidly increasing, and to this is mainly due the fact that the average age at retirement has increased from 49·7 years in the period 1916–23 to 53·6 years in the latest period. The change has had an important effect on the finance of the scheme during the last five years, and the result of a continuance of the present experience must be still more pronounced. The position may conveniently be explained by reference, respectively, to the retirements on grounds of health and to those attributable to length of service. Retirement on the first of these grounds (which may normally be taken to include all cases arising under the age of 48) is not an element of great weight, but it is remarkable that only three such retirements were recorded against an "expectation," based on the actual experience of the years 1918–28, of 7·6. It must be assumed that the Premature Retirement Rules have had a marked influence on the number of cases in which the officer's state of health is advanced as the reason for his retirement. It would appear unreasonable to assume that such an abnormal experience as that of the last five years would continue, whatever the cause to which it may attributable, and in respect therefore of the contingency of retirement through ill-health the previous basis has been retained.

As regards retirements on the ground of length of service, say, from age 48 upwards, it was seen in connection with the last valuation that the assumption previously made, that on average all contributors would retire at the age of 50, would not continue to be valid, and certain "rates of retirement," cautiously estimated in the circumstances explained in the report, were adopted and incorporated in the valuation basis. The latest experience shows that the range of ages at which these retirements take place is steadily widening, and that the rates previously adopted have not been reached. It appears to follow from these facts that a further advance in the aggregate of the contributions likely to be received from subscribers who have earned the right to retire from service may properly be assumed. The rates of retirement assumed in the last valuation have accordingly been reduced at ages 48—58, on the basis on the experience of the last five years, a suitable margin against contingencies being, however, retained. All officers remaining so long in service have been assumed to retire at the age of 59.

10. An abstract of the rates of mortality, etc., entering into the new valuation basis is given in Schedule A appended.

11. The rate of interest assumed in the valuation is, as before, 4 per cent per annum. The rate actually credited in each of the five years terminating on the valuation date was 5½ per cent, but it is understood that this rate has now been reduced to 5 per cent.

The valuation assumption is that of a permanent rate extending over the whole period to elapse until the death of the last survivor of the beneficiaries under the undertakings of the scheme to present contributors. It is possible that this period may cover a century, and it is essential therefore that a cautious assumption should continue to be made in respect of this element.

12. A statement shewing the numbers of subscribers (active and retired) and of incumbent and contingent beneficiaries on 1st April 1923, and of the subsequent changes up to 31st March 1928, is given in Schedule B appended. The numbers in the various categories on the latter date were as follows.

		European.	Asiatic.
Subscribers—			
Active (married)	..	678	32
Active (unmarried)	..	211	10
Retired (married)	..	466	—
Retired (unmarried)	..	91	—
Sons—			
Incumbent beneficiaries		78	1
Contingent beneficiaries (father living)	..	613	57
Daughters—			
Incumbent beneficiaries.		128	—
Contingent beneficiaries (father living)	..	940	72
Widows—			
Full pension	..	124	2
Half pension (re-married)	.. ..	38	—

13. The Consolidated Account of Receipts and expenditure during the five years ending 31st March 1928 shows that the receipts from contributions and donations amounted to £430,780. In the previous quinquennial period the corresponding receipts reached the sum of £450,780. Annuities paid from the Fund amounted in the last five years to £321,573, the corresponding item in the previous period being £160,316. This considerable increase in the charges on the Fund is mainly due to the increase in pensions which took effect on 1st January 1925, but a further portion of it is attributable to the continuous growth in the number of incumbent beneficiaries. The balance at the credit of the scheme on 31st March 1928 was £3,285,153. In addition to this sum I estimate that there was due from the Government at that date under the Premature Retirement Rules the sum of £14,996. I have included this amount as an asset of the Fund in the valuation.

14. The pensions for which the Fund is now responsible are the original pensions payable from the Fund with (a) a permanent addition of 20 per cent of the full pensions (inclusive of the portion paid by Government), and (b) a temporary addition, to 31st December 1928, of a further 30 per cent of the full pensions. These benefits are modified in the case of members who have elected to take either Option A or B on retirement from the service under the Premature Retirement Rules.

15. The contributions now payable are the original rates in the case of entrants between 1st April 1916 and 31st July 1925, later entrants paying an increase of 12½ per cent. Entrants between 1st April 1908 and 31st March 1913 receive an abatement of 6¼ per cent on the original rates, and entrants before 1st April 1908 an abatement of 12½ per cent. These adjustments, which in the valuation are taken as permanent, do not affect the "donations," which are all payable at the original rates.

16. The result of the valuation, as shown by the Valuation Balance Sheet (Schedule C annexed), is a surplus of assets over liabilities of £209,096. Since practically all the surplus brought out by the last valuation was appropriated to increase of benefits and reduction of contributions, the whole of the present surplus is due to two factors, (i) the profits on the working of the scheme during the five years ending on the valuation date, and (ii) the reductions in the reserves resulting from the changes made in the basis of valuation.

The largest item under (i) is represented by interest received in excess of the equivalent of 4 per cent per annum. The surplus attributable to this factor is £640,000. The low death-rate which has prevailed among subscribers, and especially among married subscribers, accounts (after allowing for the financial strain attributable to low mortality among wives) for a further sum approaching £200,000 and contribution receipts in excess of the "expectation," attributable to the low retirement rate which has prevailed among the older subscribers, represents nearly £90,000. To these amounts sundry small items have to be added, bringing up the profits on the working of the last five years to about £954,000. The balance of the surplus, substantially £150,000, is attributable to the factor (ii) mentioned above—the reduction in the net liability of the Fund arising from the changes made in the valuation basis.

17. It is evident from the result shown by the valuation that the Fund is in a position to permit of further advancement upon the lines adopted after the last valuation in respect of the stabilisation of pension increases and of reduction of contributions. As regards the former, I recommend that the stabilised part of the present addition of 50 per cent to the full basic pension be increased from 20 per cent to 33⅓ per cent and that the balance of 16⅔ per cent be continued on a temporary basis for a further five years ending on 31st December 1934. The value of these extensions is £467,000.

18. In regard to the balance of the surplus, which, in accordance with precedent, would be applied to a further reduction of the subscriptions, I think it necessary, in the interest of equity as between the members, to place before you for consideration the fact that the increasing age of the scheme is now bringing into prominence a feature which can hardly have been anticipated when, as a result of the valuation made as at 31st March 1911, subscribers were relieved of the payment of subscriptions after retirement. On the relatively few facts then available as to membership at the higher ages there was evidently no reason to suppose that, in general, retirement would be deferred much beyond the completion of the normal term of service. In such circumstances, the continuance of subscriptions for perhaps a year or two in the case of the few subscribers who might not retire at the earliest opportunity would not be regarded as a serious inequity and would be substantially balanced by the concession to all subscribers of the right to terminate their payments in the eventuality of premature retirement from service through breakdown in health. Presumably this was the view taken when the cessation of contributions on retirement was recommended. In its actual operation the element of retirement is working otherwise. In paragraph 9 above reference is made to the wide range in the ages of those now retiring on the ground of length of service, and as a corollary to this, to the substantial number of subscribers who have remained in the service for prolonged periods when qualified to retire. Since the continuance of contributions by such subscribers does not carry the right to any increase in the benefits to which their dependants are entitled, this class of subscribers is placed at a distinct disadvantage in comparison with their colleagues who elect to retire when entitled to do so, or very soon thereafter. This inequality would be removed if the payment of subscriptions were limited to 25 years from entry into service, combined, of course, with the existing provision that subscriptions should cease on earlier retirement on account of ill-health. The cost of an alteration of the rules to this effect, if applied immediately to all present subscribers, would, however, be so considerable as to require the postponement of any further reduction of the rates of subscription. Such a result would evidently create new inequalities, and, having regard to the prospect that surplus will continue to accrue in substantial amount, it is thought sufficient to provide at the present occasion for the cessation of the subscriptions, on completion of 25 years' service, of those subscribers who were in Class I on 31st March 1928.

19. I recommend a further and permanent reduction, at the rates set out in paragraph 26, in the subscriptions of members of the fund on the valuation date. Subject to the recommendation in the subsequent paragraph, the rates of subscription payable by new entrants should remain on the existing scale, being the original rates with an addition of 12½ per cent.

20. The above recommendation as to the discontinuance of contributions in certain cases during service raises a somewhat difficult question as to the donations payable by subscribers who subsequently marry. Since 1914 retired members have been freed from subscriptions and on subsequent marriage have been granted the option (subject to the production of evidence of good health) to secure pensions for their wives by the payment of donations on a higher scale than is applied to subscribers who marry during service. A corresponding option is granted in respect of children of such marriages; the donations payable in this event are very substantial and contrast sharply with the maximum amounts which can be paid in subscriptions in respect of children by officers who marry during service but comparatively late in life, say after the age of 40, and the number of whom is not insignificant. It is not surprising in the circumstances that the option to insure the children of marriages which have taken place after the retirement of the subscriber would appear to have been infrequently exercised. The valuation roll contains the names of 16 such subscribers, but donations have been paid since 1914 in respect of eight children only. The charge evidently tends to be prohibitive, and to this extent, although the cases affected are relatively few, the scheme fails to afford the protection to the dependants of subscribers which it was designed to give. I am led, therefore, to recommend that the payment of special donations for children should be discontinued and that the contingency of claims in respect of children be treated as covered by the donations paid on marriage. It would follow, presumably, that the children's donations already paid would be returned, subject to the adjustment recommended in the next paragraph, and that all children born to existing retired subscribers who have paid the marriage donation should be admitted to benefit (subject to the same adjustment) whether or not the birth of such children has been reported and the relevant donations paid.

21. It is obviously necessary to continue to discriminate between the marriage donation payable by a subscribing member, whose subscription will be raised to the married rate, and that payable by a member, whether active or retired, who has ceased to subscribe and from whom no additional monthly contributions can be obtained after his marriage. I am not, however, satisfied that the application to the latter class of the present Seventh Schedule to the Rules would sufficiently meet the needs of the case on the donations chargeable in respect of children being published, and after due consideration of the relevant points I make the further recommendation that the Seventh Schedule be abrogated, and in lieu thereof the donation payable on marriage after contributions have ceased should be the sums prescribed for the appropriate age in the Third and Fourth Schedules with an addition of £200. The effect in the case of such a subscriber marrying at, say, the age of 50 would be to increase the marriage donation by £30, while releasing him from all liability for donations on the birth of children of the marriage. As regards existing members who have married after retirement and have paid marriage donations and children's donations, the suggested refund in respect of the latter payments should be so computed as to produce to the Fund the same result as if this arrangement had been in force at the time when the marriage was contracted. Similarly in cases where the marriage donation was paid but births of children were not reported the admission to benefit right of any children of the marriage should be made conditional upon the payment by the member of any further sum required to bring up the marriage donation paid to £200 in excess of the corresponding donation in the Third Schedule.

22. I am of opinion that members who have ceased to contribute by reason of having served 25 years but are still in service, should be required to pay the donations on the new basis, and not be granted the option applicable to retired subscribers. It would be sufficient if the initial payment in respect of the additional donation of £200 were limited in these cases to the contributions remitted since completion of 25 years' service (should the sum of these be less than £200), the balance being made up by the temporary resumption of subscriptions, payable at the married rate.

23. There remains for consideration the case of the member who marries shortly before attaining 25 years of service. If it should be found possible to continue the system, which it is suggested should be inaugurated, of releasing subscribers from further contributions after completing 25 years, the subscriber in this case, who would have paid donations on the basis of the Third Schedule, might be at a marked advantage in comparison with a member whose marriage took place shortly after attaining this period of service. To avoid this inequality I recommend a provision whereby the release from contributions should be conditional upon the subscriber making up to £200 the extra contributions which his marriage had attracted—that is to say, the sum of the difference between the contributions at the married and unmarried rates plus any contributions paid in respect of children of the marriage. It would be sufficient if any balance due from him under this arrangement were payable by way of continuance of his subscriptions until the amount had been made up. I do not think it necessary to bring the element of interest into this adjustment or into that suggested in the previous paragraph.

24. It is impossible to place an exact value upon the concessions to existing members recommended in the immediately preceding paragraphs, but it cannot, I think, exceed £20,000.

25. My attention has been drawn to the possibility that occasional hardship may result from the termination at the age of 24 of the pension of a son who by reason of physical or mental infirmity is not, and has never been, capable of earning a livelihood, and from the cognate case of the non-provision of a pension for a son who, though over the age of 24 at the time of the subscriber's death has been unable, for the whole period since that age was attained, to maintain himself in consequence of the like infirmity. Cases of this kind are obviously rare, and the risk may be regarded as so remote as hardly to justify addition to the existing scale of contributions. The hardship to the family concerned is nevertheless serious in such cases as do arise, and the liability to continue or to grant a pension, subject to adequate evidence as to the facts, is one which I think the Fund might properly assume. Somewhat similar arrangements (in one case on a contributory basis) are in force in the old Fund, and on the data drawn from these sources I estimate that the value of the liability would be in the region of £10,000.

26. The following statement contains the complete series of the measures which I submit for consideration. It will be seen that these absorb practically the whole of the surplus, but in view of the substantial difference between the present

interest receipts and those required by the valuation basis, and of the other margins to which I have referred in earlier paragraphs, I am not disposed to regard this fact as creating any obstacle to the adoption of the proposals. The estimates of cost assume that the scheme will come into operation on 1st January 1930.

	£
A. Increase of the stabilised addition to the pensions from 20 per cent to 23½ per cent	408,000
B. Provision of a further 16⅔ per cent for the five years ending 31st December 1934	59,000
Cost of increases in benefits ..	467,000
C. Reductions in contributions :—	
(1) Contributions of entrants between 1st August 1925 and 31st March 1928, now paying 12½ per cent above basis rates, to be reduced to basis rates after seven years from entry.	
(2) Contributions of entrants between 1st April 1916 and 31st July 1925, now paying basis rates, to be reduced by 12½ per cent.	
(3) Contributions of entrants between 1st April 1909 and 31st March 1916, now paying 6¼ per cent below basis rates, to be reduced by a further 18¾ per cent of basis rates	
(4) Contributions of entrants before 1st April 1909, now paying 12½ per cent below basis rates, to be reduced by a further 12½ per cent of basis rates.	
Total ..	109,000
D. Limitation of numbers of contribution :—	
Subscribers in Class I on 31st March 1929 to be relieved of payment of contributions on completion of 25 years' service	99,000
E. Marriages after retirement, etc. :—	
Adjustment as to children's benefits and donations	20,000
F. Invalid sons :—	
Extension of pension	10,000
Total ..	655,000

27. I have been impressed, in the course of my investigations, by the desirability of reconsidering the rates of subscription and the donations in respect of future entrants into the Service. The subject is one of great complexity and in view of the present sufficiency of the subscriptions and donations (taken as an aggregate for all entrants) an immediate decision in regard to it is not essential. But there is little doubt that however suitable the present rates may have been to the circumstances existing when the scheme was established, the gradual changes in mortality and other directions, combined with the abolition of subscriptions on retirement, have set up conditions which call for their review, a necessity which will be emphasised if the suggestion made above as to the termination of subscriptions after 25 years should be accepted, and the like concession be incorporated in measures to be adopted for the distribution of surplus which may accrue in the future. I recommend, therefore, that instructions be given for the actuarial examination of this question. It should be understood that this recommendation applies only to the payments of entrants into the Service after a date to be fixed when new rates have been formulated. As I have said, the present payments taken in the aggregate are sufficient for incoming members, but they are no more than sufficient, and it would be financially impossible to grant any option to subscribers on the books when the new conditions came into force which would have the effect of diminishing the income of the fund.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

ALFRED W. WATSON.

SCHEDULE A.

ABSTRACT OF RATES OF MORTALITY, MARRIAGE, ISSUE AND RETIREMENT.

Age	Mortality rates,					Marriage rates.			Issue rates (all subscribers)	Retirement rates
	Subscribers	Wives.	Widows	Sons.	Daughters.	Single subscribers.	Widows.	Daughters.	Sons or daughters.	Subscribers.
0				·0061	·0271					
5				·0012	·0012					
15				·0009	·0008					
10				·0013	·0010					
20		·0029	·0018	·0015	·0014		·0160	·0150		
25	·0061	·0028	·0017		·0013	·0570	·0597	·0597	·0185	
30	·0052	·0026	·0019		·0014	·1220	·0405	·0405	·0418	·0090
35	·0052	·0027	·0023		·0015	·1370	·0232	·0232	·0356	·0215
40	·0053	·0030	·0027		·0020	·1030	·0147	·0091	·0210	·0450
45	·0075	·0037	·0037		·0027	·0720	·0083	·0021	·0110	·0134
50	·0095	·0051	·0051		·0038	·0190	·0039		·0040	·1200
55	·0127	·0074	·0074		·0052	·0100	·0005		·0020	·3000
60	·0195	·0116	·0116		·0080	·0170				
65	·0320	·0169	·0169		·0157	·0070				
70	·0525	·0305	·0305		·0297					
75	·0852	·0568	·0568		·0565					

SCHEDULE B.—SUMMARY OF DATA.

Subscribers.

	Active.		Retired.	
	Married.	Unmarried.	Married.	Unmarried.
Number alive on 1st April 1923	864	841	275	87
Number of new entrants	7	72	..	..
	866	414	275	87
Number of marriages	158	158	5	8
	1,020	269	281	50
Deaths of wives, and divorces	21	21	30	10
	999	253	271	62
Retirements	218	37	218	57
	781	216	489	92
Deduct—				
Withdrawals	..	12*	..	1
Deaths	21	10	23	7
	21	22	23	8
Number alive on 31st March 1928	760†	221	466†	914

* Includes 10 unmarried subscribers who retired under the Premature Retirement Rules and who have no further title to benefits.

† These figures include respectively 78 married and 7 unmarried subscribers, subject to special conditions under the Premature Retirement Rules.

Widows.

Full Pension.		*Half Pension (Re-married).*	
Number alive on 1st April 1923	92	Number alive on 1st April 1923	31
New pensioners	44	Re-marriages	7
Re-widowhood	1		38
	137		
Deaths	4	Death	1
Re-marriages	7	Re-widowhood	1
	11		2
Number alive on 31st March 1928	126	Number alive on 31st March 1928	36

Children.

	Sons		Daughters.	
	Incumbent.	Contingent.	Incumbent.	Contingent.
Number alive on 1st April 1923	78	970	104	617
Number of new pensioners	36	..	41	..
Number of children of new entrants	..	1	..	1
Number of births	..	203	..	197
	114	1,180	118	1,115
Deduct—				
Deaths	..	13	3	
Marriages	..	..	22	61
Become incumbent (father's death)	..	88	..	45
Attained age 21 or 26	80	109	..	..
	35	310	23	103
Number alive on 31st March 1928	79	970	120	1,013

SCHEDULE C.

VALUATION AT 4 PER CENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 31ST MARCH 1928.

Assets.	Capitalised value. £
Contributions payable—	
In respect of present wives	642,096
" " future wives	101,807
" " present daughters	61,277
" " future daughters	27,847
" " present sons	28,556
" " future sons	14,753
By bachelors and widowers	49,674
Premiums payable—	
In respect of future wives, &c.	63,301
Capital	3,285,153
Amount due from Government under the Premature Retirement Rules	14,326
	4,180,914

Liabilities.	Capitalised value. £
Contingent pensions—	
To present wives	1,740,478
To future wives	215,550
To present daughters	447,202
To future daughters	93,641
To present sons	52,810
To future sons	29,979
Immediate pensions—	
To widows	368,978
To re-married widows	98,481
To daughters	183,533
To sons	50,547
Estimated surplus	498,995
	4,180,914

ENCLOSURE No. 2.

CONSOLIDATED PRO-FORMA ACCOUNT for the period 1st April 1923 to 31st March 1928.

	£ s. d.
Balance on 1st April 1923	2,408,731 9 3
Interest at 3½ per cent from 1st April 1923 to 31st March 1928..	770,116 16 7

RECEIPTS.

	In India. £ s. d.	In England. £ s. d.	Total. £ s. d.	£ s. d.
From married officers—				
Donations on marriage ..	17,166 11 11	3,203 13 5	20,365 4 8	
Donations on marriage (dis-parity)	6,888 0 9	2,583 15 0	9,471 15 9	
Subscriptions	216,728 9 7	82,100 9 11	298,828 19 6	
Interest on arrears	849 8 2	467 13 3	1,317 1 7	
	240,674 9 5	91,313 16 8	334,782 5 2	
Less refunds of excess pay-ments	.. ..	493 0 8	493 0 8	
	240,174 9 5	90,807 16 2	331,382 2 6	334,382 2 6
On account of children—				
Son's subscriptions	15,141 8 4	6,676 9 0	21,838 14 8	
Son's donations	.. ..	395 13 6	395 13 6	
Daughter's subscriptions ..	27,232 15 11	9,329 8 5	36,562 4 4	
Daughter's fines	.. ..	5 10 0	5 10 0	
Daughter's donations ..	.. ..	831 15 0	831 15 0	
Unmarried subscriptions ..	28,338 14 5	10,232 14 3	38,571 4 8	
Interest on arrears	.. ..	21 6 11	21 6 11	
	69,732 15 8	28,791 16 11	98,526 10 7	
Less refunds of excess pay-ments	.. ..	147 4 0	147 4 0	
	69,732 15 8	28,644 12 11	98,376 8 7	98,376 8 7
			Total ..	3,506,911 18 11

PAYMENTS.

Fee paid to Actuary appointed by subscribers				210 0 0
Annuities—				
Widows	16,068 12 1	207,090 16 2	223,059 8 3	
Male orphans	769 16 7	67,814 7 11	68,584 4 6	
Male orphans (Rule 18) ..	.. ..	823 16 7	823 16 7	
Female orphans	1,656 1 3	57,741 18 3	59,310 16 6	
	17,368 9 11	304,211 18 10	321,578 8 9	321,578 8 9 *
By balance on 31st March 1928 ..	.. ..	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	3,185,153 8 2
			Total ..	3,506,911 18 11

* The total amount paid on account of pensions was £319,575-0-6. The difference, £18,003-14-9, represents the portion paid by Government.

16th May 1929.

SIDNEY TURNER.

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Chief Secretary.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, October 21, 1929
(G.O. Ms. No. 754, Finance).

No. 114.—Indenting officers are informed that the Inspection organisation of the Indian Stores Department at Cawnpore has been separated from the control of the Cawnpore Inspection Circle (to be known as the Upper India Circle in future) with effect from the 9th October 1929, and the headquarters of the latter circle have been transferred from New Delhi to Lahore. The organisation at Cawnpore will be known as the 'Cawnpore Inspection Branch' and will be under the control of an Inspector-in-charge. All calls for inspection in connection with stores purchased from firms in Cawnpore should be sent to the Inspector-in-charge, Cawnpore Branch, 249, Newabganj, Cawnpore (Telegraphic address "Storespect"). Calls for inspection at places situated outside the city of Cawnpore, which were formerly addressed to the Assistant Controller of Inspection, Cawnpore Circle, should until further notice be addressed in future to the Assistant Controller of Inspection, Upper India Circle, Lahore.

Fort St. George, September 24, 1929
(G.O. No. 687, Finance).

No. 115.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Fundamental Rule 44 and in pursuance of the provisions of Fundamental Rule 5, the Governor in Council and the Governor acting with the Ministers hereby direct that the following shall be inserted as clause (*c*) to the exceptions under Travelling Allowance Rule 86 :—

"(c) If a Government servant, while on leave, makes a journey under proper authority and in the public interests, he may, with the approval of Government, be granted travelling allowance as for a journey on tour."

F. C. WOOD,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

No. 116.—

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Central Advances and Loans, Madras.*

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of order authorising the loan.	Balance from last year	Amount advanced this year.	Total	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
	Rs		*Loans to Presidency Corporations.*	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Madras Corporation.	7,00,000	4	Government of India, Home Department, No. 182 dated 17th November 1905, and Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, No. 2436-M., dated 30th November 1906	2,73,420 8 8	..	2,73,420 8 8	39,631 13 0	2,43,788 11 8	10,640 7 8	..
	4,00,000	4	Government of India, Finance Department, No 6872-A, dated 26th October 1908, and Madras Government No 1903-M., dated 26th November 1908, and No. 5627, Financial, dated 26th November 1908.	2,03,035 8 8	..	2,03,035 8 8	15,912 8 0	1,87,689 3 8	7,972 2 1	..
	4,00,000	4	Government of India, Finance Department, No. 4458-A, dated 3rd September 1909, and Madras Government, Financial, No. 2887, dated 16th August 1909 and Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 1271-M., dated 31st July 1909, and Madras Government, Financial, No. 315, dated 30th July 1909, and Madras Government, Financial, No. 3308-1, dated 30th September 1909, and Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 1556-M., dated 16th September 1909.	2,17,499 12 2	..	2,17,499 12 2	14,463 3 4	2,02,036 8 10	8,556 12 8	..
	1,00,000	4	Madras Government No. 1463-M., dated 9th September 1911, Government of India, Finance Department, No. 4037-A, dated 18th November 1911, and Government of India, Education, No. 169, dated 4th November 1911 and Madras Government, Financial Department, No. 6286-I, dated 8th December 1911, and No. 2201-M., dated 29th November 1912.	81,313 14 2	..	81,313 14 2	3,338 3 6	67,979 3 8	2,415 7 4	..
	9,00,000	3	Government of India, Finance Department, No 1316-A, dated 31st August 1918, G.O. Mis. No. 1421-M., dated 6th September 1918, and G.O. Mis. No. 1732-M., dated 1st November 1918.	1,16,756 14 4	..	1,16,756 14 4	1,16,756 14 4	..	8,234 12 8	..

	5,00,000	5½	Government Order Local and Municipal, No. 807, dated 30th March 1921, Financial, No. 2331-R-1, dated 31st March 1921, and Government of India, No. 263-A, Finance Department, dated 2nd April 1921.	1,84,768 6 11	..	13,84,768 6 11	97,680 8 11	1,27,077 8 0	35,087 7 1	..
	1,01,31,013	6	Sections 29 and 36 and schedule B of Madras Act II of 1886, Madras Government, Marine, No. 329, dated 15th June 1886, and Secretary of State's despatches, No. 1, Public Works, dated 7th January 1892, in Madras Government, Financial Department, No. 205, dated 19th March 1892, and No. 41, Public Works, dated 29th September 1898, in Madras Government Order No. 2017 W Public Works Department, dated 8th November 1904; Government of India, Finance Department, No. 2008-A, dated 30th December 1911, Madras Government, Marine, No. 668, dated 27th December 1905, Madras Government, Marine, No. 353, dated 11th May 1912, and Government of India, Finance Department, No. 247-A, dated 2nd July 1912.	59,53,466 6 10	..	59,53,466 6 10	3,16,561 0 1	62,61,921 12	2,26,430 6 6	..
Madras Port Trust.	4,00,000	6	Government of India, Finance Department, No. 1430-A, dated 10th July 1913, and Madras Government, Marine, No. 331, dated 9th August 1913.	2,52,786 8 5	..	2,52,786 8 5	9,812 12	2,10,172 12	30,987 3 9	..
	50,00,000	4	Government of India, Finance Department, No. 807-A, dated 10th March 1913, Madras Government, Marine, No. 127, dated 24th March 1913, Madras Government, Marine, No. 222, dated 25th June 1913, No. 225, Marine, dated 14th July 1914, No. 213, Marine, dated 12th July 1916, and No. 128, Marine, dated 30th April 1918.	31,02,210 10 0	..	31,02,210 10 0	1,01,763 8 5	40,03,476 0 1	1,02,237 0 10	..
	5,00,000	4	Government of India, Finance Department, No. 361-A, dated 17th May 1916, Madras Government, Marine, No. 167, dated 26th May 1916, and No. 225, Public (Marine), dated 7th May 1917.	4,10,241 0 3	..	4,30,224 0 1	10,176 3 2	4,00,648 0 3	16,229 12 8	..
	5,00,000	6	Government of India, Marine, Endorsement No. 1716-1, dated 12th December 1916, Government of India, Finance Department, Nos. 11 A and 28-A, dated 8th January 1917 and 12th February 1917, respectively.	4,21,837 0 8	..	4,21,837 0 8	6 11 3 0	1,12,722 0 0	28,884 14 8	..
	15,00,000	6	Government of India, Finance Department, No. 261-A, dated 1st June 1917, and Madras Government, Marine, No. 281, dated 27th June 1917.	8,59,633 10 8	..	8,59,633 10 8	10,676 0 3	8,72,058 0 3	52,921 6 8	..
			Total ..	1,81,86,909 0 11	..	1,81,87,903 9 11	6,23,839 6 6	1,26,07,068 0 6	5,84,903 3 9	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1925-26—*Central Advances and Loans, Madras*—concl.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorizing the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced this year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue	Balance of interest unpaid.
	Rs.		*Loans to District and other Local Fund Committees*—Nil.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
			Advances to Cultivators—Nil.							
			Advances under Special Loans—Nil.							
			Miscellaneous Loans and Advances—Nil.							
			Loans to Local Boards for railway construction.							
Tinnevelly District Board Railway.	12,34,220	4	Madras Government No. 1191, Railway, dated 9th July 1902.	3,76,309 2 10	..	3,76,309 2 10	59,431 10 1	3,17,877 8 9	14,607 13 11	..
			Grand total ..	1,35,60,212 8 9	..	1,35,60,212 8 9	9,80,267 0 4	1,25,79,945 8 5	3,60,011 0 2	..

* Rupees 30,43,000 drawn for harbour extension works and Rs. 37,49,850 outstanding on 31st March 1912 on account of harbour construction loan have been consolidated into one loan from 1st April 1912 for the purpose of repayment by monthly instalments under Government of India, Finance Department, No. 1993-A, dated 23rd March 1911.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
20th September 1926.

H. B RAU,
Accountant-General.

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras.*

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
			Advances to Cultivators.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
			Land Improvement Loans Act							
			Advances from Famine Insurance Fund ..	..	..	..	..	..		
		6	Loans bearing interest	693 1 0	8 3 11	701 0 11	775 12 6	75 8 7		
		4	Do	3,06,326 6 10	42,455 15 9	3,48,776 6 7	49,504 9 4	2,99,471 15 3		
		3½	Do	1,13,281 6 4	84 12 2	1,13,366 0 6	20,179 9 4	93,186 9 2		
		3	Do.	12,17,061 2 4	9,745 7 8	13,27,806 0 8	1,93,907 13 7	11,43,898 3 1		
		2½	Do.	26,39,241 14 11	5,70,056 6 7	31,09,301 4 6	2,41,124 0 10	28,68,176 4 8		
		2	Do.	38,76,843 10 1	393 6 0	38,76,933 6 6	1,76,760 0 6	36,00,777 6 0	9,80,677 1 0	
			Total, Land Improvement Loans Act ..	84,87,436 11 6	6,03,342 9 4	87,85,978 4 10	5,80,444 14 6	79,05,526 6 7	5,80,677 1 0	
			Agriculturists' Loans Act.							
			Advances from Famine Insurance Fund	..	..	..	..	..		
		9	Loans bearing interest	3,493 6 6	13 13 9	3,507 12 3	3,705 2 11	881 6 3		
		8	Do.	3,65,410 13 6	799 8 9	3,66,231 11 3	70,387 14 6	2,19,813 12 11		
		7	Do.	145 10 0	2 7 8	148 1 5	121 9 8	23 6 8		
		6½	Do.	6,48,642 8 6	1,109 13 8	6,36,528 6 0	1,92,238 11 0	3,47,289 12 7	9,18,304 15 1	
		6	Do.	21,00,230 11 0	8,28,450 13 1	33,28,691 0 1	3,04,746 11 6	10,23,909 12 7		
		5½	Do.	31,28,681 4 11	13,844 7 1	31,41,926 12 0	8,52,481 16 8	24,89,473 12 8		
			Total, Agriculturists' Loans Act ..	62,77,996 14 0	9,46,939 0 0	72,18,984 0 0	13,29,858 0 4	60,89,326 5 8	4,40,304 15 1	
			Loans to sufferers from Moplah rebellion (not bearing interest).	0 0 1	..	0 0 1	..	0 0 1	..	
			Loans under the Special Rules.							
			Pumping Installations	2,89,494 0 0	69,720 0 0	4,09,214 0 0	9,750 0 0	3,99,467 0 0	20,000 0 0	
			Agricultural implements	39 15 6	69 15 6	..	..	..	..	
			Total, Advances to Cultivators ..	2,48,92,534 12 6	16,14,342 10 1	1,65,14,177 6 6	21,18,853 14 6	2,45,94,317 16 3	10,46,944 0 5	
			Loans under Special Laws.							
			Advances under Madras State Aid to Industries Act.	5,86,694 0 7	1,72,050 11 4	7,37,746 0 12	7,627 7 3	7,30,117 16 9	4,176 6 2	
			Total, Loans in State Aid Industries ..	5,86,694 0 7	1,72,050 11 4	7,37,746 0 11	7,627 7 3	7,30,117 16 9	4,176 6 2	

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29.—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
	Rs. a. p.		*Loans to Landholders and other Notabilities.*	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
			(Sanctioned before 1st October 1918.)							
Union of Tiruchirapalli Devaswam.	12,000 0 0	3½	Government of India Finance Department, No. 335, dated 8th April 1918, Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 166-F.-78-2, dated 20th March 1918, and Madras Government Endorsement No. 2390-1, dated 16th April 1918.	2,304 8 4	..	2,304 8 4	881 8 8	1,343 8 10	80 13 4	..
			(Sanctioned after 1st April 1923.)							
Sivaganga Estate.	3,00,000 0 0	7½	G.O. Mis. No. 744, Revenue, dated 15th February 1924, and Finance Department No. 78, Routine, dated 18th February 1924.	1,00,000 0 0	..	1,00,000 0 0	1,00,000 0 0	..	7,500 0 0	..
			Total, Loans to Landholders, etc. ..	1,02,304 8 4	..	1,02,304 8 4	1,00,881 8 8	1,343 8 10	7,580 13 4	..
			Loans to Presidency Corporations including Port Trusts and Port Funds.							
			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1921.)							
Madras Corporation.	11,00,000 0 0	8½	G.O. Mis. No. 2207, L. & M., dated 9th November 1921, and Finance Endorsement No. 4633-B-1, dated 11th November 1921, and G.O. No. 320, L. & M., dated 16th February 1922 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1781-B/1, dated 1st March 1922.	5,26,541 11 7	..	5,26,541 11 7	1,19,065 8 1	4,07,476 3 6	32,216 7 11	..
	2,00,000 0 0	8½	G.O. Mis. No. 613, L. & M., dated 20th March 1923.	1,72,780 15 10	..	1,72,780 15 10	29,458 4 2	1,43,321 11 8	14,806 11 5	..
Madras Port Trust.	7,00,000 0 0	6½	G.O. No. 15, Finance (Marine), dated 11th January 1922, and Finance Department No. 446-B/1, dated 27th January 1922 and No. 1823(a)-B/1, dated 1st March 1922.	6,20,512 3 10	..	6,20,512 3 10	22,209 2 1	6,10,303 1 9	29,760 13 11	..
	8,00,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 846, Finance (Marine), dated 19th December 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2350-B-1, dated 23rd December 1922.	7,40,282 9 6	..	7,40,282 9 6	12,286 8 11	7,32,495 13 7	48,068 7 1	..

				(Sanctioned after 1st April 1923.)								
Madras Corporation.	3,00,000	0	6	G.O. No 1837, L. & M. (Local Self-Government Department), dated 18th August 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 5230-B/1, dated 24th August 1923.	3,34,053	5 1	..	3,34,053	5 1	47,800 15 10	2,86,252	9 9	20,043	9 2	..
	2,00,000	0	4	G. O. Mis. No 440, L. & M. (Local Self-Government Department), dated 19th February 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 826-Exp./1, dated 23rd February 1924.	1,33,814	6 4	..	1,33,814	5 4	19,130 15 11	1,14,674	5 5	7,748	0 1	..
				(Sanctioned after 1st April 1924.)								
	1,75,000	0	3½	G O Mis. No 2088 L. & M (Local Self-Government Department), dated 19th September 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 3710-Exp /1, dated 2nd October 1924.	1,09,481	0 0	..	1,09,481	0 0	6,778 13 1	1,02,702	0 8	6,170	2 11	..
	4,75,000	0	3½	G O. Mis. No. 2644, L. & M. (Local Self-Government Department), dated 18th December 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No 5088-Exp./1, dated 24th December 1924.	4,32,877	11 1	..	4,32,877	11 1	25,686	5 6	4,07,190	2 7	24,890	7 6	..
	3,00,000	0	3½	G O No 337, L & M (Local Self-Government Department), dated 3rd February 1925, and Finance Endorsement No. 6197-Exp./1, dated 7th February 1925	3,28,198	3 4	..	3,28,198	3 4	43,399 14 3	2,82,715	5 1	21,241	1 6	..
				(Sanctioned after 1st April 1923.)								
Port Conservancy Board, Tuticorin.	3,00,000	5	3	G.O. Mis. No 517, Finance (Marine) Department, dated 5th November 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6418-E/1-3, dated 13th November 1923.	2,83,398	0 4	..	2,83,398	5 4	4,791 3 7	2,78,607	3 9	27,503	16 5	..
	6,00,000	0	3½	G.O. Mis. No 183, Finance (Marine), dated 5th December 1924, and Finance Endorsement No. 4869-Exp./1, dated 12th December 1924	6,62,225	12 6	..	6,62,225	12 6	14,047 2 1	6,48,178	10 5	42,977	28 21	..
				(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1925.)								
Madras Corporation.	6,00,000	0	3½	G.O. Mis. No. 60, L. & M (Local Self-Government Department), dated 6th January 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 688-Exp./1, dated 9th January 1926.	5,84,837	9 0	..	5,84,837	0 0	13,132 14 11	5,45,484	20 1	31,060	0 1	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of order authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Presidency Corporations, etc.*—cont.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1924—cont.)							
Port Conservancy Board, Tuticorin.	5,00,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 880, Finance (Marine) Department, dated 8th December 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 43298-Exp./1, dated 9th December 1928.	4,80,614 5 4	..	4,85,614 5 4	7,853 3 5	4,78,161 2 11	26,719 18 7	..
Port Conservancy Board, Cochin.	15,00,000 0 0	5½	G.O. No. 705, Finance (Marine) Department, dated 10th December 1928.	15,06,586 10 3	..	15,06,586 10 3	23,538 1 6	14,83,047 9 9	82,042 16 0	..
			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1928.)							
Madras Corporation.	2,00,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 5413, L. & M. (Local Self-Government Department), dated 23rd December 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 41158-Exp./1, dated 28th December 1926.	1,94,110 8 0	..	1,94,110 8 0	6,192 8 7	1,87,918 13 5	10,190 12 5	..
	2,00,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 611, L. & M. (Local Self-Government Department), dated 15th February 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6442 Exp./1, dated 22nd February 1927.	1,94,110 8 0	..	1,94,110 8 0	6,192 8 7	1,87,918 13 5	10,190 12 5	..
	3,00,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 3902, L. & M. (Local Self-Government Department), dated 10th October 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 39687-Exp./1, dated 11th October 1927.	3,00,000 0 0	..	3,00,000 0 0	23,062 0 0	2,76,938 5 5	45,000 0 0	..
Port Conservancy Board, Cochin.	4,50,000 0 0	5½	G.O. No. 290, Finance (Marine) Department, dated 1st April 1926.	4,40,253 5 1	..	4,40,253 5 1	6,924 3 3	4,33,329 10 10	23,023 12 3	..
	3,00,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 847, Finance (Marine) Department dated 6th December 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 42751-Exp./1, dated 13th December 1927.	3,00,000 0 0	..	3,00,000 0 0	4,271 0 0	2,95,728 10 0	15,684 12 3	..
	3,70,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 12, Finance (Marine) Department, dated 7th January 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 710-Exp./1, dated 13th January 1928.	3,70,000 0 0	..	3,70,000 0 0	6,271 4 8	3,63,728 11 4	29,356 13 4	..

Do.	2,50,000 0 0	5½	G O Mis. No. 191, Finance (Marine) Department, dated 28th March 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 12300-A-Red., dated 4th April 1928	2,50,000 0 0	..	2,50,000 0 0	9,581 2 2	2,46,188 13 10	10,078 19 10	..
Do.	4,00,000 0 0	5½	G O Mis. No. 560, Finance (Marine) Department, dated 7th November 1928	..	4,00,000 0 0	4,00,000 0 0	..	4,00,000 0 0	..	..
Port Conservancy Board, Tuticorin.	5,00,000 0 0	5½	G.O Mis No. 575, Finance (Marine) Department, dated 13th December 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 39676-Exp /1, dated 18th December 1928.	5,01,360 0 0	..	5,01,360 0 0	9,124 3 0	5,07,248 14 0	31,924 14 0	..
			Total, Loans to Presidency Corporations, etc.	1,03,59,269 2 10	8,00,000 0 0	1,09,88,288 0 10	4,83,936 3 0	1,06,05,312 10 4	5,75,811 7 6	.
Municipalities.			*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards.* —							
			(Sanctioned before 1st October 1916.)							
	1,50,000 0 0	4	Government of India, Finance Department, No 4907-A, dated 17th July 1908, G O No 3498, dated 3rd August 1908, No 1295 M., dated 3rd August 1908, and No. 756 M., dated 6th May 1909	52,326 5 2	..	52,326 5 2	5,610 1 0	75,928 7 3	3,256 28 6	.
Bezhampur ..	20,000 0 0	4	Madras Government No 1136 M., dated 22nd June 1912, No 1346-I, Financial, dated 9th July 1912, No. 1848 M., dated 9th October 1912, No 1013-I, Financial, dated 10th March 1913, and No 269 M., dated 12th February 1913	3,810 2 10	..	3,938 3 10	3,890 5 8	7,038 18 3	344 12 8	..
	9,770 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No 51 M., dated 13th January 1916, and No 517 M., dated 31st March 1916	4,516 1 4	..	4,516 1 4	516 7 8	3,760 9 8	172 8 4	..
Bezwada ..	1,25,000 0 0	4	Madras Government, Financial Department, No 2179-I, dated 16th May 1908, Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No 781 M., dated 9th May 1908, No. 1161 M., dated 23th July 1908, No 212-I, Financial dated 20th January 1909, and No. 42 M., dated 13th January 1909.	3,836 3 0	..	3,938 3 0	3,938 5 0	..	918 3 0	..
Cocanada ..	3,000 0 0	4	Madras Government, Financial Department, No 62-I, dated 25th March 1909	584 1 8	..	584 1 8	584 1 8	..	29 3 4	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporations, etc., receiving loans.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
Municipalities—cont.	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
			(Sanctioned before 1st October 1914)—cont.							
Coonoor ..	18,000 0 0	4	Madras Government, Financial Department, No. 1812-1, dated 10th March 1913, No. 137 M., dated 22nd January 1913, Madras Government, Financial Department, No. 2185-1, dated 15th August 1913, and No. 1621 M., dated 8th August 1913.	2,631 12 8	..	2,634 12 8	1,154 9 8	2,180 3 0	334 8 4	..
Cochin	14,082 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 1938 M., dated 10th October 1915, No. 77 M., dated 12th January 1914, and Financial, No. 304-1, dated 16th January 1914.	6,218 13 8	..	6,218 13 8	787 4 8	5,131 9 0	218 13 0	..
Coonoor ..	18,461 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 1712 M., dated 9th September 1913, No. 2218 M., dated 22nd November 1913, and Financial Department, No. 1741, dated 26th November 1913.	6,904 4 8	..	6,904 4 8	874 13 4	6,029 7 4	276 2 8	..
	33,250 0 0	4	Madras Government, No. 1864 M., dated 10th September 1914, No. 2161, Local and Municipal, dated 10th December 1914, and No. 2787-1, Financial, dated 12th December 1914.	11,782 8 10	..	11,782 8 10	1,113 11 2	10,668 13 8	471 4 10	..
Erode ..	47,000 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 667 M., dated 6th April 1916, and No. 2779-1, dated 5th May 1916.	84,092 13 2	..	84,092 13 2	1,375 4 6	82,717 8 8	3,363 11 8	..
Gudiyatam ..	7,500 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 623 M., dated 8th June 1908, No. 1187-1, Financial, dated 28th September 1908, and No. 1511 M., dated 10th September 1908	526 13 0	..	526 13 0	..	526 13 0	21 2 0	..
Kurnool ..	17,500 0 0	4	Madras Government, No. 2078 M., dated 23rd November 1911, No. 672 M., dated 12th April 1912, and No. 2348-1, Financial, dated 15th April 1912.	6,726 8 0	..	6,726 8 0	1,888 14 4	4,837 3 8	230 0 8	..
Mayavaram ..	17,000 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 86h M., dated 24th May 1911, No. 1562 M., dated 18th August 1914, and Madras Government, No. 6071-1, Financial, dated 16th September 1914.	7,696 1 2	..	7,696 1 2	850 14 2	6,845 4 10	308 8 10	..

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Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-20—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year	Total.	Amount repaid	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue	Balance of interest unpaid.
Municipalities—contd.	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—contd.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
			(Sanctioned before 1st October 1919—*contd.*)							
Tellicherry	10,850 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 841 M., dated 11th June 1909, and No. 2683-1, Financial, dated 17th June 1909.	720 6 8	..	720 6 8	720 6 8	..	28 13 4	..
	6,750 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 1288 M., dated 17th July 1912.	2,883 3 0	..	2,883 3 0	629 7 8	2,253 15 4	114 8 4	..
Tirupati ..	70,870 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 705 M., dated 11th April 1916, communicated in Madras Government, Financial Department, Endorsement No. 2706-1, dated 2nd May 1916.	35,010 12 0	..	35,010 12 0	3,799 9 2	31,211 2 10	1,450 8 10	..
Vizagapatam ..	32,500 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 2161 M., dated 6th November 1913, No. 44 M., dated 8th January 1914, No. 2665-01, dated 23rd December 1913, and Madras Government, No. 2110, Financial, dated 23rd December 1914.	14,364 2 2	..	14,364 2 2	1,816 6 6	12,548 8 8	574 8 8	..
	1,900 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal, No. 1608 M., dated 6th October 1915, No. 1232 M., dated 16th August 1916, No. 331 M., dated 16th March 1916, and No. 1864-1, Financial, dated 29th March 1916.	1,227 13 0	..	1,227 13 0	124 7 10	1,103 5 2	88 8 2	..
Local Fund Boards.										
District Board, Chittoor.	20,000 0 0	3	Madras Government, No. 1089-1, Financial, dated 16th February 1916, Madras Government, No. 89 L., dated 21st January 1918, and No. 637 L., dated 31st March 1913.	1,389 13 2	..	3,389 13 2	1,643 8 8	3,746 4 6	126 0 0	..

Municipalities.					(Sanctioned on or after 1st October 1918 but before 1st April 1917.)								
Negapatam ..	18,858	5	0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Min. No. 1763 M., dated 10th October 1917, Min No 334 M., dated 22nd February 1917, and Madras Government, Financial Department Endorsement No. 1336-1, dated 24th February 1917	15,636	2	2	..	16,653	5	6	950	1	0	2,505	5	0	522	14	8	..
Pallakinedi ..	5,000	0	0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department Min No 4m M., dated 17th March 1917 and Madras Government, Financial Department Endorsement No. 2144-1, dated 21st March 1917.	1,850	0	6	..	1,857	0	0	150	0	0	1,300	0	0	97	0	6	..
Vellore ..	20,000	0	0	6	Madras Government Financial Department, Endorsement No 6002-1, dated 20th October 1916, communicating Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, No. 1765 M, dated 10th October 1916	23,263	12	6	..	23,263	12	6	703	13	0	12,500	15	0	1,138	9	6	..
	23,845	6	6	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Min. No. 1921 M., dated 7th November 1917, Min. No. 2002 M., dated 21st November 1917, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No 6376-1, dated 16th November 1917, and No 6823-1, dated 27th November 1917, respectively.	27,437	13	0	..	27,437	13	0	829	1	0	26,506	12	0	1,371	14	3	..
Vizagapatam ..	20,000	6	3	6	Madras Government, Financial Department, Endorsement No 6256-1, dated 15th September 1916, communicating Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, No. 1476 M., dated 15th August 1916	19,000	6	6	..	20,000	6	6	1,963	0	0	8,000	0	0	500	0	0	..
					(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1917 but before 1st April 1921.)																	
Cocanada ..	28,000	5	0	5	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Min. No. 20 M., dated 5th January 1918, and Min. No. 427 M., dated 16th March 1918, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No 180-1, dated 10th January 1918, and No 2484-1, Financial, dated 21st March 1918, and G.O. Min. No 241 M., dated 14th February 1920.	5,228	15	6	..	5,728	15	0	2,783	6	3	6,940	11	3	363	11	10	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
			Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards—cont.							
Municipalities—cont.	Rs. A. P.		(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1917 but before 1st April 1921—*cont.*)	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Coimbatore ..	27,000 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No 894 M., dated 11th March 1918, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 1332-S/1, dated 14th March 1919.	14,203 8 8	..	14,203 8 8	1,827 15 11	12,379 6 4	852 3 1	..
Cuddapah ..	28,000 0 0	5	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No. 1272 M., dated 28th August 1919, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 3804-S/1, dated 2nd September 1919.	24,618 5 8	..	24,618 5 8	584 8 7	23,983 "1 1	1,169 12 9	..
Dharapuram ..	8,400 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No. 1016 M., dated 28th June 1918, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 3058-1, dated 2nd July 1918.	8,456 8 8	..	8,456 8 8	432 9 1	8,025 11 7	387 7 11	..
Ellore	35,000 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No 461 M., dated 21st March 1918, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 2672-1, dated 25th March 1918	22,461 1 1	..	22,461 1 1	1,703 1 9	20,761 15 7	1,347 14 8	..
	22,000 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No 449 M. dated 20th March 1918, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 2629-1, dated 22nd March 1919.	14,091 5 6	..	14,091 5 6	1,074 8 2	13,017 0 9	841 7 10	..
Guntur ..	17,000 0 0	6	G.O. Mis. No. 824 M., Local and Municipal, dated 19th June 1920, and Financial Endorsement No. 2075-S/1, dated 24th June 1920.	13,122 0 0	..	13,122 0 0	694 10 10	12,427 5 11	787 5 2	..

Guntur ..	50,000 0 0	6	G.O. Mis. No 429, Local and Municipal, dated 4th March 1921, and Financial Endorsement No. 1689-B/1, dated 10th March 1921.	21,962 5 4	..	21,962 5 4	6,917 7 4	13,124 14 0	1,920 6 8	..
Karur	12,000 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department Mis. No 229 M., dated 11th February 1920, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 904-B/1, dated 17th February 1920.	6,892 14 7	..	6,892 14 7	622 6 10	6,070 7 9	413 0 2	..
Kurnool	3,000 0 0	8	G.O. Mis No 236 (Public Health), Local and Municipal, dated 14th March 1921, and Financial Endorsement No. 1858-B/1, dated 18th March 1921.	1,054 6 7	..	1,054 6 7	241 6 3	759 4 5	53 19 10	..
	67,000 0 0	8	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis No 493 M., dated 27th March 1918, And Memorandum No 2422 1-M., dated 23rd March 1918, and Financial Department Endorsement No 2815-1, dated 26th March 1918.	55,836 13 21	..	55,836 13 11	2,616 10 7	54,219 0 4	3,450 2 5	..
	66,340 0 0	8	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No. 1126 M., dated 13th July 1918, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 6082-1, dated 16th July 1918	45,276 2 8	..	45,276 2 8	3,023 7 10	42,251 10 5	2,716 8 2	..
Madura ...	85,000 0 0	8	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No 495 M., dated 27th March 1919, and Financial Department Endorsement No 1682-B/1, dated 28th March 1919.	30,771 7 3	..	30,771 7 3	748 11 5	30,002 11 9	1,846 4 7	..
	2,40,000 0 0	4	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No. 2031 M., dated 10th December 1919, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 6020-B/1, dated 16th December 1919.	2,22 471 9 0	..	1,22,471 9 0	2,824 11 3	1,19,646 14 0	7,345 4 0	..
	1,65,000 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No 353 M., dated 6th March 1920, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 1474 B/1, dated 11th March 1920.	1,20,609 13 0	..	1,20,609 13 0	7,240 1 0	1,13,461 7 0	7,228 1 0	..
Masulipatam ..	1,12,670 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis No 416 M., dated 20th March 1919, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 1677-B/1, dated 24th March 1919.	1,01,808 4 9	..	1,01,808 4 9	8,626 23 10	93,178 7 11	6,144 8 2	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of order authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
Municipalities—cont.	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont. (Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1927 but before 1st April 1928—cont.)	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Nannarsapet ..	11,750 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No 1905 M., dated 2nd December 1918, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No 10788-1, dated 7th December 1918.	4,567 12 0	..	4,567 12 0	750 8 9	3,807 4 3	278 7 6	..
Ootacamund ..	50,000 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis No 393 M., dated 13th March 1920, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 1729-B/1, dated 22nd March 1920.	38,593 12 4	..	38,593 12 4	2,043 9 11	36,549 2 5	2,318 0 1	..
Periakinadi	4,000 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No. 824 M., dated 19th April 1923, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No 3762-1, dated 2nd May 1923.	3,200 0 0	..	3,200 0 0	200 0 0	3,000 0 0	182 0 0	..
	2,500 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No. 290 M., dated 1st March 1920, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 1314-B/1, dated 4th March 1920.	1,500 0 0	..	1,500 0 0	125 0 0	1,375 0 0	90 0 0	..
	2,500 0 0	6	G.O. Mis No 1248 M., Local and Municipal, dated 10th September 1920, and Financial Endorsement No 6384-B/1, dated 22nd September 1920.	908 2 0	..	908 2 0	238 11 0	669 7 0	94 5 0	..
Rajahmundry ..	11,400 0 0	6	G.O. Mis No. 1067 M., Local and Municipal, dated 7th August 1923, and Financial Endorsement No. 3340-B/1, dated 16th August 1923.	8,797 14 7	..	8,797 14 7	466 2 0	8,331 12 7	527 13 8	..
Tanjore ..	20,000 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis. No 64 M., dated 24th January 1923, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 220-B/1, dated 29th January 1923	14,901 0 3	..	14,901 0 3	838 13 1	14,062 3 2	847 2 11	..
Vellore ..	90,000 0 0	6	G.O. Mis No 239 (Public Health), Local and Municipal, dated 16th March 1921, and Financial Endorsement No. 1899-B/1, dated 18th March 1921.	83,329 1 0	..	83,329 1 3	1,141 8 1	82,187 22 2	2,017 11 11	..

Vellore ..	22,000 0 0	8	G.O. Mis. No. 272 (Public Health), Local and Municipal, dated 21st March 1921, and Financial Endorsement No. 2109-B/1, dated 23rd March 1921	23,317 8 10	..	22,867 8 10	470 0 4	21,872 6 8	1,310 13 3	..	
Vizagapatam ..	18,400 0 0	6	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis No. 1048 M., dated 2nd October 1918, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No 8638-1, dated 12th October 1918.	16,646 2 2	..	16,138 3 2	707 14 0	4,877 3 11	638 1 0	..	
Local Fund Boards											
District Board, Guntur	1,00,000 0 0	8	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis No. 186 L., dated 7th February 1918, communicated in Financial Department No 1204-1, dated 13th February 1918	58,265 10 8	..	53,265 10 8	3,552 13 1	48,812 15 11	3,132 6 4	..	
District Board, Malabar.	54,800 0 0	8	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis No. 1634 L., dated 13th October 1917, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 7981-B/1, dated 19th October 1917.	35,160 10 8	..	34,160 10 2	2,488 5 6	32,432 6 5	2,128 13 3	..	
Anbikapoly District Board.	1,00,000 0 0	8	Madras Government, Local and Municipal Department, Mis No. 363 L., dated 14th March 1918, communicated in Financial Department Endorsement No. 1427-B/1, dated 18th March 1918.	73,098 11 0	..	73,068 11 1	4,832 1 8	68,766 9 8	4,385 14 9	..	
South Kanara District Board.	1,00,000 0 0	8	G.O. No. 679, Local and Municipal, dated 24th March 1921, and Financial Endorsement No. 2222-B/1, dated 26th March 1921. (Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1921.)	77,186 8 10	..	77,185 8 10	4,056 13 10	73,098 11 0	3,681 2 2	..	
Municipalities.											
Adoni	16,000 0 0	6½	G O Mis No 436, Public Health, dated 21st March 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No 2982-B/1, dated 23rd March 1922.	11,178 10 2	..	11,479 10 2	629 13 2	10,943 13 1	748 2 10	..	
Bezwada ..	63,000 0 0	6½	G O. Mis. No. 1870, Local and Municipal, dated 24th September 1921, and L & M. Department Endorsement No. 6678-B/1, dated 29th September 1921, G Os. Nos. 3076, L. & M., dated 16th June 1922, and No. 1734, L. & M., dated 6th August 1923	64,254 11 6	..	61 284 11 6	3,028 7 3	62,226 4 3	3,028 8 13	..	
Coimbatore ..	15,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis No 631, Local and Municipal, dated 10th March 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No 1005-B/1, dated 13th March 1923.	8 671 8 3	..	8 671 8 3	1,022 14 7	7,189 16 0	543 10 6	..	

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan	Balance from last year	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Municipalities—cont.			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1921—cont.)							
Cuddapah ..	4,500 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No. 392, Public Health, dated 11th March 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2426-B/1, dated 14th March 1922.	3,600 0 0	..	3,600 0 0	150 0 0	3,450 0 0	224 0 0	..
Dindigul ..	27,000 0 0	6½	G O Mis No 1220, Public Health, dated 27th September 1921, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6832-B/1, dated 30th September 1921.	12,861 7 9	..	12,861 7 9	2,915 11 11	9,945 11 20	694 3 1	..
Godiyalam ..	5,065 0 0	6½	G O. Mis. No. 1040 Public Health, dated 16th January 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 372 B/1, dated 20th January 1923.	2,926 7 7	..	2,926 7 7	511 13 6	2,410 10 1	163 2 6	..
Madura ..	4,94,550 0 0	6½	G.O Mis No 436, Public Health, dated 23rd March 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2913-B/1, dated 28rd March 1922	1,51,913 10 6	..	9,44,013 10 6	6,137 9 10	4,38,726 0 8	28,913 8 2	..
	1,27,662 0 0	6½	G O Mis No 492 Public Health, dated 22nd March 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1886-B/1, dated 24th March 1923.	1,17,113 12 6	..	1,17,113 12 6	9,966 13 6	1,15,963 0 0	7,631 6 6	..
Negapatam ..	9,500 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No 312, Local and Municipal, dated 16th February 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1769-B/1, dated 1st March 1922	7,772 11 9	..	7,772 11 9	356 12 2	7,416 2 7	505 6 10	..
Ootacamund ..	3,65 000 0 0	6½	G O Mis. No 422, Local and Municipal, dated 4th March 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No 2282-B/1, dated 8th March 1922.	3,40,376 4 6	..	3,40,376 4 6	6,438 9 6	3,40,938 10 10	23,914 6 4	..
Periyakulam ..	6,000 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No 373 Local and Municipal, dated 23rd February 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1926-B/1, dated 1st March 1922	2,382 2 3	..	2,382 2 3	390 2 7	1,991 15 7	134 13 6	..
Srirangam ..	6,000 0 0	6½	G O Mis No. 933, Local and Municipal, dated 14th March 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No 1728-B/1, dated 20th March 1923.	4,207 11 5	..	4,207 11 5	617 12 9	3,589 14 8	245 11 3	..
Tanjore ..	3,500 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis No. 412, Public Health, dated 16th March 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2412-B/1, dated 23rd March 1922.	2,897 14 7	..	2,897 14 7	132 10 2	2,765 4 5	185 8 10	..

Tenali ..	25,000 0 0	6½	G O No. 731, Local and Municipal, dated 22nd March 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No 1893-B/1, dated 28th March 1923.	10,000 0 0	..	10,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	9,000 0 0	850 0 0	..
Udumalpet ..	15,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 124, Local and Municipal, dated 16th February 1923 and Finance Department Endorsement No 1093-B/1, dated 17th February 1923	8,671 8 8	..	8 671 8 8	1,522 10 7	7,148 10 5	593 10 5	..
Vellore ..	18,400 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No 139, Local and Municipal dated 23rd January 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No 855-B/1, dated 26th January 1922.	13,501 7 1	..	13,501 7 1	614 6 6	12 882 0 7	877 0 5	..
	62,378 0 0	6½	G O. Mis No 130, Public Health, dated 20th March 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2848-B/1, dated 22nd March 1922.	47,216 7 1	..	47,216 7 1	2,098 13 11	41,127 0 3	4,361 1 1	..
Local Fund Boards.										
Anantapur District Board.	19,000 0 0	6½	G O Mis. No 213, Local and Municipal, dated 1st February 1922	15,516 12 8	..	25,516 12 8	732 8 8	14,822 4 0	1,611 7 7	..
Chingleput District Board.	20,000 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No. 118, Local and Municipal dated 19th January 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No 690-B/1, dated 23rd January 1922.	18,362 2 11	..	18,362 2 11	781 7 4	15,616 11 7	1,963 3 0	..
Chittoor District Board.	12,000 0 0	6½	G O. Mis No 327, Local and Municipal, dated 17th February 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1783 B/1, dated 21st February 1922.	11,018 3 3	..	11,018 3 3	202 14 2	10,815 5 1	716 3 10	..
	13,800 0 0	6½	G.O. No 732, Local and Municipal, dated 21th March 1923, and Finance Department. Endorsement No. 3911-B/1, dated 26th March 1923	11,018 15 6	..	11,018 15 6	187 11 8	10,802 1 0	715 9 9	..
Godavari East District Board.	28,000 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No 206, Local and Municipal, dated 15th March 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2713-B/1 dated 13th March 1922	4,000 0 0	..	4 000 0 0	1,000 0 0	..	260 0 0	..
Guntur District Board.	30,810 0 0	6½	G O. Mis No. 502, Local and Municipal, dated 1st March 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1339-B/1, dated 2nd March 1923.	29,286 7 0	..	29,286 7 0	2,171 0 1	27,115 0 11	1,963 9 12	..
Kistna District Board.	30,000 0 0	6½	G O. Mis. No 473, Local and Municipal, dated 4th March 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No 2203-B/1, dated 8th March 1923	20,928 14 0	..	20,928 14 0	961 20 0	19,967 4 0	1,356 8 0	..
Nellore District Board	27,850 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No 386, Local and Municipal, dated 28th February 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No 2070-B/1, dated 4th March 1922.	47,162 2 0	..	47,162 2 0	2,181 0 4	44,976 1 8	5,065 1 8	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of order authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont. (Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1921—*cont.*)	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Local Fund Boards—cont.										
South Arcot District Board.	15,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 117, Local and Municipal, dated 16th January 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 693-B/1, dated 23rd January 1922	10,830 7 10	..	10,830 7 10	804 14 8	9,745 13 3	680 5 4	..
South Kanara District Board	1,10,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 114, Local and Municipal, dated 16th January 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 686-B/1, dated 23rd January 1922.	81,603 13 5	..	81,603 13 5	3,748 12 0	78,055 1 5	5,317 4 0	..
	55,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 549, Local and Municipal, dated 16th March 1923	43,113 5 9	..	43,113 5 9	1,055 10 5	41,057 6 4	4,037 8 7	..
Trichinopoly District Board.	50,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 518, Local and Municipal, dated 16th March 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2721-B/2, dated 14th March 1922.	35,000 0 0	..	35,000 0 0	2,548 0 0	32,452 0 0	2,276 0 0	..
	96,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 756, Local and Municipal dated 26th March 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2028-B/1, dated 28th March 1923	81,633 8 0	..	81,633 8 0	3,360 13 2	78 272 10 10	5,306 2 10	..
Uthumpatti Taluk Board	6,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 373, F.H., Local and Municipal, dated 6th March 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1475-B/1, dated 8th March 1923.	1,000 0 0	..	1,000 0 0	..	1,000 0 0	65 1 0	..
Municipalities.			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1923.)							
Coimbatore ..	17,000 0 0	6	G.O. No. 2462, Local and Municipal, Local Self Government Department, dated 26th November 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6749-B-1/1, dated 4th December 1923	11,356 11 11	..	11,356 11 11	1,628 0 0	9,728 2 5	681 4 6	..
Madura ..	4,30,000 0 0	6	G.O. Mis. No. 1677, Public Health, Local Self Government Department, dated 5th December 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6848-B-1/1, dated 10th December 1923	3,76,865 1 10	..	3,76,865 1 10	14,767 1 6	3,61,108 0 4	22,751 14 0	..

Erode ..	52,200	0	0	0	G O No 497, Public Health, Local Self-Government Department dated 31st March 1921, and Finance Department Endorsement, No. 1012-Exp./1, dated 31st March 1924.	31,974	8	4	..	31,978	8	4	4,000	0	0	26 827	1	10	7,082	9	6	..
Cuddalore	10,000	0	0	0	G.O. No. 2013 Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 18th December 1923	8,810	1	8	..	8,810	1	8	313	0	4	8,156	12	4	338	0	0	..
Ootacamund ..	11,000	0	0	0	G O. No. 1634, Public Health, Local Self-Government Department, dated 13th September 1923.	7,167	3	1	..	7,217	3	1	1,051	2	8	5,232	0	0	440	13	4	..
Do. ..	35,040	0	0	0	G.O. No. 2816, Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 18th December 1923	33,062	0	9	..	33,062	0	9	538	3	0	32,002	12	4	1,980	11	7	..
Periyakulam ..	8,500	0	0	0	G.O. Mis. No. 488, Public Health, Local Self Government Department, dated 29th March 1924	3,080	0	7	..	3,080	0	7	121	0	3	2,958	13	0	184	12	10	..
Do. ..	17,040	0	0	0	G.O. No. 841, Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 29th March 1924.	13,428	11	11	..	13,428	11	11	497	4	5	13,021	7	0	425	11	7	..
Rajahmundry ..	4,600	0	0	0	G O No 407, Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 15th February 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 316-Exp.-1, dated 22nd February 1924.	8,003	14	1	..	8,003	14	1	431	12	8	8,872	1	10	180	0	0	..
Local Fund Boards.																						
Salem District Board.	18,480	0	0	0	G.O. No. 432, Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 19th February 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 328-Exp.-1, dated 23rd February 1924.	12,188	12	7	..	12,188	12	7	1,767	14	6	10,810	14	7	738	3	0	..
Chittoor District Board.	60,000	0	0	0	G O Ms. No. 2264, Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 13th October 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6111-B-I/1, dated 10th October 1923.	47,235	9	10	..	47,235	9	10	797	14	9	46,637	5	6	2,364	1	13	..
Malabar District Board.	1,83,000	0	0	0	G.O. No. 602, Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 24th March 1924.	1,18,988	8	1	..	1,26,818	8	1	7,594	14	7	1,00,224	8	0	5,959	1	4	..
Ramnad District Board.	28,855	0	0	0	G O. Ms. No 326, Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 6th February 1924.	23,438	8	2	..	23,438	8	2	909	4	8	22,424	4	10	1,406	0	2	..
South Arcot District Board.	82,500	0	0	0	G O. Ms. No 1609, Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 16th August 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6247-B-I/1, dated 17th August 1923.	58,010	8	3	..	58,010	8	3	1,160	0	1	56,850	10	2	4,062	0	11	..
South Kanara District Board.	18,620	0	0	0	G.O. Ms. No 1809, Local Self-Government Department, dated 2nd July 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 4623-B-I/1, dated 9th July 1923.	12,004	8	4	..	12,004	8	4	467	12	0	11,536	7	47	720	4	0	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
Local Fund Boards—cont.	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont. (Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1923—*cont.*)	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
South Kanara District Board.	6,675 8 0	6	G.O. Mis No. 2384, Local and Municipal, Local Self Government Department, dated 24th October 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1249 B-I/1, dated 1st November 1923	6,526 0 1	..	6,526 0 1	338 0 0	5,935 15 0	334 15 4	..
Trichinopoly District Board.	1,13,000 0 0	6	G.O. Mis. No 325, Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 24th January 1924.	1,09,220 0 20	..	1,09,220 0 12	5,819 12 0	1,03,306 4 1	6,553 1 3	..
Tenali Taluk Board.	8,500 0 0	6	G.O. Mis No 103, Local and Municipal, Local Self-Government Department, dated 21st January 1924	2,334 5 5	..	2,334 5 5	325 11 1	2,008 5 7	140 2 11	..
Municipalities.			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1924.)							
Bellary	3,72,729 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis No. 439, P.H., Local Self-Government, dated 27th February 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 8477-Exp.-1, dated 4th March 1925	3,72,729 0 0	..	3,72,729 0 0	3,705 0 7	3,69,024 0 5	13,691 9 5	..
Chingleput ..	67,800 0 0	5½	G.O. No. 518 P.H., Local Self-Government, dated 12th March 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No 10180 Exp.-1, dated 14th March 1925.	64,760 13 3	..	64,760 13 3	1,057 4 0	63,703 9 3	2,724 12 0	..
Chittoor ..	8,000 0 0		G.O. Mis. No 1, P.H., Local Self-Government, dated 3rd January 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 223-1, dated 8th January 1925.	8,201 4 5	..	8,201 4 5	297 6 10	7,905 13 5	471 8 2	..
Cochin	20,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 117, P.H., Local Self-Government, dated 15th January 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1054 Exp.-1, dated 23th January 1925.	18,227 11 5	..	18,227 11 5	659 14 4	17,568 0 1	1,018 1 2	..
Coonoor	5,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 1334, P.H., Local Self-Government, dated 15th December 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 4922 Exp.-1, dated 20th December 1924.	4,695 15 4	..	4,695 15 4	511 2 11	3,990 12 5	203 13 1	..
Do.	20,000 0 0	5½	G.O. No 390, L. & M., Local Self-Government, dated 20th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 11963 Exp.-1, dated 27th March 1926.	17,227 15 11	..	17,227 15 11	1,035 15 5	15,192 0 6	995 0 7	..

Karur	16,000 0 0	6½	G.O. No. 240, L. & M. (Local Self-Government), dated 23rd January 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2938-Exp.-1, dated 29th January 1926.	13,341 6 9	..	13,341 6 9	903 11 3	12,441 11 7	767 4 10	..
Madura	3,00,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 169, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 20th January 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2390-Exp.-1, dated 27th January 1926.	2,73,296 4 4	..	2,73,296 4 4	6,806 11 6	2,63,189 8 11	23,720 4 7	..
Nandyalam ..	2,00,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 648, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 17th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 10678-Exp.-1, dated 26th March 1926.	1,36,866 11 6	..	1,36,866 11 6	4,952 13 3	1,31,716 10 3	7,880 0 4	..
Ootacamund ..	6,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 1023, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 17th July 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2296-Exp.-1, dated 16th July 1924.	5,456 7 5	..	6,456 7 5	305 10 10	5,267 11 7	614 6 2	..
Do. ..	31,700 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 1870, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 12th December 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 4938-Exp.-1, dated 17th December 1924.	36,213 1 7	..	33,213 1 7	612 8 4	32,700 0 3	3 613 7 6	..
Tenali ..	26,500 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 230, L. & M. (Local Self-Government), dated 4th February 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 4373 Exp.-1, dated 9th February 1926.	22,030 11 6	..	22,030 14 9	1,326 13 6	20,714 5 3	1 267 4 6	..
Tinnevelly ..	7,650 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 542, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 11th March 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 10175-Exp.-1, dated 18th March 1925.	6,969 16 6	..	6,979 16 6	253 0 7	6,716 12 6	469 12 6	..
Tirupati ..	33,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 185, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 6th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2146-Exp.-1, dated 10th March 1926.	24,515 2 7	..	24,516 2 9	6,957 14 1	7,567 4 2	823 1 11	..
Vellore	24,450 0 0	6½	G.O. No. 1823, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 10th December 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 4676-Exp.-1, dated 15th December 1924.	22,149 1 0	..	23,462 1 0	614 4 0	21,848 11 0	1,301 10 0	..
Vizagapatam ..	15,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 402, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 23rd February 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 7765-Exp.-1, dated 28th February 1926.	14,138 15 6	..	14 13g 15 6	168 0 2	13,970 14 10	832 15 10	..
Local Fund Boards.										
Chittoor District Board.	1,35,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 2022, L. & M. (Local Self-Government), dated 23rd July 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2490-Exp.-1, dated 28th July 1924.	1,10,174 5 10	..	1,10,174 5 10	1,790 10 7	1,08,377 8 3	6,885 0 4	..
Do. ..	33,750 0 0	6½	Do. do	31,843 4 0	..	31,844 4 0	784 0 4	30,758 11 8	2,214 9 8	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
Local Fund Boards—cont.	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont. (Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1924—cont.)	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Ramnad District Board,	92,320 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis. No 893, L. & M. (Local Self-Government), dated 4th February 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 4494-Exp., dated 10th February 1926	84,134 0 0	..	84,134 0 0	3,205 8 6	80,928 7 2	4,634 9 7	..
South Arcot District Board	17,600 0 0	5½	G.O. No. 977, L. & M. (Local Self-Government), dated 23th March 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 11869-Exp.-61, dated 27th March 1925	16,040 10 10	..	16,040 10 10	564 10 7	15,480 0 3	922 1 5	..
South Kanara District Board.	87,253 0 0	5½	G O Mis. No. 100, L. & M. (Local Self-Government), dated 20th January 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2304-Exp.-1, dated 27th January 1928	79,513 3 5	..	79,513 3 5	2,880 15 4	76,632 5 1	4,372 3 3	..
Tanjore District Board,	91,000 0 0	5½	G O No 1048, L. & M. (Local Self-Government), dated 29th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 12209-Exp.-1, dated 28th March 1925.	82,428 11 0	..	82,428 11 0	3,304 3 7	79,923 7 5	4,709 0 6	..
Tinnevelly District Board.	98,000 0 0	5½	G O. Mis. No. 240, L. & M. (Local Self-Government), dated 23rd January 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2918-Exp.-1, dated 28th January 1925.	91,133 2 4	..	91,133 2 4	3,281 12 8	87,851 4 10	5,240 2 8	..
Vizagapatam District Board.	45,000 0 0	5½	G O. Mis. No. 728, L. & M. (Local Self-Government), dated 4th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 9079-Exp.-1, dated 9th March 1926.	12,467 14 0	..	12,467 14 0	12,467 14 0	..	726 14 0	..
Kolipatti Taluk Board.	2,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 160, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 21st January 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2077-Exp.-1, dated 27th January 1925.	1,822 2 0	..	1,822 2 0	66 3 7	1,755 13 11	104 12 5	..
Do.	4,200 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 244, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 7th February 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 3864-Exp. 1, dated 13th February 1925	3,822 13 4	..	3,822 13 4	138 15 4	3,687 14 2	226 6 8	..
Madura Taluk Board,	14,500 0 0	5½	G O. No. 3865, L. & M. (Local Self-Government), dated 19th December 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No 4095-Exp.-1, dated 24th December 1924.	16,683 8 1	..	16,683 8 1	1,003 9 0	15,679 8 1	959 14 8	..

Tenali Taluk Board	4,000 0 0	5½	G O No. 1782, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 1st December 1921, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 4701-Exp.-1, dated 4th December 1921	2,273 6 10	...	2,779 0 10	455 0 5	3,020 6 5	219 10 7	..
Tinnevelly Taluk Board	5,000 0 0	5½	G O Ms. No. 1373 P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 30th September 1921, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 3723-Exp.-1, dated 3rd October 1921.	4,712 15 8	..	4,712 15 8	156 0 1	4,856 15 7	272 3 11	..
Municipalities			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1925.)							
Anakapalle ..	4,500 0 0	6½	G O Ms. No. 427, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 11th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6398-Exp.-1, dated 14th March 1926	2,842 19 6	..	2,842 19 3	867 13 6	3,946 15 9	156 6 6	..
Bezwada ..	5,000 0 0	6½	G O No. 426, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 11th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6383-Exp.-1, dated 15th March 1926.	4,202 10 7	..	4,202 10 7	431 13 8	3,770 14 11	231 2 4	..
Calicut ..	4,000 0 0	6½	G O Ms. No. 435, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 13th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6803-Exp.-1, dated 17th March 1926	3,000 0 0	..	3,000 0 0	340 0 0	2,500 0 0	185 0 0	..
Cuddapah ..	20,000 0 0	6½	G O Ms No 417, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 10th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6264-Exp.-1, dated 12th March 1926	16,829 6 11	..	46,829 6 11	638 14 0	46,181 8 11	1,035 2 0	..
	10,000 0 0	6½	G O. Ms. No 3030, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 22nd August 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 25638-Exp.-1, dated 26th August 1925.	14,116 5 7	..	14,116 5 7	478 5 7	13,637 16 0	778 0 5	..
	4,000 0 0	6½	G.O Ms No 1653 P H (Local Self-Government), dated 4th September 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 31692 Exp.-1, dated 12th September 1925.	2,521 0 0	..	2,521 0 0	259 0 4	2,261 15 8	136 14 8	..
Kadukarai ..	10,000 0 0	6½	G O. Ms No 2117, P H (Local Self-Government), dated 19th October 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 37101-Exp.-1, dated 24th October 1926	8,103 1 8	..	8,103 4 8	281 13 2	7,838 7 1	468 2 10	..
Salem	26,150 0 0	6½	G O Ms No. 288, P.H. (Local Self-Government), dated 15th February 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6368-Exp.-1, dated 18th February 1926	2,60,978 11 10	..	2,63,978 11 10	9,344 4 8	2,60,412 7 6	14,826 11 6	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
Municipalities—cont.	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1928—*cont.*)							
Palamcottah ..	12,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 2917, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 14th August 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 28703-Exp.-1, dated 20th August 1928.	10,084 11 10	..	10,084 11 10	1,027 0 5	9,057 6 5	934 10 7	..
Pallachi	21,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 2367, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 24th October 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 33041-Exp.-1, dated 31st October 1928.	10,891 3 10	..	10,891 3 10	6,013 14 10	10,877 5 0	1,007 14 2	..
Salem	25,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 1926, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 15th September 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 32906-Exp.-1, dated 22nd September 1928.	14,119 6 7	..	14,119 6 7	479 9 7	13,637 12 0	778 6 6	..
Do.	1,20,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 2867, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 29th October 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 36173-Exp.-1, dated 9th November 1928.	1,10,501 0 0	..	1,10,501 0 0	3,691 7 1	1,14,809 5 11	6,517 9 12	..
Tenali	15,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 2867, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 7th October 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 30775-Exp.-1, dated 17th October 1928.	7,266 5 10	..	7,266 5 10	897 5 7	6,369 0 3	399 10 6	..
Tinnevelly ..	40,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 3023, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 27th October 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 33198-Exp.-1, dated 3rd November 1928.	37,942 14 8	..	37,942 14 8	1,376 10 8	36,566 4 0	2,070 5 9	..
Tuticorin ..	63,200 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 2654, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 10th December 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 41828-Exp.-1, dated 21st December 1928.	60,635 3 11	..	55,635 3 11	5,722 1 0	49,913 2 11	3,059 14 0	..

Vizelkutagar ..	23,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis No. 1227, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 24th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 19108-Exp.-1, dated 26th March 1926.	31,056 13 6	..	31,056 13 6	2,052 14 9	30,003 0 6	1,708 1 0	..
Vizagapatam ..	12,000 0 0	5½	G O. Mis. No. 128, P H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 16th January 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No 1956-Exp.-1, dated 21st January 1924.	10,362 13 10	..	10,362 13 10	950 6 6	10,003 1 3	859 6 4	..
Local Fund Boards										
Chittoor District Board.	19,500 0 0	5½	G.O Mis No. 4263, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 20th November 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 41564-Exp.-1, dated 30th November 1925.	19,360 1 9	..	18,850 9 9	822 31 10	27,727 7 10	1,009 4 1	..
Cuddapah District Board	30,000 0 0	5½	G O Mis No. 3202, L & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated .7th September 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 31674-Exp.-1, dated 12th September 1925.	34,442 4 0	..	34,442 4 0	3,168 10 10	33,329 9 2	2,881 9 5	..
Godavari East District Board.	12,400 0 0	5½	G O Mis No 3336, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 16th September 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 31908-Exp.-1, dated 23rd September 1925	10,344 2 10	..	10,344 2 10	842 0 0	10,001 12 10	850 7 0	..
Nellore District Board.	12,000 0 0	5½	G O Mis. No 4114, L & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 10th November 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No 40230-Exp.-1, dated 17th November 1925.	11,293 1 9	..	11,293 1 9	382 14 1	10,910 3 8	621 1 11	..
Nilgiri District Board.	61,000 0 0	5½	G O Mis No 3922, L & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 27th October 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 38400-Exp.-1, dated 4th November 1925.	48,618 9 7	..	46,618 9 7	1,722 0 6	48,836 0 3	2,670 3 0	..
South Arcot District Board.	13,000 0 0	5½	G O. Mis. No. 4283, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 2nd December 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 42829-Exp.-1, dated 7th December 1925.	12,188 10 0	..	10,188 10 0	418 0 0	13,258 4 1	667 10 0	..
Tanjore District Board.	1,80,405 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis No. 3767, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 15th October 1925, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 36899-Exp.-1, dated 24th October 1925.	2,70,083 12 1	..	1,70,083 12 1	5,703 5 6	1,64,916 6 6	8,254 6 9	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., securing loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned	Rate of interest.	Date of order authorising the loan.	Balance from last year	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
Local Fund Boards—cont.	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont. (Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1925—cont.)	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Trichinopoly District Board.	25 000 0 0	5½	G.O Mis. No. 1643, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 20th September 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No 24858-Exp.-1, dated 8th October 1925.	24,466 15 6	...	24,466 15 6	830 5 1	23,636 10 5	1,349 10 11	..
Manur Taluk Board.	6,000 0 0	5½	G.O Mis No. 138, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 13th March 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 8821-Exp.-1, dated 17th March 1926.	5,000 0 0	..	5,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	250 0 0	..
Perumal Taluk Board.	5,100 0 0	5½	G.O Mis No 2032, P.H (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 13th December 1926 and Finance Department Endorsement No 41423-Exp.-1, dated 16th December 1926	4,285 3 1	..	4,285 3 1	441 5 0	3,843 14 1	225 11 0	..
Nilakottai Union Board.	7,500 0 0	5½	G O Mis. No. 3327, L & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 16th September 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 32789-Exp.-1, dated 24th September 1926	6,902 15 0	..	6,902 15 0	313 0 3	6,589 10 0	345 10 7	..
Peravurani Union Board.	5,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 2865, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 15th December 1925 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 44941-Exp.-1, dated 21st December 1925	4,202 10 7	..	4,202 10 7	431 13 8	3,770 12 11	231 2 4	.. ..
Municipalities.			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1926)							
Anakapalle ..	33,000 0 0	6½	G O. No. 448-A, P.H (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 14th March 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 19076-Exp.-1, dated 17th March 1927.	32,028 0 0	..	32,028 0 0	1,022 4 1	31,005 15 11	2,051 7 11	..
Bellary	22,500 0 0	6½	G O Mis No 493, L & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 22nd February 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 6994-Exp.-1, dated 26th February 1927.	21,337 4 0	..	21,337 4 0	897 8 9	21,139 11 8	1,146 7 8	..

Bezwada	..	71,115 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 3248, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 14th December 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 39831-Exp.-1, dated 12th December 1926.	69,311 4 7	..	69,311 4 7	2,211 8 6	67,097 2 1	8,632 18 0	..	
Do.	..	2,50,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 3249, Local Self-Government Department, dated 14th December 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 39832-Exp.-1, dated 14th December 1926.	2,42,637 0 0	..	2,42,637 0 0	7,705 8 11	2,34,931 7 1	12,736 7 1	..	
Cocanada	..	24,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 4102, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 23rd September 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 28376-Exp.-1, dated 28th September 1926.	23,672 0 0	..	23,672 0 0	1,187 6 6	22,484 13 6	1,242 18 6	..	
Do.	..	2,00,000 0 0	5½	G.O. No. 3868, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 25th November 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 37197-Exp.-1, dated 29th November 1926.	1,94,320 0 0	..	1,94,320 0 0	6,193 3 7	1,87,913 10 5	10,190 12 5	..	
Coimbatore	..	8,280 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 3311, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 2nd December 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 38058 Exp.-1, dated 4th December 1926.	7,647 12 0	..	7,647 12 0	805 7 11	8,681 4 1	601 8 1	..	
Do.	..	1,40,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 360, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 26th February 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 7488-Exp.-1, dated 1st March 1927.	8,87,880 0 0	..	8,87,880 0 0	12,744 13 5	8,10,144 8 7	63,601 8 7	..	
Conjeeveram	..	8,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 3895, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 7th September 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 36691 Exp.-1, dated 10th September 1926.	5,628 0 0	..	5,628 0 0	324 8 8	5,236 7 5	295 7 0	..	
Coonoor ..	..	20,000 0 0	5½	G.O. No. 4213, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 8th October 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 39198-Exp.-1, dated 13th October 1926.	19,811 0 0	..	19,811 0 0	619 14 9	19,191 1 3	1,015 1 3	..	
Gudiyattam	..	1,500 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 3942, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 20th October 1926 and Finance Department Endorsement No 39867-Exp.-1, dated 3rd November 1926.	8,580 4 0	..	8,580 4 0	853 6 0	2,826 18 0	193 11 0	..	
Kodaikanal	..	15,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 56, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 11th January 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1478-Exp.-1, dated 17th January 1927	14,668 8 0	..	14,668 8 0	484 10 10	14,083 13 0	764 5 8	..	

TAMILNADU ARCHIVES DIGITAL LIBRARY

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—contd.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loans sanctioned	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
			Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards—contd.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1928—contd.)							
Municipalities—contd.	Rs. A. P.									
Kumbakonam ..	10,000 0 0	6½	G.O Ms. No 6019, Local Self-Government Department, dated 15th September 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 27350-Exp.-1, dated 21st September 1926	9,214 0 0	..	9,214 0 0	827 4 0	8,388 12 0	483 11 0	..
Madura ..	4,50,000 0 0	6½	G O Ms No. 2250, L & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 11th December 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 39552-Exp.-1, dated 14th December 1926	4,26,718 0 0	..	4,26,718 0 0	13,949 13 4	4,12,768 2 8	22,979 2 8	..
Do. ..	1,50,000 0 0	6½	G O. Ms. No. 620, P H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 9th March 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 9261-Exp.-5, dated 14th March 1927.	1,46,583 8 0	..	1,46,583 8 0	5,649 16 1	1,40,932 0 11	7,643 8 11	..
Nellore ..	8,200 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No 1768, P H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 2nd October 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 29784-Exp.-1, dated 7th October 1926.	8,029 0 0	..	8,029 8 0	256 8 8	8,643 10 4	468 12 4	..
Palghat ..	33,000 0 0	6½	G O. No 4721, L & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 3rd November 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 34227-Exp.-1, dated 5th November 1926.	21,352 4 8	..	21,352 0 4	642 0 4	20,709 15 8	1,120 18 8	..
Srivilliputtur ..	20,400 0 0	6½	G.O Ms. No. 4101, L & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 23rd September 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 28324-Exp.-1, dated 28th September 1926.	10,799 0 0	..	10,799 0 0	682 8 10	10,166 7 2	1,039 7 2	..
Tanjore ..	31,000 0 0	6½	G.O Ms. No 5279-L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 13th December 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 39733-Exp.-1, dated 16th December 1926.	30,086 8 0	..	30,086 8 0	961 7 4	29,125 0 8	1,879 8 8	..
Virudhunagar ..	27,000 0 0	6½	G.O. No. 3236, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 29th July 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 22054-Exp.-1, dated 31st July 1926, and G O. Ms No 5100, L & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 1st December 1926 and Finance Department Endorsement No 37486-Exp.-1, dated 3rd December 1926.	29,204 8 0	..	29,204 8 0	837 4 8	28,367 3 8	1,876 11 8	..

Vizagapatam Local Fund Boards.	20 000	0	0	5½	G.O 2Ms. No. 3830, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 17th December 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 40461-Exp.-1, dated 22nd December 1926.	19,111	8	0	..	19,611	0	0	619	11	9	18,791	1	3	1,019	1	8	..
Chingleput District Board.	80,000	0	0	5½	G.O No. 3382, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 4th August 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 22746-Exp.-1, dated 4th August 1926.	37,349	0	0	..	37,349	0	0	2,390	2	10	31,658	15	2	4,695	13	2	..
Do.	84,000	0	0	5½	G O No. 4774, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 9th November 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 34529-Exp.-1, dated 11th November 1926	31,526	0	0	..	31,526	0	0	2,603	11	3	78,922	1	10	4,280	1	10	..
Chittoor District Board.	18,228	0	0	5½	G O No 3174, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 25th July 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 21443-Exp.-1, dated 29th July 1926.	12,605	13	0	..	13,805	13	0	611	3	1	13,304	0	11	734	12	11	..
Do.	33,963	0	0	5½	G O No. 4026, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 14th September 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 27402-Exp.-1, dated 21st September 1926.	32,959	14	6	..	32,959	14	5	1,952	0	9	31,007	4	0	1,104	0	4	..
Do.	9,775	0	0	5½	G O Ms No 4926 (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 19th November 1926 and Finance Department Endorsement No 36493-Exp.-1, dated 24th November 1926.	8,675	11	0	..	8 675	11	0	209	13	5	8,365	14	7	310	0	7	..
Ganjam District Board.	50,000	0	0	5½	G.O Ms. No 3892, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 7th September 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No 26496-Exp.-1, dated 10th September 1926.	48,527	0	0	..	48,527	0	0	1,553	0	6	46,976	10	6	3,017	12	6	..
Do	10,000	0	0	5½	G O Ms No 5124, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 2nd December 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 38084 Exp.-1, dated 4th December 1926.	38,823	0	0	..	38,823	0	0	1,239	18	0	37,583	2	0	2,548	2	0	..
Guntur District Board.	65,000	0	0	5½	G.O Ms. No 4123, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 24th September 1926 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 28691 Exp.-1, dated 28th September 1926	32 219	8	0	..	32,219	8	0	2,894	14	0	29,324	0	7	1,893	1	7	..
Do.	85,000	0	0	5½	Do.	do.	57,488	8	0	..	57,488	8	0	2,633	13	8	49,854	10	9	3,753	2	9	..
Do.	30,625	9	0	5½	G O Ms. No 4963, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 22nd November 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 36813-Exp.-1, dated 26th November 1926.	28,492	5	0	..	28,492	4	0	2,240	11	1	25,252	8	11	1,491	3	11	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited in revenue	Balance of interest unpaid
Local Fund Boards—contd	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—contd. (Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1928—contd.)	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Nellore District Board.	25,000 0 0	5½	G.O. No 2831, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 11th August 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No 28727-Exp.-1, dated 14th August 1928	24,243 8 0	..	24,243 8 0	776 2 8	23,186 5 4	1,273 13 4	..
Tanjore District Board.	1,01,858 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis 4750, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 5th November 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 31193-Exp.-1, dated 9th November 1928.	1,01,858 14 0	..	1,01,858 14 0	2,253 2 7	99,605 7 5	5,347 9 5	..
Do	15,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis No. 4066, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 30th November 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 32742-Exp.-1, dated 2nd December 1928.	14,558 8 0	..	14,558 8 0	464 10 10	14,093 13 2	764 5 2	..
Trichinopoly District Board.	27,500 0 0	5½	G.O Mis No. 4186, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 19th October 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No 31992-Exp.-1, dated 22nd October 1928.	27,077 12 0	..	27,077 12 0	856 6 8	26,218 5 4	1,421 6 4	..
Palnam Taluk Board.	4,900 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis No. 5304, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 11th December 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 33643-Exp.-1, dated 14th December 1928.	4,515 4 0	..	4,515 4 0	404 10 2	4,110 4 10	237 0 10	..
Tanjore Taluk Board.	30,000 0 0	5½	G.O Mis No. 373, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 16th March 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 10074-Exp.-1, dated 17th March 1927.	29,115 8 0	..	29,115 8 0	930 6 7	28,185 9 5	1,528 6 6	..
Gantakal Union Board.	5,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 167, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 16th March 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 10213-Exp.-1, dated 18th March 1927	283 8 0	..	283 8 0	283 8 0	..	..	..

Municipalities											
Bellary ..	44,500 0 0	6½	G.O Ms. No. 2734, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 23rd July 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 24013-Exp.-1, dated 27th July 1927.	44,500 0 0	...	44,500 0 0	1,310 12 0	43,189 4 0	7,961 12 0	..
Berwada ..	1,50,000 0 0	6½	G.O Ms. No. 157, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 18th January 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No 1598-Exp.-1, dated 18th January 1928	2,50,000 0 0	..	2,50,000 0 0	4,418 8 0	1,45,582 0 0	7,875 8 0	..
Chirala	10,000 0 0	6½	G O Ms No 2268, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 25th August 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 27839-Exp.-1, dated 1st September 1927.	10,000 0 0	..	10,000 0 0	788 0 0	9,212 0 0	125 0 0	..
Coonoor ..	75,000 0 0	6½	G.O Ms. No 4030, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 28th November 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 40311-Exp.-1, dated 3rd December 1927.	75,000 0 0	..	75,000 0 0	3,208 8 0	70,791 8 0	3,937 8 0	..
Coimbatore ..	23,700 0 0	6½	G O Ms No. 3930, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 11th October 1927.	23,700 0 0	..	23,700 0 0	697 12 0	23,002 4 0	1,264 4 0	..
Do ..	1,00,000 0 0	6½	G.O Ms. No. 263, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 6th February 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No 4392-Exp.-1, dated 10th February 1928.	4,50,000 0 0	..	4,50,000 0 0	8,797 8 0	3,04,233 8 0	21,000 8 0	..
Do. ..	20,400 0 0	6½	G G Ms No. 595, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 7th February 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No 4197-Exp.-1, dated 18th February 1928.	20,400 0 0	..	20,400 0 0	1,603 8 0	18,797 8 0	1,071 8 0	..
Hindupur ..	8,500 0 0	6½	G.O Ms. No. 1030, L & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 25th May 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 18099-Exp.-1, dated 30th May 1927.	8,500 0 0	..	8,500 0 0	391 12 0	8,108 4 0	341 4 0	..
Karur	14,000 0 0	6½	G G Ms No 2907, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 17th October 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 34764-Exp.-1, dated 28th October 1927	14,000 0 0	..	14,000 0 0	3,859 8 0	10,140 8 0	848 1 0	..
Kumbakonam ..	2,00,000 0 0	6½	G.O Ms. No. 1039, P.H (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 22nd September 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 31422-Exp.-1, dated 28th September 1927.	2,00,000 0 0	..	2,00,000 0 0	6,890 0 0	1,94,110 0 0	10,500 0 0	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1926-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
Municipalities—cont.	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards—cont.*	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
			(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1920—*cont.*)							
Kumool ..	2,65,000 0 0	6½	G O Mis No. 2655, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 12th July 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 23047-Exp.-1, dated 19th July 1927	2,65,000 0 0	..	2,65,000 0 0	7,800 0 0	2,57,200 0 0	13,312 0 0	..
Madura ..	50,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 3022, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 13th September 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 30016-Exp.-1, dated 14th September 1927.	50,000 0 0	..	50,000 0 0	1,472 0 0	48,527 0 0	2,500 0 0	..
Do. ..	1,50,000 0 0	6½	G O. Mis. No. 2409, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 2nd December 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 41837-Exp.-1, dated 7th December 1927.	1,50,000 0 0	..	1,50,000 0 0	4,418 0 0	1,45,582 0 0	7,875 0 0	..
Do. ..	15,000 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No 513, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 8th March 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 8241-Exp.-1, dated 12th March 1928.	15,000 0 0	..	15,000 0 0	441 0 0	14,559 0 0	787 0 0	..
Mayavaram ..	50,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 2857, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 13th October 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 34281-Exp-1, dated 28th October 1927.	50,000 0 0	..	50,000 0 0	1,032 0 0	48,967 0 0	2,625 0 0	..
Palacole ..	40,000 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No. 103, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 16th January 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No 1037-Exp.-1, dated 18th January 1928	40,000 0 0	..	40,000 0 0	1,178 0 0	38,823 0 0	2,100 0 0	..
Periyakulam ..	4,000 0 0	6½	G O Mis No. 113, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department dated 16th January 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No 1017-Exp.-1, dated 18th January 1928	4,000 0 0	..	4,000 0 0	314 0 0	3,686 0 0	210 0 0	..
Pollachi ..	45,700 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No. 3503, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 26th September 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 31754-Exp.-2, dated 30th September 1927.	45,700 0 0	..	45,700 0 0	1,219 12 0	44,354 4 0	2,399 4 0	..

Pudukkottai	..	24,800	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 1072, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 7th March 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 9847-Exp.-1, dated 12th March 1928.	14,800	0	0	..	14,800	0	0	436	0	0	14,364	0	0	777	0	0	..
Salem	..	23,300	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 2038, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 31st May 1927.	23,300	0	0	..	23,300	0	0	686	13	0	22,614	4	0	1,223	4	0	..
Tadpatri	..	2,600	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 2227, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 9th November 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 30258-Exp.-1, dated 12th November 1927.	2,600	0	0	..	2,600	0	0	448	12	0	2,080	4	0	131	4	0	..
Tenali	..	10,400	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 2560, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 19th September 1927 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 30826-Exp.-1, dated 23rd September 1927.	10,400	0	0	..	10,400	0	0	473	0	0	9,927	0	0	618	0	0	..
Tellicherry	..	2,600	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 1948 P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 7th October 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 32198-Exp.-1, dated 12th October 1927.	2,600	0	0	..	2,600	0	0	196	12	0	2,403	4	0	131	4	0	..
Tiruppur	..	47,200	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 6, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 4th January 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 106-Exp.-1, dated 4th January 1928.	47,200	0	0	..	47,200	0	0	1,890	0	0	45,310	0	0	2,678	0	0	..
Do.	..	26,000	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 660, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 12th March 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 9389-Exp.-1, dated 14th March 1928.	26,000	0	0	..	26,000	0	0	738	0	0	24,262	0	0	1,312	0	0	..
Tuticorin	..	28,600	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 2650, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 22nd September 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 31436-Exp.-1, dated 26th September 1927.	28,600	0	0	..	28,600	0	0	1,182	0	0	26,818	0	0	1,716	0	0	..
Do.	..	2,04,100	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 2233, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 9th November 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 282176-Exp.-1, dated 14th November 1927.	2,04,100	0	0	..	2,04,100	0	0	8,010	12	0	1,96,089	4	0	10,756	4	0	..
Trichinopoly	..	1,00,000	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 3538, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 15th September 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 30638-Exp.-1, dated 22nd September 1927.	1,00,000	0	0	..	1,00,000	0	0	2,948	0	0	97,052	0	0	5,500	0	0	..
Villupuram	..	18,000	0	0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 4188, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 31st October 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 36636-Exp.-3, dated 2nd November 1927.	18,000	0	0	..	18,000	0	0	630	0	0	17,370	0	0	945	0	0	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—concl.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest	Date of orders authorizing the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
Municipalities—contd	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—*contd.* (Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1919—*contd.*)	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Vellore ...	3,500 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 624, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 28th February 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 7301-Exp.-1, dated 24th February 1928.	2,800 0 0	..	3,500 0 0	228 0 0	3,501 0 0	199 8 0	..
Vizagapatam ...	12,500 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 2807, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 19th December 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 41102-Exp.-1, dated 22nd December 1927.	12,500 0 0	..	12,500 0 0	367 10 0	12,132 9 0	648 4 0	..
Local Fund Boards.										
Anantapur District Board.	20,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 4080 L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 31st October 1927 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 33654-Exp.-1, dated 27th October 1927.	20,000 0 0	..	20,000 0 0	489 0 0	19,511 0 0	1,050 0 0	..
Chingleput District Board.	18,400 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 3902, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 12th September 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 30617-Exp.-1, dated 16th September 1927.	18,800 0 0	..	18,800 0 0	554 0 0	18,246 0 0	987 0 0	..
Chittoor District Board.	53,600 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 4436, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 15th November 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 36356-Exp.-1, dated 18th November 1927.	53,600 0 0	..	53,600 0 0	1,579 0 0	52,021 0 0	2,819 0 0	..
Cuddapah District Board.	9,250 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 484, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 31st January 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 3423-Exp.-1, dated 3rd February 1928.	9,250 0 0	..	9,250 0 0	246 0 0	4,304 10 0	279 10 0	..
Godavari East District Board.	12,400 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 3877, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 7th October 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 28327-Exp.-1, dated 12th October 1927.	12,400 0 0	..	12,400 0 0	788 0 0	11,688 0 0	651 0 0	..
Guntur District Board.	2,000 0 0	6½	G.O. No. 1508, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 21st July 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 23488-Exp.-1, dated 29th July 1927.	2,000 0 0	..	2,000 0 0	157 0 0	1,843 0 0	135 0 0	..

Do.	1,22,100	0	0	5½	G.O. Mis No 3879, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 7th October 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No 33339-Exp.-1, dated 13th October 1927.	1,22,100	0	0	..	1,22,100	0	0	6,842	12	0	1,16,647	4	0	6,413	4	0	..
Kurnool District Board.	40,000	0	0	5½	G.O Mis. No. 4611 L & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 21st November 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 40274-Exp.-1, dated 29th November 1927.	40,000	0	0	..	40,000	0	0	1,178	0	0	38,822	0	0	2,199	0	0	..
Madura District Board.	52,000	0	0	5½	G.O Mis No. 3933, L & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 12th September 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 29187-Exp.-1, dated 22nd September 1927.	52,000	0	0	..	52,000	0	0	4,086	0	0	47,914	0	0	2,736	0	0	..
Malabar District Board.	40,000	0	0	5½	G.O Mis. No. 3875 L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 7th October 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 33328-Exp.-1, dated 12th October 1927.	40,000	0	0	..	40,000	0	0	1,178	0	0	38,822	0	0	2,199	0	0	..
Nellore District Board.	14,200	0	0	5½	G.O Mis. No 3876, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 7th October 1927 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 33332-Exp.-1, dated 11th October 1927.	14,200	0	0	..	14,200	0	0	418	0	0	13,782	0	0	766	0	0	..
Tanjore District Board.	85,000	0	0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 3631, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 21st September 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 31043-Exp.-1, dated 24th September 1927.	85,000	0	0	..	85,000	0	0	2,503	0	0	82,497	0	0	4,673	0	0	..
Tinnevelly District Board.	1,24,900	0	0	5½	G.O. Mis No. 4017, L & M (Local Self-Government) Department dated 18th October 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 36042-Exp.-1, dated 26th October 1927.	1,24,900	0	0	..	1,24,900	0	0	3,678	13	6	1,21,221	4	0	6,864	1	2	..
Nattrampet Taluk Board.	8,000	0	0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 62, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 6th January 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 587-Exp.-1, dated 18th January 1928.	8,000	0	0	..	8,000	0	0	529	0	0	7,471	0	0	439	0	0	..
Pattukkottai Taluk Board.	15,000	0	0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 558 P II (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 13th March 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 9911-Exp.-1, dated 14th March 1928.	15,000	0	0	..	15,000	0	0	1,178	2	0	13,821	8	0	787	8	0	..
Salem Taluk Board.	8,100	0	0	5½	G O. Mis. No 2288, P II, (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 16th November 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 38387-Exp.-1, dated 15th November 1927.	8,100	0	0	..	8,100	0	0	279	12	4	8,020	4	0	529	4	2	..
Tenali Taluk Board.	23,000	0	0	5½	G O. Mis No 316, L. & M (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 24th January 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2690-Exp.-1, dated 2nd January 1928	23,000	0	0	..	23,000	0	0	1,048	8	0	21,951	8	0	1,307	8	0	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest	Date of order authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue	Balance of interest unpaid.
Local Fund Boards—cont.	Rs. A. P.		*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont. (Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1924—cont.)	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Vellampatti Taluk Board.	6,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Min. No. 1859, P.H. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 8th October 1927, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 33870-Exp.-1, dated 14th October 1927.	6,000 0 0	..	6,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	316 0 0	..
Sambhar Union Board.	96,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Min. No. 520, L. & M. (Local Self-Government) Department, dated 10th January 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1018-Exp.-1, dated 19th January 1928.	96,000 0 0	..	96,000 0 0	2,627 0 0	93,373 0 0	5,040 0 0	..
Municipalities.										
Coonoor ..	40,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Min No. 2910, L. & M., dated 28th September 1923, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 30207-Exp.-1, dated 1st October 1923, and G.O. No. 285, L. & M., dated 17th January 1929, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2149-1, dated 21st January 1929.	..	40,000 0 0	40,000 0 0	..	40,000 0 0	..	..
Coonoor ..	10,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Min No. 2079, L. & M., dated 10th May 1926, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 16193-Exp.-1, dated 14th May 1926.	..	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	..	10,000 0 0	..	..
Cuddapah ..	7,800 0 0	5½	G.O. Min. No. 2058, L. & M., dated 8th May 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 15682-Exp.-1, dated 12th May 1928.	..	7,800 0 0	7,800 0 0	..	7,800 0 0	..	..
Ellore	20,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Min No. 2603, L. & M., dated 13th September 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 24212-Exp.-1, dated 14th September 1928.	..	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	..	20,000 0 0	..	..
Guntur ..	25,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Min No. 788, P.H., dated 23rd March 1929, and Finance Department No. N. 436, dated 26th March 1929.	..	25,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	..	25,000 0 0	..	..
Kistnapur ..	1,08,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Min No. 1310, L. & M., dated 20th April 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 18261-Exp.-1, dated 9th May 1928.	..	1,08,000 0 0	1,08,000 0 0	..	1,08,000 0 0	1,466 12 0	..

Kumbakonam ..	10,000 0 0	4½	G O Mis. No 2620, L. & M., dated 21st August 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No 26110-Exp.-1, dated 27th August 1928.	..	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	..	10,000 0 0	..	..	
Nellore ..	12,370 0 0	Interest free	G O. Mis No 2121, L. & M., dated 3rd August 1928, and Finance Department No E 582 dated 14th August 1928	..	12,370 0 0	12,370 0 0	6,185 0 0	6,185 0 0	..	..	
Do. ..	4,000 0 0	4½	G O Mis No. 1541, L & M., dated 31th November 1928, and Finance Department No. E 738, dated 20th November 1928.	..	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0	..	4,000 0 0	..	..	
Palamcottah ..	13,500 0 0	4½	G O Mis. No. 1875, P H., dated 11th September 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No 26210-Exp.-1 dated 14th September 1928, G O Mis. No. 2620, P.H., dated 16th November 1928, and G O. Mis. No. 616, P H., dated 9th March 1929, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 9611-Exp.-1, dated 11th March 1929	..	13,500 0 0	13,500 0 0	..	13,500 0 0	..	..	
Periyakulam ..	11,500 0 0	4½	G.O. Mis. No. 1063, P.H., dated 13th May 1924, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 18038-Exp.-1, dated 18th May 1924	..	11,500 0 0	11,500 0 0	..	11,500 0 0	..	..	
Salapet	90,000 0 0	4½	G O. Mis No. 2144, L. & M., dated 11th May 1928,	..	90,000 0 0	90,000 0 0	..	90,000 0 0	..	..	
Do.	6,500 0 0	4½	G O Mis. No. 2718, L. & M., dated 12th September 1928 and Finance Department Rest. No 846, dated 20th September 1928.	..	6,500 0 0	6,500 0 0	..	6,500 0 0	..	..	
Do.	70,000 0 0	4½	G.O. Mis. No. 2414, L. & M., dated 31st March 1929 and Finance Department Endorsement No 10660 Exp.-1, dated 22nd March 1929.	..	70,000 0 0	70,000 0 0	..	70,000 0 0	..	..	
Salem	25,000 0 0	4½	G O Mis No. 2350, L & M., dated 24th September 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 23680-Exp.-1, dated 28th September 1928	..	25,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	..	25,000 0 0	..	..	
Do.	75,750 0 0	4½	G O. Mis. No. 625, P.H., dated 9th March 1929 and Finance Department, Rest No, 240, dated 11th March 1929	..	75,750 0 0	75,750 0 0	..	75,750 0 0	..	..	
Tanjore	2,50,000 0 0	4½	G.O Mis. No 1992, L. & M., dated 18th December 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 41188-Exp.-1, dated 21st December 1928.	..	2,50,000 0 0	2,50,000 0 0	..	2,50,000 0 0	..	..	
Tellicherry ..	2,500 0 0	4½	G O. Mis. No. 1207, P.H., dated 9th June 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 18531-Exp.-1, dated 15th June 1928.	..	2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0	..	2,500 0 0	..	..	
Tiruvannamalai	75,000 0 0	4½	G.O. Mis. No. 1643, P.H., dated 8th September 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 27873-Exp.-1, dated 12th September 1928.	..	75,000 0 0	75,000 0 0	..	75,000 0 0	..	..	

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue	Balance of interest unpaid
	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		
Municipalities —cont.			*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont. (Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1928 —*cont.*)							
Trichinopoly ..	1,00,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 2180, L. & M., dated 17th October 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 23536-Exp.-1, dated 22nd October 1928.	..	1,00,000 0 0	1,00,000 0 0	..	1,00,000 0 0	..	..
Tuticorin ..	3,50,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 535, P.H., dated 22nd February 1929 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 7013-1, dated 26th February 1929.	..	3,50,000 0 0	3,50,000 0 0	..	3,50,000 0 0	..	..
Vaniyambadi ..	25,000 0 0	6½	G.O. No. 313 L. & M., dated 23rd January 1929 and Finance Department Read. No. 78, dated 30th January 1929	..	25,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	..	25,000 0 0	..	..
Vizagapatam ..	50,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 2021, L. & M., dated 17th July 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 22203-Exp.-1, dated 20th July 1928.	..	50,000 0 0	50,000 0 0	..	50,000 0 0	..	..
Do. ..	53,600 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 2387, L. & M., dated 16th August 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 23567-Exp.-1, dated 23rd August 1928.	..	53,600 0 0	53,600 0 0	..	53,600 0 0	..	..
Do. ..	23,200 0 0	6½	G.O. No. 2430, L. & M., dated 21st August 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 23129-Exp.-1, dated 27th August 1928.	..	23,200 0 0	23,200 0 0	..	23,200 0 0	..	..
Do. ..	5,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 1921, P.H., dated 19th September 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 24213-Exp.-1, dated 26th September 1928.	..	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	..	5,000 0 0	..	..
Do. ..	10,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 15, P.H., dated 17th January 1929 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1207-1, dated 22nd January 1929	..	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	..	10,000 0 0	..	..
Do. ..	5,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 4178, L. & M., dated 16th October 1928.	..	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	..	5,000 0 0	..	..
Madura ..	48,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 1661, P.H., dated 17th August 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 23801-Exp.-1, dated 28th August 1928	..	48,000 0 0	48,000 0 0	..	48,000 0 0	..	..

Do. ..	50,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No. 4321, L. & M., dated 13th November 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 36588-Exp.-1, dated 16th November 1928	..	50,000 0 0	50,000 0 0	..	50,000 0 0	..	..	
Local Fund Boards.											
Bellary District Board.	60,000 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No 2763, L. & M., dated 7th July 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement 21216-Exp.-1, dated 11th July 1928	..	45,000 0 0	45,000 0 0	..	45,000 0 0	..	..	
Chingleput District Board.	80,500 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 3161 L. & M., dated 16th May 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 16772-Exp.-1, dated 21st May 1928.	..	80,000 0 0	80,500 0 0	..	80,500 0 0	..	..	
Do.	1,00,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms. No 3612, L. & M., dated 4th September 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 27428-Exp.-1, dated 10th September 1928.	..	1,00,000 0 0	1,00,000 0 0	..	1,00,000 0 0	..	..	
Do.	35,250 0 0	6½	G.O Mis. No. 333, L. & M., dated 16th January 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. R..92, dated 24th January 1928	..	35,250 0 0	35,250 0 0	..	35,250 0 0	..	..	
Chittoor District Board.	73,400 0 0	6½	G.O. Ms No 2927, L. & M., dated 27th July 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 22304-Exp.-1, dated 24th July 1928.	..	73,400 0 0	73,400 0 0	..	73,400 0 0	..	..	
Cuddapah District Board.	7,000 0 0	6½	G O Mis. No 2743, L. & M., dated 6th July 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 21089-Exp. 1, dated 10th July 1928	..	7,000 0 0	7,000 0 0	..	7,000 0 0	..	..	
Ganjam District Board	40,000 0 0	6½	G O. Mis. No 4168, L. & M., dated 17th October 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 32737 Exp.-1, dated 19th October 1928	..	60,000 0 0	60,000 0 0	..	40,000 0 0	..	..	
Godavari West District Board.	64,400 0 0	6½	G O Mis No 2939, L. & M., dated 13th July 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 21991-Exp.-1., dated 16th July 1928.	..	64,400 0 0	64,400 0 0	..	64,400 0 0	..	..	
Do.	21,500 0 0	6½	G O Mis. No. 143, L. & M., dated 9th January 1929 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 1077-I, dated 14th January 1929.	..	21,500 0 0	21,500 0 0	..	21,500 0 0	..	..	
Guntur District Board.	13,200 0 0	6½	G O. No. 2362, L. & M., dated 8th June 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No 19240 Exp.-1, dated 11th June 1928	..	13,200 0 0	13,200 0 0	..	13,200 0 0	..	..	
Kurnool District Board.	20,000 0 0	6½	G O. Mis. No. 3630, L. & M., dated 20th September 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 28308-Exp.-1, dated 14th September 1928	..	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	..	20,000 0 0	..	..	
Malabar District Board.	50,000 0 0	6½	G O Mis No 1049, L. & M., dated 11th April 1928 and Finance Department Endorsement No. 13516-Exp.-1, dated 17th April 1928	..	50,000 0 0	50,000 0 0	..	50,000 0 0	..	..	

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of order authorising the loan	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
Local Fund Boards.			*Loans to Municipalities and Local Fund Boards*—cont.							
	Rs. A. P.		(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1926—*cont.*)	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
Nellore District Board.	10,250 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 3207, L. & M., dated 4th August 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 24364-Exp.-1, dated 9th August 1928.	..	10,250 0 0	10,250 0 0	..	10,250 0 0	..	..
South Arcot District Board.	50,250 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 3130, L. & M., dated 31st July 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 23340-Exp.-1, dated 3rd August 1928	..	50,250 0 0	50,250 0 0	..	50,250 0 0	..	..
Do.	22,200 0 0	6½	Do. do.	..	22,200 0 0	22,200 0 0	..	22,200 0 0	..	..
Tanjore District Board.	1,50,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 3010, L. & M., dated 27th August 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 23630-Exp.-1, dated 1st September 1928.	..	1,50,000 0 0	1,50,000 0 0	..	1,50,000 0 0	..	..
Vizagapatam District Board.	1,50,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 3746, L. & M., dated 14th September 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 26227-Exp.-1, dated 18th September 1928.	..	1,50,000 0 0	1,50,000 0 0	..	1,50,000 0 0	..	..
Kumbakonam Taluk Board.	10,200 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 2620, L. & M., dated 18th June 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 19413-Exp.-1, dated 22nd June 1928	..	10,200 0 0	10,200 0 0	..	10,200 0 0	..	..
Lalgudi Taluk Board.	5,100 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 346, L. & M., dated 23rd January 1929, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 2833-1, dated 25th January 1929	..	5,100 0 0	5,100 0 0	..	5,100 0 0	..	..
Nannilam Taluk Board.	2,000 0 0	6½	G.O. No. 520, P.H., dated 22nd February 1929, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 3890-1, dated 26th February 1929	..	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	..	2,000 0 0	..	..
Rajahmundry Taluk Board.	40,500 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 2034, L. & M., dated 27th June 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 20230-Exp.-1, dated 30th June 1928	..	40,500 0 0	40,500 0 0	..	40,500 0 0	..	..
Kannad Taluk Board.	30,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 1103, L. & M., dated 22nd March 1929, and Finance Department Endt. M. No. 419, dated 23rd March 1929.	..	30,000 0 0	30,000 0 0	..	30,000 0 0	..	..
Kanjut Taluk Board.	9,300 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 760, L. & M., dated 11th February 1929, and Finance Department Endt. R. No. 169, dated 20th February 1929.	..	9,300 0 0	9,300 0 0	..	9,300 0 0	..	..

Tenali Taluk Board.	10,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 3465, L. & M., dated 15th June 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 23135, Exp.-1, dated 18th June 1928	..	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	..	10,000 0 0	..	..
Trichinopoly Taluk Board.	9,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 2404, L. & M., dated 13th June 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 19128, Exp.-2, dated 15th June 1928.	..	9,000 0 0	9,000 0 0	..	9,000 0 0	..	..
Kollar Union Board.	4,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 4608, L. & M., dated 4th December 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 30268, Exp.-1, dated 17th December 1928.	..	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0	..	4,000 0 0	..	..
Nidamarulem Union Board.	3 600 0 0	5½	G.O. Ms. No. 3727, L. & M., dated 15th September 1928, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 28777, Exp.-1, dated 21st September 1928.	..	3,600 0 0	3,600 0 0	..	3,600 0 0	..	..
			Total, Loans to Municipalities, etc. ..	1,20,13,878 0 3	26,73,885 0 0	1,46,87,713 0 3	9,35,384 7 10	1,41,48,168 9 5	9,62,839 0 4	..
			Miscellaneous Loans and Advances							
			Loans for the acquisition of house-sites for Adi-Dravidas—							
			Sanctioned before 1st April 1921 ..	6,458 13 8	..	6,458 13 8	2,967 8 2	—127 13 6	..	..
			Sanctioned after 1st April 1921	4,90,710 8 6	99,813 13 8	5,93,524 7 2	84,852 10 4	4,87,071 10 6	..	..
			Loans to Co-operative Societies for the acquisition of house-sites for Adi Dravidas—						50,740 14 3	..
			Sanctioned before 1st April 1921 ..	2,802 8 8	..	2,802 8 8	21 8 8	2,780 8 8	..	..
			Sanctioned after 1st April 1921 ..	8,82,367 1 9	42,113 4 7	8,24,472 6 7	31,228 10 11	3,93,243 8 8	38,998 1 7	..
			Advances to Kollar Co-operative Societies sanctioned on or after 1st April 1921.	4,72,738 9 0	1,50,152 1 4	7,22,886 10 7	1,32,847 2 7	5,89,242 8 0	..	..
			Loans to house building Co-operative Societies	16,48,597 8 6	5,02,169 8 0	21,42,396 8 6	1,44,786 9 7	20,97,109 9 10	1,18,696 2 6	..
			Advances to Fishermen Co-operative Societies	1,933 12 0	..	1,933 12 0	592 8 0	1,341 4 0	267 22 8	..
			Loans to Co-operative Sale Societies ..	7,500 0 0	2,550 0 0	10,250 0 0	53 4 6	10,196 10 6	119 8 0	..
			Loans to Co-operative Irrigation Societies.	2,760 0 0	..	2,760 0 0	..	2,760 0 0	..	..
			Loans to Co-operative Societies for the purchase of cattle, ploughs, seeds, etc., on behalf of Adi-Dravidas.	8,300 0 0	7,562 0 0	15,862 0 0	1,641 8 0	9,220 12 0	..	..
			Loans to Co-operative Mill Societies ..	..	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	..	15,000 0 0	..	..
			Loans to Toda Co-operative Societies ..	7,500 0 0	..	7,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	6,000 0 0	..	..
			Loans to Chenchus (interest free) ..	9,699 4 10	376 0 0	9,884 4 10	1,675 8 8	8,208 12 2	..	..
			Loans to divers for purchase of canoes ..	330 0 0	176 0 0	506 0 0	133 11 5	387 7 7	84 5 0	..
			Loans to Karumbars	265 12 0	28 0 0	293 12 0	220 15 0	62 0 0	..	..
			Loans to Land Mortgage Banks	1,09,000 0 0	99,100 0 0	2,08,100 0 0	..	2,08,100 0 0	3,893 12 0	..
			Advances under the Hindu Religious Endowments Act.	2,02,600 0 0	24,000 0 0	2,26,600 0 0	..	2,26,600 0 0	..	..
			Advances to the Salvation Army (interest free).	27,635 4 4	5,360 0 0	32,995 4 4	..	32,995 4 4	..	..
			Advances to Sahukars	..	10,218 8 0	10,218 8 0	..	10,218 8 0	..	..
			Loans to local bodies to cover deficits ..	12,240 0 0	..	12,240 0 0	2,448 0 0	9,792 0 0	816 00 0	..
			Loans to Industrialists for the purchase of cattle ploughs, seeds, etc., to Adi-Dravidas."	..	1,100 0 0	1,100 0 0	..	1,100 0 0	..	..
			Loans to American Baptist Mission ..	10,000 0 0	..	10,000 0 0	5,758 12 8	4,241 4 0	..	..
			Total, Miscellaneous Loans and Advances.	60,01,849 8 0	10,07,259 12 8	68,09,247 0 3	8,34,599 15 2	61,74,647 0 11	2,07,755 10 10	..

Statement of Special Loans to Municipalities, etc., during 1928-29—*Provincial Advances and Loans, Madras*—cont.

Corporation, etc., receiving loan.	Amount of loan sanctioned.	Rate of interest.	Date of orders authorising the loan.	Balance from last year.	Amount advanced during the year.	Total.	Amount repaid.	Balance of loan at close of year.	Amount of interest received and credited to revenue.	Balance of interest unpaid.
			Loans to Local Boards for Railway Construction.							
	Rs. A. P.		(Sanctioned on or after 1st April 1921.)	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Tinnevelly ..	8,18,000 0 0	5½	G.O. Mis. No. 116, L. & M., dated 19th January 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 288-B-1, dated 23rd January 1922.	8,16,304 10 8	..	8,16,304 10 8	11,318 2 1	8,04,988 1 8	34,036 5 11	..
Do. ..	8,50,000 0 0	6½	G.O. Mis. No. 1330, L. & M., dated 14th August 1922, and Finance Department Endorsement No. 6491-B/1, dated 22nd August 1922.	7,99,858 14 1	..	7,99,858 14 1	38,469 2 0	7,80,488 12 0	31,697 15 0	..
			Total ..	24,09,178 8 10	..	24,08,175 8 10	24,801 0 6	23,84,373 10 3	91,291 5 7	..
			Total, Advances to Cultivators ..	1,43,99,634 10 0	25,16,542 10 3	1,69,16,177 8 6	21,19,859 13 4	1,43,96,317 12 2	10,18,014 3 6	..
			Total, Loans under Special Laws ..	9,65,674 8 7	1,72,050 11 4	7,37,725 4 11	7,627 7 2	7,30,117 90 9	4,176 8 2	..
			Total Loans to Landholders, etc. ..	1,02,304 8 4	..	2,02,304 8 4	1,00,961 5 4	1,342 0 10	7,550 15 6	..
			Total, Loans to Presidency Corporations, etc.	1,05,55,238 8 10	8,00,000 0 0	1,00,09,238 8 10	3,03,238 8 0 (d)	1,05,06,340 10 4	8,72,811 7 8	..
			Total, Loans to Municipalities, etc. .	1,29,13,878 0 0	(c)25,73,833 8 0	1,50,87,710 0 0	(a)5,39,866 7 10	1,41,48,140 8 6	(b)8,82,630 8 4	..
			Total, Miscellaneous Loans and Advances.	26,01,896 9 6	10,07,350 13 1	36,09,247 8 1	4,34,599 13 2	31,74,647 8 11	2,07,756 10 10	..
			Total .	4,18,42,809 11 5	80,67,679 2 4	4,79,10,478 13 11	96,50,231 8 6	4,82,63,974 5 5	28,21,207 15 8	..
			Total, Loans to Local Boards for Railway construction.	13,08,175 8 10	..	14,08,175 8 10	24,801 0 6	13,84,373 10 3	91,290 5 7	..
			Grand total, Loans and Advances ..	4,32,52,075 8 3	80,67,679 2 4	4,93,18,654 6 9	96,84,033 2 12	4,96,48,348 3 10	(c)28,16,501 5 7	..

(a) Excludes Rs. 314-6-0 } paid by the Periyakulam Municipal Council adjusted in the current year.
(b) Excludes Rs. 210-8-0 }
(c) Excludes Rs. 1,071 11 6 interest on other items and (d) above.
(d) Excludes Rs. 3,600 8-7 shown as charges instead of deduction from receipts.

Certified with reference to G.O. No. 453, Finance, dated 14th June 1929, that the amounts due from the local authorities have all been recovered during the year, except in the case of advances under the Hindu Religious Endowments Act—vide Government Memorandum No. 30884-1/A-2/L. & M., dated 22nd August 1929.

FORT ST. GEORGE,
ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
20th September 1929.

H. B. RAU,
Accountant-General.

Fort St. George, October 29, 1929.

No. 117.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 10th October 1929.

No. D 4524-Ex. I.—Mr N. V. Raghavan, an officer of the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, has been granted leave, preparatory to retirement, for twenty-eight months, namely, leave on average pay for eight months and in continuation leave on half average pay for twenty months, with effect from the 23rd September 1929.

Mr. H. B. Rau, an officer of the Indian Audit and Accounts Service, has been posted as Accountant-General, Madras, with effect from the 23rd September 1929.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (CENTRAL REVENUES).

INCOME-TAX.

Simla, the 12th October 1929.

No. 21.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 60 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that no income-tax shall be payable by an assessee in respect of such part of the profits or gains of a firm which has discontinued its business, profession or vocation as is proportionate to his share in the firm at the time of such discontinuance, if tax has at any time been charged on such business, profession or vocation under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1918 (VII of 1918), or if an assessment has been made on the firm in respect of such profits or gains under sub-section (2) of section 25 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922) :

Provided that such part of the profits or gains shall be included in computing the total income of the assessee.

No. 22.—On return from leave Mr F. H. Sennett, I.C.S., resumed charge of his duties as Commissioner of Income-tax, Madras, with effect from the forenoon of 3rd October 1929.

H. A. WATSON,
Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, October 21, 1929
(G.O. Ms. No. 758, Finance)

No. 119.—Under sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act (VII of 1904), the Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the notification issued under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, and published on page 1563 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 20th August 1929, declaring the ancient monument described in the annexed schedule to be a protected monument within the meaning of the said Act.

Kurnool district, Pattikonda taluk,
Jonnagiri village

A prominent granite hillock bearing Asoka inscription on S. No. 274 (Forest Panchayat reserve) of Jonnagiri village, bounded on the north by S. No. 864 (vacant), S. No. 402-2, belonging to Kunati Rachanayya, S. No. 402-1, belonging to Kesakonda Muthiria and Chandhamma and S. No. 504-2, belonging to Pothuraju Chanda Lingadu, on the east, south and west by the Jonnagiri Panchayat Reserve. Approximate extent 5 acres.

E. C. WOOD,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

(Ecclesiastical.)

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 173.—Mr Llewellyn Hector Marshall Upshon, M.B. and Mr Malcolm Stuart Houghton Thompson, B.A., A.C.S. (Lond.), to be Lay Trustees of Holy Trinity Church, Rajahmundry, to fill existing vacancies.

No. 174.—Mr. Donald James Bourne, B.A., B.A.I. (Dub.), to be a Lay Trustee of St. John's Church, Trichinopoly, *vice* Mr. A. F. W. Dixon, I.C.S., resigned.

No. 175.—Mr. Saviseshamudu Gnanayya Grubb, B.A., and Mr. George Clarence Gomez to be Lay Trustees of Christ Church, Nellore, to fill existing vacancies.

RE-APPOINTMENT.

No. 176.—Mr Charles Dunbar Tatham Shores, to be a Lay Trustee of Saint Thomas' Church, Cocanada.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, October 28, 1929.

No. 177.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 12th October 1929.

No. 1294.—The services of the Reverend J. W. Ingram, M.A., B.D., Indian Ecclesiastical Establishment, Church of Scotland, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras, with effect from the date of his release from military duty.

H. A. WATSON,
Secretary to Government.

(Marine.)

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.

No. 105.—Mr. R. Abram, Dredging Superintendent, Cochin Harbour division, further extension of leave for two days (10th and 11th August 1929), in continuation of the leave already granted to him with effect from 15th April 1929. The extension will be treated as extraordinary leave without allowances.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929
[G.O. Ms. No. 543, Finance (Marine)].

No. 104.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*k*) of sub-section (2) of section 9 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (Act XV of 1908), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rule for the port of Cochin :—

RULE.

The Port Officer, Cochin, may, after such examination as he deems fit, grant certificates of competency to masters, syrangs, and engine drivers of motor boats registered at the port of Cochin under the provisions of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (Act XV of 1908), which are likely to ply in waters within the

jurisdiction of the Travancore Darbar. Such certificates shall contain sufficient particulars to identify the persons certified.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929

[*G. O. Ms. No. 564, Finance (Marine)*].

No. 110.—Under section 7 of the Madras Outports Landing and Shipping Fees Act, 1885 (III of 1885), the Government direct that, with effect from 1930-31, the accounts of the Cochin Landing and Shipping Fund be kept in the form in which the accounts of the Madras Port Trust Fund are now maintained, revenue and capital heads being shown separately.

H. A. WATSON,
Secretary to Government.

LAW DEPARTMENT.
(General.)

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, October 25, 1929.

No. 783.—Mr. W. O. Fonseca, Acting Superintendent, Central Jail, Bellary, leave on average pay for three months with effect from or after the 27th October 1929.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 784.—M.R.By. C. Kunhiraman Avargal, Second Judge, Court of Small Causes, Madras, is declared to have acted as Chief Judge in the same Court from the 22nd July to the 9th August 1929, both days inclusive.

No. 785.—Under section 18 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Ramachandra Veeraraghava Sarma Avargal to be Honorary Presidency Magistrate for the City of Madras and to empower him to sit on the Benches constituted for that city.

POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, October 16, 1929.

No. 786.—Consequent on the retirement from service of M.R.Ry. P. R. Govinda Rao Avargal, Subordinate Judge, with effect from the 31st October 1929—

M.R.Ry. K. L. Venkata Rao Avargal, Acting Subordinate Judge, on return from leave, to the Small Cause Court, Kumbakonam.

[This cancels his posting to the Sub-Court, Amalapuram, ordered in Law (General) Department Notification No. 714, dated the 23rd September 1929, published at page 1782 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 1st October 1929.]

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929.

No. 787.—M.R.Ry. T. Bhujanga Rao Avargal, Subordinate Judge, to the Sub-Court, Rajahmundry, as the Principal Subordinate Judge of that Court.

No. 788.—M.R.Ry. V. Parnayya Avargal, Principal Subordinate Judge, Sub-Court, Rajahmundry, to be the Additional Subordinate Judge of the same Court.

No. 789.—M.R.Ry. M. V. Hayagriva Rao Garu, Additional Subordinate Judge, Sub-Court, Rajahmundry, on relief, to the Sub-Court, Amalapuram, in relief of M.R.Ry. C. R. Krishna Rao Garu, who will revert as District Munsif.

Fort St. George, October 25, 1929.

No. 790.—M.R.Ry. K. S. Ramaswami Sastri Avargal, Acting District and Sessions Judge, Chingleput, on reversion as Subordinate Judge, to the Sub-Court, Negapatam.

No. 791.—M.R.Ry. M. C. Krishnan Nambiyar Avargal, Acting Subordinate Judge, Negapatam, on relief, to the Sub-Court, Ottapalam, *vice* M.R.Ry. M. Narayanan Nayar Avargal, who retires from service on the 28th November 1929.

APPOINTMENT AND POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.

No. 792.—M.R.Ry. M. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, Additional Subordinate Judge, Sub-Court, Tinnevelly, to the Sub-Court, Cuddalore, *vice* M.R.Ry. A. S. Krishnaswami Ayyar Avargal, granted leave.

No. 793.—M.R.Ry. M. Venkataramayya Garu, District Munsif, to act as Subordinate Judge and posted to the Sub-Court, Tinnevelly, as the Additional Subordinate Judge, *vice* M.R.Ry. M. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

No. 794.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers in the districts specified against their names are authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in the English language:—

M.R.Ry. P. Ramachariyar Anna Rao, Second-class Magistrate—Ramnad.

M.R.Ry. K. N. Choyi Kutti Avargal, Deputy Collector and First-class Magistrate—North Arcot.

M.R.Ry. Venkatarama Ayyar Chidambaram Ayyar, Second-class Magistrate—Ramnad.

Mr. C. G. Mackay, I.C.S., Sessions Judge—Chittoor.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929.

M.R.Ry. C. Duraiswami Gounder, First-class Magistrate—Salem.

Fort St. George, October 25, 1929.

M.R.Ry. K. P. Krishnan Nayar Avargal, Deputy Collector and First-class Magistrate—South Arcot.

Fort St. George, October 16, 1929.

No. 795.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, M.R.Ry. G. Daleppadu, Sub-Magistrate in the Ganjam Agency, is authorized to take down the evidence of Khond and Savara witnesses with his own hand in the English language.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929.

No. 796.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned Second-class Magistrates in the district of Salem are authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in the English language:—

M.R.Ry. K. Venkatabashyam Nayudu.
Mr. M. C. George.
M.R.Ry. S. Pachaiye Pillai.
" D. Arogyaswami Pillai.
" T. V. Muthuswami Ayyar.

Fort St. George, October 21, 1929.

No. 797.—Under section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned Sub-divisional First-class Magistrates in the districts

specified against their names are empowered to hear appeals from the sentences of second and third class Magistrates :—

Mr. R. A. Gopalaswami, I.C.S.—Chingleput

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.

Mr. H. C. M. McLaughlin—North Arcot.

No. 798.—Under the provisions of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon M.R.Ry Annaswami Ayyangar Srimvasa Ayyangar, Sub-Registrar of Pallambadi, Lalgudi taluk in the district of Trichinopoly, for the term of his appointment as Sub Registrar of Pullambadi, such of the ordinary and additional powers of a magistrate of the third class as are specified hereunder in respect to offences under sections 3 to 7, both inclusive, of the Madras Towns Nuisances Act, 1889, and under rule 18 of the rules framed by the Local Government for making vaccination compulsory and for enforcing it under sections 137 and 199 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, which may be committed within the limits of the union of Pallambadi, Lalgudi taluk in the district of Trichinopoly :—

I *Ordinary powers.*—Schedule III of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, Section 1. Items 1 to 9, 14, 15 and 17 to 20

II. *Additional powers.*—Schedule IV of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 Items 4 and 5 of the powers conferrable by the Local Government on a magistrate of the third class.

Fort St George, October 25, 1929.

No. 799.—Under the provisions of section 14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to confer upon M.R.Ry. Parivakkam Subrahmanya Mudaliyar, Sub-Registrar of Vulavanur, in the district of South Arcot, for the term of his appointment as Sub-Registrar of Vulavanur, such of the ordinary and additional powers of a Magistrate of the third class as are specified hereunder in respect to offences under sections 3 to 7, both inclusive, of the Madras Towns Nuisances Act, 1889, which may be committed within the limits of the union of Vulavanur, in the district of South Arcot :—

I *Ordinary powers.*—Schedule III of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, Section 1.—Items 1 to 9, 14, 15 and 17 to 20.

II *Additional powers*—Schedule IV of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.—Items 4 and 5 of the powers conferrable by the Local Government on a Magistrate of the third class.

No. 800.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, M.R.Ry. M. Varadarajula Nayuou, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate of the third class in the district of Bellary is appointed to be a Magistrate of the second class, and under section 37 he is invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a Magistrate of that class except the powers to record statements and confessions under section 164, authorize the detention of accused persons in the custody of the police under section 167 and pass orders as to first offenders under section 562 (1), Criminal Procedure Code.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929.

No. 801.—Under section 4 of the Madras Children Act, 1920, the Local Government specially authorize M.R.Ry. R. Venkata Subbiyma Nayudu, Second class Magistrate in the district of Salem, to exercise all the powers conferred on courts by the Act.

Fort St. George, October 18, 1929.

No. 802.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned persons to be Special Magistrates for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at the places specified against their names with the powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in Notification No. 787, Home (Judicial), dated the 13th August 1919, published at pages 1040 and 1042 of Part I of the *Fort St George Gazette* of the 26th idem as amended by subsequent notifications :—

M.R.Ry Talluri Venkataramayya Chetti Garu—Kurnool in the district of Kurnool.

Fort St George, October 21, 1929.

M.R.Ry Muttusadura Ercan Chettiyar A. Gurusawami Chettiyar Avargal—Mannadora in the district of Ramnad.

M.R.Ry. Brahmandam Lakshminarayana Rao Garu—Bapatla in the district of Guntur.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.

M.R.Ry. Shanmuga Mudaliyar Nagaratna Mudaliyar Avargal—Kumbakonam in the district of Tanjore

M.R.Ry. Jurkal Jagannatha Hegde Avargal—Karkal in the district of South Kanara.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

M.R.Ry. Golla Garuvappa Nayudu Garu—Chittoor in the district of Chittoor.

Fort St. George, October 25, 1929.

M.R.Ry. Sivaganga Jagannatha Ayyangar Ramaswami Ayyangar Avargal—Sivaganga in the district of Ramnad.

M.R.Ry. Mangalore Muthu Nayakar Perumal Nayakar Avargal—Attur in the district of Salem.

M.R.Ry. Tiruchenu Ranganswami Ayyangar Viraraghava Acharlyar Avargal—Sriperumbudur in the district of Chingleput.

M.R.Ry. Yenuga Veeraswami Garu—Coconada in the district of East Godavari.

Fort St. George, October 28, 1929.

M.R.Ry. K. S. Nagalingam Chettiyar Sankaralingam Chettiyar Avargal—Virudunagar in the district of Ramnad.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St George, October 15, 1929

[*G O Ms. No* 3973, *Law* (*General*)]

No. 803.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by sub-sections (1) and (2) of section 264 of the Cantonments Act, 1924 (Act II of 1924), the Governor in Council is hereby pleased to approve and confirm, with certain changes, the following amendment made by the Cantonment authority of Wellington under section 262 of the said Act to the by laws published with the notification of the Local Government in the Law (General) Department, No. 208, dated the 27th February 1925, on pages 599 606 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 31st March 1925 :—

AMENDMENT.

In the appendix to by law No. IX of the said by-laws in item 2 of clause (a) for the figures '0-4-0' the figures '0-3-0' shall be substituted.

No. 804.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by sub sections (1) and (2) of section 264 of the Cantonments Act, 1924 (Act II of 1924), the

Governor in Council is hereby pleased to approve and confirm, with certain changes, the following amendment made by the Cantonment authority of Wellington under section 252 of the said Act to the by-law published with the notification of the Local Government in the Law (General) Department, No 783, dated the 16th October 1929, on page 1595 of Part I of the *Fort St George Gazette*, dated the 23rd October 1929:—

AMENDMENT.

In item 4 of the said by-law for the expression 'As 4 each' appearing against 'sheep or goat' the expression 'As. 3 each' shall be substituted.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929

[*G.O. No.* 4091, *Law (General)*].

No. 805.—The following name of an auditor who has been granted a certificate by the Madras Government in accordance with the rules made under section 144 (2) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, is published for general information:—

Name—M.R.Ry Savasiam Narayanan, G.E.A.
Address—No 9, Chokkappa Naick Street, Madura.
Restricted or unrestricted—Unrestricted.
Permanent or temporary—Permanent

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929

[*G.O. Ms. No.* 4107, *Law (General)*].

No. 808.—In pursuance of the orders of the High Court in C.R.M.P. No. 792 of 1929 on its file, the Governor in Council is hereby pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub section (1) of section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, to define Tekkali in the Ganjam district (ordinary tracts) as a local area within which M.R.Ry. B Prahoraj, Sub-Magistrate, R Udayagiri (Agency tracts) may exercise his powers.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.

No 807.—Under section 4 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, Act III of 1873, as amended by Madras Act III of 1925, the Local Government, after consultation with the High Court, direct that, with effect from the 1st November 1929, the number of District Munsifs to be appointed to the District Munsif's Court, Kanigiri, in the district of Nellore, shall be one.

J. VENKATANARAYANA,
Secretary to Government.

(Registration.)

LEAVE

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.

No. 75.—Under rule 91 of the Fundamental Rules, M.R.Ry. M. C. Kesavan Avargal, Registrar of Assurances, Tellicherry, leave on average pay for two months from the 21st October 1929, preparatory to retirement.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

No. 79.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, M.R.Ry. P. Narasinga Rau Garu, Registrar of Assurances, extension of leave on half average pay for three months.

APPOINTMENT AND POSTING.

Fort St. George, October 25, 1929

(With effect from date of joining.)

No. 77.—M.R.Ry. V. S. Viswanatha Ayyar Avargal, Sub-Registrar, Selection grade, to be Registrar of Assurances *vice* M.R.Ry. K. S. Raghava Acharya retired, and is posted to Salem.

POSTINGS.

(With effect from date of joining.)

No. 78.—M.R.Ry. Melat Kelu Avargal, Registrar of Assurances, Salem, to be Registrar of Assurances, Cahent.

No. 79.—M.R.Ry. G. T. Cheriyan Avargal, Registrar of Assurances, Calicut, to be Registrar of Assurances, Tellicherry.

J. VENKATANARAYANA,
Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, October 25, 1929.

No 295.—Sriman Desabhandu Mahanty Mahasaya, Deputy Collector, leave on average pay without medical certificate for four months with effect from the date of relief.

POSTING.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.

No. 296.—The following posting of a deputy collector is ordered:—

M.R.Ry. E. T. Rakunni Nayar Avargal, Tahsildar, Malabar, who was appointed to act as Deputy Collector in notification, dated 4th October 1929, to special duty, Tinnevelly, in connexion with the acquisition of lands for the formation of new roads in Tinnevelly district, in relief of M.R.Ry. G. Masilamani Pillai Avargal

ERRATA.

Fort St. George, October 21, 1929.

In the draft declaration under section 9 of the Land Acquisition Act regarding the acquisition of land in Porkunam village, Tiruvannamalai taluk, North Arcot district, for the provision of a field channel, published at page 1711 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th September 1929—

For 'R S. No. 152-2 in line 6' *read* 'R.S. No 155-2'

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, published on page 746 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 21th March 1929, for the land required for the formation of an approach bank to the Kumbharlapalli Gangamma Eri kulva of Pulivendla taluk, against the owner of S. No. 407-2—

For 'Rama Gowda,' *read* 'Mana Gowda.'

Fort St. George, October 26, 1929.

In notifications No. 162 published on page 875 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part I, dated 14th May 1929, and No. 317 published on page 1586 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part I, dated 20th August 1929—

For the words 'Sub-Collector' *substitute* the words 'Revenue Divisional Officer'

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929
(G.O. Ms. No. 2180, Revenue).

No. 397.—With effect from the 1st November 1929, Indrakandigai village of Ponneri taluk, in the district of Chingleput, will cease to form part of that taluk, and will be added to and form part of Tiruvallur taluk in the same district. With effect from the same date, the Tahsildar, Ponneri, shall cease to exercise revenue jurisdiction over the village, and the Tahsildar, Tiruvallur, shall discharge the duties and shall exercise the powers of a Tahsildar in the village.

Fort St. George, October 17, 1929
(G.O. Ms. No. 2129, Revenue).

AGREEMENT.

No. 398.—Articles of agreement made this day of 21st August 1929 between the Indian Conference of the Danish Missionary Society a Company registered under the Indian Companies Act XXI of 1860 and having its office at Nellikuppam, South Arcot district (hereinafter called the Company) of the one part and the Secretary of State for India in Council (hereinafter called the "Secretary of State" of the other part).

Whereas upon the application of the Company the Government of Madras have agreed to acquire on behalf of the Company under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 the pieces or parcels of land described and delineated in the schedule hereto annexed and situated in Nachiyarpet village it having been shown to the satisfaction of the said Government that the proposed acquisition is needed for the construction of a work likely to prove useful to the public namely for the extension of the Danish Mission Hospital at Nachiyarpet village and whereas the said Government have called upon the Company under the provisions of section 41 of the said Act to enter into the agreement with the Secretary of State hereinafter contained. Now these presents witness and it is hereby agreed and declared as follows:—

The Company shall pay to the Government of Madras before the said lands are transferred to the Company the cost of the lands as settled by the Collector or if reference is made to the court by the final court of appeal and all costs of acquisition inclusive of all payments and allowances in respect thereof payable under the said Act and all court costs and pleader's fees, etc., incurred by Government in defending the references if any made to the court as aforesaid and on appeal or appeals filed in connexion therewith and all costs pleader's fees payable or paid by Government to the claimant in the said matters. The Government shall not be bound to give possession of the land until all the said moneys have been paid and may withdraw from the acquisition and in cases of withdrawal the Company shall be liable to indemnify Government against all expenses incurred and damage sustained as result of anything done by them in the matter of acquisition till the date of withdrawal.

2 Upon such payment by the Company the Secretary of State shall execute and do all such acts deeds matters and things as may be necessary or proper for effectively vesting the said lands acquired in the Company and giving the Company an absolute title thereto subject to the payment of assessment as has been provided.

3. The terms upon which the said lands shall be held by the Company are—

(a) that the land shall be used for the extension of the Danish Mission Hospital at Nachiyarpet;

(b) that the building shall be constructed within a period of two years from the date when the said lands shall have been transferred to the Company and that the Company so long as it shall continue to carry on business shall maintain and keep the said buildings in good repair and condition;

(c) that the Company shall pay to the Government of Madras annually the appropriate assessment on the lands which is liable to revision at any general revision of the land revenue settlement;

(d) that the hospital buildings shall be opened to the public at large irrespective of caste or religion subject to the conditions laid down by the Managing Committee of the institution with regard to the payment of fees and such other conditions; and

(e) that in the event of the Company being wound up and in the event of failure on the part of the Company to carry out the terms of the agreement, that is to say, if the buildings are not used for the purposes of the hospital or if the public are not allowed to use the work to the extent mentioned in paragraph 3 (d) above the lands shall be liable to be resumed and taken back by Government on repayment to the Company of the amount of the award as finally settled less the 15 per cent awarded for the compulsory acquisition or the estimated cost thereof at the time of resumption whichever shall be less and if there are any buildings on the land the Secretary of State shall at his option either purchase the buildings on payment of their estimated value at the time or direct the Company to remove the buildings at its own cost within such time as may be allowed by the said Government.

4 All costs and expenses of and incidental to the preparation and execution of this agreement (including stamp duty and costs of registration if required by the said Government) shall be paid by the said Company.

In witness whereof the seal of the Company hath hereunto been affixed and the indenture executed for and on behalf of the Company by Rev. Paul Lange the President of the Danish Mission and the Agent of the Mission at Nachiyarpet and H. R. Pate Secretary to the Government of Madras Revenue Department by order and direction of His Excellency the Governor of Fort Saint George acting for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council hath hereunto set his hand the day and year first written.

Witnesses—

(1) A. C. Narayana Ayyar. (2) G. Krishnaswami.

(Sd.) Paul Lange, 21-8-1929.

Signed and delivered by the abovementioned.

Signed in the presence of—

(1) M. Kunhikannan Kurup, Superintendent, Revenue Secretariat.
(2) E. A. Ponnaiya, Clerk, Revenue Secretariat.

H. R. Pate, *Secy. to Government, Revenue Department.*

SCHEDULE

South Arcot district, Vriddhachalam taluk, Nachiyarpettai village.

Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-7, belonging to Sheikh Fatha Sahib, bounded on the north by No. 35, east by No. 36-6; south by No. 36-12 & 13, west by No. 36-1 & 5	4.12
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-8, belonging to Nataraja Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 35, east by No. 36-3 & 15, south by No. 36-13 & 15; west by No. 36-7	2.33

		Acs.
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-9, belonging to Ariyapatra Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 36; east by No. 36-10; south by No. 36-15 & 16; west by No. 36-8		0·28
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-10, belonging to Ariyapatra Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 36; east by No. 36-11 A-2 & 11 E; south by No. 36-16; west by No. 36-9		0·24
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-11 A-2, belonging to Venkatarama Ayyar and Ramanatha Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 36-11 A; east by Kandiyankuppam; south by No. 36-11 B; west by No. 36-10		0·32
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-11 B, belonging to Narayanaswami Nayudu, bounded on the north by No. 36-11 A-2; east by Kandiyankuppam; south by No. 36-16; west by No. 36-10		0·24
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-12, belonging to Thangavelu Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 36-7; east by No. 36-13; south by No. 36-6; west by No. 36-5 & 6		0·06
Government, dry, R.S. No. 37-2, belonging to Ratanya Chetti and Muthukumaraa Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 36-14; east by No. 37-4 and Kandiyankuppam; south by No. 37-3 & 4; west by No. 37-1		2·17
	Total ..	4·81

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St. George, October 17, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the lands specified below and measuring 4·54 acres, be the same a little more or less are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of the Danish Mission Hospital at Nachiyarpettai; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chidambaram, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said lands. A plan of the lands is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chidambaram, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

South Arcot district, Vriddhachalam taluk, Nachiyarpettai village.

		Acs.
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-7 belonging to Sheik Fatan Sahib, bounded on the north by No. 36; east by No. 36-8, south by No. 36-12 & 13; west by No. 36-1 & 8		0·40
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-8, belonging to Nataraja Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 36, east by No. 36-9 & 15, south by No. 36-13 & 15; west by No. 36-7		0·55
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-9, belonging to Ariyapatra Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 36; east by No. 36-10, south by No. 36-15 & 16; west by No. 36-8		0·28
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-10, belonging to Ariyapatra Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 36; east by No. 36-11 A-2 & 11 E; south by No. 36-16, west by No. 36-9		0·24
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-11 A-2, belonging to Venkatarama Ayyar and Ramnatha Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 36-11 A; east by Kandiyankuppam, south by No. 36-11 B, west by No. 36-10		0·32
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-11 B, belonging to Narayanaswami Nayudu, bounded on the north by No. 36-11 A-2, east by Kandiyankuppam, south by No. 36-16; west by No. 36-10		0·24
Government, dry, R.S. No. 36-12, belonging to Thangavelu Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 36-7, east by No. 36-13, south by No. 36-6; west by No. 36-5 & 6		0·06
Government, dry, R.S. No. 37-2, belonging to Ratanya Chetti and Muthukumaraa Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 36-14; east by No. 37-4 and Kandiyankuppam; south by No. 37-3 & 4, west by No. 37-1		2·17
	Total ..	4·81

Fort St. George, October 18, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 1·42 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for extension of village-site and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Narsapatam, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Narsapatam, and may be inspected at any time during office hours

Visagapatam district, Sarvasidha taluk, Vakapadu village.

		Acs.
Ryotwari, dry, S. No. 250-1, belonging to Chippala Chittayya, bounded on the north by No. 248, east by No. 250-2, south by No. 250-4; west by No. 248-2		0·08
Ryotwari, dry, S No. 250-2, belonging to Vadra Ramaswami, bounded on the north by No 248, east by No. 250-3, south by Nos. 250-4 and 250-7; west by No 250-1		0·13
Ryotwari, dry, S No. 250-3, belonging to Vadra Ramaswami, bounded on the north by Nos 248 and 225; east by Nos 225 and 250-5; south by No. 250-7; west by No. 250-2		0·40
Ryotwari, dry, S No. 250-4, belonging to Kambala Adeyya and Govindamma, bounded on the north by Nos 250-1 and 250-2; east by No. 250-7; south by Nos. 250-5 and 250-6; west by No. 249-8		0·06
Ryotwari, dry, S No. 250-5, belonging to Kambala Appanna and Ramayya, bounded on the north by No 250-4, east by No. 250-7; south by No 251, west by No. 249-8		0·09
Ryotwari, dry, S. No. 250-6, belonging to Kista Ahemma, bounded on the north by No. 250-4, east by Nos 250-7 and 251; south by No. 251; west by No 250-5		0·05
Ryotwari, dry, S. No. 250-7, belonging to Kambala Nookalamma and Chandrayya, bounded on the north by Nos. 250-3 and 250-5; east by Nos. 250-8 and 250-9; south by No 251, west by Nos. 250-6 and 250-4		0 19
Ryotwari, dry, S No 250-8, belonging to Akula Ramayya, bounded on the north and east by No 225, south by No. 250-9, west by Nos 250-3 and 250-7		0·21
Ryotwari, dry, No 252-1 B, belonging to Akula Ramayya, bounded on the north by No 225, east by No. 252-2, south by No 253, west by No. 251		0 18
Ryotwari, dry, S. No 252-2, belonging to Akula Ramayya, bounded on the north by No. 251, east by No. 252-3 A-1 & 3 B; south by No 253, west by No. 252-1 A & 1-B		0·10
Ryotwari, dry, S. No. 252-3 B belonging to Akula Govindu and Lachanna, bounded on the north by No 252-3 A-1 east by No. 252-4; south by No. 253, west by No. 252-2		0·05
Ryotwari, dry, S No. 252-4, belonging to Maia Pallasami, bounded on the north by No. 251; east by Nos 252-6 and 306, south by No. 253; west by 252-3 B & 5		0 36
Ryotwari, dry, S. No 252-5, belonging to Vadra Ramaswami, bounded on the north by 251; east by No 252-6, south and west by No. 252-4		0·03
Ryotwari, dry, S. No. 252-7, belonging to Chippala Chittayya, bounded on the north by No 251; east by No. 306; south by No 252-4; west by No. 252-6		0 03
	Total ..	1 42

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 0·22 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for strengthening the bund of Telagabhattighai of Bhapur; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector, Berhampur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Berhampur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours

Ganjam district, Berhampur taluk, Bhapur village.

		Acre.
Government, wet, S. No 16, belonging to Kesikanta Ranto of Bhapur, bounded on the north, east, south and west by S. No 16-1 of Bhapur ..		0·22

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

Under section 5 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·03 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for extension of the weir of Rajasahibpet tank of Cherlopalli village and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act the Sub-Collector, Rajampet, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector of Rajampet and may be inspected at any time during office hours

Cuddapah district, Rodvel taluk, Cherlopalli village.

	acre.
Dry, S. No 1348-1 E, belonging to Palakuluru Abbi Reddi and Mastum Saheb, bounded on the north by No 1349-1 A, east by No. 1346-2, south by No 1346-1 A & E; west by No. 1348-1 A ..	0·02
Dry, S. No. 1346-1 A, belonging to Palakuluru Abbi Reddi and Mastum Saheb, bounded on the north by No 1348-1 B & 2; east, south and west by No. 1346-1 E	0·01
Total	0·03

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the lands specified below are needed for public purposes, to wit, for repairs to the bund of Devarasamudram kunta of Kanyamadugu village, Madanapalle taluk, Chittoor district, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by Act. XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Madanapalle, and his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act Under section 3 (*c*) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Madanapalle, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Chittoor district, Madanapalle taluk, Kanyamadugu village.

	Approximate extent. acre.
Government, wet, S. No. 186-4, belonging to Kudumala Yerayya, Kudumala Rayyanna, Venkata, Seethanna and Venu Reddi, minor, guardian Subbi Reddi, bounded on the north by S. No. 189-1; east by S. No 187-2; south by S. No. 186, west by S No. 186-1 and 189 ..	0·1
Government, wet, S. No. 186-3, belonging to Kudumala Yerayya, Kudumala Rayanna Venkata, Seethanna and Venu Reddi, minor, guardian Subbi Reddi, bounded on the north by S. No. 186-1; east by S. No 185, south by S. No 186; west by S. No 187-2	0·1
Government, wet, S. No 187-2 belonging to Tribhuvan Lakshmiramayya, bounded on the north by S No. 187 1; east by S No 185-3, south by S No. 186, west by S. No. 186 2	0·3
Total ..	0·5

Fort St. George, October 16, 1929.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a well by the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Nandyal, and his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Nandyal, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Kurnool district, Nandyal taluk, Ayalur village.

	Approximate extent. acre.
Government, dry, S. No. 1230-2, belonging to Edige Markapuram and Kalwa Pappayya, bounded on the north by No 1230-1; east by No 1140 A-2; south by No. 1137-2; west by No. 1230-1 ..	0·08
Government, dry, S. No. 1137-2, belonging to Kunnuru Lingadu, bounded on the north by No. 1230-2; east by No. 1140 A-2; south by No. 1231-2; west by No 1137-1	2·01
Government, dry, S. No. 1231-2, belonging to Kunnuru Lingadu and Barakari Venkata, bounded on the north by No. 1137; east by No 1140 A-2; south by No. 1232; west by No. 1231-1.	0·09
Government, dry, S. No. 1140 A-2, belonging to Edige Narasanna, bounded on the north by No. 1140 A-1, east by No. 1142-B, south by No. 1232; west by Nos. 1231-2, 1137-2, and 1230-2 ..	0·17

H. B. PATE,
Secretary to Government.

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 367.—In partial modification of the notification issued on 18th October 1929, the following postings are made —

M.R By. R. C. Sampath Ayyangar Avargal, District Veterinary Officer, Madras, on relief by Mr. Hurley, to act as District Veterinary Officer, Vellore.

M.R.By. E. S. Nair Avargal, District Veterinary Officer, Nellore, on probation, and acting Professor of Surgery, Madras Veterinary College, to continue to act as such in the Veterinary College.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929

No. 368.—Under the provisions of section 1 of the Madras Cattle Disease Act, 1866, the Government, Ministry of Development, hereby direct that the provisions of the said Act shall be put in force at Kulgunda in the village of Subramaniya, in the Puttur taluk, South Kanara district, from the 14th November 1929, to the 6th December 1929, both days inclusive.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929.

No. 369.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 (1), clause (*a*) of the Madras Agricultural Pests and Diseases Act III of 1919, as amended by Madras Act VII of 1925, the Government, Ministry of Development, hereby declare that the plant known as "Water Hyacinth" (Eichhornia speciosa kunth) is a "noxious weed".

Under section 3 (*i*) clauses (*b*) and (*c*) of the Act the Government, Ministry of Development, direct that from the 1st November 1929 the weed be killed whenever found within the limits of the following taluks in the West Godavari district:—

Bhimavaram, Ellore, Narsapur and Tanuku.

No. 370.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 21, Clause (a) of the Madras Agricultural Pests and Diseases Act, 1919, the Government, Ministry of Development, hereby declare that in respect of the plant known as water hyacinth the word 'plant' shall include the 'seed of the plant.'

No. 371.—In connexion with the destruction of water hyacinth in the area specified above, the following are appointed inspecting officers under section 19 of the Madras Agricultural Pests and Diseases Act III of 1919, as amended by Madras Act VII of 1925:—

Revenue Inspectors, Overseers and Supervisors of the Public Works Department and Overseers and Sub-overseers of Local Fund Departments attached to the tracts concerned.

Under section 21(*f*) of the aforesaid Act, the Government, Ministry of Development, are pleased to direct that appeals under section 6 of the Act shall lie to the Tahsildars of the taluks specified above, within their respective jurisdictions.

No. 372.—Under the authority conferred on him by sections 35 and 36 of the Forest Act V of 1882, the Governor in Council is pleased to issue the following amendment to the rules to regulate the transport of timber from the Rampa territory published in Notification No. 289, page 725, Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 19th June 1894:—

For rule 3 of the existing rules, *substitute* the following:—

"Subject to the proviso at the close of Rule 2, the person in charge of any timber therein referred to, whether coming from Rampa or from any other Government forests or lands shall produce such timber together with his permit at the thana named therein and on demand by any Revenue, Forest or Police Officer anywhere within the Rampa territory and between the Rampa boundary and the thana. It shall not be lawful to avoid any road or river on which a checking or a thana station is placed with the intent to evade the production of the timber at a checking or thana station. The Officer-in-charge of the thana shall retain the duplicate of the permit, shall return the original with his countersignature or a way-permit to the person in charge of the timber, and shall mark all such timber, other than bamboos and brushwood with a pass hammer. The person in charge of the timber may then take the timber to its destination. He shall preserve the countersigned counterfoil or way-permit for six months and shall show it when required to any officer authorised by the Collector to demand it."

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·02 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a shed for the forest guards at Rajukunta; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Sub-Collector, Rajampet, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Rajampet, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Cuddapah district, Rajampet taluk,
Rajukunta village.

	Acres
Government, dry, S. No. 11-2 B, belonging to Penala Bapanna, bounded on the north, east, south and west by No. 11-2 A	0·02

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·20 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for construction of sub-huts for forest subordinates; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Pollachi, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Pollachi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Coimbatore district, Udumalpet taluk,
Pugamuthur village.

	Acres.
Ryotwari, dry, S. No. 233 B, belonging to R. Pattu Kavandan, son of Ramaswami Kavandan, bounded on the north, east and south by No. 233 A; west by No. 239	0·20

S. V. RAMAMURTI,
Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS AND LABOUR DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 549.—M.R.Ry. K. Palaniappa Pillai, Assistant Engineer, Tank Restoration Scheme Subdivision, Sidhout, Tank Restoration Scheme Division, Madras Circle, leave on average pay without medical certificate for four months from the 20th September 1929 or the date of relief.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 550.—M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib S. Krishnaswami Ayyar, Assistant Engineer, Srivaikuntam subdivision, Tinnevelly division, is granted leave as follows:—

(1) On average pay without medical certificate from the 20th June 1929 to the 19th July 1929;

(2) on average pay on medical certificate from the 20th July 1929 to the 28th February 1930; and

(3) on half average pay on medical certificate from the 1st to the 18th March 1930, inclusive.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929.

No. 551.—M.R.Ry. V. S. Pranatharthihara Ayyar, Assistant Engineer, extension of leave on average pay on medical certificate for six months from the 23rd September 1929, in continuation of the leave notified in Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 24th September 1929.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, October 17, 1929.

No. 552.—Mr. H. G. Howard, Chief Engineer, Hydro Electric Development, will hold charge of the Civil Engineering division, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Lieut.-Col. M. G. Platts on military training.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 553.—M.R.Ry. A. S. Ramalingam, Executive Engineer, Tank Restoration Scheme Division,

Madras Circle, held full charge of the Tank Restoration Scheme subdivision, Madurantakam of the same division in addition to his own duties from the 23rd July 1929 to the 14th September 1929, both days inclusive.

POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 554.—Mr. Muhamed Hewth, B.E., who has been appointed Deputy Sanitary Engineer, is posted to Madras in charge of the Health Officers' and Health and Sanitary Inspectors' instruction classes.

Fort St. George, October 25, 1929.

No. 555.—Mr. L. P. Cole, Assistant Executive Engineer, appointed by the Secretary of State, will, on arrival, be attached to the Central Presidency Division, Madras Circle, as a temporary measure.

PERMITTED TO UNDERGO MILITARY TRAINING.

Fort St. George, October 17, 1929.

No. 558.—Lieut. Col. M. G Platts, O.B.E., M.C., R.E.(I), M.I.C.E., Executive Engineer, Civil Engineering division, Hydro Electric Development, is permitted to undergo the periodical military training of the Army in India Reserve of Officers at Ahmednagar from the 15th to the 30th November 1929.

ERRATA.

Fort St. George, October, 18, 1929.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923 relating to the acquisition of lands for improvements to the Ayyanayyanar at No. 88, Keelayur village, Mayavaram taluk, Tanjore district, published at pages 1787 and 1788 of Part I of *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 24th September 1929,

In the entry *for* "Government, dry, No 277-6 part" *read* "Government, dry, No 277-5 part".

In the entry *for* "Government, dry, No. 277-8 part" *read* "Government, dry, No. 277 8

In the entry relating to No. 278-1 part—*for* "0 06 acre" *read* "0 60 acres."

In the names of owners of No 312-1 part—*for* "I. Mariyeya" *read* "T. Mariyaya".

In the entry—*for* "Government No. 312-13 part" *read* "Government, dry, No. 312-13 part".

Fort St. George, October, 21, 1929.

To the draft declaration published at pages 1811–1812 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 1st October 1929, in respect of lands required for Ettappukkadu main channel of the Convery-Mettur Project in zamin Cholagamkudikkadu village of Pattukkottai taluk, Tanjore district.

Page 1812, in the extent given against T.S. No. 17-3—*for* "0-0" *read* "0-03".

In the declaration under section 9 of the Land Acquisition Act in respect of the lands required for the extension of Government Training School for Mistresses, Tellicherry, published as page 1914 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 1st October 1929.

For "(3) Vadikkayam desam" *read* "Vadikkagam desam".

For "(2) Cheruvikkaran" *read* "Cheruvikaran".

For "(3) Payyan Kuran" *read* "Payyan Kuran."

For "(4) Puthuchanna." *read* "Puthuchanna."

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act published at pages 1435–1441 of *Fort St George Gazette*, dated 11th August 1925 in respect of lands required in Kuvempuram village, Mettur taluk, Salem district, for the headworks of the Project—

Page 1437, *for* "one S. No. 640 and old S. No. 1600-B (temple) 0-01 acre", *read* "new S. No. 640 and old S. No. 1600-B (temple) building only".

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923 relating to the acquisition of lands in Mandur village, Tenali taluk, for the excavation of field bodhi channels in the realigning proposals of Alapad channel, published at page 1272, Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 25th June 1929—

Against S. No. 271-4, *for* "Reddi Seshayya, son of Yellamanda" *read* "Reddi Seshayya, son of Yellamandayya".

Against S. No. 280, *for* "west by No 314", *read* "west by No. 280"

Against S. No. 282, *for* "west by No. 283", *read* "west by Nos. 285 and 282".

Against S. No. 306, *for* "Mannava Chukkamma, Ramayya, Rayudu and Gopamma" *read* "Mannava Chukkamma, Ramayya, Rayudu Gurumma".

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St George, October 23, 1929.

CLOSURE OF CANALS, 1930—KISTNA EASTERN DELTA.

No. 557.—The canals will be closed and reopened on the dates specified below :—

	Date of closure (6 a.m.) 1930	Date of reopening (6 p.m.) 1930.
The main canal ..	15th March	15th May
The Kondur canal	1st March	Do.
The Kyves canal ..	Do	Do
The Ellura canal ..	28th March	1st June.

CLOSURE OF CANALS, 1930—KISTNA WESTERN DELTA.

All the canals will be closed at 6 a.m. on 15th March 1930 and reopened at 6 p.m. on 1st June 1930.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 559.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS BRANCH.

Simla, the 1st October 1929.

No. 439-F M.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Post Office Rules, 1920, namely :—

After entry (viii) in the "*Schedule of surface fees*" appended to the Note to rule 3 of the said Rules the following entries shall be inserted, namely :—

"(ix) India-Greece—3 annas per *half* ounce or part thereof.

(x) India-Naples—3 annas per *half* ounce or part thereof.

(xi) India-Switzerland—3 annas per *half* ounce or part thereof.

(xii) India-France—3 annas per *half* ounce or part thereof."

Simla, the 7th October 1929.

No. 393-F.M./29.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Post Office Rules, 1920, namely :—

In rule 3 of the said Rules under the heading "*Letters*" for the entry.

"(2) *For Egypt (including the Sudan) and Iraq*"—

the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) *For Egypt (excluding the Sudan)*:—"

No. 60-TP./B./29.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Indian Telegraph Rules, 1927, namely:—

(1) In Rule 65 of the said Rules, the words "each letter added to groups of figures to form ordinal numbers, and" shall be omitted.

(2) In Rule 69 of the said Rules, for the figures, brackets and words "17th (4 characters)" the figures, brackets and words "17th (signalled seventeenth)" shall be substituted.

No. 659.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

RAILWAY BOARD,

Simla, the 3rd October 1929.

No. 1080-T.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-sections (1) and (3) of section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and by the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 851, dated the 24th March 1905, the Railway Board sanction the following amendment made by them in the Rules for Warehousing and Retention of Goods published with the notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department No. 1080-T., dated 18th February 1921, namely:—

In sub-rule (*b*) of rule 7 of the said rules, for the word "will" the word "may" shall be substituted and after the words "Lost Property Office and" the words "will be" shall be inserted.

[Indian Service of Engineers, etc.—Recruitment.]

No. 560.—The notice from the Public Service Commission, dated the 26th September 1929, is published for general information.

2. The Rules and Regulations referred to in the notice have been republished on pages 1914-1927 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 22nd October 1929. Requisitions for copies of application forms, regulations, or other particulars should be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Public Works and Labour Department, Fort St. George.

3. The attention of candidates is specially invited to the instructions in the application form, and they are advised, where possible, to appear personally before the Collector of the district or the officer to whom the application is submitted, so that he may verify the entries in the application forms.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

NOTICE.

A competitive examination for admission to the Indian Service of Engineers, the Indian Railway Service of Engineers and the Superior Telegraph and Wireless Engineering Branches of the Posts and Telegraphs Department will be held in Delhi beginning on the 3rd February 1930, under the Rules and Regulations published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 28th September 1929. Candidates accepted for admission to the examination will be informed at what place in Delhi and at what hour they should present themselves.

The examination will be a combined examination for the purpose of filling vacancies in the three services mentioned above. A candidate may apply to be admitted as a candidate for all or any of these services. If he wishes to be admitted as a candidate for more than one service he should state this on his application form. In that case he need send in only one application form and undergo one examination by a Medical Board. He will be required to pay the fees mentioned in the Regulations once only and will not be required to pay separate fees for each service for which he applies. If he proves successful as a candidate for more than one service he will ordinarily be assigned to that service for which he expressed a preference at the time of his application provided that the vacancies have not already been filled, but the Government of India reserve power to assign him to any service for which he is a candidate if in their opinion the exigencies of the public service render this desirable.

The number of candidates to be selected at this examination for each of the three services will be announced hereafter.

The application must be made through the Collector or Deputy Commissioner* to the proper authority of the area in which the candidate's parents reside at the time of the application, or of an area in which they have previously resided for a period of not less than three years, or in which the candidate has himself resided, otherwise than as a student at a college or university only, for a like period.

The proper authority is for a Governor's Province, the Chief Secretary; for Coorg, the North-West Frontier Province, Delhi, Ajmere-Merwara, Baluchistan, or Andamans and Nicobar Islands, the Chief Commissioner; and for a State in India, the Political Officer or Agent, who should be addressed through the Darbar.

No candidate will be admitted to the examination from whom the Collector or Deputy Commissioner* or the Political Officer or Agent has not received on or before the 12th November 1929, an application on the prescribed form accompanied by the necessary documents. Copies of the application form and of the Rules and Regulations may be obtained from the local Government and Political Officers or Agents.

No allegation that an Application Form or letter respecting such form has been lost or delayed in the post will be considered unless the person making such allegation produces a Post Office certificate of posting. Candidates who delay their applications until a late date will do so at their own risk.

Note 1.—Candidates must have attained the age of 21 and must not have attained the age of 25 on the 1st day of August 1929.

With reference to the note to rule 9 of the rules for the Indian Service of Engineers published in the *Gazette of India*, dated the 28th September 1929, the Governor General in Council has, with the approval of the Secretary of State for India in Council, relaxed the condition as to age imposed by that rule so as to admit to this examination Indian students who have undergone a course of Engineering outside India and who had not attained the age of 26 on the 1st August 1929.

Note 2.—The examination will be held concurrently with the examination for the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of the State Railways, and the same papers will be set in the subjects common to both the examinations. Candidates accepted for admission to the examination for the Indian Service of Engineers, the Indian Railway Service of Engineers and the Superior Telegraph and Wireless Engineering Branches of the Posts and Telegraphs Department may be accepted as candidates for the other examination if they are eligible under the regulations and if they pay the fees prescribed for both examinations.

* In the case of Calcutta the Commissioner of Police.

[Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments—Recruitment.]

No. 561.—The notice from the Public Service Commission, dated the 26th September 1929, is published for general information.

2. The Government of India Resolution referred to in the notice were republished on pages 1147–1164 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 26th July 1927. Requisitions for copies of application forms, regulations or other particulars should be addressed to the Secretary to Government, Public Works and Labour Department, Fort St. George.

3. The attention of candidates is specially invited to the instructions in the application form, and they are advised, where possible, to appear personally before the Collector of the district or the officer to whom the application is submitted, so that he may verify the entries in the application forms.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

NOTICE.

A competitive examination for admission to the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways will be held in Delhi beginning on the 3rd February 1930, under the Regulations published with the Railway Department (Railway Board) Resolution No. 4048 E., dated the 6th July 1927. Candidates accepted for admission to the examination will be informed at what place in Delhi and at what hour they should present themselves.

Seven candidates will be selected on the result of the examination, including candidates selected to redress communal inequalities under Regulation 4.

The application must be made through the Collector or Deputy Commissioner * to the Authority mentioned in Regulation 2, Part II of the Regulations.

No candidate will be admitted to the examination from whom the Collector or Deputy Commissioner * or the Political Officer or Agent has not received on or before the 12th November 1929, an application on the prescribed form accompanied by the necessary documents. Copies of the Application Form and of the Regulations may be obtained from the Local Government and Political Officers or Agents.

No allegation that an Application Form or letter respecting such form has been lost or delayed in the post will be considered unless the person making such allegation produces a Post Office certificate of posting. Candidates who delay their applications until a late date will do so at their own risk.

Note 1.—Candidates must have attained the age of 21 and must not have attained the age of 25 on the 1st day of August 1929.

Note 2.—The examination will be held concurrently with the examination for the Indian Service of Engineers, the Indian Railway Service of Engineers and the Superior Telegraph and Wireless Engineering Branches of the Posts and Telegraphs Department, and the same papers will be set for both examinations. Candidates accepted for admission to the examination for the Transportation (Traffic) and Commercial Departments may be admitted to the other examination if they are eligible under the rules and if they pay the fees prescribed for both examinations.

* In the case at Calcutta the Commissioner of Police.

J. H. WISE,
Secretary, Public Service Commission.
Simla, 24th September 1929.

Fort St. George, October 28, 1929
(*G.O. No. 3081 P.*).

No. 462.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 (1) of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910 (as amended), the Governor in Council is pleased to sanction the grant of the licence printed as an appendix to these proceedings to the Municipal Council of Tanjore for the supply of electric energy within the municipal limits of Tanjore.

2. The licence will be notified in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

APPENDIX.

THE TANJORE MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC LICENCE, 1929.

Licence for the supply of electric energy granted by the Government of Madras under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910.

Licence is hereby granted to the Municipal Council of Tanjore to supply electrical energy in the area, with the powers and upon the terms and conditions, all specified below :—

1. *Short title.*—This licence may be cited as 'The Tanjore Municipal Electric Licence, 1929.'

2. *Interpretation.*—This licence is to be read and construed as subject in all respects to the provisions of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, with the statutory modifications thereof and to the rules thereunder; and the several words, terms and expressions, to which meanings are assigned by that Act or any statutory modifications thereof or by the rules thereunder or the General Clauses Act, 1897, shall have in this licence and the annexures thereto the same respective meanings provided that in this licence—

(1) The expression 'The Act' shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, with the statutory modifications thereof;

(2) The expression 'The Licensees' shall mean and include the Municipal Council of Tanjore and their permitted assigns;

(3) The expressions 'First annexure' and 'Second annexure', shall mean the first and second annexures to this licence respectively;

(4) The expression 'Deposited Map' shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified, which has been deposited with the Government of Madras in pursuance of the rules under the Act, and which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Madras in the Public Works and Labour Department and for the applicants by the Chairman, Municipal Council, Tanjore.

(5) The expression 'Unit' shall mean the quantity of energy contained in a current of one thousand amperes flowing under an electro-motive force of one volt during one hour;

(6) The expression 'Load Factor' shall mean the ratio or percentage of the average quantity per hour to the maximum quantity per hour of energy supplied in any month.

3. *Commencement of licence.*—The date of the notification by the Government of Madras in the *Fort St. George Gazette* that this licence has been granted is in this licence referred to as 'The commencement of the licence'.

4. *Area of supply.*—The area within which the supply of energy is authorised by this licence is the whole of the area contained within the municipal limits of Tanjore and more particularly delineated upon the deposited map by a black line enclosing the said area.

5. *Purpose of supply.*—Subject to the provisions of this licence and the Act and the rules thereunder the licensees shall be entitled during the continuance of this licence to supply energy within the area of supply for all purposes except in bulk to a distributing licensee:

Provided that the licensees shall not be under any obligation under section 21 of the Act to supply more energy than is consistent with their obligation to maintain a constant supply to consumers, due regard being had to the licensees' load factor.

Provided also that no supply of energy shall be commenced to be given by the licensees to owners or occupiers of private premises until the Government of Madras have approved the form of requisition

to be made by the owners or occupiers for such supply of energy and also the form of written contract or agreement with the licensees to take a supply of energy, which is to be executed or entered into by such owners or occupiers until the Government of Madras have also approved the amounts of all miscellaneous charges incidental to or in connection with such supply which the licensees propose to make.

6. *Systems of supply*.—The systems of supply to be adopted for the supply of electric energy under this Licence are the following:—

(1) (a) A medium pressure alternating current three phase four wire supply at a pressure at the consumer's terminals of 400 volts (approximately) between phases and 230 volts between phase and neutral which shall be earthed at one point only on each separate distributing system at a frequency of fifty complete periods per second.

(b) A high pressure alternating current three phase supply at a pressure not exceeding three thousand three hundred volts between phases at a frequency of fifty complete periods per second.

(c) The neutral points of the high pressure system may, with the approval of the Government of Madras and the concurrence of the Telegraph authority, be connected to the earth.

Provided always that it shall be lawful for the Government of Madras from time to time to issue, with due regard to the expense involved and to the effect upon the commercial prospects of the undertaking, regulations dealing with the above systems of supply or to authorize other systems of supply to be adopted for the purposes of this licence.

Provided also that the licensees may, from time to time with the previous consent in writing of the Government of Madras and subject to such limitations and conditions as shall be prescribed in writing by the Government adopt any other system of supply for the purpose of this licence.

(2) (a) The feeders, distributing mains and service lines may be overhead or under ground in whole or in part, and shall be erected, constructed and maintained by the licensees in strict conformity with the Act and the rules thereunder.

Provided that nothing in this license shall authorise the licensees to use overhead electric lines at any higher pressure than medium pressure without the sanction in writing of the Government of Madras in each case and subject to any conditions or limitations which the Government of Madras may prescribe.

Provided also that in all streets and thoroughfares less than 16 feet in width for wheeled traffic, posts for overhead electric lines shall not be erected.

Provided further that in narrow lanes through which wheeled traffic is not permitted, the posts shall be placed on the extreme edge of the lane and a special construction to be approved by the Electrical Inspector adopted to keep the conductors five feet clear horizontally of every building.

Provided further that in any street, or its direct continuation in which overhead electric lines are run, such lines shall be run throughout on one side only.

(b) Where overhead lines carrying alternating current are used, due precautions shall be taken by the licensees to avoid any possible interference with the adjacent telegraph or telephone circuits due to inductive effects.

(c) For the purposes of rule 61 of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, the maximum wired pressure shall be taken as ten lb. per square foot.

7. *Compulsory works*.—(a) The licensees shall lay down suitable and sufficient transmission lines feeders and distributing mains and erect the generating station with all machinery and apparatus necessary for the purpose of giving a continuous and effective supply of energy and shall do all other works necessary for the commencement of the supply and to the satisfaction of the Government of Madras throughout such streets or parts of streets as are mentioned in the first annexure and as indicated in red on the deposited map. In the case of difference between the description in the first annexure and as indicated on the deposited map the latter shall prevail. The licensees shall commence to execute the works aforesaid within twelve months from the commencement of the license and shall complete the same within three years thereof.

(d) If the licensees fail to comply with the above provisions or should in the opinion of the Government of Madras the progress made during any portion of the said period of three years be unsatisfactory, the licence may be revoked.

(e) The licensees shall submit reports every six months from the commencement of this licence until the completion of the compulsory works specifying all the steps taken and the progress made in carrying into effect this licence.

8. *Generating station*.—The generating station shall be within the area of supply and the licensee shall not, without the approval in writing of the Government of Madras, erect or maintain more than one generation station.

9. *Breaking up of streets and railways and crossing of waterways*.—(a) The licensees are hereby specially authorized to open and break up the soil ballast and permanent way of the South Indian Railway at all the places where the permanent way crosses or runs along the public roads within the area of supply.

(b) The length of the trenches to be opened at any one time on any street repairable by the Government of Madras and the period for which they remain open shall be determined from time to time by the Government of Madras. When any street is crossed, not more than half the width of such street shall without the specific authority in writing of the Government of Madras as aforesaid be closed for traffic.

(c) The licensees are further authorized to cross all rivers, streams and irrigation channels within or contiguous to the area of supply in accordance with such conditions as the Government may impose.

10. *Limits of prices to be charged in respect of the supply of energy*.—The prices to be charged by the licensees for energy supplied by them shall not exceed those stated in that behalf in the second annexure or in the case of a method of charge approved by the Government of Madras in accordance with clause X of the schedule to the Act, such maxima as the Government of Madras may fix on approving the method nevertheless the licensees may enter into special contracts, subject to sections 22 and 23 for the supply of energy.

11. *Additions to, variations from, and exceptions from the Schedule to the Act*.—In pursuance of section 3, sub-section (2), clause (*f*) of the Act, it is expressly declared that clause IX of the Schedule to the Act, shall be excepted from incorporation in this license.

12. *Revocation*.—If the licensees fail to comply with the provisions of any of the clauses hereof, the licence may be revoked.

FIRST ANNEXURE.

Compulsory works.

List of streets or parts of streets in which the licensees are to lay down suitable and sufficient feeders and distributing mains for the purpose of supply of electrical energy:—

(1) Extension street.
(2) Trichinopoly road.
(3) Railway station road.
(4) Cutcherry road.
(5) Cadell's road.
(6) S.P.G. Mission Church road.

(7) Resident Bungalow road.
(8) Market road.
(9) East Gate road.
(10) South Rampart.
(11) South Main street.
(12) West Main street.
(13) North Main street.
(14) Mannappa street.
(15) Yellamman Kovil street.
(16) Ayankadai street.
(17) East Main street.
(18) Vellapillayar Kovil road.
(19) Kodimaruthu Maidai road.
(20) Seenia Sastrigal road.

SECOND ANNEXURE.

Maximum charges.

Where the licensees charge any consumers by the actual quantity of energy supplied to him, they shall be entitled to charge him at the following rates :—

(a) For all lighting fan and heating purposes and for power consumed within the hours of 5 p.m. and 1 a.m. at six annas per unit subject to a minimum monthly charge of three rupees.

(b) For power consumed within the hours of 1 a.m. and 5 p.m. and subject to a monthly minimum charge of ten rupees per K.V.A. of maximum demand maintained for more than fifteen minutes—

(i) For any quantity not exceeding 500 units per month at the rate of four annas per unit.

(ii) For any quantity exceeding 500 units per month but not exceeding 5,000 units per month at the rate of three annas per unit

(iii) For any quantity exceeding 5,000 units per month but not exceeding 10,000 units per month at the rate of two and a half annas per unit,

(iv) For any quantity exceeding 10,000 units per month at the rate of two annas per unit.

(c) For energy required by bazaar shops at the rate of two rupees per measem per 30 watt lamp burning for not more than five hours a day

(d) Should a supply of electrical energy in bulk become available at any future date from a Government power system of such rates that the rates of supply of distributed energy under this license could be appreciably reduced, the licensees shall obtain their supply from such system and shall conform in re-sale rates and in conditions of working to such regulations as may be issued by Government to control distributing licensees in the disposal of electrical energy obtained from Government power systems.

Fort St. George, October 21, 1929.

No. 563.—Under section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby withdraws from the acquisition of the undermentioned land in respect of which a notification under section 4 (1) of the Act was published at page 231 of *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part I, dated 29th January 1929, as required for the Ettippulikkadu Main channel of the Cauvery-Mettur Project,

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk,
Zamin Cholagankudikkadu village.

		acres.
Poat Settlement Olungal, Paimash No. 504	.. ..	0-03

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 564.—Under sub-section (1) of section 48 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby withdraws from the acquisition of the lands mentioned below of No. 37 Chittarakkudi village notified under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act at page 1774 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 22nd September 1925, at page 1856 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 6th November 1927 and at page 264 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 14th February 1928, as being required for the Canal System of the Cauvery-Mettur Project.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk,
No 37. Chittarakkudi village.

			Extent to be withdrawn.
			acs.
Government, dry,	S. No. 753-2	..	0-24 out of 0-43
"	S. No. 753-5	..	0 21 " 0-41
"	S. No. 753-6	..	0 23 " 0 38
"	S. No. 753-8	..	0 10
"	S. No. 755-3	..	0 08
"	S. No. 755-4	..	0 02
"	S. No. 752-3	..	0-16 out of 1-63
"	S. No. 757-1	..	0-24 " 0 30
"	S. No. 757-2	..	0 80 " 1 40
"	S. No. 760-2	..	0 13 " 1 60
"	S. No. 760-3	..	1 66 " 2 25
"	S. No. 760-6	..	0 17 " 1 83
"	S. No. 758-1	..	0-62 " 2 90
"	S. No. 758-4	..	0 15
"	S. No. 758-5	..	0 30
"	S. No. 756-6	..	0 98 out of 1 80
"	S. No. 758-7	..	0-16 " 0-64
"	S. No. 758-8	..	0 24
"	S. No. 749-2	..	1 40 out of 3 40
"	S. No. 747-1	..	1 59 " 2 20
"	S. No. 683-2	..	0 05
"	S. No. 683-4	..	0 15
"	S. No. 683-5	..	0 20
"	S. No. 683-6	..	0 20
"	S. No. 683-7	..	0 50
"	S. No. 676-2	..	2 61 out of 4-80
"	S. No. 676-5	..	0 21 " 3 73
"	S. No. 676-10	..	0 13 " 0-21
"	S. No. 676-11	..	0 97 " 1 20
"	S. No. 676-13	..	0 17 " 0 76
"	S. No. 677-2	..	0-28 " 0-60
"	S. No. 677-3	..	0 60
"	S. No. 677-4	..	1 10 out of 1-62
Government, wet	S. No. 678-2	..	0 35 " 0-46
"	S. No. 678-3	..	0-12
"	S. No. 678-4	..	0 20
"	S. No. 678-5	..	0 25
"	S. No. 679-6	..	0 05
"	S. No. 679-7	..	0 75
Government, dry,	S. No. 681-2	..	0 34 out of 0-35
Government, wet,	S. No. 649-2	..	0 31 " 1-01
"	S. No. 649-3	..	0-78
"	S. No. 649-5	..	0 02
Government, dry,	S. No. 671-1	..	0 05
"	S. No. 671-2	..	0 26
"	S. No. 671-3	..	0-61
Government, wet,	S. No. 646-1	..	1-45 out of 2-67
Government, dry,	S. No. 617	..	0-16 " 0 20
"	S. No. 656-1	..	1-70
"	S. No. 661-1	..	1-56
"	S. No. 661-3	..	1-26
"	S. No. 661-5	..	0-80
"	S. No. 644-2	..	0-61
"	S. No. 624-5	..	0 03
"	S. No. 625 1	..	0-03
"	S. No. 638-1	..	0-04
"	S. No. 600-4	..	0-20
"	S. No. 600-3	..	0 04
"	S. No. 673-3	..	0 18
"	S. No. 681	..	0-40 out of 1 60
"	S. No. 268-4	..	0 80 " 0 99
"	E. No. 270-1	..	1 07
"	S. No. 270-2	..	0 02
"	S. No. 271-4	..	0-07
"	S. No. 271-6	..	0 46
"	S. No. 271 6	..	0 43
"	S. No. 271 7	..	0 10
"	S. No. 278-1	..	0 20
"	S. No. 278-2	..	0 43
"	S. No. 279 1	..	0 60
"	S. No. 279-2	..	0 70
"	S. No. 277-1	..	0 10
"	S. No. 286-1	..	0-13
"	S. No. 290-4	..	1-60
"	S. No. 676-16	..	0-97 out of 1-20
Government, wet,	S. No. 676-12	..	0 01
"	S. No. 676-12	..	0 15
"	S. No. 676-13	..	0 26
"	S. No. 676-14	..	0-25

			Extent to be withdrawn. acs.
Government, dry,	S. No. 268-2	..	0·08 out of 0·25
"	S. No. 268-3	..	0·12 " 0·15
"	S. No. 282-1	..	0·13 " 1·00
"	S. No. 78.-2	..	0·14 " 0·35
"	S. No. 262-3	..	0·03 " 0·30
"	S. No. 262-4	..	0·10 " 0·35
"	S. No. 288-1	..	0·03
"	S. No 289-5	..	0·07 out of 0·30
"	S. No. 289-7	..	0·07 " 0·24
"	S. No. 289-6	..	0·08 " 0·15
"	S. No. 293-2	..	0·10 " 0·90
"	S. No. 293-3	..	0·03 " 0·05
"	S No 301	..	0·03
"	S. No. 307	..	0·09 out of 0·30
"	S. No. 308	..	0·19 " 0·50
"	S. No. 309	..	0·04 " 0·30
"	S. No. 310-1	..	0·01 " 0·08
"	S. No. 320-3	..	0·04 " 0·30
"	S No. 330-4	..	0·08
"	S. No. 326-1	..	0·34 out of 1·20
"	S. No. 317-5	..	0·12 " 0·40
"	S No 349	..	0·07 " 0·25
"	S. No 341-1	..	0·05 " 0·02
"	S. No. 348-3	..	0·01 " 0·03
"	S. No 316-3	..	0·10 " 0·34
"	S. No. 342-1	..	0·08 " 0·35
"	S. No. 348-4	..	0·18 " 0·25
"	S. No 352-2	..	0·08 " 0·12
"	S. No. 350-4	..	0·04
"	S No 355-2	..	0·35 out of 0·80
"	S No. 356-2	..	0·10 " 0·22
"	S. No. 356-3	..	0·05
"	S No 316-4	..	0·18 out of 0·20
"	S No. 317-6	..	0·10
"	S No 60-2	..	0·08 out of 0·32
"	S. No 600-8	..	0·74 " 0·75
"	S No. 600-9	..	0·32 " 1·15

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St. George, October 11, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 2·84 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improvements to the Ayyavayanar river, and under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Act, the Governor in Council further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Shiyali taluk,
No. 2B. Sanbadaiteruppa village.

	Approximate extent. acs
Government, dry, No. 284-3 B, owner S. Ambalavana Pillai, bounded on the north by Nos 281-3 A and 287; east by Nos 281-4 B and 283-D; south by No 283-D, west by Nos 597-B and 287	0 27
Government, dry, No 281-4 B, owner Thangam, bounded on the north by No. 281-4 A; east by No. 281-5 B; south by No. 283-D; west by No 281-3 B	0·05
Government, dry, No 284-6 B, owner S. Ambalavana Pillai, bounded on the north by No 283-6 A; east by No. 281-7 B, south by No 283-D, west by No. 284-5 B	0·14
Government, dry, No. 281-7 B, owner S Ponnuswami Pillai, bounded on the north by No 284-7 A; east and south by No. 283-D, west by No. 284-6 B	0·01
Government, dry, No. 283-1 B, owners (1) S. Ambalavana Pillai, (2) S. Ponnusami Pillai, (3) S. Ayyathorai Pillai, (4) Sivalinga Padayachi, (5) S. Vaithilinga Padayachi, (6) R. Muthu Padayachi, (7) Nagalinga Tevan, (8) R. Ponnuswami Padayachi, (9) R. Perumal Padayachi, (10) M Thoppai Padayachi (11) V. Thiruvengada Mantri, (12) K. Venkatachala Padayachi, and (13) V Vaithilinga Padayachi, enjoyers (1) S. Ambalavana Pillai, (2) Nagalinga Tevan, (3) R. Ponnuswami Padayachi, (4) V. Thiruvengada Mantri and (5) K Venkatachala Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 296-1 A; east by No. 296-1 C and 295-2; south by No 295-2; west by No 283-C	0·08
Government, dry, No. 295-1 C, manse and enjoyer same as for No. 295-1 B, bounded on the north by No 295-1 A; east by No. 296-1 B, south by No. 283-C, west by Nos 283-C and 295-2 ..	0·35
Government, dry, No. 296-2, owners (1) S. Ambalavana Pillai and (2) Veerammal, bounded on the north by No. 296-1 B; east by No. 296-1 C, south by No. 283 C, west by Nos. 295-1 B and 283-C ..	0 93
Government, dry, No 296-1 B, owners (1) S Ambalavana Pillai, (2) R. Ponnuswami Padayachi, (3) V. Muthuh Pillai (4) S Ponnuswami Pillai, (5) R. Muthu Padayachi, (6) M Thoppai Padayachi, (7) K. Chinnathambi Padayachi, (8) N Vaithilinga Padayachi, (9) S. Kuppamuthu Padayachi, (10) K Sivalinga Padayachi and (11) K. Pakkiri Padayachi; enjoyers (1) S. Ambalavana Pillai and (2) R Ponnuswami Padayachi, bounded on the south by No 296-4 A; east by No. 296-2 B; south by No 283-B; west by Nos. 283-C and 295-1 C	0·22
Government, dry, No. 296-2 B, owners (1) S. Ambalavana Pillai and (2) Vaithilinga Padayachi, bounded on the north by No 296-2 A, east and south by No. 283-B; west by No. 296-1 B ..	0·28
Government, dry, No. 560-2 B, owner R Ponnuswami Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 560-2 A; east by No 560-6 B, south by No. 597-B; west by No. 560-5 B	0·07
Government, dry, No. 560-5 B, owner Muthu Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 560-5 A; east by No. 560-5 E; south by No. 597-B; west by No. 597-A	0·01
Government, dry, No. 560-6 B, owner Vaithilinga Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 560-5 A; east by No. 560-2 B; south by No. 597-B, west by No. 560-4 B	0 03
Government, dry, No 560-8 B, owner S. Ambalavana Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 560-6 A; east by No 560-10 B, south by No. 591-B; west by No. 560-8 B	0·09
Government, dry, No 560-10 B, owner R Ponnuswami Padayachi, bounded on the north by No 560-10 A, east by Nos 560-11 B and 567-B, south by No. 597-B, west by No 560-6 B	0·03
Government, dry, No. 560-11 B, owner Muthu Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 560-11 A, east by No. 287, south by No. 597-B; west by No 560-10 B	0 01
Government, wet, No. 598-1 B, owner S Ambalavana Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 598-1 A; east by No. 598-3 B; south by No. 598-A & B; west by No 598 A	0 02
Government, wet, No 598-2 B, owner K. Chokkalingam Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 598-2 A; east by Nos 598 and 596 B, south by No 596 B; west by No 598-1 B	0·03
Government, dry, No. 598-1 A, owner Seramshal Ashi, bounded on the north by No. 597 A; east by No. 598-2 A; south by Nos. 598-1 B and 600-2 A; west by Nos. 598 B and 600-2 A	0·17
Government, dry, 598-2 A, owner Muruga Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 597-A; east by No. 98, Kilayur, Mayavaram taluk; south by No. 598-2 B; west by No. 598-1 A	0·13
Government, wet, No. 603-1 A, owner S Ambalavana Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 595 B; east by No. 600-1 B, south by No. 600-1 C, west by No 601-1 A	0·01
Government, wet, No. 600-1 B, owner S. Ambalavana Pillai, bounded on the north by No 598 B; east by No. 600 2 A; south by No. 600-1 C; west by Nos. 598 B and 600-1 A	0 02
Government, wet, No. 601-1 A, owner V Sundaram Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 596-B, east by No 601-2 A, south by No. 601-1 B, west by No 601 7 A	0·13
Government, wet, No. 601-2 A, owner Vira Pillai, bounded on the north by No 598 B, east by No. 601-3 A; south by No. 601-2 B; west by No. 601-1 A	0·10
Government, wet, No. 601-3 A, owner Govindaswami Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 596 B; east by No 598-1 A; south by No 601-3 B; west by No 601-2 A	0 04

	Acs.
Government, wet, No 604-1 A, owner S. Pakkiri Padayachi, bounded on the north by No 596-A; east by No 604-2 A; south by No 604-1 B, west by No 607-2 A	0·14
Government, wet, No 604-2 A, owner Arumugam Pillai, bounded on the north by No 596 A; east by No 604 4 A; south by No. 604-2 B; west by No. 604-1 A	0·06
Government, wet, No. 604-4 A, owner Thallamudi, bounded on the north by No. 596 A; east by Nos 596 A and 604-4 B; south by No. 604-4 B; west by No 604-2 A	0·01
Government, wet, No 604-5 A, owners Logambal and Udayathaki, bounded on the north by No 596 A; east by No 604-7 A, south by No. 604-5 B; west by Nos. 596 A and 604-5 B	0·01
Government, wet, No 604-7 A, owner Pakkiri Padayachi, bounded on the north by No 596 A; east by No 604-1 A; south by No. 604-7 B; west by Nos. 596 A and 604-6 A	0·06
Government, wet, No 607-2 A, owner Muthuvela Pillai, bounded on the north by Nos. 596 A and 55, Semangalam, Mayavaram taluk, east by No 604; south by No. 607-2 B; west by No. 607-2 B and 63, Semangalam, Mayavaram taluk	0·18
Government, wet, No. 637-1, owner S. Kumaraswami Padayatti, bounded on the north by No. 63, Semangalam, Mayavaram taluk; east by No. 637-2 A, south by No. 637-3; west by No. 63, Semangalam, Mayavaram taluk ..	0·09
Government, wet, No. 637-2 A, owner Vaithilingam Pillai and Venkatachalam Pillai, bounded on the north by No 63, Semangalam, Mayavaram taluk; east by No. 637 3 A, south by No. 637-2 B & 5; west by No. 637-1	0·11
Government, wet, No. 637-3 A, owner Govindaswami Pandaram, bounded on the north and east by No. 64 Semangalam, Mayavaram taluk, south by No 637 3 B, west by No 637-2 A	0·09
Total ..	2·94

Fort St. George, October 15, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 3·00 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for house-sites to Adi-Andhras; and, under sections 8 and 7 of the same Act, the District Labour Officer, East Godavari, Cocanada, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the District Labour Officer, East Godavari, Cocanada, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

East Godavari district, Rajahmundry taluk, Burugupudi village.

	Acs.
Ryotwari, dry, No. 411-1 B, belonging to Kravvidi Somaraju and Pulicherla Subbamma, bounded on the north by No. 414-1 A; east by No. 414-2; south by Nos. 410 and 411; west by Nos 449 and 462	9·10

Fort St George, October 21, 1929.

Whereas it appears to Government that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Canal System of the Cauvery-Mettur Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern, in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Tanjore, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 (c) of the Act, appoints the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Tanjore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the Special Deputy Collector No I, Tanjore, within thirty days after the issue of this notification a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk, Gandarvakottai zamin, Poyyundukottai village.

	Approximate extent. Acres
Puinsah No. 150, Kootapuli punjai	0 04
Do. do	0 20

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·03 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the canal system of the Cauvery-Mettur Project and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk, No. 63, Sakkaraisamantam village.

	Acres
Government, dry, S No 101-1 part (T S. No 101 1 A), belonging to Vallinayakam Ayyaswami (usufructuary mortgagee), bounded on the north by Velur village, east by T S. No 101-2 d; south by T S No 101-1 B; west by Velur village.	0·02
Government, dry, S. No. 101-2 part (T S. No. 101-2 A), belonging to Palani Sahvai Ayyammal, Dawood Sheriff Sahib and Sarangapani Pillai (mortgagees) bounded on the north by Velur village; east and south by T S. No. 101-2 B; west by T S. No. 101-1 A	0 01
Total ..	0·03

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·15 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Canal System of the Cauvery-Mettur Project; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk, No. 173, Pudur village.

	Acres.
Government, manavari, S. No. 251 B-1 part (T S No. 251 B-1 B), belonging to 862, Kuppuswami Pillai and Ponnammal Pillai, bounded on the north by T S. No. 251 B-1 A; east by T S No 251 B-4 B, south by Velur village, west by S. No. 421	0·01
Government, manavari, S. No. 251 B-4 part (T S. No. 251 B-1 B), belonging to 317 Doraiswami Vandayar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 251 B-4 A, east by T S No 251 B-6 B south by Velur village; west by T S. No 251 B-1 B ..	0 04
Government, manavari, S. No 251 B-6 part (T S. No 251 B-6 B), belonging to 862 Kuppuswami Pillai and Ponnammal Pillai, bounded on the north by T S. No 251 B-4 A; east and south by Velur village; west by T.S. No. 251 B-1 B ..	0 03
Total	0·15

Fort St. George, October 18, 1929.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improvements to Musiri Nattu voikal, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and, the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Musiri, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Musiri, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Trichinopoly district, Musiri taluk, Sundakai village.

	CENTS.
Government, dry, S.F. No. 236/1 part, belonging to Satharama Ayyar and Subrahmanya Ayyar, bounded on the north and east by No 234; south by No. 230-1 part, west by No. 224 .. .	2·00
Government, dry, S F. No. 232-4 part, belonging to Bhagvatammal, manager Muthiveera Nadar, bounded on the north by No 234-4 part, east, south and west by No. 231	2·70
Government, dry, S F No. 310-1 part, belonging to Prasuna Venkatara Rao, bounded on the north by No. 310-1 part; east by No 310-2; south and west by No. 311	0·70
Government, dry, S F. No. 310-2 part, belonging to minors Ekambaram Pillai and Swaminatha Pillai, guardian Amirthathammal, Sathanam Pillai, minors Arunachalam Pillai and Balasubrahmanya Pillai, guardian A P T Shanmugam Pillai and A. P T Shanmugam Pillai, bounded on the north by No 310-2 part; east and south by No. 311; west by No 310-1	1·10
Government dry, S.F. No. 320-3 part, belonging to Ramanuam Angarayan and Muthuka uppa Angarayan, bounded on the north and east by No. 312; south by No. 320-n part, west by No 317 ..	1·50
Government, wet S F No. 320-4 part, belonging to R. K. Prasuna Venkatesa Rao, bounded on the north by No. 312; east and south by No. 320-4 part, west by No. 312	1 60
Government, wet, S.F. No 320-5 part, belonging to Viswanathaswami manager A. P. T. Shanmugam Pillai, R. K. Prasuna Venkatesa Rao and forty inamdhyam mirasdars, bounded on the north by No 312; east by No. 320-3 part; south and west by No 320-4	0·40
Government, dry, S.F No 304-4 part, belonging to same as against S F. No. 310-2 above, bounded on the north by No. 304-6 part; east, south and west by No 314	1·40
Government, wet, S.F. No. 319-2 part, belonging to Ramalingam Pillai, bounded on the north and east by No. 314; south by No. 319-2 part; west by No. 314	1·25
Inam, dry, S.F. No. 317 part, belonging to T D No. 750. Pidari Koil, manegars A. P. T. Shanmugam Pillai, P. R. Prasuna Venkatesa Rao and forty samudayam mirasdars, bounded on the north by No. 311, east by No. 315; south by No, 317 part; west by No 314	3·91
Total ..	16·76

Eyur village.

Government, wet, S F. No. 377-6 part, belonging to minors (1) A. P. V. Arunachalam Pillai and A. P. V. Balasubrahmanya Pillai by guardian A. P T. Shanmugam Pillai, (2) A. P. T. Shanmugam Pillai, (3) minors A. P. M. Shanmugam Pillai and A P M. Swaminatha Pillai by guardian mother Amirthathammal, (4) minors Murugamrit Pillai and Nagaratnam Pillai by guardian R. Kandasami Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 377-6 part, east by No. 377-2; south and west by No. 378-1	1 30
Government, wet, S.F. No 377-2 part, belonging to minors Krishna Ayyar and Venkatrama Ayyar, guardian Muthammal, bounded on the north by No 377-7 part, east by No. 376-3, south by No 378-1d, west by No. 377-6	1·10
Government, dry, S F, No. 378-2 part, belonging to minors A. P V. Arunachalam Pillai and others as against S.F No 377-6 above, bounded on the north by No 378-1, east by No. 378-3; south by No 378-2 part; west by No. 48 Ayyampalayam ..	0·10
Government, dry, S F. No. 378-3 part, belonging to Nadimegam Pillai alias Mathirarupa Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 378-1; east by No 378-4; south by No. 378-3 part; west by No 378-2	0·50
Government, dry, S F No 378-4 part, belonging to Nallathambi Muthiriyan, Gurunda Muthiriyan, K. Elaya Perumal Muthiriyan, M Govinda Muthiriyan, M. Pakkiam Servai and A. Rama Muthiriyan, bounded on the north by No 378-1; east by No. 378-5, south by No 378-4 part, west by No 378-3	0 70
Government, dry, S.F No. 378-5 part, belonging to Sri Ranganathaswami, manager Muthuswami Servai, bounded on the north by No 378-1; east by No. 378-6, south by No 378-5 part; west by No. 378-4	1 30
Government, dry, S F No 378-6 part, belonging to S. Krishna Ayyar, S. Seeva Ayyar and S. Septhariahi Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 378-1; east by No 378-7, south by No 378-6 part; west by No. 378-5	0 40
Government, dry, S.F. No. 378-7 part, belonging to R. Muthuswami Servai, bounded on the north by No. 378-1, east by No. 379-1; south by No. 378 7 part; west by No 378-6	0 40
Government, wet, S F No 378 8 part, belonging to K. K. Perumun Venkateswara Rao, bounded on the north by No. 378-2 part, east by Nos. 378-4 and 378-10, south by No. 378-10; west by No. 377-7	0·80
Government, dry, S.F. No. 378-1 part, belonging to minor Ayyaswami Ayyar guardian Lakshmi Ammal and Kuppammal, bounded on the north by No. 379-19, east by No 379-1; south by No 378-1 part, west by No 378-7	0·40
Government, dry, S F, No. 379-2 part, belonging to S. Venkatarama Ayyar, bounded on the north by No 378-1d, east by No 378-3, south by No. 379-2 part, west by No. 378-1	0·80
Government, dry, S F No 379-3 part, belonging to K. Srinivasa Ayyangar and Nataa Gurukkal, bounded on the north by No. 378-1d; east by No. 379-4; south by No 378-3 part; west by No. 379-2	0 30
Government, dry, S F No. 379-4 part, belonging to T. Krishnaswami Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 379-1d; east by No 379-5, south by No. 379 1 part; west by No 379-3	0·30
Government, dry, S F No. 379-5 part, belonging to S Krishna Ayyar, S. Seeva Ayyar and S Septhariahi Ayyar, bounded on the north by No 379-1d; east by No 379-6, south by No. 379-5 part; west by No. 379-4	0 20
Government, dry, S F. No. 379-6 part, belonging to Venkatarama Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 379-1d; east by No 379-7, south by No. 379-6 part, west by No. 379-5	0·10
Government, dry, S.F. No 379-7 part, belonging to S Janaki Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 379-1d; east by No. 379-8; south by No. 379-7 part; west by No. 379-6	0·20
Government, dry, S.F. No. 379-8 part, belonging to S Janaki Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 379-1d east by No. 379-9; south and west by No. No. 379-6 part	0·20
Government, dry, S F. No 379-9 part, belonging to S Narayana Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 379-1d, east by No. 379-10; south by No 379-8 part, west by No 379-7	0·60
Government, dry, S.F. No 379-10 part, belonging to Ramasami Ayyar and K. Gopala Ayyar, bounded on the north by No 379-1d; east by No. 379-11; south by No. 379-10 part; west by No. 379-9 ..	0 60
Government, dry, S F. No. 379-11 part, belonging to S Gnanda Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 379-1d; east by No 379-12, south by No. 379-11 part, west by No. 379-10	0·90
Government, dry, S F. No 379 12 part, belonging to V Subrahmanya Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 379-1d, east by No 379-13, south by No. 379-12 part, west by No 379-11	0 60
Government, dry, S.F. No. 379-13 part, belonging to K Viswanatha Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 379-1d; east by No. 379 14; south by No. 379-13 part, west by No. 379-12	0·70
Government, dry, S F. No. 379-14 part, belonging to minors Kishen Ayyar and Venkatarama Ayyar guardian Muthammal, bounded on the north by No. 379-1d, east by No. 379-15; south by No 379 14 part, west by No. 379-13	1·30

	cents.
Government, dry, S.F. No. 379-16 part, belonging to M. Vythilinga Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 379-18; east by No. 379-16; south by No. 379-12 part; west by No. 379-14	0-20
Government, dry, S.F. No. 379-17 part, belonging to A. Srinivasa Raja Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 379-18; east by No. 379-17; south by No. 379-12 part; west by No. 379-16	0-50
Government, dry, S.F. No. 379-17 part, belonging to V. Subba Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 379-18; east by No. 379-19; south by No. 379-27 part; west by No. 379-16	0-05
Government, dry, S.F. No. 379-18 part, belonging to K. Muthusamy Servai, bounded on the north by No. 379-19; east by No. 368-2 south by No. 379-19 part; west by No. 379-17	1-80
Government, wet, S.F. No. 369-3 part, belonging to P. Periyaswami Nadar and A. V. Kandaswami Pillai, bounded on the north and east by No. 369-3 part; south by No. 379-18 and 368-1; west by Nos. 379-8 and 379-13	1-80
Inam, wet, S.F. No. 368-2 part, belonging to same as against S.F. No. 377-6 above, bounded on the north by No. 368-1; east by Nos. 368-3 and 368-2 part; south by No. 363-2 part; west by No. 379-13.	2-80
Inam, wet, S.F. No. 368-3 part, belonging to same as against S.F. No. 377-6 above bounded on the north by No. 368-1, east by No. 367; south by No. 368-2 part; west by No. 368-2	0-70
Inam, wet, S.F. No. 347-4 part, belonging to M. Vythilinga Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 346, east by Nos. 347-4 part and 348, south by No. 347-4 part; west by Nos. 347-2 and 336 ..	2-00
Total ..	21 70

Inam Umayapuram village.

Minor inam, dry, S.F. No. 98-1 part, belonging to T.D. No. 42 Umayapuram chairman, Manager, minor Krishnachari, guardian Rangayyachari, bounded on the north by No. 147, east by Nos. 98-1 part, 147 and 100, south by No. 98-1 part; west by No. 98-3 part and 147	3-62
Minor inam, dry, S.F. No. 100 part, belonging to T.D. No. 42 Umayapuram chairman, Manager, minor Krishnachari, guardian Rangayyachari, bounded on the north by No. 147; east by Nos. 101 and 148, south by No. 100 part; west by No. 98-1	3-70
Inam, garden, S.F. No. 102-1 part, belonging to Subbarayachari, A. Setha Rao and minor Venkatasamachariar, guardian Lakshmi Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 148; east by No. 102-2, south by No. 102-1 part, west by No. 148 ..	2-24
Inam, garden, S.F. No. 102-2 part, belonging to Subbarayachari, A. Setha Rao and minor Venkatasubbiahchariar, guardian Lakshmi Ammal, bounded on the north and east by No. 148, south by No. 102-2 part; west by No. 102-1	0-975
Inam, garden, S.F. No. 148 part, belonging to Subbarayachari, A. Setha Rao and minor Venkatasamachariar guardian Lakshmi Ammal, bounded on the north and east by No. 154, south by No. 140 part, west by No. 154	2 40
Total ..	13-96

Note.—Kudivaramdars—No. 102-2, K. K. Pramana Venkatesa Rao; No. 102-2, Palaniyandi Nadar, and No. 140, (1) Palaniyandi Nadar, (2) Kaveri and (3) Irumbakutti.

Vellar village.

Government, wet, S.F. No. 298-2 part, belonging to R. V. Srinivasa Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 298-1; east by No. 298-6; south by No. 298-3 part; west by No. 298-2	2-00
Government, wet, S.F. No. 298-5 part, belonging to R. V. Srinivasa Ayyar, bounded on the south by No. 298-1; east by No. 298-6; south by No. 298-6 part; west by No. 298-3	4 70
Government, wet, S.F. No. 298-6 part, belonging to V. T. Madanayakam Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 296-1; east by No. 298-7; south by No. 296-6 part, west by No. 298-5	4-50
Government, wet, S.F. No. 298-7 part, belonging to Rama Ayyar and K. S. Narayana Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 296-1, east by No. 298-8, south by No. 296-7 part; west by No. 298-6 ..	1-50
Government, dry, S.F. No. 298-8 part, belonging to V. T. Madanayakam Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 296-1, east by No. 298-2 A; south by No. 298-8 part; west by No. 298-7	4 20

	cents.
Nattam, poramboke, S.F. No. 293-2 A part, belonging to Venku Mudaliar and Pichakara Mudaliar, bounded on the north by No. 294-1; east by No. 293-2 B; south by No. 296-2 A part; west by No. 293-8	6-15
Total ..	21 30

Ayyampalayam village.

Government, wet, S.F. No. 518-1 part, belonging to A. P. T. Shanmugam Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 517-8; east by No. 518-2, south by No. 518-1 part; west by No. 528-4	5 20
Government, wet, S.F. No. 518-2 part, belonging to Amirthathammal, bounded on the north by No. 517-8, east by No. 518-3; south by No. 518-2 part; west by No. 518-1	0-40
Government, dry, S.F. No. 518-3 part, belonging to Amirthathammal, bounded on the north by No. 517-8, east by Nos. 521 and 517-8; south by No. 518-3 part, west by No. 518-2	1-60
Government, dry, S.F. No. 517-7 part, belonging to K. K. Pramana Venkatesa Rao, bounded on the north by No. 517-7 part, east by No. 517-6 & 7 part, south by No. 517-8; west by No. 517-1 & 8.	0-40
Government dry, S.F. No. 517-8 part, belonging to Muthuvela Nadar, bounded on the north by No. 517-8 part; east by No. 517-6, south by No. 517-9; west by No. 517-7	0-70
Government, dry, S.F. No. 517-5 part, belonging to A. P. T. Shanmugam Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 517-5 part; east and south by No. 517-6; west by No. 517-6	1-60
Government, dry, S.F. No. 517-4 part, belonging to K. K. Pramana Venkatesa Rao, bounded on the north by No. 517-4 part; east by No. 518-12; south by No. 517-6; west by Nos. 517-5 & 8 ..	1-40
Government, wet, S.F. No. 518-12 part, belonging to K. Ranga Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 518-12 part; east and south by No. 518-17; west by No. 517-4	0 20
Government, dry, S.F. No. 483-8 part, belonging to K. K. Pramana Venkatesa Rao, bounded on the north by No. 469, east by No. 483-6, south by No. 483-8 part, west by Nos. 469 and 483-8 part	1-20
Government, wet, S.F. No. 483-6 part, belonging to K. K. Pramana Venkatesa Rao, bounded on the north by No. 469; east by Nos. 483-6 part and 489, south by No. 483-6 part, west by No. 483-8.	0-60
Government, wet, S.F. No. 495-3 part, belonging to K. K. Pramana Venkatesa Rao, bounded on the north by No. 498-1; east by No. 381-3, south by No. 495-3 part, west by Nos. 495-3 part and 495-1.	0-40
Nattam, poramboke, S.F. No. 393-2 pt., belonging to Muthuvenna Nadar, Karu Alagu Nadar and P. Periyaswami Nadar, bounded on the north by No. 392-1; east by No. 392 2 part & 1; south by No. 392-2 part, west by No. 392-2 part & 1	4 62
Government, dry, S.F. No. 398-7 part, belonging to minors Shanmugam Pillai and Swaminatha Pillai, guardian mother Amirthathammal and minors Arunachalam Pillai, Balasubramanya Pillai, guardian A. P. T. Shanmugam Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 399-1, east by No. 390-8, south by No. 398-7 part, west by No. 390-1 & 7	4 80
Government, dry, S.F. No. 398-8 part, belonging to (1) minors Shanmugam Pillai and Swaminatha Pillai, guardian mother Amirthathammal, (2) minors Arunachalam Pillai and Balasubramanya Pillai, guardian A. P. T. Shanmugam Pillai, (3) A. P. T. Shanmugam Pillai, (4) S. Muthukrishna Pillai, (5) Chinnaswami Pillai, (6) Veeraraghava Pillai and Paramasivam Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 399-1, east by No. 399-1 & 11, south by No. 390-8 part, west by No. 390-7.	1 50
Government, dry, S.F. No. 398-2 part belonging to (1) minors Shanmugam Pillai and Swaminatha Pillai, guardian mother Amirthathammal, (2) minors Arunachalam Pillai, and Balasubramanya Pillai, guardian A. P. T. Shanmugam Pillai, (3) Paramasami Pillai, (4) Veerabadra Pillai, (5) Ramalingam Pillai (6) Muthukrishna Pillai, (7) Setha Ayyar, (8) Venkatesa Ammal (9) Chinnaswami Pillai and (10) A. P. T. Shanmugam Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 399-1; east by No. 399-3, south by No. 398-2 part; west by No. 398-1 & 2 part	0-10
Nattam, poramboke, S.F. No. 399-3 part, belonging to minors against S.F. No. 399-2 above, bounded on the north by No. 399-1; east by No. 398-3, south by No. 399 3 part; west by No. 399-2	1-15

	cents.
Government, dry, S.F. No 388-3 part, belonging to Muthukumarappa Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 388-1; east by No 388 3 part & 2; south by No. 389-3 part; west by No 388-3	0-90
Nattam, private, S.F. No. 397 part, belonging to Subrahmanya Mooppan, Ramakrand Mooppan, Kanakam, Thattiyan and Arumugam, bounded on the north by No. 397 part; east, south and west by No. 403-1	5 80
Total ..	62-72

Mimiri village.

Government, dry, S.F. No. 427-3 part, belonging to Tiruvenkatachayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 427-3 part; east by No. 424; south and west by No 428	2-60

Fort St. George, October 21, 1920.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 3·78 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Canal System of the Cauvery-Mettur Project; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk,
Alakkudi village.

	acs.
Government, dry, S. No. 206-1 part, temporary sub-division No. 206-1 A, belonging to 439 Ge. Soranam Ponnuswami Kangiyan, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 206-12 B, east and south by T S No 206-1 B; west by T.S. No. 207 A-2 ..	0-03
Government, dry, S. No. 253-11 part, T.S. No. 253-13 B, belonging to 16. Appuru Nadan, Rangaswami Nadan, Muruduyan and Paryavanthayan, bounded on the north by T.S. No 253-11 A & 10 B; east by T.S No 253-13 C; south by T.S. No. 253-12 B; west by T.S. No 253-11 A ..	0 24
Government, dry, S. No. 253-10 part, T.S. No. 253-10 B, belonging to 217. Palaniyandi, s. Ayyuru Nadan, s. Rangaswami Nadan, Muruduyan, Paryavanthayan, g. Edumban (usufructuary mortgagee) and s. Thanganantha Pillai mortgagee bounded on the north by T.S. No. 253-10 A & B; east by T.S. No. 253-13 A & 10 C; south by T.S. No. 253-10 C & 11 B; west by T.S No. 253-10 A	0 20
Government, dry, S No 253-9 part, T.S No. 253-9 B belonging to 150 s. Janaka Ammal, bounded on the north by T S No 253-8 A; east by T.S. No. 253-9 B; south by T.S. No. 253-10 B, west by T.S. No. 253-8 A	0-01
Government, dry, S No 253-13 part, T S. No. 253-13 A, belonging to 202 Murugan; bounded on the north by T S. No. 253-9 B; east and south by T S No. 253-13 B; west by T S No. 253-10 B ..	0 10
Government, dry, S No 235-2 part, T.S No 235-2 B & C, belonging to 143 Krishnaswami Pillai, bounded on the north by T S. No. 231-2 A, east by T S. No 235-4 A & 2 B, south by T S 250-1 E, west by T S No 230 3 A	0 25
Government, dry, S No 235-3 part, T.S No 235-3 B, belonging to 183 Ponnuswami Kangiyan and s. Thanganantha Nadan (usufructuary mortgagee), bounded on the north by T S No. 235-3 A and 238-9 B, east by T S No 235-3 C; south by T S No 235-4 A; west by T S. No. 235-3 A ..	0 13
Government, dry, S. No. 235-4 part, T.S. No. 235-4 A, belonging to 230. Ponnuswami Kangiyan and Nataysan Pillai, bounded on the north by T S. No. 235-3 B; east and south by T.S. No 235-4 B; west by T S No 235-2 B	0-06
Government, dry, S. No. 188-9 part, T S. No 188-9 B, belonging to 343 s. of Vaiyapuri, bounded on the north by T S. No. 188-9 A; east by t.S, No 233-1 B, south by T S No. 188-9 C and 238-3 B; west by T S No 188-1 A	0-07
Government, dry, S No. 233-1 part, T.S. No 233-1 B, belonging to Veeramma, bounded on the north by T.S No 231-1 A, east by T.S No 233-2 B & 14 A; south by T S. No. 233-1 C; west by T.S. No. 233-9 B	0 16

	acs.
Government, dry, S. No 233-1 part, T.S No. 233-2 E, belonging to s. Vadivelu, bounded on the north by T S. No 233 2 A, east by T S. No 233-3 D; south by T S. No. 233-2 C & 14 A; west by T S. No. 233-1 B	0-08
Government, dry, S No. 233-3 part, T S No. 233-3 E, belonging to 394 s. Arumugam Pariyari, bounded on the north by T S Nos. 233-3 A and 188-12 E; east and south by T.S. No. 233-3 C; west by T S. No 233-2 B	0-18
Government, dry, S. No. 233-14 part, T.S No. 233-14 A, belonging to 242. Shanmugam Pillai and Mandekam (usufructuary mortgagee), bounded on the north by T S No 233-9 B, east and south by T.S. No. 233-14 B, west by T S. No 233-1 B ..	5 01
Government, dry, S. No 188-12 part, T.S No. 188-12 B, belonging to 394 s. Arumugam Pariyari, bounded on the north by No. 188-12 A & 7 B; east by T.S. No. 188-3, south by T.S. Nos. 188-12 C and 233-3 E., west by T S. No 188-12 A.	0-26
Government, dry, S No. 188-7 part, T.S No. 188-7 B, belonging to 3 s. Subbaiyanya Pillai and Veerayya Pillai, bounded on the north by T.S. No 188-7 A, east by T.S. No 188-3; south by T.S. No 188-12 B; west by T S. No 188-7 A ..	0 02
Government, dry, S No. 190-1 part, T S No 190-1 E, belonging to 227. s. or Mazudamudi or. Mari, bounded on the north by T S No. 190-1 A; east by T S, No. 190-8 E, south by T S, No. 190-1 C & 1 B; west by T.S. No. 190-1 A ..	0-15
Government, dry, S. No 190-2 part, T S No 190-2 E, belonging to 312. s. Thanganantha Pillai, bounded on the north by T S No. 190-2 A; east by T S No 190-2 B & 2 C; south by T S. No. 190-2 C, 3 B & 9 A, west by T S No 190-2 A ..	0-24
Government, dry, S No 190-3 part, T S No 190-3 B, belonging to 313. s Pachamuthu Nadan, Ge. Kumaraswami Nadan and s. Ammani (Usufructuary mortgagee), bounded on the north by T S. No. 171-12 B & 3-A, east and south by T S. No. 190-3 C; west by T.S No 190-3 A & 2 B	0-21
Government, dry, S. No. 190-6 part, T.S No. 190-6 B, belonging to 457. s. or Maruthamuthu, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 190-6 A & 1 B; east by T S. No. 190-6 C & 7-A; south by T S. No. 190-6 C, west by T.S. No. 189-2	0 20
Government, dry, S. No. 190-7 part, T S No. 190-7 A, belonging to 493. g. Kaliyaperumal Nadar and s. Thanganantha Nadar, bounded on the north by T S No. 190-1 E, east and south T S. No. 190-7 E; west by T.S No 190-6 B	0 02
Government, dry, S. No. 190-8 part, T S No 190 8 B, belonging to 30 Ekambaram Pillai and s. Maruthan (Usufructory mortgagee), bounded on the north by T S. No. 190-8 A & 3 B, east by T S. No 190-3 A & 8 C, south by T.S. No. 190-8 C; west by T S No. 190-1 E	0-15
Government, dry, S. No. 190-9 part, T S. No 190-9 A, belonging to Saruthayan, being minor guardian Chinappan, s. Pachi (Usufructuary mortgagee), bounded on the north by T S. No 190-9 B; east and south by T.S. No. 190-9 B, west by T.S. No. 190-8 E	0-01
Government, dry, S No. 171-12 part T.S. No 172-12 E, belonging to 405. A. V. Sankatha Pillai and Nillanveerasantha (Usufructory mortgagee), bounded on the north by T S No. 172-12 A; east by T S No. 171-6 B; south by T S. Nos. 172-12 C and 190-3 E, west by T S No. 172-12 A ..	0-24
Government, dry, S. No 171-6 part, T.S. No. 171-6 E, belonging to 393 s. s. Vadivelu and Ramaswami, bounded on the north by T S No. 171-5 A & B; east by T.S No 171-7 B, south by T.S. No. 171-6 C, west by T S. No. 173-12 B ..	5 18
Government dry, S. No 171-5 part, T.S No 171-5 E, belonging to 73. s Sakiya Pillai, bounded on the north by T S No. 171-5 A; east by T S. No. 171-7 B; south by T S. No. 171-5 E, west by T S No 171-5 A	5-01
Government, dry, S No. 171-7 part, T.S. No. 171-7 B, belonging to 113 s. s. Karuppan, s. Muruyandi Servandan and s. Rajapandiyan, bounded on the north by T S No 173-7 A; east by Vannarappettai, south by T S. No. 176-7 C, west by T S. No 172-5 B & 6-E	0-59
Government, dry S. No. 169-9 part, T.S No. 169-9 B, belonging to 406 s. Visalakshi and Mariamuthu, bounded on the north by T.S No 169 9 A; east and south by Vannarappettai; west by T.S. No. 169-8 A	5-02
Total ..	9 18

Fort St. George, October 28, 1929.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improvements to the Ayyavayyanar, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Tanjore district, Mayavaram taluk,
No. 27. Aanoppadi village.

	Approximate extent. acres.
Government, dry, S. No. 203-1 A part, belonging to 61, Vaithinatha Ayyar bounded on the north by No 422; east by No 203-1 B part; south by No. 203-1 A part, west by No. 204	0·04
Government, dry, S. No. 203-1 B part, belonging to 24, Venkatarama Ayyar, Ramaia Ayyar and Ramkumartha Ayyar, bounded on the north by No 422, east by No 203-1 C part; south by No. 203-1 B part, west by No 203-1 A part ..	0·02
Government, dry, S. No. 203-1 C part, belonging to 31 Minakshi Ammal, bounded on the north by No. 422, east by No. 203-1 D part, south by No. 203-1 C part; west by No. 203-1 B part	0·06
Government, dry, S. No. 203-1 D part, belonging to 29, Ganapathi Ayyar, bounded on the north by No 422; east by No. 203-2 part; south by No. 203-1 D part; west by No. 203-1 C part ..	0·09
Government, dry, S. No. 203-2 part, belonging to 6 Somasundaram Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 422; east by Nos. 422 and 203-3 part; south by No 203-3 part, west by No. 203-1 B part ..	0·07
Government, dry, S No. 203-3 part, belonging to 30, Kalandar Sahib, bounded on the north by No 422, east by Nos. 422 and 203-5 part, south by No 203-5 part, west by No 203-2 part ..	0·09
Government, dry, S. No. 203-5 part, belonging to 29, Sabesa Ayyar, bounded on the north and east by No. 422; south by No 203-5 part; west by No. 203-3 part	0·01
Government, dry, S. No. 204-2 part, belonging to 7, Venkatarama Ayyar, bounded on the north by No 421; east by Nos. 421 and 204-3 part; south by No. 204-2 part; west by Nos. 421 and 206-2 part	0·05
Government, dry, S. No. 204-3 part, belonging to 29 Sabesa Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 421; east by Nos 421 and 204-4 part; south by No. 204-3 part; west by No. 204-2 part ..	0·02
Government, dry, S. No. 204-4 part, belonging to 30 Kalandar Sahib, bounded on the north by No. 421, east by Nos. 421 and 204-5 part, south by No. 204-4 part; west by No. 204-3 part ..	0·02
Government, dry, S. No 204-5 part, belonging to 18 Rajappa Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 421, east by No 422; south by No. 204-5 part; west by No 204-4 part	0·01
Government, dry, S. No. 204-10 part, belonging to 61, Vaithinatha Ayyar, bounded on the north by No 422, east by No. 203; south by No. 204-10 part; west by No 422	0·01
Government, dry, S. No. 206-1 part, belonging to (1) S. Kalyanarama Ayyar, (2) S. Narayanaswami Ayyar, (3) P. Venkatarama Ayyar (4) P. Vaithinathaswami Ayyar, (5) N. Sundaundaram Pillai, (6) Minara Venkatarama and Subrahmaniyan by guardian Viraswami Ayyar, (7) R. Swaminatha Ayyar, (8) T Ponnuswami Padayachi, (9) A. Rajappa Ayyar, (10) M. Ganapathi Ayyar, (11) S Rangayyar, (12) K Venkatarama Ayyar, (13) S. Kathamatha Padayachi, (14) S. Venkatarama Ayyar, (15) S Ramaia Ayyar, (16) S. Ramamurthi Ayyar, (17) A. V. Subrahmaniya Ayyar, (18) R. Sesha Ayyar, (19) Sakkachi Ammal, (20) Kalandar Sahib, (21) S. Srinivasa Ayyar, (22) S Rathnaswami Pathar, (23) R. Viraswami Padayachi, (24) Minakshi Ammal, (25) S Rajagopala Ayyar, (26) A. Sundarappa Ayyar, (27) M. Rama Ayyar, (28) V. Sabesa Ayyar, (29) P. Nalesa Sastriyal, (30) M. Solia Padayachi,	acres.
(31) R. Ayyaswami Shaleganar, (32) S. Govindaswami Shaleganar, (33) K. Krishnaswami Shaleganar, (34) Minor Subrahmaniyan by guardian Kamakshi Ammal, (35) A. R. Vaithinatha Ayyar, (36) Marimuthu, (37) V. Ramaswami Padayachi, (38) A. Rajanga Padayachi, (39) A. Ayyathurai Padayachi, (40) Minor Arumugam by guardian Rajanga Padayachi, (41) Abdul Rahaman Sahib, (42) Muhammad Ezuf Rawuthar, (43) N. Varuthana, (44) S Swaminatha Ayyar, (45) S. Narayanaswami Ayyar, (46) S Sabesa Ayyar and (47) Abdul Kadir Sahib (enjoyers) all except Nos. (2), (27), (45), (31), (32), (33), (36), (42) to (46) bounded on the north by No 421; east by No 2 S-5 part, south by No. 206-1 S S parts, west by No. 421	0·11
Government, dry, S. No. 206-8 part, belonging to 27, Raghavayyar, Venkatarama Ayyar and Rajanga Padayachi (enjoyer) Rajanga Padayachi, bounded on the north by No 206-1 part; east by No 206-8 part, south by No. 206 S part; west by No 206-1 & 8 parts	0·01
Government dry, S. No 206-9 part, belonging to 26 Subrahmaniya Ayyar (enjoyer) R. Sesha Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 421; east by No. 206-11 part; south by No. 206-9 part, west by No. 206-1 & 8 parts	0·02
Government, dry, S. No. 206-11 part, belonging to 35, Rajagopala Ayyar and Sundarappa Ayyar (enjoyer) Swaminatha Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 421; east by 206 421 and 206-13 part; south by No 206-11 part, west by No. 206-9 part	0·01
Government, dry, S. No. 206-13 part, belonging to 12, Rama Ayyar and A. R. Vaithinatha Ayyar (enjoyer) A. R. Vaithinatha Ayyar, bounded on the north and east by No 421, south by No 206-13 part, west by No 206-11 part	0·01

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improvements to the Ayyavayyanar, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Tanjore district Mayavaram taluk,
No. 22. Vilhanallur village.

	acres.
Government, dry, R S. No. 353 part, belonging to 118 Chatram Charity by trustee Ratnaswami Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 353 part; east and south by No. 367; west by No. 367 ..	0·05
Government, dry, R S No. 355-1 part, belonging to 124 Uthumanna Rowther, Appathurai Padayachi, minor Muthukumaran by guardian Arumukha Pillai and Kalandar Sahib enjoyers all except Appathurai Padayachi, bounded on the north by Nos 355-1 part; east by No. 1355-2 part, south and west by No 354	0·14
Government, dry, R.S Nos. 365-2 part, belonging to 118, Chatram Charity by trustee Ratnaswami Pillai, bounded on the north by No 365-2 part; east by No. 367, south by No. 364, west by No. 365-1 part	0·02
Government, dry, R.S. No 378 part, belonging to 131 Subramania Padayachi and Somia Padayachi (enjoyers), Subramania Padayachi and Somia Padayachi, bounded on the north by Nos. 377 and 378 part, east by No 378 part; south and west by No. 378	0·01
Government dry, R.S. No. 379 part, belonging to Chinnakkandu Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 378 part; east and south by No. 416, west by No. 378 part	0·06
Government, dry R.S. No 379-13 part, belonging to 107 owners Thangavelu and Kuppuswamy, bounded on the north by guardian Neelambalachi, bounded on the north by Nos. 379-10 part, east by No. 379-11 part; south by No. 416; west by Nos. 416 and 379-8 ..	0·01

		acs.
Government, dry, R.S. No. 379-11 part, belonging to 143 Sadaya Pillai bounded on the north by No. 379-11 part, west and south by No. 376; west by No. 379-10 part		0·07
Government dry, R.S. No 379-13 part, belonging to 236 Perumal Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 379-13 part, east by No 379-14 part; south by No 376; west by No. 379-12 & 13 part.		0·01
Government, dry, R S No 379-16 part, belonging to 167, Manna Thangavelu and Kunjithapathan by guardian Sankaralatchi, bounded on the north by No. 379-14 part, east by No. 376-15; south by No 376; west by No. 379-13 part		0·04
Government, dry, R S No 379-12, belonging to 242, V. Srinivasa Pillai and Duraiswami Padayachi (enjoyers), Duraiswami Padayachi, Kammanmi Padayachi, Sons, Padayachi and Ramasami Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 380, east by Nos. 377 and 376, south by No. 376; west by No. 379-14 part.		0·05
Government, dry, R.S. No 435-11 part, belonging to 118 Supiraya Pillai, bounded on the north by No 476, east by No 435-12 part; south by No. 435-14 part; west by No. 476		0·21
Government, dry, R S No 435-13 part, belonging to 143 Sadaya Pillai, bounded on the north by No. 476; east by No 435-18, south by No. 435-12 part, west by No. 435-12 part		0·02
Government, dry, R S No. 435-16, belonging to 163. Sadaya Pillai, bounded on the north and east by No. 476; south by No. 435-17; west by No 476		0·20
Total ..		0·74

Fort St. George, October 21, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 2 68 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Canal system of the Cauvery Mettur Project; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk, No. 19. Vilar Kaiba Thattam, (Mokhasa inam) village.

		acs.
Inam, wet, S. No. 429-5 part, T.S. No. 429-4 B, bedivamandara Chidambara Konar, Kannuswami Tevar and Valambal, meivarandar Ry. V Visvanathadji Sahib, bounded on the north by T.S No 429-5 A, east by T.S. No. 429-6 B, south and west by S. No. 430		0·08
Inam, wet, S No 429-6 part, T.S. No 429-6 B, bedivamandara Ratnasami, Tyagaraja Tevar and Thayarmmal (mortgagees, surivaramdar Ry V. Visvanathadji Sahib, bounded on the north by T.S. No 429-6 A, east by T.S No 427-4 B; south by S No. 430; west by T.S. No 429-5 B		0·11
Inam, wet, S. No 427-4 part, T.S. No 427 4 D, bedivamandar Pakkirisami Vannian, meivaramdar Ry. V. T I. Subbarandji Bhonsle, bounded on the north by T-S. No 427-4 A; east by T.S. No. 428-2; south by S No. 428-2 & 2, west by S. Nos. 428-1 and 429-6 B		0·16
Inam, dry, S. No. 431 A-1 part, T S No. 431 A 1 A, O S No 431-1, Sadivamandara Ratnasami, Arumuga Vannai and Tyagaraja Tevar, meivarandar Ry. Pratapasimha Raja Sahib, bounded on the north and east by S No 433; south by S. No. 431 A-1 B; west by Kandiamperitta village		0·04
Inam, dry, S. No. 431 E-1 part, T S No. 431 E-1 A, O S No. 431 1, Sadivamandara Ratnasami, Tyagaraja Tevar, Kannuswami Tevar, Valambal and Thayarmal (mortgagees) meivarandar Ry Pratapasimha Raja Sahi, bounded on the north by S. No. 433; east by Sub. No. 431 E-2 A; south by S. No 431 E-1 B; west by S No 188		0·02
Inam, dry, S No. 431 E-2 part, T S. No. 431 E-2 A, O.S No. 431-2, Sadivamandar Ponnuswami, being minor, guardian and mother Rajamani, Muniyappa Vandayar, meivaramdar Ry Pratapasimha Raja Sahib, bounded on the north and east by S. No 131 and T S. No. 429-4; south by T S. No. 431 E-2 B; west by T.S. No. 431 E-1 A ..		0·07
Inam, shanmi, S No. 430, bathwaramu Ry. Rajamannaja Sahib and brothers, being minors, guardian Ry. T. N. Athmaram Mahalinh Rao Sahib, Ry. Pratapsimha Raja Sahib, Ry. V. T. I. Subbamandaji Bhonsle, Ry V. Vasudanandaji Sahib Ry V. T. R. Ramadas Sahib and Dinkarath Sahib, bounded on the north by Pudaiyur village and S. No 429-6 E & S E east by T S. No 428-1, south by T.S No. 431 E-1 A & 2 A; west by T S No 431 E-1 A & 2 A and S. No. 466		1·05
Inam, dhanmi, S No. 428 part, T S. No. 428-1, bathwaramu Ry Rajamannaja Sahib and brothers, being minors, guardian Ry T N Athmaram Mahalinh Rao Sahib, Ry. Pratapsimha Raja Sahib, Ry V. T I. Subbamandaji Bhonsle, Ry. V. Vasudanandaji Sahib, Ry V. T. R. Ramadas Sahib and Dinkarath Sahib, bounded on the north by T S. No 427-4 C; east by T S No. 428-2; south by T S Nos. 428-2 and 431 B-2 A; west by S. No. 430		0·13
Total ..		2·69

Fort St. George, October 17, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 2 69 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improvements to Ayyavayyanar; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Mayavaram taluk, No 89, Alavoli village.

		acs.
Government, dry, No. 19-1, belonging to S Krishnamurthi Ayyar, S. Mahalinga Ayyar, G. Panchapakesa Ayyar, T. K. Veeraraghava Ayyar and S. Venkatrama Sastri (enjoyers), S. Mahalinga Ayyar, G Panchapakesa Ayyar and T K. Veeraraghava Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 18; east by No 20; south by No. 19-2; west by No 49		0·37
Government, dry, No. 20-1, belonging to Srila Sri Gnana Sambanda Pandara Sannthi of Dharmapuram Mutt, bounded on the north by No 21; east by No. 25-1; south by Nos. 29-2 and 252; west by No 19-1		0·46
Government, wet, No. 22-1 B, belonging to Srila Sri Gnana Sambanda Pandara Sannthi of Dharmapuram Mutt, bounded on the north by No. 22-1 A, east by No. 22-2 B; south by No. 252, west by No. 21		0·07
Government, wet, No. 33 B, belonging to Srila Sri Gnana Sambanda Pandara Sannthi of Dharmapuram Mutt, bounded on the north by No. 33-2 A; east by No 34; south by Nos. 252 and 35; west by No. 22		0·15
Government, dry, No. 34, belonging to Srila Sri Gnana Sambanda Pandara Sannthi of Dharmapuram Mutt, bounded on the north by No. 35; east by Nos. 252 and 35, south by No 252; west by Nos. 252 and 35		0·21
Government, dry No. 37, belonging to Srila Sri Gnana Sambanda Pandara Sannthi of Dharmapuram Mutt, bounded on the north by No. 38; east, south and west by No. 252		0·53
Government, dry, No 47, belonging to Srila Sri Gnana Sambanda Pandara sannthi of Dharmapuram Mutt, bounded on the north by No. 46; east by village No. 88 Semangalam, south and west by No. 252		0·09
Government, dry, No 50-1, belonging to Srinivasa Ayyar, Maruntha Pandithan, Arunachala Pillai, S Subrahmanya Ayyar and T K Veeraraghava Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 48; east and south by No. 50-2, west by No. 49 ..		0·06
Government, wet, No. 173, belonging to Srila Sri Gnana Sambanda Pandara Sannthi of Dharmapuram Mutt, bounded on the north and east by No 252, south by No 176, west by No. 252 ..		0·12
Total ..		2·69

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land approximately specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Cauvery-Mettur Reservoir Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector, Bhavani, his staff and workmen and the Executive Engineer, Cauvery-Mettur Project, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Bhavani, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the above officer within thirty days after the issue of this notification, a statement in writing of their objection, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Salem district, Mettur taluk,
Kaveripuram village.

	Acre.
S. No 272 C, belonging to Local Fund checkery, President, District Board, Coimbatore	0·15

Note.—The extent shown in the notification is in addition to that notified at page 1438 of Part I of *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 11th August 1926.

Fort St. George, October 18, 1929.

Whereas it appears to Government that the temple specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Cauvery-Mettur Reservoir Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector, Bhavani, his staff and workmen and the Executive Engineer, Cauvery-Mettur Project, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Bhavani, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the above officer within thirty days after the issue of this notification a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Salem district, Mettur taluk,
Kaveripuram village.

S. No. 110, belonging to Thimmarayaswami temple, Kappuswami Ayyar of Kaveripuram (poojari) .. superstructure alone.

Fort St. George, October 21, 1929.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Canal System of the Cauvery-Mettur Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act, and under section 3 (c) of the Act appoints the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Tanjore, within thirty days after the issue of this notification, a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk,
No. 62, Wannarappettai village.

	Acre.
Government, dry, S. No 98 A-7	0·01
" S. No 144-19	0·01
" b, No 144-b	0·01

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for an anicut house and storage tank for the pumping set at Repalle, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tenali, and his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under sub section (4) of section 17 of the Act, the Governor in Council directs that in view of the urgency of the case the provisions of section 5 A of the Act shall not apply to the acquisition of the waste or arable lands specified in the schedule.

Guntur district, Repalle taluk,
Repalle village.

	Approximate extent, Acre.
(Arable)	
Enfranchised personal, inam, dry, S. No 239-2 A part (Bar Well, pattadar Sulimetti Papamma, Rajulu Akkambabu, Seshamuvvaru being minor mother and guardian Seshavatamma, Sankaram, Gopalakrishnayya and Hanumantha Rao, supplier Bolisetti Hanumantha Rao, bounded on the north by No 239-1, east by No. 239-3 B, south and west by No 239-2 A	0·23

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the improvement of the tank of Brahmadesam village, Cheyyar taluk, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Cheyyar, and his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Cheyyar, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act

North Arcot district, Cheyyar taluk,
Brahmadesam village.

	Approximate extent, Acre.
(Arable)	
Government, dry, S No. 702-8 B, Ammawatsal Nayakan (owner), Sarvashri Krishnaswami Ayyar (mortgagee), bounded on the north by No 702-8 A; east by No 702-9 B, south by No. 702 8 C; west by No 702 8 A	0·18
Government, dry, S. No. 702-9 B, Gowinda Nayakan (owner), Tamvaraiah Achiryar (mortgagee), bounded on the north by No 702-9 A; east by No 703-8 B; south by No. 703-8 C, west by No 702-8 C	0·19
Government, dry, S. No. 703-8 B, belonging to Kilappa Narayanaswami Nayakan, bounded on the north by No 703-8 A; east by No. 703-8 B, south by No 703-8 C; west by No. 702-8 B ..	0·07

	Ac.
Government, dry, S. No. 709-8 F, belonging to Ellappal Narayanaswami Nayakan (registered holder), anjuvaru Ellappal Narayanaswami Nayakan, Govindarajn Nayakan and Natesa Nayakan, bounded on the north by No. 709-8 A, east by No. 709-8 A & 8 B, south by No. 709-8 C & 11 and 712; west by No. 709-8 B	0 63
Government, dry, S. No. 709-8 E, belonging to Nesa Ekala, bounded on the north by No. 709-8 A; east by No. 713, south by No. 712; west by No. 709-8 B	0-05
Total ..	1 01

ACQUISITION OF TREE.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the tree specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Canal System of the Cauvery-Mettur Project; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector No. 1, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Land Acquisition Duty, No. 1, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk,
No. 36. Unjirudu village.

Perumbebu, No. 139 B-2, belonging to S. C. Pattadars M. Muthuveera Thevar and Chinna Adaikkala Thevar, bounded on the north by No. 132 B-1; east by No. 139-8 B, south by No. 132 B-3; west by No. 139-8 B	One bearing tree only.

A. G. LEACH,
Secretary to Government.

PAPERS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE PRESS.

BETWEEN 22ND AND 29TH OCTOBER 1929.

INDUSTRIES—*Administration Report*—1928-29—Recorded, G.O. No. 1736, Development, 10th October 1929, [ ]

CENTRAL PROPAGANDA BOARD—Mr. A. J. Leeds—Appointed as member in the place of Mr. W. O. Wright, G.O. No. 2130, P.H., 8th October 1929, [1 s.]

ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1928-29—Srivilliputtur Municipal Council—Reviewed, G.O. No. 4237, L. & M., 19th September 1929, [1 s.]

ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1928-29—Vilupuram Municipal Council—Reviewed G.O. No. 4308, L. & M., 27th September 1929, [2 s.]

ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1928-29—Palamcottah Municipal Council—Reviewed, G.O. No. 4410, L. & M., 1st October 1929 [2 s.]

ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1928-29—Mayavaram Municipal Council—Reviewed, G.O. No. 4417, L. & M., 1st October 1929 [1 s.]

ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1928-29—Tadpatri Municipal Council—Reviewed, G.O. No. 4424, L. & M., 7th October 1929. [1 s.]

ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1928-29—Chidambaram Municipal Council—Reviewed G.O. No. 4453, L. & M., 8th October 1929. [1 s.]

ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1928-29—Ambasamudram Municipal Council—Reviewed, G.O. No. 4302, L. & M., 24th September 1929. [1 s.]

ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1928-29—Tellicherry Municipal Council—Reviewed G.O. No. 4532, L. & M., 9th October 1929. [1 s.]

ADMINISTRATION REPORT—1928-29—Guntur Municipal Council—Reviewed, G.O. No. 4515, L. & M., 7th October 1929. [1 s.]

[N.B.—*Copies of any of the foregoing papers can be obtained on payment of the price noted in brackets against each on application to the Superintendent, Government Branch Press, Mount Road, Madras.*]

H. G. STOKES,
Acting Chief Secretary.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

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ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ് ഗസറ്റ്

I-ാം ഭാഗത്തോടുചേർന്ന സപ്ലിമെൻറ്

SUPPLEMENT TO PART I OF THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

OCTOBER 29, 1929.

നമ്പർ 44.] മദിരാശി: ബുധനാഴ്ച, 1929 ഒക്ടോബർ 23-ാം. [Price, 6 pies.

ഗവർമെണ്ട് പ്രസ്താവങ്ങളുടെ മലയാള തർജ്ജമ.

Malayalam Translation of Notifications by Government.

ലാ (ജനറൽ) ഡിപ്പാർട്ട്മെൻറ്.

പ്രസ്താവം.

ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ്, 1929 ഒക്ടോബർ 23-ാം.

നമ്പർ 736.—1923 മാർച്ച് 20-ാം തീയതിയത്തെ ഫോർട്ട് സെൻറ് ജോർജ് ഗസറ്റിെൻറ I എന്ന ഖണ്ഡം 327 മുതല്ക്കുള്ള പേജുകളിൽ ലാ ഡിപ്പാർട്ട്മെൻറ് 209-ാം നമ്പർ പ്രസ്താവത്തിൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്ന 1923 ലെ മദിരാശി മോട്ടോർവണ്ടി ചട്ടങ്ങളിൽ,—1914 ലെ ഇന്ത്യൻ മോട്ടോർവണ്ടി ആക്ട് (1914 ലെ 8) 11-ാം വകുപ്പിനാൽ സിദ്ധിച്ച അധികാരങ്ങൾ പ്രകാരം—ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ താഴെ പറയുന്ന ഭേദഗതി വരുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ഭേദഗതി,

താഴെ പറയുന്നതു 25-B എന്ന ചട്ടമായി ചേർക്കണം :

25-B. ഒരു മോട്ടോർവണ്ടി കാൽനടക്കാർക്കുള്ള വഴിയിൽ കൂടി ഓടുകയോ, ഏതു നിരത്തിലോ തെരുവീഥിയിലോ മറ്റു പൊതുസ്ഥലത്തു കൂടി അശ്രദ്ധമായി വണ്ടി ഓടിക്കുന്നതു തടയാൻ ചട്ടണത്തിൽ പോലീസ് കമീഷണർ മറ്റു സ്ഥലങ്ങളിൽ ഡിസ്ട്രിക്ട് മജിസ്ട്രേട്ട് വിലക്കിയിരിക്കുന്നതൊഴികെ അശ്രദ്ധമായി വല്ല നിരത്തിലോ തെരുവീഥിയിലോ പൊതുസ്ഥലത്തോ കൂടി അശ്രദ്ധമായി വണ്ടി ഓടിക്കയോ ചെയ്യുകൂടാത്തതാകുന്നു.

എ. എൻ. ഡബ്ലു. ഡിക്സൻ,

ഗവർണർക്കു വേണ്ടി സെക്രട്ടറി.

(A true translation)

P. V. KURUVILA,

Malayalam Translator to Government.

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Part I-A.—Local Self-Government.

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LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, October 29, 1929.

No. 1763.—Subject to eligibility M R.Ry. N. Krishna Pillai, District Board Engineer, Tinnevelly (on leave), an extension of leave on average pay without medical certificate up to the end of October 1929.

APPOINTMENTS

No. 1764.—Under sections 7 (3) and 11 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, Government appoint the following persons to be councillors of the municipal councils noted against their names :—

Rev. Paulus Visvasam—Tiruvannamalai Municipal Council.

Muhammad Ghouse Sahib Bahadur, B.A., B.L. —Cocanada Municipal Council

Mr. Arthur Coleman Flower—Villupuram Municipal Council.

Mr. Kanakaraya Thirunelvam Poul, B.A., L.T., O.B.E.—Salem Municipal Council.

Rev. Paul S. Rangaramanujam—Dharapuram Municipal Council.

M.R Ry Thottungal Padmanabhan Appukuttan—Palghat Municipal Council.

M R Ry. James Thangaraja Pillay Avergal and M R.Ry. M. D. Ranganatha Mudaliyar Avargal—Tinnevelly Municipal Council.

No. 1765.—Under section 9 (4) (a) of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, Government appoint the following gentlemen to be members of the Trichinapoly District Board :—

M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur Sir T. Desikachariyar Avargal, *Ex.*

M.R Ry. U. Ramaswami Iyer Avargal, M L.C.

No. 1766.—Lieut.-Col. A. S. Leslie, I.M.S., on relief as Surgeon to His Excellency the Governor of Madras, to resume his permanent appointment as Civil Surgeon, Coonoor.

No. 1767.—In exercise of the power vested in them by clause (*c*) of sub section (1) of section 5 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919, Government are pleased to appoint Mr R. Dane as councillor of the Corporation of Madras.

HILTON BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

No. 1768.—M R Ry Rao Sahib T. Madhava Rao Avargal, B.A., L.M.&S. (Edin.), to be considered to have acted as Professor of Pharmacology, Medical College, Visagapatam, in addition to his duties from the 14th to 20th July 1929, both days inclusive.

S. RANGANATHAN,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

POSTINGS.

No. 1769.—Mr. R. L. Molloy, District Board Engineer, will, on return from leave, join at Bellary.

No. 1770.—Mr. W. E. Haldwell, District Board Engineer, will, on the expiry of his leave, join in Salem.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 1771.—The Government are pleased to promote the undermentioned Sub-Assistant Surgeons as Civil Assistant Surgeons in the Madras Medical Service with effect from the date on which they take charge of their appointments :—

M R Ry. Chingleput Duraiswami Mudaliyar Avergal.

M.R.Ry. S. Viswanatha Ayyar Avergal.

(They will be on probation for a period of six months each.)

TRANSFER

No. 1772.—M.B.Sy. M. K. Duraiswami Ayyar Avargal, District Board Engineer, Salem, is transferred to the Nilgiris.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 1773.—As prescribed by the rules relating to the election of presidents and vice-presidents of local Boards, it is hereby notified that M.R.By. T. M. Jambulinga Mudaliar Avargal has been elected Vice-President of the South Arcot District Board.

HILTON BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

No. 1774.—As prescribed by the rules relating to the election of members of district boards by taluk boards, it is hereby notified that M.R.Ry. Vallura Venkatasubba Reddi Garu has been elected member of the Nellore District Board by the Gudur Taluk Board.

GHULAM HUSAIN,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, October, 22, 1929
(G.O. Ms. No. 2568, P.H.).

No. 1775.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Madras Prevention of Adulteration Act, 1918 (Madras Act III of 1918), as amended by the Madras Prevention of Adulteration (Amendment) Act, 1927 (Madras Act II of 1928), the Governor acting with Ministers is hereby pleased to extend, with effect from 1st November 1929, the provisions of the first mentioned Act in respect of all kinds of food to the areas under the control of the Municipal Councils of Kumbakonam and Tellicherry.

Fort St. George, October 29, 1929.

No. 1776.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT

RAILWAY BOARD.

Simla, the 10th October 1929.

No. 3672-T.—In the Schedule I, annexed to the Government of India, Railway Department Notification No. 3672-2-F, dated the 14th February 1929, specifying the taxes payable in aid of the funds of certain Local Authorities by the Administration of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, *delete* the entry "Water and Drainage tax" against item "7, Trivpati Municipality".

Also in the Schedule II, annexed to the said notification *insert* the words "No. 56-F/20, dated the 23rd April 1929" against item "17 Masulipatam Municipality" and "No. 230, dated the 24th August 1911" against items "10. Rajahmundry Municipality" and "16. Ellore Municipality".

No. 1777.—In modification of Notification No. 1735 published on page 678 of Part I-A of the *Fort St George Gazette*, dated 22nd October 1929, the following revised lists of plague-infected areas are published :—

A.—In the Madras Presidency.

Taluk or Town.

Salem—Taluk—Hosur.
Madura { Taluks—Periyakulam and Uttamapalaiyam.
Town—Periyakulam.
Bellary—Taluks—Harpanahalli and Kudligi.
Malabar—Town—Calicut.
Anantapur—Taluk—Hindupur.
Coimbatore—Taluk—Gobichettipalaiyam.

B.—Outside the Madras Presidency.

[Infected localities—Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.]

I. MYSORE STATE.

Districts—Hassan, Mysore, Kolar, Tumkur, Bangalore, Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldroog.
Towns—Mysore and Bangalore.

II. BOMBAY.

Districts—Belgaum, Dharwar, Nasik, Satara, Bijapur, Poona, Kanara, Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country States, Sholapur, Thana and Satara Agency.
Towns—Hubli and Sholapur.

III. BURMA.

Districts—Meiktila, Thaton, Hanzada, Pegu, Tharrawady, Maubin, Northern Shan States, Toungoo, Insein and Southern Shan States.
Towns—Rangoon, Bassein and Mandalay.

IV. CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Districts—Betul, Chindwara, Mandla, Nagpur, Sangor, Hoshangabad, Amraoti and Jubbulpore.
Towns—Betul Bazar and Hoshangabad.

V. HYDERABAD STATE.

Districts—Raichur, Usmanabad, Gulbarga, Nander and Hyderabad city and suburbs.

VI. BIHAR AND ORISSA.

Districts—Muzaffarpur and Monghyr.

VII. UNITED PROVINCES.

Districts—Fyzabad and Ghazipur.

VIII CENTRAL INDIA AGENCY.

Bhopal State.

HILTON BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929
(G.O. Ms. No. 2581, P.H.).

No. 1778.—The Government sanction a further extension of time up to the end of November 1930, for the preparation, printing and submission by the Rajahmundry Municipal Council of the three town-planning schemes called for in G.O. No. 217, P.H., dated 18th January 1926.

Fort St. George, October 24, 1929
(G.O. Ms. No. 2597, P.H.).

No. 1779.—The Government sanction an extension of time up to 30th November 1929 for the preparation, printing and submission by the Palni Municipal Council of a town-planning scheme for the Railway station area called for in G.O No. 982, P.H., dated the 8th April 1929.

Fort St. George, October 21, 1929
(G.O Ms No. 4720, L, & M.)

No. 1760.—Application of the Nellore Municipal Council for a loan of Rs. 3,700 from Government under the Local Authorities Loans Rules, 1918.

The purpose for which the loan is required, and the estimated cost—Improvements to the Municipal office building—Amount of estimate—Rs. 3,700.

The amount which it is proposed to borrow—Rs. 3,700 (Three thousand and seven hundred only).

The fund on the security of which it is proposed to borrow—The general funds of the Nellore Municipal Council.

The law under which the said fund is levied, received or held—The Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920.

The date within which the money is to be borrowed—The loan will be taken in one instalment in 1929-30.

The rate of interest at which it is proposed to borrow—Six per cent.

The term of years for which the money is to be borrowed and the method by which it is to be repaid—The loan will be repaid in six equal annual instalments of Rs. 767 inclusive of interest.

An account of the financial position of the local authority, including a statement of all existing prior charges on its funds—Attached.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE NELLORE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL FOR THE FOUR YEARS ENDING WITH THE CURRENT YEAR.

Part I.—Account of receipts and expenditure of the General and Special Service Accounts—Ordinary.

A. General Account.

Receipts.	I. General taxation and miscellaneous revenues.	II. Management.	III. Communications	IV. Education, other than elementary.	V. Public health.	VI. Remunerative enterprises.	Total	*Deduct*—Contribution from General Account to Elementary Education Account—Ordinary	Net total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total receipts:									
Actuals, 1926-27 ..	73,933	271	31,385	12,667	23,472	7,843	1,49,716	13,250	1,36,464
Do. 1927-28 ..	68,421	810	35,540	13,471	26,372	11,303	1,55,916	14,020	1,41,228
Do. 1928-29 ..	70,188	1,800	36,251	16,556	22,213	13,824	1,70,832	14,020	1,56,812
Budget estimate, 1929-30	69,770	400	36,010	13,340	21,350	13,200	1,54,070	13,220	1,41,850
Deduct—									
Receipts from endowments:									
Actuals, 1926-27 ..	..	..	3,591	..	..	..	3,591	..	3,591
Do. 1927-28 ..	..	..	4,100	..	..	..	4,100	..	4,100
Do. 1928-29 ..	..	..	3,434	..	..	..	3,434	..	3,434
Budget estimate, 1929-30.	..	..	3,060	..	..	..	3,060	..	3,060
Special Government grants:									
Actuals, 1926-27 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. 1927-28 ..	..	..	5,000	..	..	..	5,000	..	5,000
Do. 1928-29 ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Budget estimate, 1929-30.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Net receipts available for ordinary expenditure:									
Actuals, 1926-27 ..	73,933	271	27,977	12,667	23,472	7,843	1,46,123	13,250	1,32,873
Do. 1927-28 ..	68,421	810	136,940	13,471	26,372	11,303	1,49,148	14,020	1,35,128
Do. 1928-29 ..	70,188	1,800	36,230	16,556	22,213	13,824	1,70,099	14,020	1,56,079
Budget estimate, 1929-30.	69,770	400	33,050	13,340	21,350	13,200	1,51,060	13,220	1,37,840

Expenditure.	I. Management.	II. Communications.	III. Education, other than elementary.	IV. Public health.	V. Remunerative enterprises account.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total expenditure:						
Actuals, 1926-27	32,843	32,437	10,878	68,203	6,513	1,50,869
Do. 1927-28	24,141	22,100	21,911	68,070	4,672	1,40,894
Do. 1928-29	26,862	30,579	27,393	59,061	5,304	1,49,181
Budget estimate, 1929-30	26,890	30,710	23,400	49,960	4,050	1,53,100
Deduct—						
Expenditure from endowments:						
Actuals, 1926-27	..	3,592	..	..	..	3,592
Do. 1927-28	..	3,661	..	..	..	3,661
Do. 1928-29	..	3,562	..	..	..	3,562
Budget estimate, 1929-30	..	3,500	..	..	..	3,500
Net expenditure incurred from ordinary receipts:						
Actuals, 1926-27	32,843	28,754	10,878	68,203	6,513	1,27,186
Do. 1927-28	24,141	18,537	21,911	68,070	4,672	1,37,431
Do. 1928-29	26,862	27,004	27,393	59,061	5,304	1,45,619
Budget estimate, 1929-30	26,890	33,210	23,400	49,960	4,050	1,49,900

E. Special Service Account.

Receipts.

	C. Elementary Education Account.	D. Water-supply and Drainage Account.
	Rs.	Rs.
Total receipts including contribution from General account—Ordinary :		
Actuals, 1926-27 ..	39,137	34,639
Do. 1927-28 ..	53,853	31,971
Do 1928-29 ..	58,029	27,720
Budget estimate, 1929-30.	40,150	28,150
Net receipts from special taxation and receipts under the account :		
Actuals, 1926-27 ..	39,137	34,639
Do. 1927-28 ..	53,853	31,971
Do. 1928-29 ..	58,029	27,720
Budget estimate, 1929-30.	40,150	28,150

Expenditure.

	C Elementary Education Account.	D. Water-supply and Drainage Account.
	Rs.	Rs.
Total expenditure .		
Actuals, 1926-27 ..	31,884	27,424
Do. 1927-28 ..	38,792	21 934
Do 1928-29 ..	56,679	38,868
Budget estimate, 1929-30 .	42,885	34,850
Net expenditure from taxation and receipts other than endowments and special contributions and special Government grants :		
Actuals, 1926-27 ..	31,884	27,424
Do. 1927-28 ..	38,792	21,934
Do 1928-29 ..	54,679	38,868
Budget estimate, 1929-30.	42,885	34,850

Part II.—Particulars of the net surplus or deficit under general fund

(1)	Actuals, 1926-27. (2)	Actuals, 1927-28. (3)	Actuals, 1928-29. (4)	Budget estimate, 1929-30. (5)
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Net total receipts under A. General Account—Ordinary	7,52,873	1,35,126	1,68,989	1,36,650
(b) Net total expenditure under A General Account—Ordinary ..	1,27,186	1,37,431	1,46,619	1,49,000
(c) Difference (a) — (b)	5,687	— 2,305	+ 10,370	— 11,840
(d) Net earnings of railways after deducting charges for repayment of loans	..	..	..	..
(e) Ordinary surplus or deficit [total of (c) and (d)]	5,687	— 2,305	+ 10 370	— 11,840
(f) Capital expenditure charged to	669	..	1,037	..
(g) Actual capital expenditure under all accounts incurred from the general account of the local body,	4,074	15,965	9,440	6,260
(h) Opening balance under A. General Account—Ordinary	36,626	38,243	31,985	28,838
(i) Closing balance under A General Account—Ordinary, ...	38,243	31,985	28,916	10,796
(j) Minimum closing balance	6,943	6,355	7,062	6 803
(k) Deficiency in the closing balance	..	..	..	..

Statement of Assets and Liabilities on 31st March 1929

Assets.

	Rs.
(f) Arrears of taxes	35,159
(m) Arrears of other revenue	12,243
(n) Balance in investments on 31st March 1929 under—	
(i) General account	40,474
(ii) Lighting ,, ...	..
(iii) Elementary education account ..	6,791
(iv) Water-supply and drainage account ..	27,243
(v) Railway Account	..

Liabilities.

	Rs.
(o) Outstanding bills	1,102
(p) Other liabilities	..
(q) Unclaimed cheques	4,138
(r) Balance of loans on 31st March, 1929 ..	47,570

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929.
(G.O. Mr. No. 4738, L. & M.)

No. 1781.—IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE "PALLACHI HOSPITAL ENDOWMENT FUND".

Whereas application has been made to the Government of Madras under sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 (VI of 1890), by the Pallachi Municipal Council acting in the administration of the Trust Fund known as the "Pallachi Hospital Endowment Fund" for vesting the securities relating to the said Fund in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments, Madras, the Governor acting with Ministers, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the said Act is hereby pleased to direct that the said securities shall vest in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Madras and be held by him and his successors, subject to the provisions of the said Act and to any rules which may from time to time be made or shall be deemed to have been made thereunder upon trust for the purposes and subject to the conditions set forth in the scheme settled under section 8 of the said Act for the administration of the said Fund.

Schedule.

Description of securities.

3½ per cent stock of 1865 for Rs. 17,700.

No. 1782.—IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE "PALLACHI HOSPITAL ENDOWMENT FUND".

Whereas application has been made to the Government of Madras under sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 (VI of 1890), by the Pallachi Municipal Council acting in the administration of the Trust Fund known as the "Pallachi Hospital Endowment Fund" for settling a scheme for the administration of the said Fund, it is hereby notified that the Governor acting with Ministers, has, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the said Act, settled the scheme set forth in the schedule hereto annexed for the administration of the said Fund and referred to in Notification No. 1781 supra and that such scheme shall come into operation on the 25th October 1929.

Schedule.

Scheme for the administration of the Pollachi Hospital Endowment Fund.

The Fund shall be known as the Pollachi Hospital Endowment Fund.

2. The Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras for the time being shall administer the Fund.

3. The interest accruing on the securities of the Fund shall be used annually in obtaining such equipment of medicines and surgical instruments and appliances of bedding and clothing and furniture for the Pollachi Hospital, Pollachi, as in the opinion of the Surgeon-General such hospital may stand in need of.

4. The interest shall be paid to the Surgeon-General who shall utilize the same to meet the cost of the said equipment.

5. The amount of the Fund may be reinvested from time to time in Government securities.

6. All interest accruing on the securities of the Fund that may not be utilized or required for the said equipment shall be accumulated and such accumulations shall, from time to time be invested in the securities of the Government of India and added to the corpus of the Fund.

Fort St. George, October 22, 1929
(G.O. Ms. No. 1787, L. & M.).

No. 1783.—In the matter of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, and in the matter of "Chicacole Hospital Endowment Fund".

Whereas application has been made to the Government of Madras under sub section (1) of section 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 (VI of 1890), by the Chicacole Municipal Council acting in the administration of the Trust Fund known as the "Chicacole Hospital Endowment Fund" for vesting the securities relating to the said Fund in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments, Madras, the Governor acting with Ministers, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the said Act is hereby pleased to direct that the said securities shall vest in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Madras and be held by him and his successors, subject to the provisions of the said Act, and to any rules which may from time to time be made or shall be deemed to have been made thereunder upon trust for the purposes and subject to the conditions set forth in the scheme settled under section 5 of the said Act for the administration of the said Fund.

Schedule.

Description of security.

Rs. 2,000 invested in Government Promissory Notes of 1958 at 3½ (three and a half) per cent.

No. 1784.—In the matter of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, and in the matter of the "Chicacole Hospital Endowment Fund".

Whereas application has been made to the Government of Madras under sub section (1) of section 6 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 (VI of 1890), by the Chicacole Municipal Council acting in the administration of the Trust Fund known as the "Chicacole Hospital Endowment Fund" for settling a scheme for the administration of the said Fund, it is hereby notified that the Governor acting with Ministers has, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the said Act, settled the scheme set forth in the Schedule hereto annexed for the administration of the said Fund and referred to in Notification No. 1783 supra and that such scheme shall come into operation on the 25th October 1929.

Schedule.

Scheme for the administration of the Chicacole Hospital Endowment Fund.

The Fund shall be known as "The Chicacole Hospital Endowment Fund".

2. The Surgeon General with the Government of Madras for the time being shall administer the Fund.

3. The interest accruing on the securities of the Fund shall be used annually in obtaining such equipment of medical and surgical instruments and appliances of bedding and clothing furniture, and of books and periodicals for the Government Hospital, Chicacole, as in the opinion of the Surgeon-General such Hospital may stand in need of.

4. The interest shall be paid to the Surgeon-General who shall utilize the same to meet the cost of the said equipment.

5. The amount of the Fund may be re-invested from time to time in Government securities.

6. All interest accruing on the securities of the Fund that may not be utilized or required for the said equipment shall be accumulated and such accumulations shall, from time to time, be invested in the securities of the Government of India and added to the corpus of the Fund.

S. RANGANATHAN,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, October 17, 1929
(G.O. No. 1695, L. & M.).

No. 1785.—The following draft of an amendment to the rule prescribing the qualifications of officers and servants under municipal councils published with the notification of the Local Government in the Local Self-Government Department No. 423, dated the 4th April 1925, at page 162 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 21st April 1925, as subsequently amended which the Governor acting with Ministers proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*b*) of section 74 and clause (*a*) of sub-section (2) of section 303 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920 (Madras Act V of 1920), read with section 15 of the Madras General Clauses Act, 1891 (Madras Act I of 1891) is hereby published as required by clause (*c*) of section 305 of the first mentioned Act, for general information. Notice is hereby given that the said draft will be further proceeded with after six weeks from the date of publication of this notification and that any objection or suggestion which may be received before the expiry of the period aforesaid with respect to the said draft will be considered by the Governor acting with Ministers:—

Draft Amendment.

In the entry in column (2) of item 1 of the table subjoined to the said rule, the figures and words "(1) A completed Secondary School-Leaving Certificate, the holder of which is declared to be eligible for the University course or the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University or a corresponding examination of any other University; and (2)" shall be omitted.

No. 1786.—The following draft of an amendment to the rule prescribing the qualifications of officers and servants under local boards published with the notification in the Local Self-Government Department No. 220, dated the 1st March 1924, at pages 82–83 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 11th March 1924 as subsequently amended, which the Governor acting with Ministers proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) of section 71 and clause (*a*) of sub-section (2) of section 199 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920) read with section 15 of the Madras General Clauses Act, 1891 (Madras Act I of 1891) is hereby published as required by clause (*a*) of section 200 of the first mentioned Act for general information. Notice is hereby given that the said draft will be further proceeded with after six weeks from the date of publication of this notification and that any objection or suggestion which may be received before the expiry of the period aforesaid with respect to the said draft will be considered by the Governor acting with Ministers:—

Draft Amendment.

In columns (2) of item (1) of the table subjoined to the said rule, entry (1) consisting of the figure and words "(1) A completed Secondary School-Leaving Certificate or the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University or a corresponding examination of any other University" and the figure "(2)" in entry (2) shall be omitted.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1923
(G.O. No. 4764, L. & M.).

No. 1787.—Under section 352 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919, Government sanction the by-laws proposed by the Corporation of Madras in its proceedings dated the 1st October 1923 to regulate the supply of water to private premises in the City.

BY-LAWS UNDER SECTION 349 (3) (*d*) TO (*h*) RELATING TO WATER-SUPPLY TO PRIVATE PREMISES.

1. House connexions for the supply of water to private premises shall be classified as metered and non metered. All non-domestic service supply shall be metered.

2. In the case of existing services these shall be metered wherever there are more than four taps, except in cases where houses are occupied by tenants in which case, the occupiers or owners must enter into an agreement to pay at four annas a month per tap.

3. In respect of new connexions meters shall be fixed where more than two taps are required. There shall be no restriction as to the number of taps that may be fixed on metered services.

4. The supply pipe for any service shall be of such a bore as may be fixed by the Commissioner in each case, but not less than ¾" in diameter. The size of the ferrule shall be in accordance with the following scale:

If the supply pipe is	¾"	the ferrule shall be	½".
Do.	1"	do.	¾".
Do.	1¼"	do.	1".
Do.	1½"	do.	1¼".
Do.	2"	do.	1½".
Do.	2½"	do.	2".

The Commissioner shall have the power to modify this scale at his discretion in any individual case or cases.

NOTE.—No service shall open into a latrine nor even be laid through it unless specially protected as provided for in by-law 25.

5. No connexion with any municipal water work shall be made, renewed, altered, or extended—

(*a*) except by a municipal officer or servant empowered in that behalf by the Commissioner, and

(*b*) until the certificate specified in by-law 7 has been given.

6. In every case where a new connexion with a municipal water work is made or an existing connexion requires renewal or repair or alteration, or extension, all necessary communication pipes and fittings, from and including the ferrule on the supply main up to and including the stop cock nearest the supply main shall be supplied by the Corporation and the work of laying and applying such communication pipes and fittings shall be executed by municipal agency through the medium of a contractor or otherwise under the Commissioner's orders; but the cost of making or renewing any such connexion and of all communication pipes and fittings so supplied, and of all works so executed shall be paid in advance by the person on whose application or for whose premises the connexion is made or renewed.

In addition to cost of labour, materials, supervision, etc., the applicant will be required to pay the following fees:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Connecting fee for metered service ..	7	8	0
Do. non-metered service	4	0	0
Testing fee for metered service ..	3	8	0
Do. non-metered service,	2	0	0
Fee for re-test for both	1	8	0

7. All communication pipes and fittings beyond the said stop cock shall be laid and applied by a plumber licensed by the Commissioner and under the supervision of a municipal officer appointed by the Commissioner in that behalf, who shall give and sign a certificate, free of charge when such communication pipes and all necessary fittings and work have been laid applied executed in satisfactory manner and sufficient arrangements have been made for draining off waste water.

8. The Commissioner may, if at any time he deems it expedient to alter the position of an existing connexion with any municipal water works or of the communication pipes or fittings thereof, and after giving to the owner or occupier not less than 48 hours' previous notice of his intention so to do, cause the said connexion to be moved to such other position as he thinks fit, and cause any or all the said communication pipes and fittings to be re-laid and applied or others to be laid and applied in lieu thereof in such position as he may direct. All charges incidental to such alterations shall be borne by the Corporation.

9. The Engineer or any other person acting under the authority of the Commissioner may, subject to the conditions specified in section 378 of the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919, enter into any house or premises supplied with water by the Corporation in order to inspect and test for waste, misuse or contamination of such water.

10. All consumer's pipes and fittings shall be provided and laid at the consumer's cost and no consumer shall be entitled to a supply of water unless and until the certificate mentioned in by-law 7 has been first obtained.

11. All consumer's pipes shall be of lead, wrought iron, cast iron, steel, brass or copper, as may be required by the Commissioner and shall conform in every respect to the following specifications:—

Where a connexion is made between an iron and copper pipe or a lead pipe, a screw ferrule of hard brass shall be wiped on to the lead pipe.

Joints in lead pipes shall be water tight plumbers or wiped solder joints. No other form of joint

such as copper bit or flange joints shall be employed except with the Engineer's permission in writing.

Bends in pipes shall not in any case diminish or alter the bore of the pipes.

Stop taps shall be provided on all primary branches from the supply pipes in buildings with more than one tenement.

Every pipe or fitting within a building shall as far as practicable be so placed as to be readily accessible for examination and repair, and no pipe shall be embedded in brick, stone, mortar, plaster or similar materials except where this is unavoidable.

All services shall be so laid as to render impossible any contamination from drains or latrines, and if necessary they shall be laid at a higher level than the house drain.

12. Lead pipes shall be of equal thickness throughout, and of the following weights per lineal yard :—

Internal diameter of pipe in inches.	Weight of pipe in lb. per lineal yard.
¼	4 lb.
½	6 „
¾	8 „
1	11 „
1¼	14 „
1½	18 „
2	34 „

13. Cast iron pipes, if used in connexion with water-supply shall comply with the specification issued by the Engineer from time to time.

14. Wrought iron and steel tubes, if used in connexion with water-supply shall conform to the dimensions given in the following table and otherwise shall comply with the standard specification for pipe threads issued by the Engineering Standard Committee for the time being :—

Nominal bore of tube in inches.	Approximate outside diameter of tube in inches.	Number of thread per inch.
¼ ..	27/32	19
⅜ ..	1–1/16	14
1 ..	1–11/32	11
1¼ ..	1–11/16	11
1½ ..	1–29/32	11
2 ..	2–3/8	11

The screws in all tubes shall be conical having a taper of 1/16" on the diameter per inch of length, and in all cases shall be screwed with the British standard pipe threads for iron or steel tubes

15. Wrought iron, cast iron and steel pipes must be protected on the inside from corrosion, either by galvanizing or coating with a suitable material satisfactory to the Engineer.

Wrought iron and steel pipes or tubes whether galvanized or not shall not be laid in earth unless coated and protected by one of the following methods :—

(a) The pipes shall be tightly wrapped with stout tape of approved quality, samples of which may be seen at the Corporation stores. Before applying, the tape must be dipped in and thoroughly coated with petroleum pitch or Sidcorathan paint or other approved coating. After wrapping, the interstices of the material shall be filled up with a final coating of the preservatives which may be painted on with a brush. The coating to be applied to the pipe shall be the same as for the tape.

(b) The pipes shall be laid in a trough made of teakwood and filled with pitch. Cradles must be fixed in the trough not exceeding 6 feet apart in order that the pitch may entirely surround the pipe, and to prevent the pipe from rising or sinking through the pitch, the minimum thickness of pitch at any point round the pipe being five-eighths of an inch.

When long lengths of piping are required, the protection must be applied previous to laying. Overseers and plumbers who desire to keep a stock of house service pipes must have the pipes properly treated before use.

If, however, only a short connexion is required, for which short pieces of piping or specials alone can be used, the protective coating may be applied in the trench when the pipes have been jointed up.

Under no circumstances must any gaps be left in the protective covering of house service pipes laid in earth. No pipes must be covered up until the protective coating has been inspected and approved by the Engineer.

NOTE.—Lead pipes in earth need not be protected according to the above rules.

16. All brass and copper tubes used in connexion with water supply shall be solid drawn and of a minimum thickness of 14 imperial gauge and shall be screwed with the British Standard pipe threads for iron and steel tubes.

17. Taps may be of the screw down or non-concussive type or plug or quick closing type as may be approved by the Commissioner.

Every tap or cock on a supply pipe shall be made full bore; well-dressed and free from sand capable of resisting a pressure of at least 300 lb. to the square inch.

Every tap or cock shall be made of gun metal or hard brass, or of other not less suitable metal or alloy and shall be of sufficient strength and weight in every part. Every bib tap or stop cock shall have an efficient screw down valve. Every stop cock shall be fitted with a square head. The valve of a screw down bib tap and the valve of a screw down stop cock, if intended to be used for cold water, shall be faced with specially prepared leather or other suitable materials and if intended to be used for hot water shall be faced with a material adapted for use for hot water. Such valve if faced with a soft washer, shall be so constructed as not to be liable to turn round on its seat, and if faced with vulcanite or other hard material, shall be so constructed as to turn on its seat before tightly closing.

18. Supply pipes to baths and lavatories taken directly from the supply pipe shall be arranged so that the water may flow in from above.

Overflow to baths and lavatory basins shall, where the water is drawn direct from the supply pipe, be below the water inlet.

All pipes and fittings shall be arranged so as to be readily accessible and where cased in, the casing shall be provided with a hinged or loose door giving access to the same.

In the case of baths the overflow pipes shall be carried through the walls to act as warning pipes.

19. Ball taps of the croydon pattern shall comply with the following table of dimensions and minimum weight :—

Bore of shank.	½"	¾"	1"	1¼"	1½"	2"
Breadth and thickness of lever of drawn copper ..	⅝" × ⅜" × ⅛"			⅞" × ⅜"		
Diameter of round ball ..	4½"	5½"	6"	7"	7"	8"	12"
Weight of valve body and piston only ..	oz. 9½	oz. 14	lb. oz. 1 11	lb. oz. 2 5	lb. oz. 3 5	lb. oz. 5 6

The whole of the tap, with the exception of the ball and lever shall be of gun metal, levers shall be of drawn copper.

Ball taps shall be stamped to indicate the maximum water pressure under which they are to work.

Silence pipes will not be allowed except by special permission and then they shall be so arranged as to prevent the possibility of a passage of water from cisterns back again into the supply pipes.

The body of the ball tap shall be so fixed as not to become submerged when the level of the water in the cistern is up to the top of the warning pipe.

The size of the orifice in ball taps and the size of the ball shall be relative to one another, and adjusted to the pressure.

The ball tap shall be securely fixed to the cistern and shall be readily accessible.

Washers for ball taps shall be of good quality, rubber or other approved material and enclosed in solid brass caps to prevent them spreading.

20. Lead lined supply cisterns shall conform in every respect to the specification for lead lined flushing cisterns given below.

All supply cisterns shall be fixed in such positions as to be readily accessible for cleaning and repairs, and shall be provided with dust proof covers to rigidly exclude all vermin. No supply cistern shall be fixed underground, or in or under a latrine water closet or urinal, or in any position where it is liable to contamination of any kind.

Every supply cistern shall be provided with a washout plug and warning pipe and the bottom of the cistern arranged to fall towards the plug. The warning pipes shall discharge into the open air in some conspicuous position but not over the inlet to any drain.

Where two or more supply cisterns are in communication with each other the outlet pipes shall be arranged as far as possible so as to secure an equal draught of water from each.

Stop taps shall be provided on the outlet pipes of all supply cisterns as near the cistern as possible.

21. All flushing cisterns shall be provided with a lead plug for stamping.

In lead lined or copper lined flushing cisterns the timber shall be well seasoned, free from sap, and not less than one inch thick, ends dovetailed at corners, and the bottom screwed off. The lead shall weigh not less than 6 lb. per foot super. The copper shall be not less than 22 imperial gauge. The joints shall be brazed or of the kind known as "burned" joint.

Wrought iron flushing cisterns shall be of a thickness not less than 12 imperial gauge.

Cast iron flushing cisterns shall not be less than quarter of an inch thick, with a bead round the top and shall be efficially protected against rust.

Earthenware or stoneware cisterns of approved design may be used so long as they comply with these by-laws in other respects.

All flushing cisterns shall be fitted with ball and stop taps, the stop tap in every case being on the supply pipe outside the cistern the ball taps to be so arranged as to fill the cistern in a period of not less than two minutes. For water closets the discharge shall not be less than 2½ gallons and not more than 3 gallons except by the Commissioner's permission in writing. For urinals the discharge shall not exceed one gallon at each flush for each stall.

The cistern shall be so made that it is impossible for water to enter whilst flush is taking place or whilst the pull is drawn down.

Flushing pipes for water closets shall be fixed as nearly vertical as possible, they shall be not less than 5 feet long and of a bore not less than 1¼ inch.

Every flushing cistern shall be provided with an overflow pipe discharging into the open air in some conspicuous position, but not over the inlet to any drain.

22. Except in pursuance of an agreement with the Corporation a consumer shall not fix, fit, or use upon any premises any self-acting or automatic flushing apparatus through which water of the Corporation is intended to pass unless the water passing through such apparatus shall be supplied through a meter.

A consumer shall not draw or use water supplied by the Corporation through any house or movable pipe otherwise than in pursuance of an agreement with the Corporation.

23. The distributing pipe between any supply cistern and any hot water apparatus shall be connected to the supply cistern at a point not more than 2 inches above the bottom of such cistern and shall not be connected to any other distributing pipe.

Where any hot water apparatus is connected with the supply cistern any distributing pipe which is used, or intended or adapted to be used for conveying or delivering cold water for any other purpose shall be connected to the supply cistern at a point not below one half the depth of such cistern.

Hot-water pipes must be arranged with sufficient provision for expansion and for the escape of air and, if of lead, must be supported by a continuous wooden ledge falling towards the boiler. All hot water systems shall be provided with safety valves.

24. All warning pipe unions shall be not less than ¾ inch bore, screwed to British Standard pipe threads, and the warning pipe shall be arranged to discharge in a conspicuous position, but not over the inlet to any drain. On no account shall a warning pipe be connected to any waste pipe, soil pipe or rainwater pipe.

25. Whether so specified or not, all consumer's fittings shall be submitted for approval to the authorized officer of the Corporation before being fixed. All such fittings shall be maintained, repaired and renewed at the consumer's expense to the satisfaction of the Corporation or their authorized officer. All consumer's fittings or apparatus used in connexion with the water-supply shall be tested and stamped by the Corporation or shall bear the stamp approved by the Corporation as guaranteeing conformity with their by-laws. All taps and valves shall be capable of sustaining a pressure of 300 lb per square inch and all ball cocks a pressure of 150 lb. per square inch, the ball being not more than half immersed.

26. No consumer's pipe laid through an external wall or in the earth shall be less than 2 feet below the surface, nor shall any consumer's pipes or fittings be laid in any position or manner which would involve risk of injury to the pipe or filling or waste or contamination of the water. In every case the consumer shall carry out the reasonable requirements of the Corporation or their authorized officer to this end. The position at which the connexion of the communication pipe shall be made to the Corporation main shall be fixed by the Corporation.

Wherever service pipe is laid across a sewer, open drain, or in any other place where, in the opinion of the Engineer, it is liable to injury or to cause contamination to the water, such pipe must be passed through an iron pipe of such length, diameter and thickness as the Engineer considers necessary to afford proper protection and the pipe shall be laid at such a level as the Engineer may direct.

27. No dwelling house or other premises charged or chargeable separately with water rate or rent shall be supplied with the water of the Corporation by more than one supply pipe connected to the Corporation main except with the consent in writing of the Commissioner of the Corporation.

28. No communication pipe shall be used to supply water to more than one dwelling house or other premises charged or chargeable with water tax or rate except with the consent in writing of the Commissioner of the Corporation. In the event of any such consent being granted, the supply shall

remain subject to the provisions of the Municipal Act.

29. An approved screw-down stop-cock provided by the Corporation at the cost of the consumer shall be placed in such an accessible position as may be approved by the authorized officer, and, if underground, shall be protected by a proper guard box (or surface box) of approved design.

30. In all cases where a constant supply of water is provided by the Corporation, taps available for drawing water for drinking or cooking purposes shall, as far as possible, be supplied from the service pipe and not from any cistern.

31. No consumer's tap or stand-pipe shall be fixed in any public thoroughfare, common staircase, passage, or outside any premises without special permission in writing from the Commissioner of the Corporation. Every stand-pipe or fountain, which if accessible to the occupants of more than one dwelling house shall be provided with self-closing or other suitable waste preventing tap. No such tap or stand-pipe shall be used for drawing water unless and until it has been approved by the authorized officer. If in the judgment of the authorized officer any such tap or stand-pipe shall either directly or indirectly contribute to or be used or dealt with so to cause contamination, waste or misuse of the water of the Corporation, such tap or stand-pipe shall be recovered by the consumer within fourteen days of the receipt by him of a requisition to that effect signed by the authorized officer.

32. Power pumps drawing water direct from the water supply pipe are objectionable, and will only be allowed by special permission of the Commissioner for a limited period which may, however, be extended from time to time by the Commissioner. Such pumps shall be open to inspection at any time, and, should the Commissioner consider it necessary, will have to be removed at 24 hours notice and no claim shall lie against the Corporation for damages for removal of such a pump.

33. No consumer's pipes shall be connected to any cistern, tank, water butt, or other receptacle used for the storage of rain-water, or water other than from the mains of the Corporation, and no supply pipe shall be connected to any water closet, urinal, steam boiler, or any closed vessel otherwise than through the supply cistern thereof.

34. All premises intended to be supplied with water shall be fitted up with the necessary pipes and fittings in accordance with these rules and all internal work shall be completed and be perfectly sound and water tight and shall be tested to the satisfaction of the Engineer to a pressure of 50 lb. to the square inch before the water is turned on. In case where the rules are not complied with, or the test does not prove satisfactory, water will not be turned on or supplied to any premises so long as such non-compliance remains.

35. All services sanctioned after the water-supply by-laws come into force and classified as "Metered" must be metered and charges for fixing and entirely removing meters must be recovered from the owners or occupiers of the premises to which they belong. All existing unmetered services with four or less than four taps whenever they are altered or otherwise interfered with after the water supply by laws come into force must be metered if more than two taps are used, and charges for fixing and entirely removing meters must be recovered from the owners or occupiers of the premises to which they belong. Such alteration or interference excluded petty repair to pipes and fittings. The Commissioner may also at his discretion order a meter or meters to be fixed or entirely removed from any service or services other than those mentioned above, if in his opinion such fixing or removing is found absolutely necessary or justified, provided that the aggrieved party may appeal to the Standing Committee (Works) within thirty days from the date of receipt of service of the order, but no charges for fixing or removing meters shall be recovered in such cases. In all cases of metered services, the owners or occupiers shall pay to the Corporation rent for meters at the following rates :—

Size of meter.	Rate per mensem.
	Rs. A. P.
½" to 2"	0 4 0
2½" to 3"	0 8 0
Above 3"	1 0 0

Note (1).—Rent shall become payable from the date on which a meter is fixed and no deduction will be allowed in respect of any period during which the meter is not registering correctly or is under repair. The owners of buildings shall be held responsible for the payment of meter hiring charges, meter rents, water charges and meter removing charges.

Note (2).—The meters will be read every month as far as possible on identical dates. The meter reader or overseer will give at least 24 hours' notice ahead of the date of reading the meter, and as impossible to fix the exact time, a margin of an hour, within which the meter will be read, will be noted on the notice. The meter reader or overseer has instructions to send word through the gardener or other servant to the owner or occupier, if the latter is not directly accessible as soon as he reaches such owner's or occupier's premises and to wait for five minutes only for such owner or occupier or his representative to witness the reading. In the absence of the above-mentioned persons, the meter reader or overseer will read the meter, note the readings and hand over a copy to the gardener or servant of any of the above-mentioned persons.

36. The owner or occupier of the premises within which a meter is fixed shall be liable to pay for any loss or illegal use thereof tampering therewith or other damages therein, such amount as may be considered reasonable by the Commissioner.

37. For all water supplied for domestic purposes in excess of the maximum fixed by the Standing Committee, the owner or occupier shall be charged at such rate or rates as the Standing Committee may fix from time to time.

38. (a) Complaints as to incorrect or excess readings or as regards a meter being out of order shall be made by the person concerned, within four weeks of the date of the reading which is disputed. In the absence of any such complaint within the specified period, the reading of the meter shall stand and charges will be made accordingly. Complaints made within the specified period will be investigated provided the complainant deposits Rs. 5 This deposit will be forfeited if the meter is found correct and will be returned if the meter is found incorrect. An error of 5 per cent either way will be ignored.

(b) In cases where the meter is found to give incorrect or excess readings or is out of repair for any period during a month, the consumption recorded during the corresponding month of the previous year or where this information is not available or though available is not applicable, such available data as the Commissioner considers most suitable will be taken as the basis for charges and the quantity so estimated shall be deemed the quantity actually consumed.

39. No person shall—

(a) alter the index of any meter or prevent any meter from duly registering the quantity of water supplied ; or

(b) abstract or use water before it has been registered by a meter set up for the purpose of measuring the same ; or

(c) permit or cause the meter to be stolen, or damaged so that the meter may not duly register the quantity of water supplied.

40. Every person who shall offend against any of the foregoing by-laws shall be punishable—

(a) with fine which may extend to fifty rupees and in cases of continuing breach with fine which may extend to fifteen rupees for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach, or

(i) with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every day during which the breach continues after receipt of notice from the Commissioner to discontinue such breach.

HILTON BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, October 29, 1929.

No. 1788.—Under sub-section (1) of section 48 of Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Government hereby withdraw from the acquisition of lands specified in notification No. 993 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 25th June 1929, as required for sanitary lane No. 42 of Ward III of the Kumbakonam Municipality in No. 96, Palnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district.

No. 1789.—Under section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Government hereby withdraw from the acquisition of the land specified below in respect of which a notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act was published on page 160, Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 19th March 1929, as required for a local fund quarry.

Tinnevelly district, Koilpatti taluk,
Saravanayaram village.

	Approximate extent. Acs.
Zamin poramboke, S. No. 300 (Hill)	4·97

No. 1790.—Under sub-section (1) of section 48 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Government hereby withdraw from the acquisition of the undermentioned land in Vellaikandanpalayam village, Dharmapuri taluk, Salem district, specified in the Notification No. 977, published in Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 25th June 1929, as required for widening the awkward curve in 0/4 of road No 27 (1) Dharmapuri-Pennagaram road.

	Sq. feet.
Village-site poramboke, house-site in S. No. 295-2, belonging to Chinna Kulandai alias Munuya Mudali, Rajappan alias Munuya Mudali, Chinnaraja alias Munuya Mudali, bounded on the north and east by Dharmapuri-Pennagaram road, south and west by Viranchipuram Munuya Mudali's house and Mottayan alias Munua Mudali's backyard ..	6k
Village site poramboke, house-site in S. No. 295-2, belonging to Viranchipuram Arumachala Mudali Munia Mudali and Munia Mudali, bounded on the north by Mottayan alias Muniswami Mudali's backyard, east by Viranchipuram Munia Mudali's backyard; south by Viranchipuram Munia Mudali's house, west by Viranchipuram Munua Mudali's house and Mottayan alias Munua Mudali's backyard	23
Village site poramboke, house site in S. No. 295-2, belonging to Viranchipuram Arumachala Mudali, Munia Mudali and Munia Mudali, bounded on the north and east by Dharmapuri-Pennagaram road and Pillayar Mudaliyar's backyard; south and west by Viranchipuram Munuya Mudali's house ..	5
Village-site poramboke, house site in S. No. 295-2, belonging to Pillayar Mudali, bounded on the north and east by Dharmapuri-Pennagaram road; south by Pillayar Mudali's house; west by Viranchipuram Munia Mudali's backyard ..	15

ERRATA.

In Notification No. 993 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 25th June 1929, in respect of the acquisition of lands in Agraharapudalam village, Kallakurichi taluk, South Arcot district, required for the formation of a road from Tirukkoyilur to Sankarapuram.

Against Government, dry, S. No 185-4 part, *for* 'Sadasiva Mudali' *read* 'Sivasakthi Mudali'.

Against Government, dry, S. No. 185-26—approximate extent *for* '470 square links' *read* '0·01'.

Against Government, dry S. No 185-27 part, *for* 'Sivasakthi Mudali' *read* 'Sivanatha Mudali'.

In Notification No 841 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 4th June 1929, relating to the acquisition of lands for extension of Sambankulam Nathum in Dharmapuram Mutam village, Ambasamudram taluk, Tinnevelly district, against owners of the lands—

Read "T.D No. 84 " *for* " T.D. No. 184 ".

In Notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 published on page 388 in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 9th September 1924, Part I A, in respect of the lands required for the Venkatanapalem—Anandapuram road—Viragupatam district, Viravilli taluk—Varada village—

For 'Perumbokie pond No. 46, bounded on the north by S. No. 45' *read* 'Zamindari, jirayati, dry, S No 46-2, Raja of Pasivagram, Lakkala Jogi Rayudu and Lakkala Appanna, north by No 46-1,

In Notification No. 835 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 4th June 1929, relating to the acquisition of land of the formation of a road in East Godavari district, Rajahmundry taluk, Kunkunada village—

For 'S. No. 96 part, Kappalavayi Lakshminarayana', *read* 'S. No. 95 part, Kappalavayi Lakshminarayanamurthi'.

For 'S. No 108 part, Sri Narasayya and T. Jayanna', *read* 'S. No. 109 part, Sri Narasayya, Jayanna, Venkanna, Krishnayya and Anantayya'.

For 'S No 212 part, Yekkala Pullamma', *read* 'S. No. 212 part Yekkalapullamma'.

For 'Unenfranchised vatti service, inam, S No 211 part, Cherukuri Munigadu', *read* 'Unenfranchised vatti service inam S. No. 214 part, Cherukuri Munigadu, Ramadu and Swami.

For 'S. No. 210 part, Vangala Papayya, Sriramulu, Venkataratnam Satyanarayanamurti, etc.', *read* 'S No. 210 part, Vangala Papayya, Sriramulu, Venkataratnam, Satyanarayanamurthi, Satyanarayana and Kondamma, wife of Somayajulu'.

For 'S No 216 part Vangala Satyanarayanamurti, son of Jagannadham', *read* 'S. No 216 part, Vangala Papayya, Sriramulu, Venkataratnam, Satyanarayana, Satyanarayanamurti and Venkateswara Rao, son of Paridem'.

Approximate extent—*For* '2·73 acres', *read* '2 64 acres'.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

No 1791.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for gravel quarries, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the President, District Board, Cuddapah, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Revenue Divisional Officer, Rayachoti, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act.

Cuddapah district, Rayachoti taluk,
Mallur village.

	ACRE
Government, dry, S. No. 1163-2 part, belonging to Murtuza Saiyd Sahib, bounded on the north, east and south by No. 1163; west by No 839 ..	0-25

Rayachoti village.

Government, dry, S No. 823-2 part, belonging to Kathwal Ahmed Miyan bounded on the north and east by No. 823, south by No 832, west by No. 474	0-25
Government, dry, S. No. 814-1 part, belonging to Gulam Rasul, bounded on the north and east by No 810, south by No. 806; west by No. 474 ..	0-25

No. 1792.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a school building at Thumbal, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Revenue Divisional Officer, Salem, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Revenue Divisional Officer, Salem, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Salem district, Attur taluk, Thumbal village (Sekkadipatti mitta).

	Approximate extent.
	Cents.
Unlil punjal, dry, mitta, assessed ryoti land (eastern portion), belonging to minor Lakshmana Reddi by guardian Angappa Reddiyar and Chinnaswami Reddi alias Krishna Reddi, melvaramdars Kilandai Pethyathi and Ramaswami Padayachi mittadhar, bounded on the north by Blacksmith—smithy and the house of Ramaswami Reddi, east by K. Ramaswami Reddi's patta land including the portion under acquisition; south by patta land of Hanga Reddi, Appavu Reddi and Ponnusi Reddi, west by foot-path leading to Kumarapatti village and vacant site	75

No. 1793.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for motor bus stand, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Sub-Collector, Madanapalle, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Sub Collector, Madanapalle, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Chittoor district, Punganur division, Mulpatla village.

	Approximate extent.
	Cents.
Bagayathi, dry, No. 195, belonging to Nagaluti Mogilappa, bounded on the north by patta lands of Chengamma and Siddi Veeramma; east by Karumala iram; south by patta lands of Mogilappa, Chengamma, Siddaveeramma and Samudhi; west by Madras Bombay Trunk Road ..	83

No. 1794.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of the Municipal Girls' School at Bokkapatam, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mangalore, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mangalore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

South Kanara district, Mangalore taluk, Kodialbail village.

	Sq. yds.
Garden, T.S. No. 1038 A, belonging to Ignatius Machado (malgenidar) and Rukaya Machady (occupier), bounded on the north by T.S. No. 1023; east by T.S. No. 1038 B; south by T.S. No. 1037; west by T.S. Nos. 1026 and 1026	16,890

A-4

No. 1795.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Government hereby declare that the land specified below and measuring 12,040 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for opening a road to connect the new causeway with Anda Chetti Street; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Salem, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Salem, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Salem district, Salem taluk, Salem village

	Sq. yds.
Wet, T.S. No 2273-A 2, belonging to T. Sankarna Chetti, Ellappa Chetti, S. Thanumanna Chettiyar and S. Thiruvengadam Chettiyar, bounded on the north by T.S No. 2273-A 1; east by T.S. No. 2233-B; south by T.S. No. 2228-1 & 2, west by T.S. No. 2276-2	5,664
Dry, T.S. No. 2234-1, belonging to same as T.S. No 2233-A 2, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 2233 A 2; east by T.S No. 2221-2, south by T.S Nos 2221-3 and 2224-2, west by T.S. No. 2224-2	110
Dry, T.S. No. 2235-2, belonging to Perumal Chetti and Nagappa Chetti, bounded on the north by T.S. No 2235-1, east by T.S Nos 2233-A 3, 2234-1 and 2233 3; south by T.S Nos 1-56-1, 1857 and 1846-2; west by T.S. No 2236-1	3,645
Wet, T.S No. 1846-1, belonging to Perumal Chetti, Krishna Chetti and Narayana Chetti, bounded on the north by T.S No. 2235-2; east by T.S. No. 1857; south by T.S No. 1847; west by T.S No. 1846-1	675
Wet, T.S. No 1848-2, belonging to Perumal Chetti and Sarangam, minors guardian Nangamma (mother), bounded on the north by T.S No. 1847; east by T.S. No. 1857; south by T.S No 1849-2; west by T.S No. 1846-1	870
Wet, T.S. No. 1849-2, belonging to Arthanareswami Chetti, bounded on the north by T.S No. 1849-1, east by T.S. No. 1857, south by T.S. No. 1858, west by T.S No. 1849-1	1,080
Poramboke, T.S. No. 1858-7, belonging to Tirumal Chetti Govinda Chetti and Mari Chetti Tiruvalluvam Chetti (mortgagee), bounded on the north by T.S. No. 2225-2, east by T.S No. 1858-2; south by T.S. No 1871; west by T.S. No 1857 ..	488
Wet, T.S No. 1907-1, belonging to Ramakrishna Chetti, bounded on the south by T.S No. 1906-1; east by T.S. No 1907-3; south by T.S No. 1927; west by T.S No 1910	180
Poramboke, T.S No. 1910-1, belonging to minor Perumal, guardian mother Palaniyammal, minor Krishnaswami guardian mother Mangammal, Revenue District Account, taken, bounded on the north by T.S No. 1909-1, east by T.S No. 1906-2, south by T.S. No 1907-1; west by T.S. No. 1910	110
Wet, T.S. No. 1909-1, belonging to Ramaswami Chetti, bounded on the south by T.S. Nos 1910 and 1906-2; east by T.S. No 1906-2; south by T.S No 1908-1, west by T.S. No 1910 ..	95
Wet, T.S No 1911-2, belonging to Pappanna Chetti, Suryagopala Chetti, Obli Chetti, Pullayar Chetti, Chandrasekara Chetti (minor), and Gundo Obli Chetti (minor), guardian Pappanna Chetti, bounded on the north by T.S No. 1912-2; east by T.S. No 1910; south by T.S. No 1827; west by T.S. No 1911-1	815
Wet, T.S. No. 1912-2, belonging to Arthanareswami Chetti, Rapuni Chetti and Pedumakka Chetti, bounded on the north by T.S No 1635, east by T.S No. 1910, south by T.S. No. 1911-2, west by T.S No 1911-1	873
Total ..	12,040

G. F. F. Faulkes, Esq., Zemindar of Salem—Melvaramdar.

No. 1796.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a quarry for the Taluk Board, Nellore, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition

Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Revenue Divisional Officer, Nellore, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (1) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Revenue Divisional Officer, Nellore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act.

Nellore district, Nellore taluk, Idimapalli village.

	Approximate extent. acs
Government, dry, S. No 84-1 part, belonging to Pamur Venka Reddi, bounded on the north by S. No 82-1, east by S No 84-2, south and west by S. No. 85-1 part	2 17

No. 1797.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for sanitary lane No 53 of ward No. 4, Kumbakonam Municipality, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Government hereby authorize the Special Deputy Collector, Kumbakonam, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*e*) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Kumbakonam, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act;

Tanjore district, Kumbakonam taluk, Mokhasa Mupukoil inam village.

	Approximate extent. ha. ar.
Mokhasa Mupukoil personal inam, dry, T.S. No 1355 part, Kadiyaramdar Sitarama Varadayyar and K. Ekambrami Chettiyar, sons of Krishna Chettiyan, bounded on the north by T S No 1358 part, east by T.S. No 1354; south by T S. No. 1355 part; west by T S No 1357	3·7d
Mokhasa Mupukoil personal inam, dry, T S. No. 1354 part, Kadiyaramdar Duraiswami Chettiyar, son of Arunachala Chettiyar, mortgagee Thiruvaiyaru Chettiyar, son of Muthuswami Chettiyar, bounded on the north by T S No. 1358, east by T S. No. 1353; south by T S No 1354 part; west by T S. No. 1355	90
Mokhasa Mupukoil personal inam, dry, T S. No. 1353 part, Kadiyaramdar Kupparwami Chettiyar, son of Appuswami Muttiyar, bounded on the north by 1 S No 1358; east by T.S. No. 1352; south by T.S. No. 1353 part, west by T S. No. 1354 ..	3·15
Mokhasa Mupukoil personal inam, dry, T.S. No 1352 part, Kadiyaramdar Govinda Ammal, wife of Govinda Pillai, bounded on the north by T.S No. 1358, east by T S No 1351, south by T.S. No. 1353 part, west by T S No 1353	1·71
Mokhasa Mupukoil personal inam, dry, T.S. No. 1351 part, Kadiyaramdar Janaki Ammal, wife of Shanmuga Chettiyar, Rajalu Ayyar, Krishna Ayyar and Gopala Ayyar, mortgagee Rangaswami Ayyar, son of Venkatramana Ayyar, Chitty pulu Street, Kumbakonam, bounded on the north by T S No 1358, east by T S No 1350; south by T S No 1354 part; west by T S No 1352 ..	1·38
Mokhasa Mupukoil personal inam, dry, T S No. 1350 part Kadiyaramdar Samandha Pudayachi, son of Vadamalai Pudayachi bounded on the north by T.S. No 1358; east by T.S. No 1349; south by T.S. No 1350 part, west by T.S. No. 1351 ..	2·3d
Mokhasa Mupukoil personal inam, dry, T S No. 1349 part, Kadiyaramdar Julia Rajagopala Nagaya Thau, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 1358, east by T S. No. 1348, south by T.S. No. 1349 part, west by T.S No 1350	6·0
Total ..	1 0·d

NOTE.—The melvaramdar on the above cases is Athmaram Bhatia, named as of the minors Venkoji Rao and his three brothers of the Tanjore Palace Estate

No. 1798.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for sanitary lane No. 53 of ward No. 4, Kumbakonam Municipality, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Government hereby authorize the Special Deputy Collector, Kumbakonam, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*e*) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Kumbakonam, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Tanjore district, Kumbakonam taluk, No 98, Patnam village.

	Approximate extent. ha. ar.
Nattam, private, T S No 1193 extra, belonging to M. C. K. Ramaswami Chettiyar, Big Street, Kumbakonam, bounded on the north by block No. 21, east by T S No 1197, south by T.S No. 1192, west by T S No 1199	1,456
Nattam, private, T.S. No. 1191 part, belonging to Ranganatha Chettiar, Shroff Merchant, Big Bazar Street, Kumbakonam, bounded on the north by T S Nos. 1199 part and 1198, east by T S Nos. 1196 and 1194 part, south by T.S No. 1192; west by T S. No 1197 part	2·3
Nattam, private, T.S. No 1199 part, belonging to Ranganatha Chettiar, Shroff Merchant, Big Bazar Street, bounded on the north and east by T S. No 1198; south by T S. No 1192, west by T S. No. 1199 part	24
Nattam, private, T S No 1192 part, belonging to Kulla Kalaramayya, bounded on the north by T S No 1193, east by T S No 1193 part; south by T S. No 1191; west by T S No 1192 part ..	2·0
Nattam, private, T S. No 1192 part, belonging to Kulla Kalaramayyar, bounded on the north by T S No 1193; east by T S No 1193 part, south by T.S No. 1191, west by T S. No 1200 ..	3·1
Nattam, private T S. No 1191 part, belonging to M. E Krishna Ayyar, bounded on the north by T S. No. 1192, east by T S No. 1191 part; south by T S No. 1190; west by T S. No. 1191 part ..	0·0d
Nattam, private, T.S. No. 1193 part, belonging to M E Krishna Ayyar, bounded on the north and east by T S. No. 1197 part; south by Nos. 1177 and 1191 parts west by T S. No 1200	0·0
Nattam, private, T S. No 1191 part, belonging to M. E. Krishna Ayyar, bounded on the north by T S. No. 1192, east and south by T S. No. 1191 part; west by T.S. No. 1200	1·7
Nattam, private, T.S. No 1190 part, belonging to M E Krishna Ayyar, bounded on the north by T S. No. 1191, east by T S No 1190 part; south by T.S No 1189; west by T S. No. 1177 ..	1·2
Nattam, private, T S No. 1189 part, belonging to T. S. K. Narayana Ayyar, bounded on the south by T.S No 1190, east by T S No 1189, south by T S. No. 1178; west by T.S. No. 1177	0·4
Nattam private, T S No 1177 part, belonging to Kumaraswami Pillai, bounded on the north by T.S No 1177 part, east by T.S. Nos. 1178 1189 and 1190, south by T S No. 1188, west by T.S. No. 1177 part	0·4
Total ..	4,0·0

No. 1799.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for opening S.L. No. 22-A of ward No. II, Kumbakonam Municipality, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Special Deputy Collector for Land Acquisition, Kumbakonam, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Special Deputy Collector

for Land Acquisition, Kumbakonam, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 3-A of the Act

Tanjore district, Kumbakonam taluk,
No. 90, Patnam village

	Approximate extent.
	Ac. Pr.
Government, dry, T S No 588 part, belonging to S. Krishnaswami Ayyar, India and Straits Company Karaikkal, bounded on the north by T S No 586, east by T S No. 591; south by T S. No 586-1 E; west by T S No. 588-1 A ..	35

No. 1800.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for sanitary lane No. 88 of IV ward, Kumbakonam Municipality, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Special Deputy Collector, Kumbakonam, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 (a) appoint the Special Deputy Collector, Kumbakonam, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Tanjore district, Kumbakonam taluk, Mokhasa Mupukol inam village.

	Approximate extent.
	Ac. Pr.
Mokhasa Mupukol, personal inam, dry, T S No. 674 part, Kudiviramdar Sreenagadharu Gangai Ammal, Gotti Rahuram Raguvathar and Jumbu Krishna Raguvathar, bounded on the north by T S No. 679 part, east by T S No 679, south by T S No. 674, west by T S No. 676	470
Mokhasa Mupukol, personal inam, dry, T S No. 679 part, kudiviramdars Jumbu Krishna Ayyar, Jumbu Narayna Raguvathar and Jumbu Rukmani Ammal, bounded on the north by T S. No 679 part; east by T.S. No. 680; south and west by T S, No 676	490
Mokhasa Mupukol, personal inam, dry, T.S. No. 680 part, kudiviramdar Mandu Mankhi Ammal, bounded on the north by T S. No 680 part, east by T S No. 681; south by T S. No 671, west by T S No. 679	160
Mokhasa Mupukol, personal inam, dry, T S No. 681 part had varamdar Rajmal Malam Manager Jumbu Krishna Raguvathar, bounded on the north by T S No. 681 part, east by T.S. No 682; south by T S. No 684; west by T S. No. 681 ..	180
Mokhasa Mupukol, personal inam, dry, T S. No 682 part, kudiviramdars. S. R. M Sitarama Chettiyar, Thavarukonjhi Pavi, Renda Kalinatha Ayyar, North Street Thirubuvanam, bounded on the north by T S No 682 part, east by T S No 683; south by T S. No 681, west by T S No 681	490
Mokhasa Mupukol, personal inam, dry, T S No. 683 part, kudiviramdars Krishna Raguvathar and Sundaramja Ayyar, bounded on the north by T S. No 683 part, east by block No. 16; south by T.S. No 684, west by T S No 683 ..	380
Total ..	2,010

NOTE.—The muliavramdar as the above cases is Alkunaram Madiar, guardian of the minors Venkoji Rao and his three brothers of the Tanjore Palace Estate.

No. 1801.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for laying out a road to cremation ground, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Sub-Collector, Rajahmundry, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Sub Collector, Rajahmundry, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act.

East Godavari district, Amalapur taluk,
Nedunuru village.

	Approximate extent.
Village-site, dry, S. No. 250 part, belonging to Kalipalli Tirupathiraju Garu and Kalipalli Somiraju Garu, bounded on the north by village-site No. 250 part; east by Chirravuri Ramaraju's house, Kalipalli Tirupathiraju's house and backyard, south by public street, west by Kalipalli Tirupathiraju's house and backyard	0.047 sq. links or 9 cents.

No. 1802.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Government hereby declare that the land specified below and measuring 2·33 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the diversion of the road at the bridge over Jammalacoda in mile 2½ 7 of Ellore, Perikedu road via Pedapadu; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ellore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ellore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours

West Godavari district, Ellore taluk,
Kothur village.

	Acl.
Whole inam, wet, R.S. No. 61 B, belonging to Latiff Unnisa Begum Saheba, bounded on the north by R.S. No 62 B 2 & C 2, east by R S No. 93, south by R S No. 93 & 61-A; west by R S No 61 A	1·92
Whole inam, dry, R S No 62 B-3, belonging to Moulvi Mir Mahomed Zaki Ali Khan Saheb, bounded on the north by R.S. No 62 B 1, east by R S No 63 C-3, south by R.S No. 61 B; west by R S No. 62 B-1	0 35
Whole, inam, wet, R.S. No 62 C-2, belonging to Moulvi Mir Mahomed Zaki Ali Khan Saheb, bounded on the north by R S. No 62 C 1, east by R.S, No 92, south by R S. No. 93 and 61 B, west by R S. No 62 B-2	0·03
Total ..	2 30

No 1803.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, sinking a well for the above people, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Revenue Divisional Officer, Saidapet, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Revenue Divisional Officer, Saidapet, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Chingleput district, Saidapet taluk,
Siruvallur village.

	Approximate extent.
	Acre.
Portion of manavari, S No. 20-19, belonging to Manager for the time being of the Anglo Vernacular school (C C Co 1 Entitled), bounded on the north, east and south by S No 20-19 part, west by S. No. 20-1	0 01

No. 1804.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Government hereby declare that the land specified below and measuring 2·87 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for formation of Tallamuru-puram-Kollur road, under sections 5 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Jammalamadugu, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Jammalamadugu, and may be inspected at any time during office hours

Cuddapah district, Proddatur taluk,
Tallamupuram village

	Acre.
Inam, wet, S. No. 678-2, belonging to Jutur Subbalu, bounded on the north by No 910 D; east by No 677; south by No 899-1 E, west by No 678 1	0 19
Government, wet, S. No. 902 1 B, belonging to Vellam Nirgadu, bounded on the north by No. 903-2, east by No 901-1 C; south by No. 1060-2; west by No 902 1 A	0 08
Government, wet, S. No. 1062-B, belonging to T. Ranguchetty, bounded on the north by No. 901-1 B; east by No. 1062-3, south by No 1063-2; west by No. 1062 1	0 10
Inam, wet S No. 1063-3, belonging to Kammara Nalla subbadu, bounded on the north by No. 1062-2, east by No 1062-3, south by No. 1066 A, west by No. 1063-1	0 23
Inam, wet, S. No. 1009-1, belonging to Kammara Nalla Subbadu bounded on the north by No. 1006 A, east by No. 1009-2, south by No. 1010-1 B, west by No 1017	0 36
Government, wet, S No. 1010-1 B, belonging to Kammara Nagayya, bounded on the north by No 1006-1, east by No 1010-1 C; south by No 1011-1; west by No. 1010-1 A	0-16
Inam, wet, S. No. 1011-2, belonging to M. Subbammayya, bounded on the north by No. 1010-1 B; east by No. 1011 B; south by No 979 E; west by No. 1011-1	0 28
Government, dry, S. No 976, belonging to Kammara Subbadu, bounded on the north by No 976 B, east by No 977-2; south by No. 977-1; west by No 966 A	0-36
Government, dry, S No 977-1, belonging to M. Eruhoodayya, Palahandrayya and Ellamma, bounded on the north by No. 976; east by No. 977-2; south by No. 976-2; west by No. 966 A..	0-18
Government, dry, S No. 976-2, belonging to M. Pakhandayya bounded on the north by Nos. 976-1 and 977; east by Nos. 974-1 and 966; south by No 966-1; west by No 966 A	0 08
Government, dry, S No. 966-1, belonging to M. Ellamma, bounded on the north by No 976-2; east by No. 962-2; south by No. 968-1; west by No. 966 A	0-04
Government, dry, S. No 968-1, belonging to Malgala Subbigadu, bounded on the north by No. 968-1, east by No.956-2, south by No. 961-1; west by No. 966 A	2 25
Government, dry, S. No. 967-1, belonging to P. Venta Subbayya, bounded on the north by No. 968-1, east by No. 967-2, south by Kullar village and No. 84-1 B; west by No. 966 B	0 35
Total ..	2·87

No. 1805.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for sanitary land No. 20 of ward No. 111, Kumbakonam Mannampathy, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector, Kumbakonam, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Kumbakonam, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act.

Tanjore district, Kumbakonam taluk,
No 98 Pottam village.

	Approximate extent. Rs. as.
(Punjah.)	
Nattam private, T.S No 1160 part, belonging to Vallamangalpetai Ela street bounded on the north and east by T.S. No. 1160 part; south and west by T.S No 1163-1	6
(House.)	
Government, dry, T.S. No. 1162 entire, belonging to Maria Pathan, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 1164, east by T.S No. 1164; south by T S Nos. 1160 and 1163-1; west by T.S. No. 1163-1 ..	1,300
(Punjah.)	
Nattam private, T.S. No. 1163 part, belonging to Kuppuswami Pathan, mortgagee Krishna Pathan, son of Appavu Pathan, Vyapari Chetti street, bounded on the north by T S No. 1162; east by T S. No. 1160, south by T.S Nos. 1164 and 1159; west by T.S No. 1163-1 part	642
Nattam private, T.S. No. 1163 part, belonging to Kuppuswami Pathan, mortgagee Krishna Pathan, son of Appavu Pathan, Vyapari Chetti street, bounded on the north and east by T S. No 1160; south by T.S. No. 1164; west by T S No. 1163 1 part	110
(House.)	
Nattam private, T.S. No. 1164 entire, belonging to Muthuraman Chetti, Negapatam, bounded on the north by T S No. 1163-1, east by T S. No. 1160; south by ward No 8, west by T S No 1165 ..	170
Nattam private, T.S No 1165 entire, belonging to Parvathathachi, widow of Sethu Chetti, Vannoli street, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 1163; east by T.S, No 1164, south by ward No. 4; west by T.S. No. 1166	176
Total ..	2,559

No. 1806.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the formation of a road, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, The Government authorize the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tanjore, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tanjore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act,

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk,
Mokhasa Vilar village.

	Approximate extent. acs.
Mokhasa inam, dry, S F No. 206 part, belonging to H H Rt R Gopaleswami Sourou Sahib Avargal, guardian and manager, Huzur Palace Estate, Tanjore, Raja Sree Pratapsimha Raja Sahib, Junior Prince, Tanjore, Rt. V T I Sahasandaje Khanda Avargal, Mathe Sri Hari Rai Ammal Avargal and H R.Rt T. N Krishna Ayyar Avargal, Receiver, 21st defendant's Palace Estate in O.S. No 3 of 18 of District Court, Tanjore bounded on the north by S F No 205; east by S.F. No. 204 part, south by S F. No. 184 1, west by S F, No. 204 part	2 80

GHULAM HUSAIN,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL OF PANCHAYATS.

With the approval of the Local Government, the Registrar General of Panchayats hereby reappoints the undermentioned gentleman to be Honorary Organizer of Panchayats in the Tirunhendur taluk of the Tinnevelly district for a period of two years from this date with powers as before :—

M.R.Ry. K. P. Gangai Aditha Nadar Avargal, Kathumaviliai village, Nazareth P.O., Srivaikuntam taluk, Tinnevelly district.

Fort St. George, 21st October 1929.

With the approval of the Local Government the Registrar-General of Panchayats hereby appoints the undermentioned gentleman to be Honorary Organizer of Panchayats in the Venkatagiri Taluk Board area of the Nellore district for a period of two years from this date :—

M R Ry. Viswanam Chenchiah Garu, Kannam, Dandavolu.

T. G. RUTHERFORD,
Registrar-General of Panchayats.

Fort St. George, 23rd October 1929.

NOTIFICATIONS BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES.

Under section 12 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, and under rule 3 of the rules for the election of presidents and vice-presidents of local boards, M R.Ry. R. B. Ramakrishna Raja Garu, B.A., B.L., is declared duly elected unanimously as the Vice-President of the Chittoor District Board.

B. MUNISWAMI NAYUDU,
President.

Chittoor District Board Office,
22nd October 1929.

Under the rules prescribed for the election of presidents and vice-presidents of local boards, M R Ry. Gade Simhachalam Pantulu Garu is declared to have been unanimously elected as the Vice President of the District Board, Guntur.

J. KUPPUSWAMI,
President.

Guntur District Board Office,
21st October 1929.

As prescribed by the rules for the election of presidents and vice-presidents of local boards, it is hereby notified that M R Ry. V. C. T. N. Chidambaram Chettiyar Avargal has been declared elected as President of the Palni Taluk Board.

Madura District Board Office,
18th October 1929.

As prescribed by the rules for the election of presidents and vice-presidents of local boards it is hereby notified that M.R.Ry. L. S. Rajaramanatha Ayyar Avargal has been declared unanimously elected as President of the Nilakkottai Taluk Board.

As prescribed by the rules for the election of presidents and vice-presidents of local boards, it is hereby notified that K. Kadir Batcha Rowther Sahib Bahadur has been declared unanimously elected as Vice-President of the Nilakkottai Taluk Board.

R. FOULKES,
President.

Madura District Board Office,
19th October 1929.

Under section 28 (1) of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1926 (Madras Act II of 1927), and rule III (1) of the rules for the election of presidents and vice presidents of temple committees, M.R Ry. Kodur Brahma Sastri Garu, Pleader, Bellary, and M R Ry. Jayanti Subbarayappa Chetti Garu, Merchant, Rayadrug, are hereby declared to have been duly elected as President and Vice President, respectively, of the Bellary District Temple Committee at its meeting held on the 22nd October 1929.

B. THAMMI REDDI,
Presiding Member.

Bellary, 22nd October 1929.

Under section 28 (1) of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1926, and under rule III (1) of the rules for the election of presidents and vice-presidents of temple committees, M R.Ry. N. Kandaswami Pillai Avargal has been declared to have been elected as Vice President of the Tanjore Circle Temple Committee at the meeting of the committee held on 16th October 1929.

V. P. VENKATAKRISHNA NAYUDU,
President.

Tanjore, 16th October 1929.

Under rule 23 of the rules for the conduct of election of municipal councillors, the following gentlemen are declared to have been duly elected as councillors of the Karaikudi Municipality for the wards noted against their names with effect from 1st November 1929 :—

M.R Ry M A. R. S. T. Chidambaram Chettiar Avargal—I ward.

M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur S. A. S. R. M. Ramanathan Chettiyar Avargal—II ward.

M.R.Ry. S. P. N. M. Muhammad Ibrahim Kavuttar Avargal—IV ward.

M.R.Ry. N. K. Ramanathan Chettiyar Avargal —V ward.

M R.Ry Rao Bahadur M. R. Subbayya Chettiyar Avargal—VI ward.

M.R Ry. A. M. K. Muthukaruppan Chettiyar Avargal—VII ward.

M R.Ry. N. V. M. M. Palaniyappa Chettiyar Avargal—VIII ward.

M.R.Ry Muthu K. P. L. Murugappa Chettiyar Avargal—IX ward.

M.R Ry. N. S. Venkataramu Ayyar Avargal, M.A., L.T.—X ward.

M R.Ry. C.T. N. R. M. Narayanan Chettiyar Avargal—XI ward.

A. V. P. L. CHIDAMBARAM CHETTIYAR,
Chairman.

Karaikudi Municipal Office,
23rd October 1929.

Under section 8 (2) of the Madras District Municipalities Act V of 1920 and rule 23 (a) of the rules for the conduct of elections of municipal councillors in municipalities, the undermentioned gentlemen are declared to have been duly elected as

municipal councillors for the ward noted against their names on the Proddatur Municipality. Their term of office will be for three years from the forenoon of 1st November 1929 :—

M R Ry Janab Jamaluddin Sahib Bahadur, M.R Ry. Pathukota Munireddi Garu. } VI ward.

K. S. SUBBAYYA,
Vice-Chairman.

Proddatur Municipal Office,
26th October 1929.

Under section 8 (2) of the Madras District Municipalities Act of 1920 and rule 7 (1) of the rules for the conduct of elections of municipal councillors, M R.Ry. Ayyaswami Pillai Ranganatham Pillai Avargal is declared elected as councillor of the VIII ward of the Srirangam Municipality for three years commencing from 1st November 1929.

A. ANANTASUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Vice-Chairman.

Srirangam Municipal Office,
28th September 1929.

Under section 8, clause (3) of the District Municipalities Act, 1920, and rule (7), clause (1) of the rules for the conduct of elections of municipal councillors, I do hereby declare that M R Ry. Sunkara Parthasaradhi Pantulu Garu, B.A., is declared to be duly elected as municipal councillor of the Kottapeta North Ward for the period ending with noon on the first day of November 1931.

G RAMAVATARAM,
Chairman.

Vizianagram Municipal Office,
23rd October 1929.

Under rule 12 (1) of the rules for the decisions of disputes as to the validity of elections, the undermentioned gentlemen have been declared elected as councillors for ward No. III of the Walajapet Municipality and their term of office will extend up to noon of 1st November 1931 :—

M.R.Ry. P. Venkatasawami Nayudu Garu,
„ S. Rajam Ayyar Avargal.

(This cancels the notification of election of councillors Messrs. K. S. Mallappa Chettiyar Avargal and M. Lakshmanayya Garu, published in *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part I-A, dated 4th September 1928.)

V. RAMACHANDRAYYA,
Chairman.

Walajapet Municipal Office,
21st October 1929.

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Reg. No. I—M.

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority.

No. 44] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 29, 1929 [Price, 2 annas.

Part I-B.—Educational

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EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, October 18, 1929.

(With effect from the date of taking charge)

No. 270.—Miss L. H. Lowe, Deputy Directress of Public Instruction, on return from leave, to take charge of her permanent post.

No. 271.—Miss M. F. Prager, Inspectress of Girls' Schools, VI Circle, Coimbatore, officiating as Deputy Directress of Public Instruction, to officiate as Inspectress of Girls' Schools, IV Circle, Madras.

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Fort St. George, October 21, 1929.

No. 272.—Miss L. H. Lowe, Deputy Directress of Public Instruction in the Indian Educational Service (Women's Branch), on leave, has been granted by the High Commissioner for India, permission to return to India.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, October 23, 1929.

No. 273.—The undermentioned gentlemen have been elected to be Presidents by the District Secondary Education Boards noted against their names :—

M.R.Rv. G Ramachandra Rao Pantulu Garu —District Secondary Education Board, West Godavari.

M.R.Ry. C. S. Narasimhacharlu Garu—District Secondary Education Board, Cuddapah.

No. 274.—M.R.Ry. M. Chikkia Nenker Avargal has been elected by the managements of recognized secondary schools for boys under private agencies in the districts of Coimbatore and the Nilgiris, to the District Secondary Education Board, Coimbatore and the Nilgiris.

J. VENKATANARAYANA,
Secretary to Government.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

WOMEN'S SECONDARY GRADE FINAL EXAMINATION.

CANCELLATION OF CERTIFICATE.

It is hereby notified that the Women's Secondary Grade Final Examination Certificate, No. 27 of 1925 of B. Maria Louise has been cancelled, as non-authenticated alterations have been found in it.

Office of the Comnr. for Govt. Examinations, Madras, 17th October 1929.

SPECIAL TEST EXAMINATIONS.

ACCOUNT TEST FOR PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT OFFICERS.

It is hereby notified that as directed by Government, the Special Test Examination in Account Test for Public Works Department Officers will be held for the first time in June 1930. The examination will not, therefore, be held in it in December 1929 as previously announced. Candidates who have applied for this test this year, may, however, appear for it at the examination to be held in June 1930. The fee paid by them already for this test will be reserved for the examination to be held in June next. They must, however, send fresh applications for that examination.

(By order)

R. KRISHNA RAO BHONSLE,
Secretary.

Office of the Commr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 24th October 1929.

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

CONSTITUTION OF UNIVERSITY AUTHORITIES.

ACADEMIC COUNCIL.

Under Law 8 of Chapter VI of the Laws of the University, it is hereby notified that M.R.Ry. M. J. Sunthanakrishna Pillai Avargal, L.M.S., L.R.C.P. & S., D.S., and M.R.Ry. T. Bhaskara Menon Avargal, M.D., M.R.C.S., have been elected members of the Academic Council by the members of the teaching staff of the Madras Medical College, *viz* Dr. M. R. Ganeswami Mudaliyar and Mr. T. V. Rajaratnam, who ceased to be members of the staff.

The notification, dated the 15th August 1929, published on page 424 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part I-B—Educational, dated the 27th August 1929, *is hereby cancelled*.

Senate House, Madras,
25th October 1929.

NOTIFICATION.

Text-books for the various University Examinations adopted by the Academic Council at its meeting held on the 23rd August 1929:—

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION, 1931.

ENGLISH.

The text-books prescribed for the S.S.L.C. Public Examination, 1931.

HISTORY.

English History: from the beginning to 1485.
Indian History: Mediæval India.

SANSKRIT, 1931 & 1932.

Selections to be published by the University.

MARATHI, 1931 & 1932.

Prose—
Amachhya ayushyatil athavani, pages 1—188.

Poetry—
The following extracts from Navanit:
Moropant—Karnaparva, pages 328—346.
Waman Pandit—Sphuta Shloka, pages 133—143.

N.B.—The above books can be had at New Kitab Khana, Poona City or Messrs. Panchum Purasick and Company, 'Madhav Bagh', Bombay.

ORIYA.

Selections to be published by the University.

HINDI, 1931 & 1932.

Shakuntala by Maithli Sharan Gupta (Sahitya Sadan, Chirgaon, Jhansi, U. P.)
Galpa Guchha, Part I, pp. 1 to 51 (Indian Press, Ltd., Allahabad).
Anatha Balak by Trivedi (Indian Press, Ltd., Allahabad).

LATIN.

Caesar: De Bello Gallico, Book I, Chapters 30—54.
Phaedrus: Fables, Book I (Macmillan's Elementary classics).

FRENCH.

Daudet: Lettres de mon Moulin.
Poèmes Choisis 39—54 (Ed. du Pontet—Published by Arnold.)

GERMAN.

Text-books will be prescribed, if required.

ARABIC, PERSIAN AND URDU.

Will be prescribed later.

TAMIL, TELUGU, KANARESE AND MALAYALAM.

Selections to be published by the University.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS AND SCIENCE, 1932.

ENGLISH.

Part I.

Will be prescribed later.

SANSKRIT

Parts II and III-B.

1. Kalidasa—Malavikagnimitra, Nirnayasagara Press, Bombay.
2. Kalidasa—Kumara sambhava, first three Cantos only, Nirnayasagara Press, Bombay.
3. Harsa-carita-samgraha (Uechvasas 3, 4, 5 and 6) by Pandit R. V. Krishnamachariyar, To be had of the Author, Government College, Kumbakonam.

MARATHI.

Parts II and III-B.

For non-detailed study—
1. Dr. R. G. Bhandarkar's Religious Essays, pages 1—212.
2. Life of Socrates by Krishna Sastri Chiplankar.

For detailed study—
1. Extracts from Navanit:
Dnyanadeva—Selections from Dnyaneswari, Chapters 12 and 13, pages 1—14.
Moropant—Kaka and Ambarishakhyane, pages 253—373.
Raghunath Pandit—Nala Damayanti Swayamvarakhyan, pages 350—410.
Neshori—Gangarathanamala, pages 416—439.
2. Vemanabhar by Parasharam Tatya Godbole.
3. Life of Dnyaneswar by B. K. Parakha.
4. Marathe ani Ingraja by N. C. Kelkar, pages 1—152.

The books can be had at New Kitab Khana, Poona City, or Messrs. Panchum Purasick and Company, 'Madhav Bagh', Bombay.

ORIYA.

Part II.

For detailed study—
Poetry—
Pranayaballari by G. Maher.
Prose—
Bayi Mahanty Panjee by Gopalchendra Praharaj.
Kanakalata by Nandakisora Bal.
Drama—
Partap Nataka by Raja of Chikati.

For non-detailed study—
Paschalyabhramam by Raja of Surapji.
Santi Dhara by Vasudeb Mahapatra.

Part III B.

1. Beerabharata by Vasudeb Mahapatra.
2. Prabandharatha by Mrityunjaya Rotha.
3. Indumati by G. Maher.

The books can be had at "The Maker Press, Cuttack" or at "The Trading Company, Cuttack", or at the Students' Stores, Berhampur (Ganjam District)."

HINDI.

Parts II and III-B.

For non-detailed study—
Kadambari by Gadadhar Sinha, published by Indian Press, Ltd., Allahabad.
Sapta Saroj (omitting Upadesh) by Premchand, published by Hindi Pustak Agency, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
For detailed study—
Prose—
Guru Nanak (Ganga Pustakmala Karyalya, Amaabad Park, Lucknow).
Poetry—
Pravesbika Padyavali—Part I, pages 51—82, published by Indian Press, Ltd., Allahabad.
Vair-Vaibhar by Maithilsharan Gupta, published by Sahitya Sadan, Chirgaon, Jhansi, United Provinces.

LATIN.

Parts II and III-B.

Virgil: Aeneid IX.
Cicero: Speeches against Catiline, I—IV.
Livy: History XXII.

FRENCH.

Parts II and III-B.

Racine: Andromaque.
A. Watson Bain: French Poetry for advanced students, Nos. 101—120.
Feuillet: Le Roman d'un Jeune Homme Pauvre.
Modern French Prose, 1918—1923 (Ed. Nelson).

GERMAN.

Parts II and III B.

Schiller, Wilhelm Tell.
Deutsche Erzahlende Prosa, as in 1930.
A Book of German Verse adapted for schools and colleges (about 300 lines to be selected)
Hauff—Stories (about 80 pages to be selected).

NOTE.—The details of the selections in German will be given later.

ARABIC.

Will be prescribed later.

PERSIAN.

Will be prescribed later.

URDU

Will be prescribed later.

TAMIL.

Part II.

Selections to be published by the University—

Poetry—		
Tirukkural ..	..	3 Chapters.
Manimegalai.		
Arunericharan ..		20 Stanzas.
Kamba Ramayanam ..	Mandarai Zoozhi padalam.	

Tiruvarmogathamalai .. 20 Stanzas.
Villiputhurar Bharatam .. Nirameetchi Chapter. 150
Sonnalamalai .. .. 20 Stanzas.
Arunai Andadi .. 10 Stanzas.

Prose—
Detailed study—
Chalukya Vikramaditya by A. V. Venkatarama Ayyar
Kaushikan by C. R. Narasimaya Mudaliyar.
Non-detailed study—
Murugan by Krishnakumari (M.L.J. Press).
Pallavar II & III by P. T. Srinivasa Ayyangar.
Part III B.

The same as for 1931.

TELUGU.

Part II.

Poetry—

	Verses.
1. Bharatamu: Virataparvamu: I canto —by Tikkana	147
2. Parijatapaharanamu—by Mukku Timmanna, I canto	140
3. Ramarajeeyamu—by Venkayya, Published by Vavilla Ramaswamy Sastrula & Sons, Verses 198—275 ..	106
Total number of verses ..	393

Modern poetry—
Apurvasandhasamukaramamu—by Kalluri Gopala Rao Garu.

Drama—
Abhijnana Sakuntalamu—by Kavithilaka Vidvan K. Kanakamma Garu.

Prose—

	Pages.
1. Bharatamu, Aranyaparvamu Dharmarajunaku Markandeyudu Dharmopadesamu Cheyuta—by Sathaghantam Venkataranga Sastrula ..	60
2. Kathasaritsagaramu—by Vedam Venkatarayya Sastry, published by Vavilla Ramaswamy Sastrula & Sons, Part I, pages 1—100	100
3. Nyaya pradeepamu Vigrahamu—by Koneda Ramachandra Sastry—published by K. Ramakrishnayya Garu ..	50
Total number of pages ..	210

Non-detailed—
1. Addanki Sreekavi—by Addanki Rama Rao
2. Tulapa—by A. V. L. Venkateswarulu, Akbar Sahib Street, Triplicane, Madras.

Part III-B.

Poetry—

	Verses.
1. Bharatamu: Virataparvamu: I canto by Tikkana	147
2. Parijatapaharanamu, by Mukku Timmanna, I canto	140
Total number of verses ..	287

Modern poetry—
Apurvasandhasamukaramamu by Kalluri Gopala Rao.

Drama—
Abhignana Sakuntalamu—by Kavithilaka Vidvan K. Ranakamma Garu.

Prose—

	Pages.
1. Bharatamu—Aranyaparvamu—Dharmarajunaku Markandeyuda Dharmopadesamu Cheyuta—by Sathagantam Venkatarangayya Sastrulu	60
2. Kathasaritsagaramu—by Vedam Venkataraya Sastry—published by Vavilla Ramaswamy Sastrulu & Sons, Part I, pages 1—100	100
Total number of pages ..	160

Non-detailed—
Telugu—by A. V. L. Venkateswariah, Akbar Sahib Street, Teiphenne, Madras.

KANARESE.

Parts II and III B.

For detailed study—
1. Jaimini Bharata by Lakshmisha—Chapters 28, 29, 30 & 31 The story of Chandrahasa (Vishwa Karnataka Pubishing House, Basavangudi, Bangalore City).
2. Niti Manjari, Part I—by B. Narasimhashari, M.A. The 1st 50 stanzas. (The author, Malleshwaram, Bangalore)
3. Subhadra Vijaya Nataka by B. Rama Rao, M.A., LL.B. (Kala Sahitya Mandala, Mangalore).

For non detailed study—
1. Champakamalini by A. Rajatmal (B. B. D. Power Press, Cottonpet, Bangalore).
2. Karnarjuna by K. S. Karanth ("Vasantha" office, Mangalore).

PHYSICS.

The following books in addition to those mentioned on page 554 of Vol. I of the Calendar for 1929-30 have been recommended:—

Author.	Name of book.
Nightingale ..	(Sound, Heat, Light.
Houston ..	Intermediate Heat, Intermediate Electricity and Magnetism.

CHEMISTRY

The same as for 1931.

NATURAL SCIENCE.

BOTANY.

Same as on pages 554 and 555 of Vol I of the University Calendar for 1929-30.

ZOOLOGY AND PHYSIOLOGY.

In addition to the books already recommended *add* Essentials of Zoology: A. Meek (Longmans).

LOGIC.

Creighton's Introductory Logic, Parts I and II omitting Chapter II.

HISTORIES

The same as those prescribed for 1931.

GEOGRAPHY.

The same as those prescribed for 1931.

INDIAN MUSIC.

The following additional books are recommended—
(1) "Sound" by Nightingale (Bell and Sons).
(2) The Melakarta Janyaraga Scheme by P. Sambamurti. The Indian Music Publishing House, Madras.

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1932.

(Revised Regulations.)

Part I.

ENGLISH.

Shakespeare: Much Ado about nothing.
King Lear.

Plays for general reading—
Romeo and Juliet, Coriolanus, Winter's Tale.

Modern Poetry—
Milton's Paradise Lost, Book II,
Pattern Poetry Part III (Nelson). *The following selections:*—
Pope: Rape of the Lock
Wordsworth: Tintern Abbey.
Shelley: Adonais:
and
Browning: Andrea del Sarto.

Prose I—
Burke: Selections edited by A. M. D. Hughes (Oxford).
Lamb: Essays of Elia, First Series, edited by A. H. Thompson (C. U. P.)

For perusal

Scott: Bride of Lammermoor.

Prose II—
Newman: Literary Selections (Longmans).
Pater: Selections edited by Rawlinson.

For perusal.

George Eliot: Romola.
Meredith: Evan Harrington.

PHYSICAL SCIENCE.

PHYSICS.

To the list of books given on page 800 of Vol. I of the Calendar for 1929-30, add the following:—

Ivor-B. Hart	..	Heat and Thermodynamics.
Dropper	..	Do. do.
Houston	..	Light.

CHEMISTRY.

Group (ii-B).

Substitute Lowry and Sugden's Physical Chemistry (Macmillan 4s. 6d.) *for* Fenton's Outlines of Chemistry, Part I.

Group (ii-A).

The same as for 1931.

NATURAL SCIENCE.

BOTANY

Same as on page 602 of Vol. I of the University Calendar for 1929-30.

ZOOLOGY—SUBSIDIARY.

Under reference *add* Text-book of Zoology: Parker and Haswell.

PHYSIOLOGY—SUBSIDIARY.

B.A. and B.Sc.

1. Brinbridge and Menzies: Essentials of Physiology (Longmans).
2. Bodansky: Introduction to Physiological Chemistry (Wiley).
3. Lewis and Bremer: Text book of Histology. (Blakiston).
4. Parsons: Fundamentals of Bio-Chemistry. (Heffer).

Books recommended for reference—
1. Starling. Principles of Human Physiology (Churchill).
2. Macleod: Physiology and Bio-Chemistry in Modern Medicine (Mosby).
3. Evans: Recent Advances in Physiology (Heffer)

4. Pryde: Recent Advances in Bio-Chemistry (Heffer).
5. Mathews: Physiological Chemistry. (Wood).
6. Anrep and Harris: Practical Physiology (Churchill).
7. Cannon: A laboratory course in Physiology (Harvard Univ).
8. Folin: Laboratory Manual of Biological Chemistry (Appleton).
9. Schafer: Experimental Physiology. (Longmans).

PHILOSOPHY.

I. *Logic and Theory of Knowledge, European and Indian*—The same as for 1931.

II. *Psychology*—Will be prescribed later.

III. *Ethics*—The same as for 1931.

IV. *Philosophical work prescribed, European Philosophy*—Home's Enquiry concerning Human Understanding. *Indian Philosophy*; the same as for 1931.

HISTORY.

Group (e).

Related Subjects.

DRAVIDIAN LANGUAGES.

The same as for 1931.

SANSKRIT

The same as for 1931.

MARATHI.

The same as for 1931.

ORIYA.

Will be prescribed later.

LATIN.

The same as for 1931.

FRENCH.

The same as for 1931.

ARABIC AND PERSIAN.

Will be prescribed later.

URDU

Will be prescribed later.

SANSKRIT

Part II

The same as for 1931.

Part III—Group (e)

Sanskrit Main and Sanskrit as a related Language (The same as for Group (e) of 1930 and 1931.)

MARATHI.

Part II.

For non detailed study—

Moropantachi Kavita by Vishnu Shastri Chiplunkar.

For History of Language—

1. Mahrashtra Saraswat—Part I—3rd Edition
2. Marathi Bhashechi Ghatana by R. B. Joshi.

For detailed study—

1. Panipatachi Bakhar, edited by Rao Bahadur K. N. Sane, B.A.
2. Nivanda Sangraha Granth Dasara—Essays Nos 1, 2, 3, 7, 8 and 9 only.
3. Krishna Vijaya Uttarardha—Chapters 1—10.
4. Harivilas by Waman Pandit, edited by B. A. Bhide, B.A
5. Uttara Rama Charitra by Parashurampant Tatya Godbole

The books can be had at New Kitab Khana, Poona City, or Messrs. Parashuram Paramanand and Company, 'Madhav Bagh', Bombay.

Part III—Group (e).

The same as for 1931.

ORIYA.

Part II.

The same as for 1931.

Part III—Group (e).

In addition to the books prescribed for 1931, the following books are recommended for consultation on History of Language and Literature and Comparative Grammar:

1. Oriya Sahityare Itihasa by B. Misra.
2. Utkal Sahityare Itihasa by T. Rathe.
3. Oriya Bhashare Itihasa by B. Misra.
4. Oriya Bhasa Tatwa by G. Nanda.
5. Comparative Grammar of Gaudian languages by Dr. Hoernle.

The books can be had at "The Mukur Press, Cuttack", or at the "Trading Company, Cuttack", or at "The Students' Stores, Berhampur (Ganjam district)."

HINDI.

Part II.

The same as for 1931.

Part III—Group (e).

The same as for Part II for 1931.

LATIN.

Part II.

Virgil: Aeneid I.
Horace: Odes III, 1—30.
Cicero: Pro Lege Manilia.
Tacitus: Annals I.

Part III—Group (e).

Plautus: Rudens.
Virgil: Aeneid II.
Horace: Epistles I.
Juvenal: Satires VII and X.
Cicero: De Officiis.
Livy: History V.
Tacitus: Agricola and Germania.

FRENCH.

Part II.

Faguet: Ce que disent les Livres.
Hémond: Maria Chapdelaine
Bordeaux: Le Barrage.
A. Watson Bain: French Poetry for advanced students, Nos. 1—100.

Part III—Group (e).

Corneille: le Cid.
Molière: le Malade Imaginaire
The Oxford Book of French Verse.
La Bruyère: Les Caractères.
Thierry: Les Normands en Angleterre.
Rémi: Mme. de Corentine.

GERMAN.

Texts will be prescribed, if required.

ARABIC, PERSIAN AND URDU.

Arabic

Will be prescribed later.

Persian.

Will be prescribed later.

Urdu.

Will be prescribed later.

TAMIL.

Part II.

Poetry—

Selections to be published by the University :—

Kurunthogai	..	25 Stanzas.
குறுந்தொகை		
Aganaanuru	..	10 Stanzas.
அகநானூறு.		
Tirukkural (Poruṭpal)	..	10 Chapters.
திருக்குறள் (பொருட்பால்).		
Silappathikaram	..	Adaikkalakkathai.
சிலப்பதிகாரம்.		அடைக்கலக்காதை.
Kambaramayanam	..	Vaedanna Adaikkalam.
கம்ப ராமாயணம்.		வேதனை அடைக்கலம்.
Periyapuranam	..	Kannappa Nayanar Puranam.
பெரிய புராணம்.		கண்ணப்ப நாயனார் புராணம்.
Kandapuranam	..	Valliyammai Thirumanam.
கந்த புராணம்.		வள்ளியம்மை திருமணம்.
Tiruvarangathandadi	..	20 Stanzas.
திருவரங்கத்தந்தாதி.		
Kasikkalambakham	..	About 50 Stanzas.
காசிக்கலம்பகம்.		

Prose—

Detailed study—

Silappadikara Aaraichi, by R. P. Setu Pillai (Ottakuttar Office, Saidapet).
சிலப்பதிகார ஆராய்ச்சி.

Kapilar, by M. Venkateswami Nattar,
கபிலர்

Non-detailed study—

Sakuntala, by S. Bhavanandam Pillai.
சகுந்தலை.

Tamil Varalaru, by late Rao Bahadur K. S. Srinivasa Pillai.
தமிழ் வரலாறு

Part III—Group (c).

The same as for 1931.

TELUGU.

Part II.

	Verses.
Poetry—	
1. Bharatamu — Udyogaparvamu — By Tikkana — Sanjayarayabharamu — Verses 229 to 385	156
2. Nrusimha Puranamu—By Errapragada —Canto I—Verses 1 to 150 ..	150
3. Harivilasamu—By Srinadha—II Canto —Verses 1 to 200	200
4. Sringara Kadambari—By Ch. Narasimha Sastri—V Canto—Verses 1 to 144	144
Total number of verses ..	650

	Pages.
Drama—	
Uttararamacharita—By Vedam Venkatarayya Sastri.	
Prose—	
1. Bharatasaramu — By N. Kuppuswamiah—Chapter I—VI ..	200
2. Radhagadanamu—By Karada Ramachandra Sastri, published by K. Ramakrishnayya	50
3. Sumanomanoramu — By Vaddadi Subbarayudu (Rajahmundry) ..	150
Total number of pages ..	400

Non-detailed—

1. Bag Jaagal—By Pinjali Lakshmikantam.
2. Tilakamanjari—By Akundi Venkata Sastri Garu, Vizianagaram.
3. Adhyatma Ramayanamu—By M. Subbadramma.

Books recommended for Grammar—

1. Margopadesika—By Vajjhala Chinnasitarama Sastri Garu.
2. Balavyakaranamu—By Chinnayya Suri.
3. Telugu Kavyadarsanu—By Avvari Subramanya Sastri.
4. Kavijanasrayamu—By Bhimanna.

Part III—Group (c).

Poetry—

1. Bharatamu — Kechakavadha — By Tikkanna.		
2. Kumarasambhavamu—By Nannichoda	II Canto.	
3 Kasikhandamu—By Sreenadha ..	VI	„
4 Vasucharitra — By Ramaraja Bhushana	III	„
5. Yayaticharitra—By Pennaganti Thimmayarya	III	„
6. Harischandra Nalopakhyanamu—By Ramaraju Bhushana ..	III	„

Drama—

1. Prabhodhachandrodayam — By Vaddadi Subbarayudu (Rajahmundry).
2 Gayopakhyanamu—By Chilakamarti Lakshminarasimham.

Prose—

Dasakumaracharitram—By Y. Sanjeevarayudu—Published by Messrs. Vavilla Ramaswamy Sastrulu & Sons.

Inscriptions—

1. Bezwada Yudha Malluni Sasanamu.
2. Chalukya Sasanamu—Published in Bharata (Andhra Patrika Office)

Literary Criticism—

1. Kavitva Tatva Vicharamu—By C. Ramalinga Reddi, Vice-Chancellor, Andhra University.
2. Vasucharitra Vimarsanam—By Vajjhala Chinnasitarama Sastri, Vizianagram.

History of Literature—

1. Andhra Vangmaya Charitra—By Vangari Subba Rau.
2. Andhrakavulucharitra — By K. Veeresalingam—[Part I (Revised) and Part II].

History of Language—

Bashothpatthi Kramamu—By K. Ramakrishnayya, M.A.

Grammar, Prosody and Poetics—

1. Balavyakaranam—By Chinnaya Suri.
2. Prondha Vyakaranam—By B. Sitarama Sastri.
3. Appakaviyamu—Cantos III and IV.
4. Narasabhupaliyamu—By Bhattu Murti.
5. Dasarupakamu—By Malladi Suryanarayana Sastri (Rajahmundry).

KANARESE.

Part II.

For detailed study—

1. Vikramarjuna Vijaya (Pampa Bharata) Academy Edition—Chapters 1 & 2.	Vishwakarnataka Publishing House, Basavangudi, Bangalore City.
2. Sabara Sankara Vilasa by Shadakshara Deva —Chapters 1 & 2.	
3. Jagannatha Vijaya by Hudra Bhatta—Chapters 1 & 2.	
4. Naganandā Nataka by N. Ananthanarayana Sastri (Chandrika Book stall, Mysore).	

5. Karnataka Kavi charitre by R. Narasimhachar, Vol. II—17th Century and Introduction.

For non-detailed study—

1. Chandragupta Chakravarthi by A. Venkat Rao, B.A., L.T. (People's Printing and Publishing House, Triplicane, Madras).
2. Rajasimha by B. Venkatachar } Vishwakarnataka Publishing House, Basavangudi, Bangalore City.
3. Bandha Vimochana by K. L. Subba Rao. }

Part III—Group (c).

Will be prescribed later.

B.A. Degree Examination, 1932.

(Under Old Regulations.)

PHYSICS.

The same as for 1931.

CHEMISTRY.

The same as for 1931.

BOTANY.

The same as for 1931.

ZOOLOGY.

The same as for 1931.

PHILOSOPHY.

Logic, Psychology, Ethics } The same as for 1931.

Philosophical work prescribed:

Hume's Enquiry concerning Human Understanding.

SANSKRIT.

(Main and Subsidiary.)

The same as for 1931.

MARATHI.

The same as for 1931.

ORIYA.

The same as for 1931.

HINDI.

The same as for 1931.

LATIN

Group (iv).

Cicero: De Officiis

Group (v)

Tacitus: Agricola and Germania.

Group (vi).

Cicero: De Officiis.
Tacitus: Agricola and Germania.
Virgil: Aeneid II.
Horace: Odes III, 1–20.
Juvenal: Satires VII and X.
Livy: History V.

FRENCH.

Group (iv).

La Bruyère: Les Caractères.

Group (v).

De Tocqueville: L'Ancien Régime.

Group (vi).

La Bruyère: Les Caractères
De Tocqueville: L'Ancien Régime.
Corneille: Le Cid.
Molière: Le Malade Imaginaire.
Faguet: Ce que disent les Livres.
Hémard: Marie Chapdelaine.
The Oxford Book of French Verse.

ARABIC

The same as for 1931.

PERSIAN

The same as for 1931.

URDU.

The same as for 1931

TAMIL

The same as for 1931

TELUGU

The same as for 1931.

KANARESE

The same as for 1931.

B.A. (Hons.) and M.A. Degree Examinations, 1933.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

Will be prescribed later.

PHYSICAL SCIENCE

PHYSICS.

In addition to the books mentioned on pages 658, 659 of Volume I of the Calendar for 1929–1930, the following books have been recommended:—

Searle and Newman .. Properties of Matter
Roberts, K. K .. Heat and Thermodynamics.

CHEMISTRY.

The same as for 1932.

NATURAL SCIENCE.

ZOOLOGY (MAIN).

Under 'Theory' *add* Chordate Development: Kellicot and General Embryology: Kellicot.

Under 'Practical' *add* Histological Technique: Carleton (Oxford Medical Publications).

Under 'Reference' *add* Mechanism of Mendelian Heredity: Morgan; Physical Basis of Heredity: Morgan; and the Mechanism and Physiology of Sex determination: Goldschmidt (Translated by Dakin)

PHILOSOPHY.

Prescribed Modern Work.

For 1932: Lloyd Morgan—Life, Matter and Spirit.

SANSKRIT LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

Special Part.

1933.

Vyākaraṇa and Alaṁkāra:—

Bhaṭṭōji Dīkṣita: Prauḍhamanōramā—Saṁjñā, Paribhāṣā, Sandhi-Strīpratyaya and Kārakaprakaraṇa (Benares edition).

Patañjali: Mahābhāṣya, I, i, Āhnikas i to iii (Nirnaya Sagara Press, Bombay).

Bhartṛhari: Vākyapadīya, kāṇḍa I (Benares edition).

Ānandavardhana: Dhvanyāloka (Nirnaya Sagara Press).

Rasagaṅgādhara by Jagannātha Paṇḍita: First Ānana only (Nirnaya Sagara Press, Bombay).

Books recommended for study—

Goldstucker: Pāṇini: his place in Sanskrit Literature.
Belvalkar: Systems of Sanskrit Grammar.
Aristotle: Poetics.
Bain: English Composition and Rhetoric.
Vaughan: Literary Criticism.
Winchester: Principles of Literary Criticism.
Gayley and Scott: Methods and Materials of Criticism.
S. K. De: History of Sanskrit Poetics

Books recommended for consultation—
Mammata: Kāvyaprakāśa.
Dhanunjaya: Dasarūpaka.
Courthope: Life in Poetry and Law in Taste.
Saintsbury: History of Literary Criticism

N.B.—Students are informed that all the Oriental books in the above lists could be procured through the Oriental Books Supplying Agency, Ibrahimpatnam, Poona, or through the Proprietor, The Punjab Sanskrit Book Depot, Said Mitha Bazar, Lahore

1934 and 1935.

General part—same as for 1933, with the change that the Alpochakatika replaces the Mudrārākshasa.

Special part—Vedānta and Mīmāṃsā.

Same as for 1929

Books recommended for study and consultation under the General part for 1934 and 1935 will be the same as for the general part for 1933.

Books recommended for study and consultation under the special part of 1934 and 1935 will be the same as for the special part of 1929.

M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1933.

TAMIL.

The same as for 1932.

TELUGU.

The same as for 1932.

KANARESE.

Will be prescribed later.

B.Sc. DEGREE EXAMINATION, 1932.

CHEMISTRY.

Main and Subsidiary.

Same as for B.A. (ii-B) and B.A. (ii-A) respectively.

ZOOLOGY.

Main and Subsidiary.

Same as for B.A.

EXAMINATIONS FOR TITLES IN ORIENTAL LEARNING, 1934

SANSKRIT.

Same as for 1933, with the following modifications:

A. For the preliminary examination of 1934 in Branch II—Advaita, the portion in the Bṛihadāraṇyakabhāṣya will be Chapters. II and III only.

B For the preliminary examination of 1934 in Branch IV—Vyākaraṇa, Kārikā-vṛtti will be dropped and the following books are prescribed:—

1. Paribhāshendusekhara (whole)
2. Prathamānoramā text from the beginning to the end of Avyayībhāva.
3. Subantas from the beginning to the end of Striprattyaya.

For the final division of the examination of 1934, in Branch IV—Vyākaraṇa, the following changes will be made:—

1. The Kāraka prakaraṇa in the Laghu-śabdenduśekhara will be omitted.
2. In the Laghu-manjūṣā, only the sections containing the Subarthā-vichāra and the Nāmārtha-vichāra are prescribed
3. All the sections in the Vaiyākaraṇa-bhūshaṇa-sāra, except the Subarthā-vichāra and Nāmārtha-vichāra are prescribed.
4. Gadādhara's Vyutpattivāda—from the beginning to the end of Prathamā—is also prescribed.

The remaining books for 1934 Oriental Title examinations will be the same as for 1933

SANSKRIT AND MARATHI.

The same as for 1932.

ORIYA

The same as for 1932.

TAMIL.

The same as for 1932.

TELUGU.

The following list of text-books in Telugu supersedes the list printed on pages 772 to 774 and 778 of Volume I of the Calendar for 1929-30.

VIDVAN

1931 and 1932.

[Telugu when offered as one of the Languages under Regulations 7 (A) and 7 (C)].

For the Preliminary Examination.

Poetry—
1. Bhāratamu—By Nannayya—Ādiparvamu—VIII Canto—Verses 1—223.
2. Panditaradhya Charitra—By Palkurki Somanna—Uttarasa Sukesala Charitrulu.
3. Manu Charitra—By Pedanna—Canto II.
4. Vikramārka Charitram—By Jakkana, published by V. Ramaswamy Sastrulu and Sons—Canto III.
5. Vijayavilāsamu—By Chamakuri Venkatakavi—Canto I.
6. Śringāra Sakuntalam—By Pillalamarri Pinaveerabhadrakavi—Canto II.

Prose—
1. Karpūramanjari—By Chilakamarti Lakshminarasimham
2. Nyāyapradeepama—By Korada Ramachandra Sastri.

Drama—
Sakuntalam—By Vedam Venkatarāya Sastrulu.

Grammar—
1. Bālavyākaraṇam—By Chinnaya Suri.
2. Kavijanāśrayam—By Bheemanna.
3. Kavyadarśana—By Avvari Subramanya Sastri, Kovvur, West Godavari district.

For the Final Examination.

Poetry—
1. Vasu Charitra—Canto III.
2. Śringāra Nishadhamu—By Śreenadha—Canto III.
3. Amukta Malyada—Canto II.
4. Yayati Charitra—Canto IV.
5. Raghava Pandaviyamu—by Pingala Surannā—Canto II.

Drama—
Vikramorvaśeyamu—By Vaddadi Subbarayudu Garu.

Grammar, Prosody and Poetics—
1. Proudhavyākaraṇamu.
2. Bālavyākaraṇamu
3. Andhra Śabda Chintāmani.
4. Appakaviyamu—Cantos III and IV.
5. Narasabhūpaliyamu
6. Dasarūpakamu—By M. Suryanarayana Sastri—Cantos III and IV.

Videna, 1931 *and* 1932.

[Telugu when offered as the main language under Regulation 7 (B)]

The same as for 1930 with the following modifications:—

Preliminary—
1. Bharatamu—Santiparvamu—by Tikkanna (instead of Sabhaparvamu)—Canto II.
2. Ekānta Seva—by Venkata Parvateesa Kavulu (instead of Sarojini)

3. Dasakumaracharitramu—by Y. Sanjeevarayudu (instead of Brahmanatva Sarasu by Vavilla Sivavadanulu),
4. Prabhatamu—by Vangari Subba Rao (instead of Aranyaka),
5. Ramove Kavyalankara Chudamanu.

Final—
1. Harischandra Nalopakhyanam—Canto III (instead of Ekanta Seva and Kavyadarsanamu)
2. Atcha Telugu Ramayanamu—Kishkindha and Sundara Kandams
3. Bhashotpatthi kramamu—by K. Ramakrishnayya (instead of Sringara Sreenadham and Philology of Seshagiri Sastri).

KANARESE.

1933

VIDVAN.

Under Regulations 7 (A) and (C).

Preliminary—
Poetry and Prose—
1. Vikramarjuna Vijaya by Pampa (Academy edition), Chapters 6 and 7
2. Rajasekhara Vilasa by Shadaksara Deva, Chapters 1 and 2,
3. Jagannatha Vijaya by Rudra Bhatta, Chapters 1, 2 and 3,
4. Indra Kila Vijaya Nataka by M. Sitarama Sastri.

(1–4: Vishwakarnataka Publishing House, Basavangudi, Bangalore.)

5. Shanti Purana by Ponna, Chapters 7 and 8 (People's Printing and Publishing House, Triplicane, Madras).
6. Chikadeva Raja Vamsavali by Tiramalarya, (Karnataka Kavya Kalanidhi Office, Mysore)
7. Madea Manjusha by Kempu Narayana (Wesleyan Mission Press, Mysore).

Final—
Grammar, Prosody, Rhetoric, etc.—
1. Sabdamani Darpana by Kesiraja (B.G.M. Book Depot, Mangalore).
2. Karnataka Vyakaranopanyasa Manjari by R. Raghunatha Rao
3. Karnataka Chandralaka by Lakshmi Narasimha Sastri
4. Maddana.
5. Ranna Kavi Prasasthi.

(2–5: Vishwakarnataka Publishing House, Basavangudi, Bangalore.)

6. Sringara Ratnakara by Kavi Kama.
7. Chhandassu by Nagavarma.

(6–7: Karnataka Kavya Kalanidhi Office, Mysore.)

8. Karnataka Kavi Charitre, Volumes 1, 2 and 3, by Rao Bahadur R. Narasimhachar (Author, Malleshwaram, Bangalore).

VIDVAN.

Under Regulation 7-B.

Preliminary—
Poetry and Prose—
1. Sarama Pattabhisheka by Muhalakmi.
2. Yashodhara Charitre by Janna.
3. Uttara Rama Charitra Natakada Katha
4. Chikadeva Raja Vijaya by Tiramalarya, Chapters 1, 2 and 3.

(1–4: Karnataka Kavya Kalanidhi Office, Mysore.)

5. Damayanti Swayamvara by Basappa Sastri.
6. Chamundaraya Purana by Chamundaraya, Part I.
7. Vikramorvasiya Nataka by S. Aiya Sastri.

(5–7: Vishwakarnataka Publishing House, Basavangudi, Bangalore.)

Grammar—
Sabdamani Darpana by Kesiraja (B.G.M. Book Depot, Mangalore).

Final—
Poetry and Prose—
1. Ajita Purana by Ranna—Chapters, 1, 2 and 3
2. Nemnatha Purana by Nemichandra, Chapters 1, 2 and 3.
3. Mitravinda Govinda Nataka by Singararya.
4. Ramaswamedha by Muddana

(1–4: Karnataka Kavya Kalanidhi Office, Mysore.)

5. Sabarasankara Vilasa by Sadasivakara Deva.
6. Jagannatha Vijaya by Rudra Bhatta, Chapters 4, 5 and 6.
7. Bhishma Nataka by D. K. Bharadwaj.

(5–7: Vishwakarnataka Publishing House, Basavangudi, Bangalore.)

Grammar Prosody, Rhetoric, etc.—
1. Sabdamanidarpana by Bhattakalanka (omitting commentary) by Bhatta Kalanka.
2. Kavyavalokana by Nagavarma (omitting Sabda Smriti)

(1–2: Government Central Depot, Bangalore.)

3. Aprathimavira Charitre by Tiramalraya.
4. Sringara Ratnakara by Kavikama.
5. Chhandombudhi by Nagavarma
6. Karnataka Kavi Charitre by R. Narasimhachar, M.A., Volumes 1, 2 and 3

(3–6: Karnataka Kavya Kalanidhi Office, Mysore.)

7. Karnataka Vyakaranopanyasa Manjari by R. Raghunatha Rao.
8. Maddana.
9. Ranna Kavi Prasasthi.

(7–9: Vishwakarnataka Publishing House, Basavangudi, Bangalore.)

(By order)

D. C. ARUMAINAYAGAM,
Acting Registrar.

Senate House, Madras,
29th September 1929.

ANDHRA UNIVERSITY.

NOTIFICATION.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATIONS OF 1930—NEW REGULATIONS—CHANGES IN TEXT-BOOKS.

It is hereby notified that the following text books in Tamil have been omitted from the original list of text books prescribed under Parts II and III of the Intermediate Examination of 1930 (New Regulations) :—

Part II.

"Bharatam (Villiputtuar) Dronaparthi Malaiitta Sarukkam."

Part III.

(1) "Pala mahin thadi" (60 stanzas).
(2) "Madurakhalambakam" (60 stanzas).

(By order)

C. D. S CHETTI,
Reg trar.

University Office, Berwada,
21st October 1929.

LAWRENCE SCHOOL, GHORA GALI, MURREE, PUNJAB.

CHELMSFORD TRAINING COLLEGE FOR EUROPEAN MASTERS IN EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.

The next course begins on 1st March 1930.

2. Applications for admission to the Training College will be received by the undersigned up to 31st December 1929. They should not be submitted direct to the Principal. Forms of applications may be obtained from this office.

Applicants must have provisional appointments to which they will revert after training. All applications must be accompanied by a signed declaration from the management of a recognized European School in the Presidency certifying that the applicant will be entertained on the staff on the completion of his course.

3. The course is one of two years, but graduates whose progress has been satisfactory will be allowed to take the examination at the end of one year.

4. *Age.*—Candidates must not be less than 17 years of age on 1st March 1930.

5. *Qualifications.*—The minimum qualification required is a pass in the Cambridge School Certificate Examination, or in the High School Examination for European Schools, or in an equivalent examination. Preference will be to given those who have passed the Intermediate Examination of an Indian University.

Every candidate must produce a certificate of good moral character signed by the head of the institution with which he was last connected, and a certificate from a Commissioned Medical Officer that his health is good and that he is suffering from no infirmity likely to interfere with the profession of a teacher.

6. *Course of study.*—The class which is maintained and inspected by the Punjab Government is under the control of the Principal, Lawrence School, Ghora Gali, to whom all correspondence, subject to the conditions laid down in paragraph 2 above should be addressed.

The purpose of the course of study is (*a*) to revise and supplement the student's knowledge of the subjects which usually form the curriculum of European schools, (*b*) to acquaint the students with the principles underlying class management, school organization and hygiene, (*c*) to study the laws of mental operation in relation to school work. An examination in these subjects will be conducted by the Punjab Educational Department at the close of the course.

Students are also expected to undergo a course of study in (*a*) Drawing, (*b*) Nature Study, (*c*) Physical Training. Every student is expected to join the local detachment of the Auxiliary Force, to interest himself actively in the Boy Scouts movement, and to be able to take part in and to control efficiently boy's games and other activities in the corporate life of a school. There will be no formal examination in these subjects, but credit for proficiency in any or all of them will be endorsed in the diploma.

7. *Discipline.*—The principal has power to dismiss from the class at any time any student whose behaviour or progress is, in his opinion, unsatisfactory.

8. *Stipends* of Rs. 50 per mensem are awarded by the Government of Madras to selected Madras candidates. Railway fares (second class) will be paid to each stipendiary student on joining and leaving Ghora Gali and for the winter vacation (about two and a half months), if enjoyed.

Madras stipendiaries are required to sign an agreement that they will, if required, serve in a recognized European school in the Madras Presidency for at least five years immediately on the successful completion of their training.

H. C. KERSHAW,
Inspector of European Schools.

Madras, 23rd October 1929.

UNCLAIMED CERTIFICATES.

The Secondary School-Leaving Certificates of the undermentioned pupils have been received from the Headmasters of the schools noted below, where they were left unclaimed for over two years. Such of the certificates as are claimed within one month from the date of the publication of this notification will be returned to the pupils concerned through the Secretary, Secondary School-Leaving Certificate Board, Madras, provided the claimants submit their applications through the Headmasters of the schools in which they studied last. The other certificates will be destroyed after a period of one month from the date mentioned above in accordance with the instructions issued by the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, in his Proceedings C. No. 3099 D-25, dated 26th November 1926.

BOARD HIGH SCHOOL, PARVATIPUR.

S.S.L.C. number.	Name of pupil.
27564c	Jonali Joseph Paul.
27567c	Vempati Gurumurti.
27570c	Siddabattala Ramaswami.
3351c	Viswanadham Balaramaswami.

MUNICIPAL HIGH SCHOOL, BIMLIPATAM.

52195c	Raja Sagi Viswanadha Raju.
11853c	Pakki Venkatesam.
3303c	Jattada Suryaprakasa Rao.
64310c	Balabhadruni Narasinga Rao.

MUNICIPAL HIGH SCHOOL, ANAKAPALLE.

47861c	Appikonda Manikyam.
64640c	Veerini Ramulu.
64485c	Vellari Krishnamurti.
64563c	Valugandam Satyanarayana.
82340c	Dadi Bhogebugam.
82355c	Gonthina Narayana Rao.
3387c	Jaggampeetri Narasimhamurti.
27276c	Kuraprolu Venkataramana.
27282c	Kapugonti Suryanarayana.
27288c	Sila Rama Narasimha Rao.
27281c	Gopisetti Audinarayana.
27301c	Tammiraju Venkatasamanayya.

BOARD HIGH SCHOOL, CHODAVARAM.

64299c	K. Prakasa Rao.
27301c	Vadapalli Appa Rao.
3551c	P. V. S. Suryanarayana.
3559c	V. L. Narayana.

MAHARAJA'S COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL, VIZIANAGRAM.

15832A	N. Sanyasilingam.
44141A	S. Ch. Sanyasiraju.
44233A	V. Venkataramana.
44172A	V. Chalamayya.
15988A	A. Ksona Rao.
35171A	P. Suryanarayanaraju.
35222A	P. Appayyasastri.
15893A	T. Venkataraju.
44223A	V. Rammurti.
44233A	G. Appalanarasimham.
44193A	Bh. Suryanarayana.
44104A	P. J. V. Sitaramachari.
2716A	J. Appalanarasayya.
17535A	M. Appa Rao.
36718A	G. V. Ramamurti.
33040A	P. Satyanarayanaraju.
17714A	Pothumarti Satyanarayana.
36711A	V. Bhaskara Rao.

MAHARAJA'S COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL, VIZIANAGRAM—*contd.*

S.S.L.C. number.	Name of pupil.
44029A	K. R. Krishna Rao.
32183A	B. Ganeaji Rao
32174A	A. Rajarajulingam.
43756A	N. Kameswara Rao,
38703A	M. L. Narayana.
17102A	G. Rama Rao.
38512A	G. Venkata Rao.
44030A	K. Satyanarayana Rao.
38696A	N. Sitaramamurti.
32185A	K. Suryasiraju.
41179A	G. Parvatesam.
28223B	K. Sanyasayya.
28142A	S. Sitaramaraju.
44251A	S. Appalaswami.
35119A	K. Somasekhara Rao,
35068A	A. Appaloswami.
31938A	B. Lingamurti.
43992A	T. Jagannadham.
36706A	V. V. Ramamurti.
28144B	V. Triyambaka Rao,
15760A	P. V. Sriranganaikulu.
35197A	M. Ramamurti.
35193A	B. Sanyasayya Nayudu.
35188A	S. Lingamurti.
35190A	D. Kameswara Rao.
35180A	A. Sita Rao.
15445A	M. Sriramaju.
35227A	M. Somasekhara Rao.
35215A	M. Mrityunjaya Rao.
44122A	A. Satyanarayana.
44142A	M. Ramaswami.
44198A	I. Sambasiva Rao.
44113A	Y. V. Ramanayya.
32282A	S. Jagannadhaswami.
35084A	V. Krishnamurti.
35131A	Ch. Suryanarayana.
35163A	S. Lingaraju.
35151A	P. V. Varadacharyulu.
28216A	K. Viswanadham.
35130A	M. Jagannadham.
35111A	D. Narasayya.
28248A	B. S. Narayana.
27905A	K. Appalanarasimham.
44132A	G. Sanyasi Rao.
44174A	L. S. B Raju.
35182A	Ch. Satyanarayana.
32294A	P. V. Sundara Rao.
32297A	P. V. V. Hanmantha Rao.
17118A	K. Narasimham.
36713A	A. Suryaprakasa Rao,
17114A	K. Krishnamurti.
44204A	A. Guramurti.
44223A	V. Gopalakrishna Rao.
44203A	T. Lakshmanamurti.
44228A	P. Sitaramachari.
44243A	K. Babaji Rao.
44171A	M. Ramachandraraju.
35161A	V. Sanyasi Rao.
35139A	N. A. V. L. Narasimham.
35162A	K. V. V. Gopalaraju.
28172A	V. V. Ramanayya.
28175A	P. L. Narayana.
44099A	B. Varaha Narasimhachari.
25141A	E. Sanyasiraju.
9788	P. Kumararaju.
44320A	S. Satyanarayana.
27894A	K. V. Subbarao.
44167A	G. V. Narasayya.
44095A	R. Venkataramana.
44100A	B. A. Narasimhachari.
44201A	S. Gopinadharadhu.
44199A	P. Suryanarayanaraju
44200A	S. Sanyasi Rao.
44238A	P. Appalaraju.
42186A	G. Ramalingam.
42211B	G. Ramam.

MAHARAJA'S COLLEGE HIGH SCHOOL, VIZIANAGRAM—*contd.*

S.S.L.C. number.	Name of pupil.
42206B	A. Satyanarayanamurti.
7287B	P. Chandrasekhara Rao.
2966B	A. Ramamurti.
3045B	M. E. Paramkusam.
3048B	B. Narasimhamurti.
3070B	S. Surya Prakasa Rao.
18560B	V. Satya Rao.
18579B	D. Narayana.
3366B	K. Subbaraja.
18575B	K. Ramamurti.
2970B	D. Satyanarayana.
2982B	V. Jagannadham.
18480B	M. Satyanarayanaraju.
18458B	N. L. Narayana.
18464B	M. Ramamurti.
3037B	J. Jagannadham.
3050B	A. M. Kirmani.
3049B	A. Appalanarasayya.
18491B	L. Hanumantha Rao.
18548B	G. Balajisingh.
18552B	P. Sanyasi Chetti.
185037B	Abdul Shekur.
18534B	A. Jagannadham.
18532B	J. Chinnayya.
18581B	G. V. Ramanayya.
3833B	K. Satyanarayana.
18513B	P. S. N. Raju.
18592B	B. Adinarayana.
18517B	C. B. Perumal.
7230B	R. Suryanarayana.
18500B	Balabhadradas.
2981B	P. Ch. Kameswara Rao,
2995B	B. L. N. Achari.
2964B	A. V. Chenulu.
2978B	K. Ramamurti.
2991B	M. Ramamurti.
25563B	V. Narasimha Sastri.
18546B	R. S. S. Raju.
18526B	S. R. Someswara Rao,
18543B	K. Satyanarayana.
18518B	R. Latchayya.
18519B	M. Appa Rao.
30641B	P. Kadandaramayya,
8844IB	A. Bangararaju.
18443B	M. Jagannadham.
18438B	M. V. N. Mahadeva Rao,
18453B	K. V. S. N. Raju.
68862B	R. Sambasiva Rao.
3016B	I. Virabhadraswami.
2997B	D. Rama Rao.
3002B	D. V. Subba Rao.
18455B	Madugula Appa Rao.

J. SATYANARAYANAMURTI,
District Educational Officer.

Vizagapatam, 20th October 1929.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

The individuals mentioned below are sanctioned Residential Scholarships of the value of Rs. 18 per mensem tenable for nine months from 1st July 1929 to 31st March 1930.

2. The orders issued in this office proceedings No. C.-2-575/29, dated 4th September 1929, governing the grant of the Residential Scholarships of this department will apply to the Residential Scholarships now sanctioned.

Chingleput district.

1.	Gopal Thamba-swami.	U.F.C.M. High School,	III Form, Chingleput.

Ramnad district.

5. K. Ganapathi ..	C.M.S. High School, Srivilliputtur	III Form.
6. R. Muthayya ..	The Sattur Hindu Nadar Edward High School, Sattur.	IV Form.
4. K. Chellamani,	O.V.C. High School, Manamadura.	V Form.

Tinnevelly district.

8. R. Deivandran,	S.P.G. Middle School, Sawyerpuram.	III Form.

Salem district.

5. A. Komaravel ..	Salem College, Salem ..	IV Form.

Kurnool district.

7. Anapathi Nagaiah.	Municipal High School, Nandyal.	III Form.

Bellary district.

8. S. V. Narappa.	Municipal High School, Hospet.	V Form.

East Godavari district.

9. G. Arjayudu ..	R. Ch. High School, Pithapuram.	IV Form.

Madras, 14th October 1929.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOLARSHIPS

The students mentioned in the annexure are sanctioned industrial scholarships tenable from 1st July 1928 to 30th June 1930.

2. The Managers or Correspondents of the schools concerned are authorized to draw the scholarship amounts monthly and in advance on scholarship bill forms in duplicate at the nearest Government Treasury or sub-treasury. The bills should, however be presented for pre-audit at the District Treasury, if payment is sought at sub-treasuries. The District Treasury Officers concerned are requested to send the duplicate copies of the bills to this office with certificates of payment.

3. The general rules governing the grant of the industrial scholarships will apply. A synopsis of these rules is enclosed. The heads of institutions are requested to maintain the necessary registers of scholarships and acquittance rolls and present them for inspection when demanded by the officers of the Industries or the Labour departments.

4. The expenditure is debitable to "37. R. Miscellaneous departments—Labour—iii. Depressed Classes—Betterment—Supplies and Services—Voted—Scholarships and stipends."

ANNEXURE.

Serial number and name of the pupil.	Name of the school in which the pupils are undergoing training.	Nature of training.
MADRAS DISTRICT.		
Year of training—First year ; Monthly value of scholarship—Rs. 3½ per mensem.		
1. A. Veerasamy..	School of Arts and Crafts, Madras.	Carpentry.
2 A. A. Veerasami.	Do.	Do
3. G. Veerasamy..	Do.	Do.
4. M. Balaraman ..	Do.	Do.
5 M. Muniswami ..	Do.	Do.
6. C. Saundarajan	Do.	Do.
7. V. Rangaswami	Do.	Do
8. Jesudas ..	Do.	Do.
9. N. Gopalaraj ..	Do.	Do.
10. S. Manual ..	Do	Do.
11 V. Balasubramanyan	Do.	Do.
12 P. Maganathan.	Do.	Do.
13. Palani ..	Government Trades School, Madras.	Do.
14 I. Sharamugam ..	Do.	Do.
15. V. Muthayan ..	Do	Fitters and Drivers.
16. K. Ramaputa ..	Government Textile Institute, Madras.	Weaving.

Serial number and name of the pupil.	Name of the school in which the pupils are undergoing training.	Nature of training.
TANJORE DISTRICT		
17. G. Sivalingam ..	St. Francis Xavier's Industrial School, Tanjore.	Weaving.
TRICHINOPOLY DISTRICT.		
18 S. Manickam ..	Wesleyan Mission Industrial School, Karur.	Carpentry.
TINNEVELLY DISTRICT.		
19. Krishnan ..	S.P.G. Industrial School, Nazareth,	Carpentry.
20 N. Anantaperumal Chettiah.	Do.	Weaving.
MALABAR DISTRICT.		
21. B. Sankara ..	Government Industrial School, Calicut.	Fitters and Drivers.
Year of training—Third year ; Monthly value of scholarship—Rs. 5 per mensem.		
SOUTH KANARA DISTRICT.		
22. K. Sudara ..	St. Joseph's Asylum Industrial Workshops, Mangalore.	Fitters and Drivers.
COIMBATORE DISTRICT.		
Year of training—First year ; Monthly value of scholarship—Rs. 3½ per mensem.		
23. A. Rajagopal ..	St. Joseph's Industrial School, Coimbatore	Carpentry.
24. N. Avanashi ..	Do.	Do.
25 N. Muthu ..	Do.	Do.
26 N. Krishnan ..	Do.	Do.
27 S. Kanagarathnam.	Do.	Do.
KISTNA DISTRICT.		
28. Bayya Seeraya,	Andhra Jathiya Kalasala, Masulipatam	Carpentry.
29. V. Pramila Rao ..	Do.	Do.
30. J. Venkatasawulu.	Do.	Do.
31. Jangam Arjuna.	Sri Krishna Parisramalayam Industrial School, Kowtaram, Kistna district.	Do.

Madras, 15th October 1929.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMISSIONER OF LABOUR, MADRAS

The *fee* remissions mentioned in Annexure I and the scholarships mentioned in Annexure II are sanctioned tenable from 1st July 1929 to 30th June 1930.

2. The Headmasters or Correspondents of the institutions, as the case may be, are authorized to draw the fee remissions from the nearest Government Treasury on scholarship bill forms in duplicate. The scholarships should be drawn quarterly and in advance and the fee remissions in eight equal instalments—five in the long term ending with December 1929 and three in the short term ending with March 1930.

3. The Treasury Officers concerned are requested to forward to this office copies of duplicate bills with certificates of payment.

4. The heads of institutions are requested to maintain the necessary register of scholarships and acquittance roll (which can be had on application to this office) and present them for inspection to the officers of the Educational and Labour Departments.

5. The expenditure is debitable to "37 R. e. Miscellaneous Departments—Labour—iv. Reclamation of Kallars and Koravars—Supplies and Services—Voted—Scholarships and stipends".

ANNEXURE I.

MADURA DISTRICT—FEE REMISSIONS.

Serial number and name of the pupil	Name of the school.	Class or form in which the pupil is reading.
Annual value of fee remission—Rs. 22.		
1. M. Chokkara Tevan	Victoria Memorial High School, Tenkasi, Periyakulam.	III Form.
2. O. Vellachami ..	Do.	Do.
3. M. Ayyaru Tevan ..	Board High School, Uttamapalayam.	Do.
4. S. Muyalagu Tevan	Do	Do.
5. K. Karuppa Tevan ..	Do.	II Form.
6. M. Ayyaru Tevan ..	Do.	Do.
7. K. Karuppa Tevan ..	Do.	I Form.
8. P. Muthukaruppa ..	Do.	Do.
9. O. Ramaswami ..	Do.	Do.
10. N. Ramaswami ..	Do.	Do.
11. A. Muthia ..	Do.	Do.
12. P. Perumaruppan ..	Do.	Do.
13. P. Veerappa ..	Do	Do.
14. S. Subbaraya ..	Do.	Do.
15. M. Perumal Tevan ..	Do.	Do.
16. M. Karuppa Tevan,	Do.	Do
17. Pappammal Muthu ..	Cayres Hall High School, Madura.	I Form.
18. Sivanakhal ..	Do	Do.
19. K. Karuppayee ..	Cayres Hall Model School, Madura.	VIII Standard.
20. S. Peshy	Do	Do.
21. M. Meenakshi ..	Do.	Do.
22. S. Nachiyar ..	Do.	Do.
23. A. Gyandal ..	Do.	Do.
24. M. Chinnamal ..	Do.	Do.
25. P. Karuppayee ..	Do.	Do.
26. S. Veerachy ..	Do.	Do.
27. P. Mayakkal ..	Do.	Do.
28. S. Muyakkal ..	Do.	VII Standard.
29. A. Ponnammal ..	Do.	Do.
30. M. Ponnammal ..	Do.	Do.
31. K. Karuthamma ..	Do	Do
32. V. Muthu Pillai ..	Do	VI Standard.
33. K. Saroja ..	R.C. East Gate Girls' School, Madura.	Do.
34. Gnanammal ..	Do.	VIII Standard.
35. K. Thayammal ..	Do	Do.
36. M. Parvathy ..	Do.	Do
37. V. Subbiah ..	G.S.M. Boys' School, Madura	Do.
38. Ambuthayee ..	A.M.C.C. Boarding House School, Tirumangalam.	VI Standard.
39. Parvathy ..	Do.	Do.
40. Rasayee ..	Do	Do.
41. Perasiyee ..	Do.	Do.
42. Thalikarapatti ..	Do.	Do.
43. Ponnammal ..	Do.	Do
44. Perumayee ..	Do.	Do.
45. Mayandi Karumban.	Do.	Do
46. M. R. Gurusami ..	Do.	Do.
47. Pethakaruppan (second.	Do	Do.
48. Mayandi Karuppa Tevan	Do.	Do
49. C. Duraisami ..	A.M.C.C. Boarding House, Dindigul.	VIII Standard.
50. M. Karuppiah ..	Do.	Do.
51. M. Thavamani ..	Do.	Do
52. P. M. Matheswami.	Do.	VII Standard.
53. N. Karuppannan ..	Do.	Do.
54. K. Ochammal ..	Do.	VI Standard.
55. C. Chinnan ..	Do.	Do.
56. O. K. Perumal ..	Do.	Do.
57. Chidambaram ..	Do.	Do.
58. M. Mayandi ..	Do.	Do.
59. P. Muthan ..	Do.	Do.
60. R. Perumayee ..	Do.	Do.
61. V. Paramasivan ..	Do.	Do.
62. R. Muthusami ..	Do.	Do.
Annual value of fee remission—Rs. 42.		
63. J. Sundaram ..	A.M.C.C. High School, Pasumalai.	V Form.
64. O. Thavasi ..	Do.	IV Form.
65. S. P. Perumkaruppan.	Do.	Do.
66. O. Perumkaruppan ..	Do.	Do.
67. A. Vellachami ..	Do.	Do.

Serial number and name of the pupil.	Name of the school.	Class or form in which the pupil is reading.
MADURA DISTRICT—FEE REMISSIONS—*contd.*		
Annual value of fee remission—Rs. 22.		
68. Periakaruppa Tevan.	A.M.C.C. Model School, Pasumalai.	VI Standard.
Annual value of fee remission—Rs. 42.		
69. S. Thanakarasami ..	St. Mary's Boarding Home, Madura.	VI Form.
70. P. T. Raman ..	Do.	V Form.
71. M. Srinivasan ..	Do.	Do
72. M. Meenakshi ..	U.C. High School, Madura.	Do.
73. P. Perumal ..	Do.	Do
74. N. Paramatheras ..	Municipal High School, Madigal.	IV Form.
75. S. V. Vyra Tevan ..	Board High School, Vedampatti.	V Form.
76. O. Chinnasami ..	Do.	IV Form.
Annual value of fee remission—Rs. 22.		
77. A. Thavasi ..	Board High School, Vedampatti.	III Form.
78. P. Chinnasami ..	Do.	Do.
79. N. Veeraman ..	Do.	Do.
80. P. Peya Tevan ..	Board High School, Vedampatti.	II Form.
81. P. Lakshmanan ..	Do.	Do.
82. P. Karuppa Tevan.	Do.	Do.
83. R. Mayandi ..	Do.	Do.
84. S. Veerana Tevan ..	Do.	Do.
85. D. Ramalingam ..	Do	Do
86. P. A. Pitchaipan ..	Do.	Do.
87. O. Rasa Tevan ..	Do.	Do.
88. M. Perumayan ..	Do.	Do.
89. K. Kaluvali ..	Do.	Do.
90. M. Velan ..	Do.	Do.
91. K. Padivi Tevan ..	Do.	I Form.
92. N. Muthu Perumal.	Do.	Do.
93. K. Natarajan ..	Do.	Do.
94. P. Perumaruppan ..	Do.	Do.
95. A. Sadasivam ..	Do.	Do.
96. M. Rajagopalan-dasan.	Do.	Do.
97. P. K. Veerana Tevan.	Do	Do.
98. P. P. Muthukaruppa Tevan	Do	Do
99. P. Gurusami ..	Do.	Do
100. K. Karuppa Tevan ..	Do.	Do.
101. K. Natarajan ..	Do.	Do.
102. D. Ochanan ..	Do.	Do.
103. R. V. Paramasiva Tevan.	Do.	Do.
104. M. Alaga Tevan ..	Do.	Do.
105. S. Ramachandran ..	Do.	Do.
106. A. Srinivasan ..	Do.	Do.
107. K. Kanakapdi ..	Do.	Do.
108. M. Perumkaruppan ..	Do.	Do.
109. M. Thavasi ..	Do.	Do
110. V. Varuna Tevan ..	Do.	Do
Annual value of fee remission—Rs. 42.		
111. P. Virumandy ..	Victoria Memorial High School, Bodinayakkanur.	VI Form.
112. S. Chinnaviraya Tevan.	Do.	IV Form.
RAMNAD DISTRICT.		
Annual value of fee remission—Rs. 22.		
113. C. Maya Tevan ..	Board High School, Rajapalayam.	I Form.

ANNEXURE II

MADURA DISTRICT—SCHOLARSHIPS.

Serial number and name of the pupil.	Name of the school.	Class or form.
Monthly value of scholarship—Rs. 1½.		
1. Varmalaki ..	Board High School, Usilampatti.	V Standard.
2. K. Sivaviveram ..	Do.	Do.
3. M. Sivan Tevan ..	Do	Do.
4. A. Otha Tevan ..	Do.	Do

Serial number and name of the pupil.	Name of the school.	Class or form.
MADURA DISTRICT—SCHOLARSHIPS—*cont.*		
Monthly value of scholarship—Rs. 1½—*cont.*		
5 P. Sinnivesuru ..	Board High School, Usilampatti	V Standard.
6 O. Sankarayya ..	Do.	Do.
7 C Angan	Do	Do.
8. S. Mayandi ..	Do.	Do.
9. N. Muthemayan ..	Do.	Do.
10 S. Maya Tevan ..	Do.	Do.
11. P. Perandi ..	Do.	Do.
12 S. Kannagam ..	Do.	Do.
13. V. Muthuveeran ..	Do	Do.
14 K. L. Veeraman ..	Do.	Do.
15 C P. Ayyaru Tevan.	Do.	Do.
16 M. P. Perandi ..	Do.	Do.
17. V Tharai	Do	Do.
18. A. Subrahmanian ..	Do.	Do.
19 P Rahuvandi ..	Do	Do.
20. Kuluvyee	R.C. East Gate Girls School, Madura.	Do.
21. Do.	Do.	Do.
22. M. Peramal Tevan ..	Board High School, Usilampatiyam.	Do.
23. M Varuva Tevan ..	Do	Do.
24. A Muthu Tevan ..	Do.	Do.
25 M. Karuppa Tevan ..	Do.	Do.
26. V. Perumal ..	A M C C. Boarding Home, Dindigul.	Do.
27. P Ramamal ..	Do.	Do
28. P. K. Alagan ..	Do.	Do.
29. K. Sankayee ..	Do.	Do.
30. O. Karuppanan ..	Do.	Do.
31. P. Veeramma ..	Do.	Do.
32. P. Chittamal ..	Do.	Do
33. O. Perumal ..	Do.	Do.
34 I Ramasami ..	Do	Do.
35 V P Perumal ..	Do.	Do.
36 K. Subbiah ..	Do.	Do
37. P. Paramayee ..	Do.	Do.
38. M. Virai	Do.	Do.
39. V Veeran	Do.	Do.
40. M Sivakamiammal ..	A M C C. Boarding Home, Tirumangalam.	Do.
41. K. Irulayee ..	Do.	Do.
42. P. Guruvammal ..	Do.	Do.
43 S. S Pitchammal ..	Do.	Do.
44 M. Thangammal ..	Do.	Do.

J. GRAY,
Commissioner of Labour.

Madras, 14th October 1929.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The Director of Public Instruction, Madras, has in his Proceedings Dis. No. 3917/29, dated 11th September 1929, ordered that the Government Secondary School for Muhammadan Boys, Georgetown, Madras, should henceforward be known as "The Government Muhammadan High School", Georgetown, Madras.

All future communications may be addressed as follows :—

The Headmaster,
Government Muhammadan High School,
Broadway, Georgetown,
Madras.

S. GHULAM DASTAGIR,
Headmaster.

Govt. Muhammadan High School, Georgetown, Madras, 21st October 1929.

It is hereby notified for general information that under orders conveyed in the endorsement P.ET. No. 113/29, dated 11th October 1929, of the District Educational Officer, Nellore, the blank forms of Elementary School-Leaving Certificates bearing Nos. 27169, 27170, 27171, 27172, 27173, 27174, 27175 and 27176 have been found missing. If any one finds them, they may be presented in the office of the Deputy Inspector of Schools, Atmakur Range, Atmakur, Nellore district. If entries are made on those certificates, they will be considered to be null and void.

N. CHIDAMBARESWARAN,
Deputy Inspector of Schools, Atmakur Range.

Atmakur, 18th October 1929.

It is hereby notified for the information of all persons concerned that communications intended for this office should in future be addressed as follows :—

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools,
Fifth Circle,
Puthiyara Post,
Calicut.

G. SANKUNNI,
Acting Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Fifth Circle.

Calicut, 21st October 1929.

VACANCIES.

APPLICATIONS are invited from duly qualified candidates for the post of one Drawing Master in the Government Secondary Training School, Bellary, and another in the Government Training School, Hospet (temporary), on a salary of Rs. 25—1—30. The applicants should possess the Arts Master Training Course Certificate of the Teachers' College, Saidapet, in addition to the qualifications prescribed in item No. 7 under table O, Educational Department appended to article 3 of the Public Service Notification. They should also state full name, date of birth, caste, qualifications (both general and professional), native district, taluk, town or village, languages known and previous service if any.

The applicants already in service should apply through their immediate superiors.

The last date for consideration of applications in this office is 17th November 1929.

APPLICATIONS are invited from duly qualified candidates for the post of a Physical Training Instructor, Government Training School, Hospet (Temporary), on a salary of Rs. 25—1—50. The applicant should possess the Physical Training Instructor's certificate. The selected candidate will be required to join duty immediately. Applications with the following particulars should reach the office of the District Educational Officer, Bellary, not later than the 17th November 1929.

The applicants already in service should apply through their immediate superiors.

(1) Name in full, (2) caste, (3) date of birth, (4) qualifications (general and professional), (5) languages known, (6) previous service, if any, (7) copies of testimonials and (8) native place.

K. SANKARA MENON,
Officiating District Educational Officer.

Bellary, 18th October 1929.

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Part II.—Miscellaneous Notifications.

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Season Report for September 1929.
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APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE, ETC.

Judicial.

No. 66 Appointments.—With reference to G.O. Ms. No. 3958, Law (General), dated the 16th October 1929, the High Court hereby declares under sections 7 and 4-A of the Madras Civil Courts Act III of 1873 as amended by the Madras Act III of 1925 that M.R.Ry. Rishiyur Swaminathe Ayyar Subrahmanya Ayyar Avergal shall be the Principal District Munsif and Mr. Ponnambalam Ramalingam, I.C.S., the Additional District Munsif of the Court of the District Munsif of Madura Town, with effect from the 30th November 1929.

High Court, Madras,
23rd October 1929.

No. 67. Extension of leave.—The Hon'ble the Chief Justice has been pleased to grant to M.R.Ry. Senji Andisandarnohan Avargal, First Assistant Registrar, Original side and Clerk of the Crown, an extension of leave on average pay without medical certificate for one month from the 12th October 1929.

No. 68 Transfers.—The following transfers of District Munsifs have been ordered by the High Court:—

(1) M.R.Ry. Pundi Parthasarathi Ayyangar Avargal, District Munsif, Gudur at Nellore, is posted to the District Munsif's Court, Nellore, *vice* M.R.Ry. M. Venkataramayya Garu on other duty or until further orders. To join forthwith.

(2) M.R.Ry. Chilakamarry Narasimhacharyulu Garu on the abolition of the appointment of the Additional District Munsif of Kanigiri on 1st November 1929 is posted to the Court of the District Munsif of Gudur at Nellore, *vice* No. (1).

Note.—The transfer ordered in item No. (2) will carry also to transit pay and allowances under Fundamental Rule 107.

I. M. FRASER,
Registrar.

High Court, Madras,
24th October 1929.

Salt.

Extension of leave.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. C. S. B. Stracke, Inspector, is granted an extension of leave on half average pay for nine days from 23rd October 1929.

Madras, 21st October 1929.

Extension of leave.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr. H. J. D'Cruz, Inspector, is granted an extension of leave on average pay for fifteen days from the 9th October 1929.

W. G. BALDREY,
Secretary to the Collector of Salt Revenue.

Madras, 22nd October 1929.

Excise.

Cancellation of leave.—The leave on average pay for one week granted in Notification, dated 16th September 1929, to M.R.Ry. P. Sri Hari Naynda Avargal, Inspector, is cancelled.

Madras, 22nd October 1929.

Extension of leave.—Mr. N. G. Deane, Inspector, is granted an extension of leave on average pay without medical certificate for one month from 2nd November 1929.

W. A. BRITO,
Secretary to the Commissioner of Excise.

Madras, 23rd October 1929.

INCOME-TAX.

Leave.—Mr. M. C. Alexander, Income-tax Officer, II Circle, Trichinopoly, is granted (subject to eligibility) leave on average pay from the 11th October 1929 to the 31st October 1929, both days inclusive. The Income-tax Officer, I Circle, Trichinopoly, will hold additional charge of the II Circle during the leave.

F. H. SENFECK,
Commissioner of Income tax.

Madras, 22nd October 1929.

FOREST.

Posting.—M.R.Ry. M. Srinivasaraghava Acharya, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, on return from leave, is attached to the Forest Engineer, Olavakkot.

R. D. RICHMOND,
Chief Conservator of Forests.

Madras, 17th October 1929.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Posting.—M.R.Ry. Peddada Gangaraju Pantulu Garu, B.A., Supervisor, on return from leave, to the Madras Circle, for charge of a subdivision and to officiate as Assistant Engineer on Rs. 310 per mensem.

L. H. GREG,
Offg. Chief Engineer, P.W.D. (General and Establishment).

Madras, 22nd October 1929.

Re-posting.—M.R.Ry. P. Gangaraju, Officiating Assistant Engineer, posted to this Circle in Chief Engineer's Memorandum No. 4573-E/29-3, dated 22nd October 1929, is re-posted to the charge of the Sidhout subdivision of the Tank Restoration Scheme Division, Chittoor.

C. PEDDIE,
Superintending Engineer, Madras Circle.

Madras, 24th October 1929.

MEDICAL.

Leave.—M.R.Ry. J. Devasikhamani Avargal, L.M.S., Assistant to Resident Medical Officer, General Hospital, Madras, leave on average pay without medical certificate for four months from 19th October 1929 or date of relief thereafter under Fundamental Rule 81.

Madras, 15th October 1929.

Leave.—M.R.Ry. C. E. Joseph Avargal, M.R.C.S., Lecturer in Dental Surgery, Medical College, Vizagapatam, leave on average pay without medical certificate for fifteen days from 16th September 1929 under Fundamental Rule 81, with permission to prefix Sunday the 15th September 1929.

Posting.—M.R.Ry. D. Raghava Rao Avargal, L.M.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, on return from leave, is posted to Mental Hospital, Waltair, *vice* M.R.Ry. M. D. Anantachary Avargal, M.B.B.S., Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon, transferred.

M.R.Ry. M. D. Anantachary Avargal, M.B.B.S., Temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon, on relief at Mental Hospital, Waltair, to be Assistant District Medical Officer and Assistant Superintendent, Government Headquarters Hospital, Kurnool, *vice* M.R.Ry. E. Venkata Rao Avargal, L.M.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, granted leave.

(By order)

R. R. WILLIAMS,
Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General.

Madras, 21st October 1929.

GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY,
SECRETARIAT BUILDINGS, 5, ESPLANADE EAST, CALCUTTA.

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.
Sundays and Holidays, from 2 p.m. to 9 p.m.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

K. M. ASADULLAH,
Officiating Librarian.

PATENTS.

The following printed specifications of applications for patents, which have been accepted under section 5 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, have been published and can be inspected free of charge at the Madras Record Office, Egmore. Copies of these specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, at the price of one rupee per copy.

Directions for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act (price ten annas) and the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price two annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs.

14392 Power and Morland & Impey Limited.
14719 Shell-Mex, Ld
14719 Gilbert & Barker Manufacturing Co.
14883 International General Electric Co., Inc.
14883 O. C. Duryea Corporation.
15044 Aktiebolaget Nordiska Armaturfabriker.
15232 Bruyaseraede.
15428 Lt.-Col. Dukey.
15505 J. Stone & Co., Ld.
15515 Wyndham & Wyndham.
15658 Wood.
15715 Sallwald.

S. V. RAMAMURTI,
Secretary to Government, Development Department.

Fort St. George, 22nd October 1929.

NOTIFICATION.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, has, under section 39 (1) of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1912 (India), cancelled the registration of the undermentioned societies, and has appointed the officers noted against each to be liquidators under section 42 (1) of the same Act. The order will take effect on the expiry of two months from the date mentioned above each :—

8th October 1929.

Muthunaickanpatti Production and Sale Society No. 6947 in the Omalur taluk of the Salem district.—Deputy Registrar, Vellore.

Chukkalur Irrigation Co-operative Society, Ltd., No D 584 in the Tadpatri taluk of the Anantapur district—Deputy Registrar, Bellary.

Arikeravula Co operative Society No. 4507 in the Nidadavole taluk of the West Godavari district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Ellore.

20th October 1929.

Thannirbhavi Mogers' Co-operative Society No. 3388 in the Mangalore taluk of the South Kanara district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Mangalore.

H. M. HOOD,
Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

Madras, 20th October 1929.

SUSPENSION OF DRIVING LICENCES.

The Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Salem, in C.C. No. 1038/29 on the file of his Court convicted and fined Ramaswami Nayudu, son of Venkatrama Nayudu, Srirangapalayam, Salem, driver of bus No. S. 436, for overloading the bus. His driving licence is suspended for three months from 19th October 1929.

The Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Salem, in C.C. No. 1022/29 on the file of his Court convicted and fined Rajamanickam Chetti, son of Pachayappa Chetti, Salem, driver of bus No M.C/P. 2031, for overloading the bus. His driving licence is suspended for three months from 19th October 1929.

The Stationary Sub-Magistrate, Salem, in C.C. No. 923/29 on the file of his Court convicted and fined Alagiriswami Chetti, son of Madappa Chetti, Gugai, Salem, driver of bus No. S. 206, for overloading the bus. His driving license is suspended for three months from 19th October 1929.

C. K. VIJAYARAGHAVAN,
District Magistrate.

Salem District Magistrate's Office,
19th October 1929.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

QUINQUENNIAL EXAMINATION OF HEALTH AND SANITARY INSPECTORS HELD IN SEPTEMBER 1929.

The following Health and Sanitary Inspectors deputed for quinquennial training are declared to have passed the examination held in September 1929 in Advanced Minor Sanitary Engineering, Advanced Hygiene and First Aid prescribed in G.Os. Nos. 1551, P.H., dated 21st November 1922, 801, P.H., dated 2nd April 1925, and 834, P.H., dated 27th March 1929, in the classes specified below

2. The successful candidates should apply to the Director of Public Health, Madras, for their certificates within three months from the date of publication of the notification.

Health Inspectors.

First Class

1. Arumugam Pillai, P.
2. Lakshmana Ayyar, G.
3. Nallaperumal Pillai, T. R.
4. Narasimhan, J
5. Parasurama Ayyar, S.
6. Sankaranarayana Ayyar, C. S.
7. Sitaraman, M. R.
8. Subramaniam, T. V.

Second Class.

9. Balachandran, M.
10. Delhi Rao, P.
11. Gopalakrishna Ayyar, T. A.
12. Govinda Pisharody, T.
13. Krishnamachari, A. N.
14. Krishnamurthi Rao, C.
15. Krishnaswami Ayyar, M. K
16. Ramanujam Pillai, T.
17. Sambamurthi Ayyar, G. R.
18. Venkateswara Ayyar, P. S.
19. Venkataramanamurthi, M.

Third Class.

20. Harihara Ayyar, A.
21. Rameswami Ayyar, K. C.

Sanitary Inspectors.

First Class.

1. Easwaraja, K.
2. Gopalan, T. V.
3. Kochu Varkey, P. T.
4. Ramalinga Ayyar, S
5. Rameswami Pillai, B.
6. Sambasiva Rao, T. S.
7. Sheik Ahmed, B.
8. Theekshapa Ayyangar, T.
9. Veluswami Pillai, S.
10. Viswanathan, K.

Second Class.

11. Bhoga Rao, G.
12. Gopala Rao, G. V.
13. Gowripathi, Ch.
14. Govindarajulu Nayudu, D.R.
15. Kailasam Pillai, T.
16. Muhammad Yakub Khan Sahib
17. Nagaratnam Mudaliyar, T. A.
18. Srinivasa Rao, B.
19. Subba Rao, N.
20. Subramaniya Ayyar, N. K.
21. Suryanarayana, K.

Third Class.

22. Gopalakrishnan, R.
23. Krishna Rao, P.
24. Lakshmipathi Nayudu, P. N.
25 Rajamani Ayyar, B. A.

N. R. UBHAYA, Captain,
Acting Director of Public Health.

Madras, 17th October 1929

TREASURE TROVE.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that on 23rd July 1929, the treasure articles noted below were found in R.S. No. 9/27 classed as inam wet (mahimai) of S7. Melaraman Sethi village, Nannilam taluk, Tanjore district :—

1. Vessel, large cup, 1, bronze	..	Total weight 13½ pcrs.
2. do. do.	..	
3. Vessel, small cup, 1, bronze	..	
4. Vessel, small cup, bitken, 1, bronze		

Total value, Rs. 17-7-0 at the rate of Rs. 1 a seer.

All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Tanjore at Tanjore on 8th March 1930 at 11 a m, when the matter will be enquired into and determined according to law,

J. A. THORNE,
Collector.

Tanjore Collector's Office,
24th October 1929.

It is hereby notified under section 8 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that on 12th September 1929, the treasure specified below is stated to have been found in S.F No. 201 of Attayampalayam village, Erode taluk, by one Velappa Kavandan, owner of the field and residing in Thuyrpalaiyam village.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any portion thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by duly authorized agents, before the Collector of Coimbatore district at his office at Coimbatore, at 11 a.m. on 27th February 1930 with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

Description of the treasure.—Fifty-three (53) silver coins of different sizes relating to the period of Muhammadan Rule, all weighing Rs. 50½ and of the bullion value of Rs. 50.

E. F. THOMAS,
Collector.

Coimbatore Collector's Office,
7th October 1929.

It is hereby notified that on or about 30th April 1929, the treasure specified below was found in the backyard of the house of one Arumuga Mudaliyar, No 17, Chinna Street, Punjupet, Big Conjeevaram. All persons claiming the treasure or any part thereof are directed to appear personally or by duly authorized agent at 11 a.m. on 4th December 1929 before the Collector of Chingleput district sitting at Lushington Gardens, Saidapet:—

Description of property				
Appamurgee gold coins	..	..	..	41
Do. pieces	..	..	..	2
Jallada billai	..	..	..	1
Small gold hook	..	..	..	1
Small gold chain	..	..	..	1
Gold collar	..	..	..	1

D. N. STRATHIE,
Collector.

Chingleput Collector's Office,
4th July 1929.

UNCLAIMED PROPERTIES.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned properties, consisting of gold and silver jewellery, knives, umbrellas, brass vessels, cloths, etc., remaining unclaimed at the office of the Commissioner of Police, Egmore, up to 31st December 1928, will be disposed of as shown below on or after 16th April 1930, unless any person who may have a claim thereto appears before the undersigned and establishes his claim before that date:—

(a) Properties mentioned under I will be sold by public auction.

(b) Those mentioned under II will be returned to the finder.

I

1. One British postal order for 14s.
3. One black umbrella.
6. The following are the properties of deceased or other patients from the Krishnanpet Isolation Hospital:—(1) two golden nose rings.
7. Gents cycle with oil lamp and Charles bell cycle No 42914.
11. An odd silver cuff button.
13. One red colour Pondicherry guddai, silk with white flowers, (2) one old white shirt, black striped bearing No 247 and 173 on the neck, (3) two old langoes black striped and (4) one old khaki coloured mundu.
14. (1) One mat containing three pillows, (2) two carpets, (3) two shirts and (4) one kuduthu.
16. (1) One piece of soap and (2) one packet of face powder.
17. Properties left by one V Sundarapermual, aged 53, who died on S.S. "Ethiopia" on 21st September 1928, (1) one Colombo passport No 386, (2) one affidavit of Mauritius Emigration authorities dated Colombo, 18th August 1923, (3) one leather purse containing such Rs. 7-14 silver and change, (4) one five cent piece Ceylon currency, (5) a pair of spectacles in case, (6) a razor in case, (7) a pen knife, (8) one tobacco pounding machine, (9) one betel nut cutter, (10) one bottle medicine, (11) one hand mirror, (12) one small iron box, (13) two brass idols, (14) one belt, (15) one piece coloured cloth, (16) two cotton vests, (17) two handkerchiefs, (18) one blanket, (19) one shuttar tarkan cloth and (20) one umbrella.
22. One red dhuti with black border bearing No 34
24. The following are the properties of deceased or other patients received from Royapuram Hospital—Cash amounting Rs. 11-8-0.
42. One leather money purse containing 1 anna 6 pies
43. Two bundles of keys
44. One pair of ear-rings set with three white stones, and 4 horses.
46. One small bag containing 23 card boards, 90 wooden discs and cash 2 annas 6 pies.
51. One old red bordered dhuti torn in the middle.
52. (1) One small cloth, (2) and one Bombay black bordered cloth
57. A red bordered white towel (torn).
60. An umbrella.
71. A meter light.
77. An Aluminium tiffen bearing No. 47.
79. The following are the properties of one deceased Miss Meyan received from the Krishnanpet Isolation Hospital.—(1) one ring made of gold set with red stones and (2) one silver ring.
77. The following are the properties received from the Government Royapuram Hospital of deceased patients and of patients who left the hospital without claiming their property:—(1) One pair of nickel bangles, one pair of gold like nose screws—one with red stone and the other without stone, a nickel star shaped ornament, a nickel ring and a chain of red beads, (2) one pair of brass bangles, (3) one silver guards, (4) one gold like nose screw with metal screw inlaid with a red stone, (5) one aluminium bangle, three white metal toe rings one gold ear ornament with a silver screw and one gold nose ornament with a copper screw, (6) one chain of ordinary red beads and two celluloid rings, (7) two white gold nose screws attached with metal screws—one with white stone and the other with red stone, (8) two brass toe rings, two brass rings, two white metal nose screws, one green stone ear ornament and a string of black beads, (9) a red bead necklace and two brass toe rings, (10) one gold nose screw with one red stone and metal screw, and three metal toe rings and one metal string (nut), (11) one thali string with one silver dhayati and one silver cup shaped ornament, one silver stud, four gold like hollow cylinders, and seven black beads, one chain of black beads, and a gold nose screw with a white stone, (12) two gold like nose screws—one plain and the other set with red stone (13) one string of red beads, two white gold ear ornaments without stones, (14) one thali string with one blue bead and one white gold thali, (15) one pair of brass bangles and one chain of glass beads and one gold nose screw inlaid with white stone, (16) one pair of metal bangles, one chain of red beads and one celluloid ring, (17) one inferior silver dhayati, (18) one pair of white metal bangles, (19) one gold like nose screw with red stone, (20) one gold thali on a string, four nickel toe rings, one pair celluloid bangles, one string of black beads with one small gold thali and two small gold hollow beads, one gold nose screw with one white stone and fitted with silver screw and one celluloid ring and two small metal rings, (21) one gold nose screw with one white stone and fitted with silver screw and one chain of red beads, (22) One pair of hollow white gold ear ornaments with metal screws and one white gold nose screw with three white gold drops and with one red stone and two silver thin toe rings and one pair of brass bangles, (23) one pair of copper bangles both gold mounted on the top, one thin silver bangle, six white metal toe rings, three copper rings and one nose screw with a red stone (24) one pair of gold like ear wires without stones, (25) one pair of celluloid black bangles, one white gold ear screw without stones, one gold nose screw with a metallic screw and with one red stone and one cotton thali string with a white gold thali and four worn out metallic tubes
86. An 1d sale-proceeds of oil seeds
88. An old umbrella.
92. An wooden slokra.
95. One silver poleam.
97. An old gold bangle of a child.
99. An 1 sale-proceeds of onions.
96. Twenty-eight small balls of woollen yarns
98. An old white towel.
106. A bag made of date leaves containing a book "The perfect tributs" and a small white kerchief,
115. One pair of leather shoes.
117. One pair of silver pallal goleas.
122. A fountain pen and a note book.

125. Four iron plates used in measuring lime shell.
126. A black umbrella.
127. As. 6 being the auction proceeds of two measures of rice.
131. An old green muffler.
135. One waterproof coat.
150. One red woollen shawl, one black carpet, white bed sheet with red borders, two pillows, one red and blue coloured rope.
167. A pair of gold bangles, one child's pattern gold ring, one gold kuppu, a small gold Persian coin with the name of Sultana Ahmed Shah inscribed on one side and the picture of Sultan Muhammad Shah on the other side.
168. One trunk containing two cushions, one razorblade, one pair of sandals, two empty powder tins, one box of little powder, two empty small jars, a pair of black shoes in card board box, two bath towels, two frocks, one silk petticoat, one cotton petticoat, one night dress, two brushes, one kimono, one white cotton petticoat, one blue woollen jersey made a pillow case, 6 mirror, one powder box containing hair pins and safety pins, one corset, shoe polish and a bit of rag, one powder box containing 7 pearl buttons 2 hook studs, and a brass buckle a powder box containing hooks, a reel of black thread and a reel of white thread, pins wrapped in red flannels, 2 cards of black mending cotton, cuticura soap, 6 wembley fountain pen with a spare cap and a filler, a bit of sealing wax and 2 new rubber bands and an old one, an empty ink bottle, 4 small towels wrapped in 4 papers, one blank bill, one tooth brush, and one empty tooth paste tube, two coat hangers, 6 buttons cards in a paper, one bed sheet, 6 nurses uniform, 2 nurses aprons, 2 stiff nurses bands, 2 pairs of knickers, one night dress, one bodice vest, one washer, 4 pairs of stockings, one enamel mug containing sunlight soap, an empty thermometer case, one linen collar, one black tin hat box containing 2 ladies hats, one house hat bag handle, 2 pairs of shoe laces string of black and white beads, 2 pieces of silk in a paper, a Mamoth writing pad in a card board with a few envelopes, one brown note-book, a bill book, a printed receipt book, a pad, one travelling leather strap, one 2' x 6' carrying trunk, one brown canvas bag containing a bundle of rags and one old shirt, one green hat bag containing 10 soiled garments, and one new shirt, 6 paper parcel containing one soiled white frock and 4 pieces of rags, a tiffin box containing one saucer, one plate, one sauce pan with lid, 2 empty card board-boxes and a sentry towel.
169. One monkey (panvar).
170. One German silver spoon.
180. One gent's cycle with a bell.
183. Two khaus chembus valued Rs. 1-8-0.
184. One umbrella valued Re. 1.
186. One small brass gurdan, one aluminium cup, and one rattan plate valued As. 6.
187. Two palams of soda powder sold for As. 2, one brass tiffin box valued As. 8.
188. Five balls of lead boxes valued 1 anna
190. One fountain pen and a pen knife.

II

2. Ivory foot rule.
3. One pen knife with white handle.
4. A turkey towel.
5. Five court-fee stamps of As. 12 denomination 1 court-fee stamp of As. 3 denomination, 1 court-fee stamp of As 4 denomination 1 court-fee stamp of Re 1 denomination.
6. One silver anklet without screw.
10. One motor car plug-cap of a ford car.
14. One motor petti pulsar with a screw.
20. One cheek with blue border.
21. One brass oil lamp with burner
23. One black silk umbrella.
24. One pair of old sandals
45. One kakhi cover containing some papers of A. P. Company.
47. One book "Walden's 550 ideas for cricket".
48. One cycle pump
49. One bunch of 17 keys.
50. One cloth bag.
53. One old motor rubber tube.
54. (1) one woollen jersey, (2) one small card board box with white powder, (3) one broken black comb
56. An old silver thandai of a child.
66. Two silk saree.
67. One old black umbrella top marked.
68. A pair of rolled gold spring cooling glasses (blue).
69. "Stenographic Expert", by W. B. Bottomley.
60. A key ring with four keys and an old penknife.
61. (1) An old copy of Hindi Balabodhini, (2) one copy of quintessence of Hindi, (3) one copy of Hindi First Reader, (4) Tamil summing (for Second Reader), (5) One copy of Hindi Second Reader.
62. Girls Palm of Practice book (4th edition).
63. One small umbrella
65. One wooden quail snuff box silver plated on both sides with Rs. 1-8-0 in cash inside
66. One Tamil Christian Hymns book.
69. An old gold earring
70. A bakhir hat.
72. Four books—(1) The Indian Empire, (2) British History, (3) Elementary Algebra, (4) J. C Nesfield Grammar and (5) one note book.
73. One note book of Dadha & Co
79. One leather money purse with Rs 1-4-0.
81. A small bundle of ruled papers
82. An old log chain consisting of eighteen silver gappa and a few black beads.
86. Silver waist string (two rows) with a common mukappa.
88. One Pondicherry silk cloth.
89. One pagoda weight of gold
91. A German note No. H.K. 7537208-E, dated 21st April 1910, Berlin.
93. An old muslim silver pattada;
95. One gold screw bottom of an earring
96. One ram overcoat striped
98. One pen knife with four keys
97. Castor-oil bottle, sandalwood oil—sold for Re 2-10-0, and eight books pipes
98. One gunny skin, two packets of cotton laces, two packets of shoe eyelets, five pulleys of iron nuts, two packets of khaki and white thread, one packet of jewel and two lead balls.
100. An old cycle bell, one small hammer, four iron nails and one rose coloured kerchief.
101. One small umbrella.
102. One umbrella bearing mark 'Durable'.
103. A promissory note for Re. 200 executed by one Singaravelu Pillai.
104. An old hurricane light.
105. Two ten-rupee notes.
114. Han coupe.
115. One motor side-car wheel with tyre.
118. Ten packets of crackers and sixty flower sticks—sold for Re. 1,
124. An old necklace
128. A five rupee note
129. A small white bottle.
130. An old rolled gold wrist watch with leather strap.
136. One woollen muffler with colour stripes.
138. One premier manifold hundred papers note book and some letters inside
139. One khaki hat.
142. One umbrella
143. One motor boy cops
145. One toda pudavai, one small child skirt, one small rumba, five old books, one pair of brown shoes, thirteen Tamil books and one Tamil panchangam.
147. One green shawl,
148. Evening cuttball hat white cover, two bone buttons and leather belt.
151. One umbrella
152. One blue coloured cloth one yard in length.
153. One red coloured sari with green borders.
164. An umbrella with white cloth
165. Three English books—Thy Kingdom Come, Eclipse of Faith and Rotary Primer of Greece by Fyfe.
166. One turn leather bag containing the following:—a small tin case containing seventeen medicinal injection tubes, one empty tube and one glass syringe, a small tin case containing injection syringes with three needles, a small tin case with two needles, another tin case containing two needles, one card board box containing fifteen injection needles, one small tube, one small flat iron piece, one card board empty box, and one wooden empty bottle
171. A pair of slippers with red velvet cover.
172. One white towel, white thandai, a piece of rag
173. An iron pipe, 12 feet long and 1 inch in diameter.
174. One pair of spectacles in a tin case double glasses
175. One rolled gold safety pin
176. One card board box containing a pair of black boots and a sepoy chitanky.
177. One duster cloth
179. One screw driver with wooden handle.
181. One small cycle—green and black paint.

E. J. ROWLANDSON,
Officiating Commissioner of Police.

Madras, 7th October 1929.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Statement showing the inland consumption and exports of raw cotton in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 18th October 1929.

[NOTE.—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. lint.]

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.				In the current year.					
	Week ending 19th October 1928.		Total from 1st February 1928 to 19th October 1928.		Current week.			Total from 1st February 1929 to date.		
	Received at mills (1).	Net exports by sea.	Received at mills.	Net exports by sea.	Received at mills (2).	Net exports by sea (3).	Total.	Received at mills.	Net exports by sea.	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Tinnevellies	158	304	54,982	65,872	125	3,780	3,905	54,196	62,716	116,900
Salems	233	Nil	13,042	1,267	98	807	705	14,199	5,320	19,519
Cambodia	906	960	52,608	26,059	270	1,735	2,005	46,518	69,726	126,238
Northerns and Westerns ..	337	130	17,548	48,802	431	2,612	2,993	21,900	63,951	85,851
Coconadas	Nil	Nil	160	20,390	Nil	166	166	328	31,797	32,125
Outside cotton	304	— 151	35,698	—17,291	114	— 806	— 192	33,413	— 5,241	18,171
Total .	2,138	1,473	173,539	147,599	1,038	8,611	10,241	169,727	262,196	431,324

(a) Returns supplied in the corresponding week of previous year by sixteen mills.
(b) Returns supplied in the current week by sixteen mills.
(c) Exports by sea in the current week—Madras—Salems 64, Cambodia 262, Northerns and Westerns 2,612; Coconadas 345; Coconadas— Nil; Tuticorin—Tinnevellies 3,780; Cambodia 828; Cuddalore—Salems 543; Cambodia 264.
Imports by sea in the current week into Cuddalore from Bombay 346
— duration not imported.

Quantity of cotton pressed in the pressing factories and of unpressed cotton received at spinning mills in the Madras Presidency during the week ending 18th October 1929.

[*Note.*—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. lint.]

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.				In the current year.				Director's estimate of the 1928–29 crop.
	Number pressed in week ending 19th October 1928.	Number pressed from 1st February 1928 to 19th October 1928.	Unpressed cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1928 to 19th October 1928.	Total cotton accounted for from 1st February 1928 to 19th October 1928.	Number pressed in the current week.	Number pressed from 1st February 1929 to date.	Unpressed cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1929 to date.	Total cotton accounted for from 1st February 1929 to date.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tinnevellies	1,833	170,273	6,228	176,501	1,879	144,619	9,231	153,734	184,000
Salems	373	18,447	11,150	29,597	420	24,451	8,289	33,740	97,000
Cambodia	1,267	78,048	13,046	93,104	1,181	116,982	26,486	142,668	127,000
Northerns and Westerns ..	101	94,740	Nil	94,740	376	120,211	Nil	120,211	127,000
Coconadas and others	364	30,931	140	31,071	408	29,630	398	30,028	46,000
Outside cotton	Nil	8	856	863	Nil	30	246	246	Nil
Total ..	3,448	295,457	31,570	373,083	4,267	445,327	44,810	490,627	581,000

Statement of cotton pressed in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 18th October 1929.

[Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Variety of cotton.	Number of bales pressed.			
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st February 1929.	During the corresponding period last year.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Tinnevellies	1,879	1,833	144,619	170,273
Salems	420	373	24,451	18,447
Cambodia	1,181	1,267	116,982	78,048
Northerns and Westerns ..	376	101	120,211	94,740
Coconadas	408	364	29,630	30,931
Outside cotton	Nil	Nil	Nil	8
Total .	4,267	3,448	445,327	391,457

G. R. HILSON,
Officiating Director of Agriculture.

Madras, 25th October 1929.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Vital Statistics of the Municipal Towns of the Madras Presidency for the week ending 26th September 1931.

District.	Serial number.	Municipal towns.	Population (based on Estimation according to the Census of 1931).			Births.		Deaths.												
			Males.	Females	Total.	Number registered excluding still-births.	Still-born (number registered).	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fever.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicide.	Death from child birth.	Other causes.	Total.		
																	Males	Females	Total.
Ganjam ..	1	Berhampur ..	16,991	16,739	32,731	25	..	..	..	..	4	4	..	..	..	6	11	3	14
	2	Paralakimedi ..	8,818	9,901	18,719	7	..	..	..	..	2	1	3	1	..	5	7	4	11
	3	Chicacole ..	7,695	8,603	16,298	3	1	..	..	..	1	7	..	..	..	..	7	1	8
Vizagapatam.	4	Vizagapatam ..	22,163	22,558	44,721	31	..	..	..	..	5	3	3	..	..	19	18	14	27
	5	Vizianagram ..	18,381	19,918	39,299	20	..	..	2	..	3	4	3	..	..	5	12	7	19
	6	Anakapalle ..	10,088	10,272	20,360	12	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	1	2
	7	Bimlipatam ..	3,424	4,071	7,495	7	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	2	3	1	4
Godavari, East.	8	Rajahmundry ..	26,758	27,033	53,791	56	1	..	..	..	10	8	4	..	..	29	23	23	46
	9	Cocanada ..	26,346	27,002	53,348	36	1	..	..	..	13	2	1	..	..	13	13	18	31
	10	Peddapuram * ..	7,201	7,419	14,620	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Godavari, West.	11	Ellore ..	25,630	20,232	45,862	53	..	..	..	..	4	..	6	..	..	7	8	9	17
	12	Palakolla ..	7,283	7,278	14,553	14	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	2
Kistna ..	13	Bezwada ..	23,107	21,052	44,159	49	1	..	..	..	6	2	1	..	1	27	17	22	39
	14	Masulipatam ..	21,871	22,002	43,940	49	1	..	..	..	2	4	..	..	1	15	10	15	25
	15	Guntur ..	24,337	23,847	48,184	55	6	..	..	..	2	..	3	2	2	27	23	20	43
Guntur ..	16	Tenali ..	12,066	11,165	23,230	18	..	..	..	..	5	1	1	..	..	8	7	2	9
	17	Chirala ..	7,705	7,818	15,523	18	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	3	6	2	8
	18	Ongole ..	7,049	7,229	14,278	18	..	..	..	..	8	3	1	..	..	12	9	7	16
	19	Narasaraopet ..	5,769	5,539	11,308	7	1	..	..	..	3	2	2	..	..	..	4	1	5
Nellore ..	20	Nellore ..	17,789	16,094	33,883	35	6	..	..	..	4	3	1	..	3	12	13	10	23
Madras ..	21	Madras ..	377,044	251,747	628,791	523	27	..	2	..	44	64	126	4	7	174	213	208	421
Chingleput ..	22	Conjeeveram ..	20,714	30,662	51,376	40	5	..	2	..	3	9	9	..	1	12	26	15	35
	23	Sadrapet ..	13,947	15,457	27,404	16	..	..	..	..	3	2	2	..	2	12	8	16	24
	24	Chinglepet ..	6,137	5,626	11,763	6	..	..	1	..	..	2	2	..	..	4	7	3	10
South Arcot.	25	Cuddalore ..	25,076	25,448	50,527	46	..	..	..	..	1	2	3	3	1	15	13	12	25
	26	Chidambaram ..	11,214	11,287	22,501	14	1	..	..	..	3	1	2	..	..	6	3	8	11
	27	Villupuram ..	9,048	8,377	17,425	8	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	2	3	1	4
Trichinopoly.	28	Trichinopoly ..	60,574	59,848	120,422	110	8	..	..	..	3	4	4	1	..	35	14	31	45
	29	Srirangam ..	11,139	12,014	23,153	8	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	8	3	11
	30	Karur ..	8,155	8,094	16,249	12	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	3	1	4
Tanjore ..	31	Kumbakonam ..	29,820	31,074	60,709	45	1	..	..	..	3	1	1	..	..	21	18	7	25
	32	Tanjore ..	28,353	30,560	59,913	50	9	..	..	..	6	7	4	..	2	17	15	20	35
	33	Negapatam ..	24,321	27,698	51,019	43	3	..	..	..	1	4	3	..	..	15	18	12	24
	34	Mayavaram ..	14,007	14,810	28,817	17	1	..	..	..	5	3	..	..	..	10	12	11	23
	35	Tiruvarur ..	12,309	11,816	24,125	8	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	6	2	4	6
	36	Mannargudi ..	10,809	10,828	21,637	18	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	..	4	8	1	9
Madura ..	37	Madura* ..	70,288	66,806	136,894	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	38	Dindigul ..	18,508	16,113	30,922	28	1	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	4	2	7	10
	39	Bodinayakkanur.	8,767	10,874	20,341	18	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	6	5	6	11
	40	Pahni ..	8,615	8,982	17,501	16	..	..	..	..	1	3	1	..	..	4	3	6	9
	41	Periyakulam ..	7,844	8,854	16,478	23	2	..	..	..	..	1	2	1	..	12	8	9	17
	42	Kodaikanal ..	3,268	3,018	4,898	4	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	1	1

* Returns not received.

[Continued on next page.

Vital Statistics of the Municipal Towns of the Madras Presidency for the week ending 28th September 1923—*cont.*

Districts.	Serial number.	Municipal towns.	Population under Registration according to the Census of 1921			Births.		Deaths.													
			Males.	Females.	Total	Number registered (including still-births).	Still-births (number registered).	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries (including suicide).	Death from child birth.	Other causes.	Total.				
																	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Ramnad ..	43	Srivilliputtur ..	15,457	15,728	31,185	38	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	1	12	12	5	17		
	44	Virudunagar ..	10,799	11,032	21,831	25	..	..	..	..	2	1	2	..	2	14	8	13	21		
	45	Sivakasi * ..	7,027	7,595	14,617	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
	46	Karaikudi ..	7,223	8,127	15,350	15	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	7	3	8	11		
Tinnevelly ..	47	Tinnevelly ..	26,663	27,220	53,783	41	1	..	..	..	2	6	4	..	..	26	17	20	37		
	48	Palamcottah ..	22,946	24,397	46,343	26	..	7	..	..	1	..	5	..	..	21	23	11	34		
	49	Tuticorin ..	22,781	21,741	44,522	50	3	..	..	..	..	3	5	..	1	15	14	10	24		
	50	Vellara * ..	24,899	20,311	60,210	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
North Arcot.	51	Gudiyattam ..	11,201	11,602	22,803	14	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	4	3	3	6		
	52	Tiruvannamalai.	10,847	12,065	21,912	31	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	6	6	1	7		
	53	Vaniyambadi ..	8,283	12,607	20,890	13	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	..	8	4	3	7		
	54	Tirupattur ..	7,992	8,283	16,275	17	1	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	2	2	3	5		
	55	Walajapet ..	4,980	5,033	10,013	14	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	2	2	4	6		
Chittoor ..	56	Chittoor ..	8,942	8,999	17,941	10	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	5	3	1	4		
	57	Tirupati ..	8,631	8,803	17,434	12	1	..	..	..	4	4	2	..	..	3	8	5	13		
Salem ..	58	Salem ..	28,418	25,826	52,244	104	6	..	..	..	4	4	6	3	1	37	31	27	58		
Coimbatore ..	59	Coimbatore ..	33,417	32,317	65,788	43	..	..	..	..	1	7	4	1	..	17	16	14	30		
	60	Erode ..	11,461	11,450	22,911	9	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	6	6	5	11		
	61	Dharapuram ..	7,903	8,221	16,124	13	1	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	2	4	1	5		
	62	Pollachi ..	4,242	6,634	11,876	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	1	..	5	4	6	10		
	63	Tiruppur ..	5,848	5,011	10,851	8	1	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	3	5	2	7		
	64	Udumalpet ..	5,177	5,059	10,236	5	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	2	3	1	4		
Kurnool ..	65	Kurnool ..	13,344	14,044	27,388	20	..	..	..	..	4	3	2	2	..	9	11	7	18		
	66	Nandyal * ..	8,134	8,990	16,124	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		
Cuddapah ..	67	Cuddapah ..	9,866	8,851	19,517	16	1	..	..	..	2	2	1	1	..	1	4	1	5		
	68	Proddatur ..	8,105	7,801	15,906	11	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	4	4	2	6		
Bellary ..	69	Bellary ..	21,113	18,729	39,842	29	1	..	..	..	4	4	7	..	..	8	11	13	24		
	70	Adoni	13,616	14,671	30,232	20	1	..	..	..	..	1	4	1	..	4	5	7	10		
	71	Hospet ..	8,122	9,206	18,337	18	6	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	5	2	4	6		
Anantapur ..	72	Hindupur ..	5,740	5,718	12,456	11	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	1	1	2		
	73	Anantapur ..	6,077	5,376	11,482	18	4	..	..	..	2	2	2	..	2	3	3	5	8		
	74	Tadpatri ..	5,805	5,538	11,296	4	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	2	4	3	7		
Nilgiris, The.	75	Ootacamund ..	10,217	8,250	18,467	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	4	6	2	7		
South Kanara.	76	Coonoor ..	6,458	6,758	12,216	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	3	4	2	6		
	77	Mangalore ..	28,204	25,673	53,877	29	1	..	..	..	3	..	5	6	..	8	11	11	22		
Malabar ..	78	Calicut ..	42,627	39,807	82,334	65	6	..	..	..	9	6	9	1	..	30	26	26	52		
	79	Palghat ..	22,819	22,868	45,487	31	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	2	..	13	6	15	21		
	80	Cannanore ..	13,159	14,546	27,705	19	2	..	1	..	1	..	5	..	1	16	14	12	26		
	81	Tellicherry ..	13,090	14,486	27,576	23	1	..	1	..	1	3	2	..	..	8	8	11	14		
	82	Cochin ..	11,222	9,415	20,637	23	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	..	..	6	7	3	10		
		Total ..	1,630,168	1,669,921	3,046,089	2,406	160	7	12	1	208	203	252	33	34	876	643	598	1,237		

* Returns not received.

Madras, 21st October 1923.

Abstract return of attacks and deaths from epidemic diseases in the Presidency of Madras during the week ending 5th October 1929.

Name of the district.	Name of taluk (rural) and municipal town.	Cholera.		Smallpox.		Plague.		Relapsing fever.	
		Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.
Ganjam	Chicacole	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tekkali	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	2	1	3	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam	Bobbili	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..
	Parvatipuram	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..
	Saravakota	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vizianagram M.T.	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Total	2	1	11	1	..	..	..	..
Godavari, East	Tuni	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	..
Nellore	Atmakur	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..
	Venkatagiri	..	..	7	1	..	..	..	..
	Total	..	..	15	1	..	..	..	..
Madras	Madras Town	..	..	28	2	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	Conjeeveram	..	..	20	5	..	..	..	..
	Madurantakam	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	..
	Ponneri	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..
	Sriperumbudur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Conjeeveram M.T.	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	..	..	38	6	..	..	..	..
South Arcot	Gingee	..	..	5	1	..	..	..	..
	Tindivanam	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Tirukoyilur	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Villupuram	..	..	10	2	..	..	..	..
	Total	..	..	19	3	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly	Kulittalai	9	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Srirangam M.T.	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Total	9	3	..	1	..	..	..	..
Tanjore	Mannargudi	..	..	11	4	..	..	..	..
	Negapatam	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Pattukkottai	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Tanjore M.T.	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	..
	Total	..	..	19	5	..	..	..	..
Madura	Periyakulam M.T.	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Ramnad	Arupukkottai	10	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mudukulattur	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Paramagudi	26	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramnad	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sattur	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Srivilliputtur	41	19	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tiruppattur	6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sivakasi M.T.	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	97	50	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tinnevelly	Ambasamudram	6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Koilpatti	12	7	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nanguneri	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..
	Sankaranayinarkoil	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tenkasi	8	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tinnevelly	7	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tuticorin	..	..	6	5	..	..	..	..
	Palamcottah M.T.	6	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tinnevelly M.T.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tuticorin M.T.	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	41	22	13	6	..	..	..	..

Name of the district.	Name of taluk (rural) and municipal (town).	Cholera.		Smallpox.		Plague.		Relapsing fever.	
		Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.
Kurnool	Cumbum	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Kurnool	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Markapur	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Nandyal M.T.	..	..	30	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	6	3	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	Jayachoti	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Rajampeta	2	2	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	2	2	3	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	Harpanahalli	..	..	..	..	5	4	..	..
	Kudligi	..	..	..	..	12	8	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	17	12	..	..
North Arcot	Arkonam	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..
	Gudiyattam	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..
	Polur	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..
	Vellore	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..
	Wandiwash	..	..	10	..	..	..	..	..
	Vellore M.T.	..	..	12	5	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	39	8	..	..	..	..
Chittoor	Kalahasti	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
	Madanapalle	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Palmer	..	..	4	2	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	8	1	..	..	..	..
Salem	Hosur	..	..	..	..	26	16	..	..
Coimbatore	Bhavanisagar	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pollachi	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..	..
The Nilgiris	Coonoor	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara ..	Coondapur	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
	Kasaragod	..	..	11	1	..	..	..	..
	Udipi	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	12	1	1	..	..	..
Malabar	Ernad	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..
	Kottayam	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Kurumbranad	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
	Palghat	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Ponnani	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Walluvanad	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Calicut M.T.	..	..	3	1	3	1	..	..
	Cannanore M.T.	..	..	4	3	..	..	..	..
	Palghat M.T.	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Tellicherry M.T.	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	29	6	3	1	..	..
	Total—Municipalities .	11	5	91	19	4	1	..	..
	Total—Rural districts ..	143	62	149	28	43	33	..	..
	Grand Total ..	154	67	240	47	46	34	..	..

Madras, 21st October 1929.

N. B. UBHAYA, Captain,
Acting Director of Public Health.

JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

PROCLAMATION.

Madras to wit.

By virtue of a Precept to me directed by His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras, I hereby proclaim and give notice that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery in and for Fort Saint George, the Town of Madras, and the local limits thereof and the places and factories subordinate thereto will be holden at the Court House of the Court at Madras aforesaid on Monday the Fourth day of November ensuing the date hereof, at 10-45 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed within Fort Saint George or the Town of Madras at the local limits thereof and places and factories subordinate thereto and dependant thereon.

And also that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby require and enjoin all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions or in anywise concerned therein to attend at the time and place abovementioned and not to depart without leave.

R. J. C. ROBERTSON,
Sheriff of Madras.

High Court, Madras,
11th September 1929.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

Under section 133 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), the High Court is pleased to direct that the undermentioned officer shall, in cases in which an appeal is allowed, take down the evidence with his own hand in the English language :—

M R.Ry. C. S. Mahadeva Ayyar Avargal,
Acting District Judge, Kistna.

High Court, Madras,
21st October 1929.

Under section 193 of the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 (I of 1908), and section 138 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), the High Court is pleased to direct that the undermentioned officer shall, in cases in which an appeal is allowed under the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 (I of 1908), take down the evidence with his own hand in the English language :—

Lewis James MacIver, Esq., I.C.S., Sub-Collector, Dindigul.

High Court, Madras,
23rd October 1929.

Under section 28 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, as amended by section 8 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1889, and further amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914) and the Madras Civil Courts (Second Amendment) Act XVIII of 1920, the High Court is pleased to invest M R.Ry. Pandi Rajagopala Acharya Avargal, District Munsif, under orders of posting to Dharmapuri in the Salem district, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such Courts arising within the local limits of his jurisdiction up to the amount of Rs. 300.

2. The powers given by this notification are personal and will be exercised by the District Munsif only so long as he continues to be District Munsif of the said Court.

3. This notification will have effect from the date of its publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

V. VENKATARAMANA AYYAR,
Acting Assistant Registrar, Appellate Side.

High Court, Madras,
24th October 1929.

NOTICE.

REGULAR.

A dividend is intended to be declared in the undermentioned estates. All creditors, who are mentioned in the debtors' schedule but have not yet filed their claims, are hereby notified that if they do not prove their debts before the 7th day of November 1929, they will be excluded from this dividend :—

Number	Name of the insolvent.	Number of dividend.
397 of 1924 ..	T. B. Kothandaram Mudali ..	1
445 of 1925 ..	T. T. Dasavagnanam Chetti ..	I
358 of 1927 ..	S. T. Krishnaswami Chetti .	I

F. H. WILSON,
Official Assignee.

High Court, Madras,
23rd October 1929.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

(IN INSOLVENCY)

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the person hereunder mentioned insolvent and vesting the estates and effects of the said insolvent in the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said insolvent, or who have any of his estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay, or deliver, the same to the said Official Assignee :—

Number of petition.	Date of presentation.	Name, address and description of insolvent.	Date of adjudication.
Date of public examination—17th December 1929.			
381 of 1929.	14th October 1929	T. S. Mahalingam, residing at No. 190, Brodie's Road, Mylapore, Madras.	16th October 1929.

R. SATYAMURTI AYYAR,
Acting First Assistant Registrar, Original Side.

High Court, Madras,
19th October 1929.

NOTICE.

O.P. No. 51 of 1929, DISTRICT COURT, ANANTAPUR.

M. Arogyam Reddi and M. Rayappa Reddi—*Petitioners.*

V. Chennamma—*Respondent.*

Notice is hereby given that petitioners applied under section 234 of Indian Succession Act for a grant of Letters of Administration to half the properties and credits of late Ponnapati Rajapa Reddi of Padamati Talera, Anantapur district, and any person claiming those credits and properties may contest the petition. The petition stands posted to 14th November 1929 for hearing.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 16 of 1928 (I.A. No. 341 of 1929), DISTRICT COURT, ANANTAPUR.

D. Peddanna and others—*Petitioners.*

Venkedo Konda Reddi and others—*Counter-petitioners.*

Take notice that the abovenamed insolvents have applied for an order of absolute discharge under

section 42 of the Provincial Insolvency Act and that the petition stands posted to 11th November 1929 for hearing.

No. 26 of 1929, District Court, Anantapur.

Thayi Venkatachalamayya—*Petitioner.*
P. P. N. M. Allauddin Basha and others—
Counter-petitioners.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent and the petition stands posted to 13th November 1929, for objections, if any.

No. 27 of 1929, District Court, Anantapur.

Pina Chendrayappa—*Petitioner,*
Redlapalli Venkatayya and others—
Counter-petitioners,

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent and the petition stands posted to 14th November 1929 for objections, if any.

No. 28 of 1929, District Court, Anantapur.

Ghantasala Narayana Setty—*Petitioner,*
Ghantasala Savitramma—*Counter-petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the counter-petitioner an insolvent and the petition stands posted to 18th November 1929 for objections, if any.

C. V. KRISHNASWAMI AYYAR,
District Judge.

Anantapur, 4th October 1929.

No. 3 of 1930 (I.A. No. 977 of 1929),
District Court, East Godavari.

Dronamraju Venkataramana Rao—*Petitioner*
(Insolvent).
Ayyagari Bapiraju and three others—*Respondents*
(Creditors).

Notice under section 35 of Act V of 1920. The order of adjudication passed on 31st December 1920 against the petitioner (insolvent) is annulled on 7th October 1929, as full payment has been made to all the creditors.

R. S. SANKARA AYYAR,
Acting District Judge.

Rajahmundry, 9th October 1929.

No. 22 of 1924, District Court, East Tanjore.

Malhuswami Mudaliyar—*Petitioner (Insolvent).*
Narayanaswami Sastrial and twenty-seven others—
Respondents (Creditors).

Notice is hereby given under section 41 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed insolvent has applied to this Court in I.A. No. 335 of 1929 in the above insolvency petition praying that he may be granted an absolute order of discharge and the petition is posted to 26th November 1929 for hearing. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may, either in person or through pleader, appear before the Court and file his objections if any on that date.

MIR ZYN-UD-DIN,
District Judge.

Negapatam, 21st October 1929.

No. 18 of 1929, District Court, Nellore.

Rebala Sundra Rami Reddi—*Petitioner,*
Kataireddi Kothandarami Reddi, son of Seetharami Reddi, Pantakapu and landholder, residing at Allur, Kovur taluk—*Respondent.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovesaid petitioner has applied to this court to adjudge the respondent an insolvent and that the petition is posted to 27th day of November 1929 for hearing.

No. 19 of 1929, District Court, Nellore.

Isanaka Venkata Reddi—*Petitioner.*
Puli Seyasu, Puli Gurumurthi, Puli Chenchayya and Puli Subbayya, Devangas, landowners and traders in yarn, residing at Mulumoodi, Nellore taluk—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovesaid petitioner has applied to this court to adjudge the respondents insolvents and that the petition is posted to 26th day of November 1929 for hearing.

No. 21 of 1929, District Court, Nellore.

Mullavarapu Subba Rao and others—*Petitioners.*
Mullavarapu Rama Rao, son of Hanumanuha Rao, Brahman and Landholder, residing in Trunk road, Nellore—*Respondent.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovesaid petitioners have applied to this court to adjudge the respondent an insolvent and that the petition is posted to 28th day of November 1929 for hearing.

P. NARAYANA RAO,
District Judge.

Nellore, 21st October 1929.

No. 5 of 1929 (I.A. No. 450 of 1929),
District Court, Vizagapatam.

Thatikonda Sitharamayya, son of Janikiramayya, aged 30 years, Vyasya, merchant-clerk, Anakapalli—*Petitioner (Insolvent).*

Notice is hereby given under section 41 of Act V of 1920 that the abovementioned insolvent has applied to this Court for a final order of discharge and the said application stands posted to 15th November 1929, for hearing objections, if any.

No. 13 of 1929, District Court, Vizagapatam.

Dave Rajahegam, son of Soryaprakasahegam Guru, aged 41 years, Vyasya, no occupation, residing at Vizianagaram—*Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an application praying that he may be adjudged an insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 11th November 1929, for hearing objections, if any.

No. 14 of 1929, District Court, Vizagapatam.

Boda Viswanadham, son of Batchanna, aged 30 years, Devangi, trader of Parvatipur—*Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given under sections 7 and 10 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has filed a petition praying that he may be adjudged insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 1st November 1929.

A. J. KING,
District Judge.

Vizagapatam, 21st October 1929.

No. 12 of 1927 (E.A. No. 603 of 1929),
Sub-Court, Amalapuram.

Lakkimsetti Venkatanarasimham—*Petitioner*
(Insolvent).
Ashasta Reddayya and others—*Respondents*
(Creditors).

Take notice that the abovenamed insolvent has applied to this Court on 28th September 1929, to grant him an order of discharge and that the said petition stands posted to 12th November 1929, for hearing in this Court.

No. 13 of 1927, Sub Court, Amalapuram.

Gadde Venkatarataam—*Petitioner (Creditor).*
Navebattula Ramayya and three others—
Respondents (Debtors).

Take notice that the abovenamed first respondent Navebattula Ramayya has been adjudged insolvent under section 27 of the Provincial Insolvency

Act V of 1920 by an order of this Court, dated 15th October 1929, that the debtor shall apply for his discharge within six months from that date and that the creditors shall prove their debts in the manner prescribed before the Official Receiver, East Godavari.

No. 16 of 1929, Sub-Court, Amalapuram.

Vadlamani Subbarayudu—*Petitioning Creditor.*
Chavatapalli Viraswami—*Respondent (Debtor).*

Take notice that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court on 30th September 1929, to declare the respondent insolvent, that the said petition stands posted to 26th November 1929, for hearing in this Court and that anybody wishing to oppose the same shall appear on that day in this Court as laid down under the rules.

C. R. KRISHNA RAO,
Acting Subordinate Judge.

Amalapuram, 17th October 1929.

No. 17 of 1929, Sub-Court, Bapatla.

Divakarani Venkatasubbayya, son of Venkayya, Brahman and landholder of Chintalapudi—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Tripuramallu Chinna Krishnayya, etc.—*Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated the 12th day of September 1929 and that creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Guntur. Time for discharge one year from 12th September 1929.

No. 18 of 1929, Sub-Court, Bapatla.

Balabhadrapatruni Hanumantha Rao, son of Narasimham, Brahman and landholder of Chinn Gadelavarru—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Jeambji Sokumal Kotta, etc.—*Counter-petitioners (Creditors)*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 12th September 1929 and that creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Guntur. Time for discharge one year from 12th September 1929.

No. 43 of 1929, Sub-Court, Bapatla.

Tunuguntla Venkata Subba Rao, son of Punnayya, Vysya and trader of Bhattaprolu—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Sagamal Jumal Kotta, etc.—*Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an application in this Court requesting that he may be adjudged an insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 12th November 1929 for hearing.

A. S. VIRASWAMI AYYAR,
Principal Subordinate Judge.

Bapatla, 21st October 1929.

No. 15 of 1928, Sub-Court, Bezwada.

Anjuru Lakshmayya, age 35 years; Anjuru Ramamurthi, age 28 years; and Anjuru Ranganayakulu, age 26 years, sons of Appalswami, Padmasali, trade, of Bezwada—*Petitioners (Debtors).*
Talukuntla Balakrishna Rao and 79 others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioners are adjudicated as insolvents as per order of this Court, dated 15th October 1929, and that fifteen months' time is given to them to apply for discharge from the date of the order. All creditors are required to prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Kistna, who is appointed receiver of the properties of the insolvents.

L. NARAYANA AYYAR,
Subordinate Judge.

Bezwada, 23rd October 1929.

No. 29 of 1924 (I.A. No. 587 of 1929), Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

B Sundararaja Ayyangar and D. Srinivasa Ayyangar, sons of Doraiswami Ayyar, residing at Coimbatore—*Petitioners.*
Sri Ramar Bank, Limited, and others—*Respondents*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to this Court under section 41 of Act V of 1920 to grant them an order of discharge. Hearing 26th November 1929.

No. 137 of 1929 (I.A. No. 553 of 1929), Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

A. K. Viswanatha Chetti, son of Kandathan Chetti, residing at Karukkampalaiyam, Avanashi taluk—*Petitioner.*
Kumarappa Chetti and others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to grant him an order of discharge under section 41. Hearing 22nd November 1929.

No. 141 of 1926 (I.A. No. 554 of 1929), Sub Court, Coimbatore.

Ramasami Nayakan, son of Sakkinar Guruswami Nayakar, residing at Pahamarathupalaiyam, hamlet of Vareppatti, Palladam taluk—*Petitioner.*
Narayanan Chetti and others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to grant him an order of discharge under section 41. Hearing 28th November 1929.

No. 131 of 1929, Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

Anganna Kavandan, son of Rangaswami Kavandan, residing at Madukkarai, Coimbatore taluk—*Petitioner.*
Arukutti Kavandan and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 19th November 1929.

No. 134 of 1929, Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

Mathuswami Chettiyar—*Petitioner.*
(1) Doraiswami alias Guruswami Nayakan, son of Madanaswami Nayakan, (2) Lakshmammal, wife of Guruswami Nayakan, both residing at Villakundapuram, hamlet of Viragalpatti, Udamalpet taluk—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondents insolvents. Hearing 16th November 1929.

No. 140 of 1929, Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

Sienana Kavandan—*Petitioner*
Gooleppa Kavandan, son of Iathumana Kavandan, residing at Thumma Naickenpalaiyam, hamlet of Gudalur, Coimbatore taluk—*Respondent.*

Notice under section 10 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondent an insolvent. Hearing 19th November 1929.

No. 144 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Chennimalai Kavandan, son of Ramaswami Kavandan, residing at Pudappalaiyam, Erode taluk—*Petitioner.*

Chekkalingam Chettiyar and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 18th November 1929.

No. 146 of 1929, SUB COURT, COIMBATORE.

Subbarayu Kavandan, son of Muthuswami Kavandan, residing at Pudappalaiyam, Palladam taluk—*Petitioner.*

Lakshmanan Chettiyar and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 21st November 1929.

No. 147 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Viswaraya Kavandan, son of Sennimalai Kavandan, residing at Kuttipalaiyam, hamlet of Vadamugam Vellodu, Erode taluk—*Petitioner.*

Kuppanna Kavandan and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 18th November 1929.

No. 149 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Ponnuswami Kavandan, son of Ramaswami Kavandan, residing at Veleyudampalaiyam, hamlet of Paranchervalli, Dharapuram taluk—*Petitioner*

Annamalai Chettiyar and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 18th November 1929.

No. 149 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Ramanathan Chettiyar—*Petitioner.*

Peria Kavandan, son of Paria Kavandan, residing at Semba Kavandanpalaiyam, hamlet of Karumampalaiyam, Avanasi taluk—*Respondent.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondent an insolvent. Hearing 20th November 1929.

No. 150 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Palaniswami Kavandan, son of Nallaya Kavandan, residing at Arthanaripalaiyam, hamlet of Kangayam, Dharapuram taluk—*Petitioner.*

Ramaswami Kavandan and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 27th November 1929.

No. 151 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Muthu Kavandan, son of Pasha Kavandan and Sinnappa Kavandan, son of Muthu Kavandan, both residing at Pottalur, Bhavani taluk—*Petitioners.*

Samba Kavandan and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge them insolvents. Hearing 19th November 1929.

No. 152 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

P. Subbarayalu Nayudu and another—*Petitioners.*

Muthammal, wife of Nanjappa Kavandan and minor Neelamuthu Kavandan, son of Nanjappa Kavandan, both residing at Mundu Valampatti, Dharapuram taluk—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondents insolvents. Hearing 25th November 1929.

No. 153 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Subrahmanya Chettiyar—*Petitioner.*

Subbaraya Kavandan, son of Sinna Kavandan, residing at Thottipalaiyam, hamlet of Therku Avanasipalaiyam, Palladam taluk—*Respondent.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondent an insolvent. Hearing 26th November 1929.

No. 154 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Gopuswami Nayudu, son of Narayanaswami Nayudu, residing at Rudrampalaiyam, hamlet of Alampalaiyam, Avanashi taluk—*Petitioner.*

Velappa Nayakan and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 20th November 1929.

No. 155 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Vadivelu Pillai, son of Kunju Pillai, residing at Coimbatore—*Petitioner,*

Sowanandaram Pillai and others—*Respondents*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 20th November 1929

No. 156 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Kuppuswami Kavandan, son of Nallakumara Kavandan, residing at Vottamalaipalaiyam, hamlet of Udiyur, Dharapuram taluk—*Petitioner,*

Nana Aiyaswami Chetti and others—*Respondents*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 22nd November 1929.

No. 157 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

Perumalswami Kavandan—*Petitioner,*

Palani Kavandan, son of Arumuga Kavandan, residing at Othakalmandapam, Coimbatore taluk—*Respondent.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondent an insolvent. Hearing 20th November 1929.

No. 158 of 1929, SUB COURT, COIMBATORE.

K. R. Krishna Ayyar, son of Rama Ayyar, residing at Erode—*Petitioner.*

V. E. R. M. K. Basi, Bhavani, and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 21st November 1929.

No. 160 of 1929, SUB-COURT, COIMBATORE.

C. Venkatakrishna Ayyar and another—*Petitioners.*

Karuppandi, son of Palaniandi, residing at Molakarandanpalaiyam, Erode taluk—*Respondent.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondent an insolvent. Hearing 21st November 1929.

No. 162 of 1929, Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

Kappanna Chettiyar—*Petitioner.*
Ramasami Kavandan and Subbaraya Kavandan, sons of Palanimmi Kavandan, residing at Kadaiyan Valasu, hamlet of Vellakuvai, Dharapuram taluk—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge the respondents insolvent. Hearing 25th November 1929.

No. 163 of 1929, Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

(1) Syed Ganni Sahib, son of Madar Sahib and (2) Abdul Aziz Sahib, son of first petitioner, both residing at Bommana Periyagraharam, Erode taluk—*Petitioners.*
Nandaram Dos Atmaram Sait and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920, is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to this Court to adjudge them insolvents. Hearing 22nd November 1929.

No. 164 of 1929, Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

Kulla Kavandan son of Kandappa Kavandan, residing at Chellappakavandanpudur, hamlet of Aiyampalayam, Palladam taluk—*Petitioner.*
Ravanappa Nayakan and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 25th November 1929.

No. 166 of 1929, Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

Kuppuswami Reddi, son of Ramaswami Reddi, residing at Sappaniyur, hamlet of Mathur, Bhavani taluk—*Petitioner.*
Arunachalla Mudali and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 26th November 1929.

No. 167 of 1929, Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

Kalandai Chetti, son of Avanasi Chetti, residing at Orathalpalayam, hamlet of Manthavandanchettipalayam, Avanasi taluk—*Petitioner.*
Simanna Nayudu and others—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 27th November 1929.

No. 168 of 1929, Sub-Court, Coimbatore.

Abdul Razack Sahib, son of Vellalanna Ravuttar residing at Tiruppur—*Petitioner.*
H.P.M. & Co. by Haji Habib Sahib, etc.—*Respondents.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. Hearing 28th November 1929.

P. KUNDU PANIKKAR,
First Additional Subordinate Judge.

Coimbatore, 18th October 1929.

No. 23 of 1928, Sub-Court, Devakottai.

KR. V. KR. Karuppan Chettiyar, son of Venkatachalam Chettiyar, 0, Siruvayal, Elavankottai taluk—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
M. R. L. Lakshmanan Chettiyar and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that under section 27 (1) of Act V of 1920, the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 11th October 1929, that he is allowed one year's time to apply for his discharge and that the creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver of Ramnad at Madura within three months from the said date.

B. VENKATA RAO,
Principal Subordinate Judge.

Devakottai, 21st October 1929

No. 9 of 1929, Sub-Court, Ellore.

Devarakonda Umapati and Ranki Reddeyya—*Petitioners (Creditors).*
Kochampudi Karmada, Kochampudi Satyanarayanamurti, Kochampudi Kanakayya and Kochampudi Krishnamurti—*Counter-petitioners (Debtors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to declare the counter-petitioners as insolvents and that the said application stands posted to 29th November 1929 for hearing Any person or other creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader at 11 a.m. on the said date.

B ADINARAYANA NAYUDU,
Principal Subordinate Judge.

Ellore, 22nd October 1929.

No. 14 of 1927 (M.P. No. 185 of 1929), Sub-Court, Kurnool.

Javalukaru Gundappa—*Petitioner (Insolvent).*
Haji Ebrahim Latheef Set and others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 42 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court praying that he may be discharged and that the petition stands posted to 20th November 1929. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by pleader on the said date.

No 24 of 1929, Sub-Court, Kurnool.

Perumalla Narasimhayya—*Petitioner.*
Yangala Linga Reddi and others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged an insolvent by an order of this Court dated 15th October 1929. Creditors shall prove their debts in four months before the Official Receiver, Kurnool, who is appointed Receiver in this case. Time for applying for discharge is one year.

No. 37 of 1929, Sub-Court, Kurnool.

Midutha Narasanna—*Petitioner.*
Gaagisetti Venkatramaiah and others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 19 of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court praying that he may be adjudged an insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 2nd December 1929. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by pleader on the said date.

K. SAMBASIVA RAO,
Subordinate Judge.

Kurnool, 18th October 1929.

No. 2 of 1929, Sub-Court, Mayavaram.

Sesha. Sesa. Sarabasiva Ayyar—*Petitioner.*
L. R. Ramakrishna Ayyar and twenty-six others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 19 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner (debtor) has applied to this Court under section 10 (1) of the said Act praying to be adjudged an insolvent and the said petition stands posted for

hearing on 18th November 1929. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said petition may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said day.

R. VENKATACHALAM AYYAR,
Subordinate Judge.

Mayavaram, 23rd October 1929

No. 14 of 1928, SUB-COURT, NARSAPUR.

Tangella Narayanamurti, son of Viraswami, Telugu, aged 36, Narsapur—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Grandhi Subba Rao and others—*Creditors (Respondents).*

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the petition, dated 16th October 1928, filed by the petitioner and on reading the petition and other papers, it is ordered that the petitioner (debtor) be and the same is hereby adjudged insolvent. It is further ordered that the petitioner do apply for discharge within six months from this date. All his creditors should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, West Godavari, within the time fixed by him

No. 6 of 1929, SUB-COURT, NARSAPUR.

Kotta Venkata Ratnam, son of Pullayya, Vaisya, of Velpur, Tanuku District Munsif's Court—*Petitioner (Debtor)*
Bhagavatula Ayyavaru Sastri and others—*Creditors (Respondents)*

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the petition, dated 26th April 1929, filed by the petitioner and on reading the petition and other papers, it is ordered that the petitioner (debtor) be and the same is hereby adjudged insolvent. It is further ordered that the petitioner do apply for discharge within six months from this date. All his creditors should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, West Godavari, within the time fixed by him.

A. VENUGOPAUL RAO,
Principal Subordinate Judge.

Narsapur, 22nd October 1929

No. 9 of 1929, SUB-COURT, NEGAPATAM.

Natesa Mudaliyar, son of Malaiperumal Mudaliyar, residing at Muttam, Negapatam taluk and munsif—*Petitioner (Petitioning creditor).*
Ruthnaswami Pillai, son of Subbaraya Pillai, now residing at Karaikal (French Territory)—*Respondent (Debtor).*

Whereas the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court under sections 9 and 13 of Act V of 1920 to adjudge the respondent an insolvent the said petition is posted to 25th November 1929 for hearing. Those who wish to oppose this application may appear in person or by pleader on that date and do so.

M. C. KRISHNAN NAMBIYAR,
Subordinate Judge.

Negapatam, 24th October 1929.

No. 28 of 1929, SUB-COURT, NELLORE.

Chakka Lingayya—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Kathireddi Krishna Reddi, etc.—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under clause 2 of section 19 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner applied to this Court by petition, dated 9th October 1929 for adjudging the petitioner insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 14th December 1929 for hearing.

N. RAMASWAMI,
Principal Subordinate Judge.

Nellore, 23rd October 1929.

No. 31 of 1929, SUB-COURT, RAMNAD.

Muthuraua Chettiyar—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Muthappa Nadar and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 10 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent and that the petition is posted to 7th December 1929.

M. R. SANKARA AYYAR,
Principal Subordinate Judge.

Madura, 24th October 1929.

No. 6 of 1929, SUB-COURT, TELLICHERRY.

Puthenpurayil Krishnan Nambiyar and another—*Petitioners (Debtors).*
Kayitheri Ramunni Nayar and ten others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioners have been adjudged insolvents by order of this Court, dated 7th October 1929, and that they have been directed to apply for discharge within four months from that date. All creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver, North Malabar, as soon as possible as prescribed under the rules.

No. 9 of 1929, SUB-COURT, TELLICHERRY.

Vatakkatath Chattiyamkandi Aikutti—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Kakkunnath Ummer Kutti and five others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by order of this Court, dated 14th October 1929, and that he has been directed to apply for discharge within four months from that date. All creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver, North Malabar, as soon as possible as prescribed under the rules.

P. SANKUNNI MENON,
Subordinate Judge.

Tellicherry, 15th October 1929.

No. 8 of 1929, SUB-COURT, TUTICORIN.

Koodava Nainker, son of Ramaswami Naicker, residing at Ramalingapuram, Sankarankoil taluk—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Sundara Naikar alias Lingava Najaker and eight others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the above petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent by an order of the Court, dated 16th October 1929 Creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible before the Official Receiver, Tinnevelly, by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1922. Petitioner is given one year's time from 16th October 1929 for applying for discharge.

No. 26 of 1929, SUB-COURT, TUTICORIN.

Gangana Naicker—*Petitioner (Creditor).*
Ponnallamayyan Chettiyar, son of Nainar Chettiyar, residing in Kalugumalai, Koilpatti taluk—*Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given under section 13 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the above petitioner has applied to adjudge the respondent an insolvent and that the above petition is posted to 28th November 1929.

No. 29 of 1929, Sub-Court, Tuticorin.

P. S. R. M. Ramaswami Pillai—*Petitioner (Creditor)*.

S. Minakshisundaram Pillai, son of Subrahmanya Pillai, residing at Tuticorin, Srivaikuntam taluk—*Respondent (Debtor)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the above petitioner has applied to adjudge the respondent an insolvent and that the above petition is posted to 25th November 1929.

No. 30 of 1929, Sub-Court, Tuticorin.

L. K. M. Lakshmanan Chettiyar—*Petitioner (Creditor)*.

Karuppaswami Chettiyar, son of Ramaswami Chettiyar, residing at Mala Villiseri attached to Villiseri village, Koilpatti taluk—*Respondent (Debtor)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the above petitioner has applied to adjudge the respondent an insolvent and that the above petition is posted to 28th November 1929.

No. 31 of 1929, Sub-Court, Tuticorin.

Kona Nana Seeyanna Pena Sreenivasa Naicker—*Petitioner (Creditor)*.

R. Karuppaswami Chettiyar and R. Muthuramalingam Chettiyar, sons of Moona Moona Ramaswami Chettiyar, residing at Mela Villiseri attached to Villiseri, Koilpatti taluk—*Respondents (Debtors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the above petitioner has applied to adjudge the respondents insolvents and that the above petition is posted to 28th November 1929.

RAVI VARMA RAJA,
Subordinate Judge.

Tuticorin, 24th October 1929.

No. 21 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Cocanada.

Addepalli Lakshmipati Rao—*Petitioner (Insolvent)*
Batchu Seeyayya and others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudicated an insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 10th December 1929 for hearing.

P. M. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Cocanada, 22nd October 1929.

No. 29 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Conjeevaram.

Kumarasawami Gurukkal, son of Subbaraya Gurukkal, residing at Megaral, Conjeevaram taluk—*Petitioner.*

Ekambara Deekshadar and others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent on 18th October 1929. The petitioner has been directed to apply for his discharge on or before 18th October 1930. All his creditors are required to prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering by registered post to Official Receiver, Chingleput, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

N. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
District Munsif.

Conjeeveram, 21st October 1929.

No. 18 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Gooty.

Pappan Dasthagiri Sahib—*Petitioner (Insolvent)*.
Fakruddin Sab and three others—*Counter-petitioners (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 17th October 1929. He should apply for discharge within six months from that day. Creditors should prove their debts before the Official Receiver, Anantapur, on or before the date fixed by him.

No. 31 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Gooty.

Boya Thambanna of Kothapeta village, Gooty taluk—*Petitioner.*
Kotha Venkata Ramiah and fifteen others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that the above petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared insolvent and the petition stands posted to 18th November 1929 for objections, if any.

ALI RAZA,
District Munsif.

Gooty, 21st October 1929.

No. 5 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Guntur.

Singamsetti Siddayya—*Petitioner (Debtor)*.
Nagasani Viraraghaviah and six others—*Respondents (Creditors)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petitioner aforesaid has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 20th November 1929. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

P. PARTHASARATHI AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Nellore, 22nd October 1929.

No. 25 of 1927, District Munsif's Court, Kavali.

Chinni Subbiah, Chinna Chenchaiah, Komati and traders of Marripadu, Udayagiri taluk—*Petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 41 of Act V of 1920, that the above petitioners have been discharged by an order of this Court, dated 4th October 1929.

C. BHAKTAVATSULU NAYUDU,
District Munsif.

Kavali, 23rd October 1929.

No. 7 of 1923, District Munsif's Court, Kulittalai.

Maga Moopan, son of Manga Moopan of Perumoor, Ayyampalayam group, Musiri taluk—*Debtor (Petitioner)*.
Viramalai Chettiyar and ten others—*Creditors (Respondents)*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court under section 7 of the said Act praying that he may be adjudged an insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 25th November 1929 for hearing in this Court. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by pleader on the said date.

L. S. PARTHASARATHI AYYAR,
District Munsif.

Kulittalai, 18th October 1929.

No. 7 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Nadapuram.

Kunyilparkunn Kumyili Chungaran of Arnor amsam and Paramandacheri desam in Kurumbranad taluk—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Komvoth Abdurahman and nine others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 39 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the above-named petitioner has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 1st October 1929, that the creditors should prove their claims by affidavits in Form No. 3, before the Official Receiver of North Malabar, Tellicherry, and that the petitioner should apply for discharge within six months from the date of the order of adjudication.

M. S. RAMASWAMI AYYAR,
District Munsif.

Nadapuram, 21st October 1929.

No. 14 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Narsapur.

Kotti Ramamurti, son of Subbarayudu, and Kotti Kanakayya, son of Ramamurti, Telegas, ryots of Tandurra, Narsapur, district munsif—*Petitioners (Insolvents)*
Kapparti Nagayya and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 19, clauses (1) and (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the petitioners have applied to this Court to adjudge them insolvents and that the petition stands posted to 16th November 1929.

B. LAKSHMI REDDI,
District Munsif.

Narsapur, 17th October 1929.

No. 24 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Ongole.

Yichtamsetti Jwalanarasimham, son of Kotayya, Padmasale and weaver of Vitamukkala—*Petitioner.*
Bandikatla Papayya and fourteen others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an application in the Court praying to adjudge him an insolvent and that the same stands posted to 14th November 1929 for hearing.

K. SATYANARAYANAMURTI,
District Munsif.

Ongole, 24th October 1929.

No. 18 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Salem.

Peramal Chetti—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Venkatappa Chetti and others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 9th October 1929 and he has been directed to apply for his discharge within one year from that date. Creditors who wish to prove their debts may do so before the Official Receiver, Salem, as per rules.

T. VASUDEVA RAO,
Principal District Munsif.

Salem, 23rd October 1929.

No. 2 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Tinnevelly.

K. Muhammad Kani Rowther, son of P. K. Kadar Oli Rowther, residing at Muhammad Nainar Sahib, Pallivasal Samadhi 2nd North street, Pettai, Tinnevelly taluk—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
M. S. Poomalingam Pillai and ten others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 39 of Act V of 1920 that the petitioner has been adjudged insolvent and that creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Tinnevelly. Time for discharge is four months from 15th October 1929.

R. VEMBU AYYAR,
District Munsif.

Tinnevelly, 16th October 1929.

No. 4 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Tiruvangalam.

Ramalingam Asari, son of Venkatachalam Asari, at Kottakulam village, Nilakkottai taluk—*Petitioner.*
Valagaruva Reddiyar and four others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner abovenamed has applied to this Court to adjudge him insolvent and the petition stands adjourned to 16th December 1929 for hearing. Anybody wishing to oppose the same may appear in this Court either in person or by pleader at 12 a.m. on 10th December 1929.

P. V. PARAMESWARA AYYAR,
District Munsif.

Tiruvangalam, 23rd October 1929.

No. 5 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Tirutturaippundi.

Sri. Lakshmana Nayudu, son of Alagirisami Nayudu, at Ponnrai, Tiruttuvaippundi munsif—*Petitioner,*
(2). Sri. Venkataraman Chettiyar and twenty-three others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and that the application stands posted to 4th December 1929. Intending creditors may oppose the application on that date.

No. 9 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Tirutturaippundi.

Jegannada Tevar, Natesa Tevar and Lakshmana Tevar, sons of Rama Tevar, at Serukornkkai, Tiruturaippundi munsif—*Petitioners.*
Vaithilinga Padayachi and twenty-four others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to this Court to be adjudged insolvents and that the said petition is posted to 7th November 1929 for hearing.

V. S. SHANMUKHAM PILLAI,
District Munsif.

Tiruturaippundi, 23rd October 1929.

No. 4 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Tiruvarur.

Thulasi Konar, son of Govinda Kone, residing at Tiruvarur Cheba—*Petitioner.*
Annaswami Ayyar and seven others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to be adjudged insolvent and the petition stands posted to 20th November 1929. Intending creditors, if any, may appear and contest the petition on that date.

M. S. RAMANUJAM AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Tiruvarur, 18th October 1929.

No. 1 of 1929 (I.A. No. 894 of 1929), District Munsif's Court, Walluvanad.

Melaveriyath Krishnakrishna Variar of Perintalmanna amsam and desam in Walluvanad taluk—*Petitioner.*
Muthuvara Madhathil Subrahmania Ayyar and twenty-one others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that the above petitioner who was adjudicated an insolvent on 1st April 1929, has applied to this Court for an order for discharge

under section 41 of the Provincial Insolvency Act. The application has been posted to 25th November 1929 for hearing.

O. SANKARAN,
District Munsif.

Vellavanad, 23rd October 1929.

DESTRUCTION OF RECORDS.

Notice is hereby given that the documents and correspondence relating to the undermentioned defunct company and societies will be destroyed after three months from the date of publication of this notice.

Name of company or society the documents of which are proposed for destruction, date of registration, Act under which registered, objects of the company or society, situation of office last recorded, last managing agents and date of dissolution

Arni Sri Mahalakshmi Viveka Fund, Limited; 30th April 1906, Act VI of 1882; to make provision for marriages of members' relations; No. 26 B, Market Street, Arni; P. M. Kandaswami Chetti, Manager; 1st August 1924

Anjumane Muffidul Islam Ethesm Khanaya Ahole Islam, Melvisharam; 3rd November 1915; Act XXI of 1860; to impart general and secular education to Muhammadan orphan boys; K. Muhammad Yakub Sahib, Secretary; 19th October 1924.

Veterinary Graduates Association; 9th January 1921; Act XXI of 1860; to improve the knowledge of the profession and the status of the members; T. Vinayakam, Secretary; 30th December 1924.

GHULAM MUKI-UD-DIN,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Vellore, 24th October 1929.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913, AND THE NORTHERN CIRCARS PROVIDENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE PURSUANT TO SECTION 247 (4)

Whereas the Northern Circars Provident Company, Limited, is being wound up and the undersigned has reasonable cause to believe that no liquidator is acting on behalf of the said company,

And whereas the returns required to be made by the liquidator have not been made for a period of six months after notice demanding the returns was sent by post to the liquidator of the said company at his last known place of residence;

Therefore, the undersigned hereby gives notice, pursuant to section 247 (4) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that, unless cause is shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of this notice, the name of the said company will be struck off the register and the company will be dissolved.

MR. NAJM UD-DIN HUSSAIN,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Berhampur, 17th October 1929.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913, AND THE MADRAS TANNERS' SYNDICATE, LIMITED.

NOTICE PURSUANT TO SECTION 247 (4).

Whereas the Madras Tanners' Syndicate, Ltd., is being wound up and the undersigned has reasonable cause to believe that no liquidator is acting on behalf of that company;

And whereas the return required to be made by the liquidator has not been made for a period of six months after notice demanding the return was sent by post to the said company;

Therefore, the undersigned hereby gives notice, pursuant to section 247 (4) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, that, unless cause is shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of this notice, the name of the said company will be struck off the register and the company will be dissolved.

Madras, 17th October 1929.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913, AND THE COSMOPOLITAN SPORTS COMPANY, LIMITED.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 247 (5).

Whereas communications addressed to the Cosmopolitan Sports Company, Limited, at its registered office remain unanswered;

Whereas it appears accordingly that the said company is not carrying on business or in operation;

Whereas a notice, dated 3rd July 1929, was published on page 1069, *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 16th July 1929, pursuant to section 247 (3) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, to the effect that unless cause were shown to the contrary before the expiration of three months from the date of that notice the name of the said company would be struck off the register and the company would be dissolved;

And whereas the said company has not shown such cause within the time allowed which expired on the 3rd October 1929;

Therefore, the name of the company has, under section 247 (5) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913, been struck off the register.

V. S. CHENGALVARAYA PILLAI,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Madras, 19th October 1929.

REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 14.—In virtue of the powers delegated to him in Government Notifications No. 485, dated 13th July 1899, and No. 135, dated 20th March 1919, and in exercise of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Commissioner of Excise hereby directs that the following amendment shall be made in the Hemp Drugs Rules published in Board's Notification No. 1, dated 6th January 1921, published on pages 70—80 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 11th January 1921, Part II:—

Add the following to the second sentence in clause (2) under rule XXVI:—

"Or by any other officer specially deputed for the purpose."

Madras, 3rd October 1929.

No. 15.—In virtue of the powers delegated to him in Government Notification No. 485, dated 13th July 1899, as amended by Government Notification No. 101, dated 15th March 1924, and in partial modification of Board's Notification No. 7, dated 19th October 1922 (as subsequently amended), the Commissioner of Excise hereby prescribes under sections 10 and 13 of the Madras Abkari Act, 1886, the following as the quantity of country spirits in excess of which permit for transport and licence for possession shall be required in the areas specified:—

(With effect from the date of the notification.)

Quantity of country spirits.	Areas.
(i) Sarkar drams ..	Gumsur taluk of the Visagapatam Agency excluding the Konds and Savara hills but including the Gumma Mutah of the Korappam Zamindari and the Mondumkalu Mutah of the Merangi Zamindari.
(ii) Do. ..	The portion of the Visagapatam Agency under the mirasidi system.

Madras, 8th October 1929.

No. 18.—In virtue of the power delegated under clause V of Government Notification No. 495, dated 13th July 1920, as amended in Government Notification No. 101, dated 15th March 1924, the Commissioner makes the following amendment to his Notification No. 5, dated 9th March 1929, published on pages 554-555 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part II, dated 19th March 1929 :—

For item (ii) in the notification *substitute* the following :—

Area from which transport is prohibited.	Area into which transport is prohibited.
(ii) (a) Pallikonda Agency and Gunnpur Agency of the Vizagapatam district excluding the Kondh and Savara hills but including the Gumma and Konda Mutas of the Kuruppam Zamindari and Mudemkalla and Konda Mutas of the Merangi Zamindari.	The remaining portions of the Vizagapatam District and the excise tracts of the Ganjam district.
(b) Gunnpur Agency of the Vizagapatam district excluding the Kondh and Savara hills but including the Gumma and Konda Mutas of the Kuruppam Zamindari and Mudemkalla and Konda Mutas of the Merangi Zamindari.	The Pallikonda Agency of the Vizagapatam district.

W. A. BRITO,
Secretary to the Commissioner of Excise.

Madras, 17th October 1929.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 5 of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of lands in which Government have an interest in the non-Government villages of the Punganur Estate in the Chittoor district.

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement),
15th October 1929.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 5 of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the 232 fields in Tirupattur taluk of North Arcot district mentioned in the annexed schedule.

SCHEDULE.

44 Bhimakulam.—S. Nos. 4, 5, 32, 57, 59, 258, 159, 165 and 171.

49. Elagiri Hills.—S. Nos. 38, 49, 51, 52, 54, 55, 60, 70, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 86, 117, 122, 123, 124, 126, 128, 127, 128, 132, 136, 137, 139, 146, 174, 177, 178, 180, 181, 182, 192, 193, 197, 201, 202, 203, 204, 208, 209, 220, 233, 234, 235, 236, 239, 240, 242, 248, 249, 254, 265, 329, 332.

45. Punganahalle.—S. Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 35, 37, 38, 44, 46, 48, 47, 48, 51, 52, 54, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 62, 110, 111, 116, 117, 121, 122, 123, 124, 127, 128, 139, 178, 179, 214, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 269, 281, 282, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 307, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377.

46. Pudur.—S. Nos. 11, 12, 16, 17, 19, 23, 29, 30, 41, 87, 109, 120, 138, 186, 119, 200, 209, 267, 299, 315, 322, 323, 325, 341, 345, 352, 356, 359, 380, 382, 392, 393, 394, 395, 405, 426, 427, 430.

47. Nalvanal.—S. Nos. 104, 105, 130, 201, 210, 249, 250, 253, 348, 349, 351, 384, 385, 389, 397, 398, 399, 400, 404, 405, 410, 442, 441, 445, 447, 448, 450, 452, 461, 472, 473, 477, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 485, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 5 of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey, under the provisions of the said Act, of the waste and poramboke fields as have no plottable data in the village greens in the undermentioned villages of the Shevaroy hills, Salem taluk, Salem district, and of the village green fields which have been merged with coffee estates in those villages :—

1. Yercaud.	29. Periyakadu.
2. Kiliyur.	34 Arasamarathur.
3. Mundagumbadi.	37 Chinnakadu.
4. Thappakkadu.	38. Pudur.
5. Gundur.	39. Mangalam.
6. Velur	10 Sengalatuppadi.
7. Puttiyadi.	41 Naviarcheda (S. No. 41).
8 Kondaiyanur.	42 Vellakkadai.
9. Senappadi.	43 Puliyur.
10 Maluvi	44 Mulur.
11 Kavadiyur.	45. Nallur.
12. Nagalur.	46. Anaikkadu.
13. Ilavadi.	47. Chokampadi.
14. Surakkayyatti.	48. Melur.
15 Yuppadi.	49. Sengadu.
18 Puliyampatti.	50. Pottukkadu.
17. Kalagur.	51. Pillari.
18 Bonkalkkadu.	52. Talaichcholai.
19 Arasur.	53. Kalrachadi.
20. Alliyur	24. Kalinjanadi.
21 Mailagpatti.	55. Vellappadi.
22 Semmadivu.	56. Pulakkadu.
23. Manjakollai	57 Arangam.
24 Aramanakkadu.	58. Sendilu.
25 Kanthappadi	59 Narthamcheda (S. No. 57).
26. Puliyankadu.	60. Kottachcheda.
27. Puttur.	61. Madai.
28. Velavandi	62. Chinnasundur.
29. Kirukkadu	63 Kuttanattil.
30. Semmarpattam.	64. Koviloi.
31. Rudagaumarthur.	65. Naramangalam.
32. Mandachcheda.	66. Sornbattukki.
33 Puttur.	67. Mavutta.
34 Kolur.	68 Kalaiyur.

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement),
Madras, 21st October 1929.

In exercise of the powers delegated under section 17 (a) of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Board of Revenue hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of Tulasamudram estate in the Chicacole taluk of the Ganjam district with a view to the partition and separate registration of that estate in accordance with the decree of the Subordinate Judge, Berhampur, in O.S. No. 54 of 1926.

K. RAMAN NAYAR,
Assistant Secretary.

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement),
Madras, 23rd October 1929.

PUBLIC WORKS NOTIFICATION.

NOTIFICATION.

Boat No. 252-C (old number) found abandoned in the Junction Canal, will be sold by public auction by the Public Works Department, under rule 7 (ii) of Act II of 1890, if the same is not claimed by the rightful owner within a month of the publication of this notification and the boat removed after payment of charges incurred by the Government.

T. GRANT,
Offg. Executive Engineer, Chingleput Division.

Madras, 23rd October 1929.

MARINE NOTIFICATION.

REPORT OF VESSELS

ARRIVED AT, AND DEPARTED FROM, THE PORT OF MADRAS FROM THE 18TH TO THE 24TH OCTOBER 1929.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Tons register	Nationality.	Master.	Where from	Berth occupied
1929.						
Oct. 18 ..	S.S. "Mulbera" ..	5,121	B	F. Caffyn ..	London ..	South quay and West quay No. 2.
,, 18 ..	S S "Secundelyk" ..	4,036	D	P. Lagasy ..	Hamburg ..	West quay No. 1.
,, 19 ..	S S "Sutherland" ..	3,149	B	F. O Potts ..	Calcutta ..	East quay.
,, 19 ..	S S. "Yselkerk" ..	4,021	D	W. Kimmerer ..	Rangoon ..	No. 3 and West quay No. 3.
,, 20 ..	S S. "City of Perth" ..	4,153	B	G Sweeney ..	New York ..	West quay No. 4.
,, 21 ..	M V "Ward" ..	3 832	A	J H. Darby ..	Do ..	West quay No. 3.
,, 21 ..	S.S. "Ghazipur" ..	3,212	B	J Logan ..	Karachi ..	No. 5.
,, 21 ..	S S. "Benfield" ..	2,169	B	A P Lebas ..	Bombay ..	No 2.
,, 21 ..	S S "Ethiopia" ..	2,471	B	A. W. A. Kirkpha.	Rangoon ..	South quay and No. 3
,, 21 ..	S S "Clan Macnaughton"	3,784	B	J Clark ..	Soerabaya ..	West quay No. 3.
,, 22 ..	S S. "Pasha" ..	3,126	B	W. N. R Dyett ..	Calcutta ..	No 5.
,, 22 ..	S.S. "Egra"	2,349	B	J. Hammond ..	Port Swettenham.	South quay and No. 6.
,, 23 ..	S S "City of Harvard"	6,462	B	J. McMillan ..	New York ..	West quay No. 4.
,, 22 ..	S S. "Jalavijaya" ..	2,237	BI	J Roberts ..	Bombay ..	Stern of No. 4.
,, 23 ..	S S. "Mecanpur" ..	3 201	B	T. Taylor ..	Rangoon ..	Gilberth and No. 6
,, 24 ..	S S. "Sultania" ..	2,768	BI	J. S. Marylees ..	Karachi ..	Stern of No. 4.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Tons register	Nationality.	Master.	Bound to	Berth occupied.
1929.						
Oct 18 ..	S S. "Elephanta" ..	2,695	B	H. W. Wells ..	Rangoon ..	No 3 and South quay.
,, 18 ..	S.S. "Morvada" ..	4,104	B	H. J. Baker ..	London ..	West quay No 2.
,, 16 ..	S S. "Rasemer City" ..	3,460	A	M. Mureessen ..	Calcutta ..	West quay No. 4.
,, 19 ..	S.S. "Clan Macfellar" ..	4,672	B	W. R. Miller ..	Chittagong ..	West quay No. 3.
,, 18 ..	S.S. "Tremaifa" ..	3,796	G	A Hasenheir ..	Hamburg ..	West quay No 4.
,, 19 ..	S.S. "Somtaladyh" ..	4,030	D	P. Lagasy ..	Calcutta ..	West quay No 1.
,, 19 ..	S S. "Mulbera" ..	5,521	E	F. Caffyn ..	Do. ..	West quay No. 2.
,, 20 ..	S S. "Yselkerk" ..	4,021	D	W. Kimmerer ..	Hamburg ..	West quay No. 4.
,, 21 ..	S S. "Ghazipur" ..	3,212	B	J. Logan ..	Calcutta ..	No 5.
,, 21 ..	S.S. "City of Perth" ..	4,153	B	G. Sweeney ..	Halifax ..	West quay No. 4.
,, 22 ..	S S. "Benfield" ..	2 169	B	A. P. Lebas ..	Calcutta ..	No. 2
,, 23 ..	S S. "City of Harvard"	6,462	B	J. McMillan ..	Do ..	West quay No. 4.
,, 24 ..	S S "Jalavijaya" ..	2 237	BI	J Roberts ..	Rangoon ..	Stern of No. 4.
,, 23 ..	M V "Ward" ..	3,832	A	J. H Darby ..	Boston ..	West quay No. 3.
,, 22 ..	S.S "Clan Macnaughton."	3,784	B	J. Clark ..	Marseilles ..	West quay No. 2.
,, 23 ..	S.S. "Pasha"	3,126	B	W. N. R. Dyett ..	Bombay ..	No. 5.

A = American. B = British. BI = British Indian. G = German. D = Dutch.

Harbour Office, Madras,
25th October 1929.

B. W. V. BEATTY, Commander, R.I.M.,
Deputy Conservator of the Port.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANDHRA UNIVERSITY.

TENDER FOR PRINTING S.S.L.C SELECTIONS.

SEALED tenders for printing the following S.S.L.C Selections for the year 1931—(1) Telugu Group 'A', (2) Telugu Group 'C', (3) Urdu Group 'A' and (4) Oriya Group 'A' will be received by the Registrar till Friday, the 22nd November 1929. For details of printing and conditions, write to the Registrar.

C. D. S. CHETTI,
Registrar.

University Office, Berwada,
21st October 1929.

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES TO THE MANUFACTORY DEPARTMENT OF THE CENTRAL JAIL, RAJAHMUNDRY.

NOTICE is hereby given that sealed tenders for the supply of the miscellaneous articles mentioned in the schedule below during the year 1930 will be received by the undersigned at his office up to 12 a.m. on Wednesday, the 13th November 1929.

Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for the supply of Manufactory Miscellaneous Articles," and should be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 100 in the case of gingelly seeds, Rs. 50 in the case of wood and Rs. 50 for other miscellaneous articles. The rates should be quoted in pounds and ounces per rupee or the value for each number or gross as the case may be should be noted.

Suppliers may tender for all or any of the articles mentioned in the schedule on depositing the requisite earnest money.

2. Successful tenderers will be required to enter into stamped agreement with the jail, within seven days from the date of receipt of intimation by them, that their rates have been accepted. In addition, they should, before signing such agreements, deposit a security of 10 per cent of the total value of the supplies undertaken. (With the approval of the Inspector-General of Prisons, the total amount may be reduced in the case of approved contractors.) Failing compliance within the time specified, the earnest money may be confiscated and in the event of withdrawal they will also be liable to pay any difference between the prices accepted and those ultimately obtained by the jail. The earnest money received from successful tenderers will be taken towards their deposits and these from others returned to them.

3. The Superintendent reserves the right to accept or reject any tender without assigning any reason.

4. Contract should not be sublet.

5. Any rates accepted and contracts entered into will be subject to confirmation by the Inspector-General of Prisons, Ootacamund, whose decision shall also be final in all questions of infringement.

6. As the quantities given against each article in the schedule are only approximate, contractors will be under an obligation to supply the entire requirements during the period of contract plus as much as may be needed to last for a month thereafter, provided in respect of extra quantities that written orders are given within a fortnight of the termination of the agreement. At the same time, the Superintendent does not bind himself to receive the quantities or numbers noted in the schedule if they are not required.

7. No article is to be supplied to the jail except on a requisition signed by the Superintendent or some responsible person authorized by him in writing to do so "By order."

8. No advance of cash will on any account be made to the contractors when giving orders nor will the jail pay freight or other charges on consignments to be afterwards deducted from bills, but payment for articles delivered at the jail on order will be made promptly after they have been inspected and passed. Contractors must submit to receive payment of their bills in whole rupees, to which end annas forming part of the sum due on each bill will be disregarded unless they constitute a fraction equivalent to half rupee or more when they will be treated as a whole rupee for the purpose of the amount.

9. Contractors are required (under a penalty not exceeding Rs. 25) to invariably send with each supply a memorandum or advice note duly signed showing the number or quantity tendered for acceptance. Also to sign and return within a week of payment by cheque, cash order or remittance transfer receipt all connected bills forwarded by the Superintendent for the purpose. Questions in connexion with any supposed short payment may be referred to the Superintendent separately but are not to be made an excuse for delay or refusal to sign.

10. In addition to any differences in prices that may be recoverable from contractors on account of purchase rendered necessary elsewhere by neglect or refusal on their part to supply according to the terms of the agreements, a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 may be levied at the discretion of the Superintendent for each and every case of such default. For repeated infringement of the stipulations of the contract or for other justifiable reasons, he may also annul the agreement recovering all losses sustainable by the jail in consequence of the annulment from the security deposited by the contractors or other moneys due to him and in the event of any recourse by legal measures if so desired.

11. Wastage found to occur in excess of the prescribed percentage will have to be made good by the contractors.

12. Any further information regarding this notification may be had from the Jail office.

13. When once the rates have been accepted, subsequent lower tenders from others to the Superintendent or the Inspector-General of Prisons will not be considered.

SCHEDULE.

	Names.	Probable requirements.
1.	Gingelly seeds *	60,000 lb.
2.	Jaggery, palmyra	1,500 "
3.	Tamarind seeds	10,000 "
4.	Rangoon teakwood in square logs †	2,000 c.ft.
5.	Rosewood	50 "
6.	Country wood, mudai or yegen	50 "
7.	Iron screws of all sizes that may be required	200 gross
8.	Chalk	43 lb.
9.	Brass locks, almirah and drawer, brass	50
10.	Brass drawer handle of sizes	50
11.	Iron hinges of sizes 1" to 6" including square	400
12.	Iron rod, round, flat, angular and square.	200 lb.
13.	Glue	200 lb.
14.	Linseed oil	25 "
15.	Tin solder	10 "
16.	Sal ammoniac	13 "
17.	Brass sheet	50 "
18.	Iron bolts of sizes	350
19.	Iron handles of sizes	350
20.	Iron hooks	350
21.	Iron sheet of any size and thickness	200 lb.
22.	Film of sizes	100
23.	Half-round files of sizes	300
24.	Plush belts, brass, 3"	250
25.	Rivets	50 lb.
26.	Turpentine	150 "
27.	Wire nails of any size and thickness	250 "
28.	Rattan	200 "
29.	Paint, French, in sealed 2 lb. tins	200 "
30.	Sand paper, good quality	1,000 sheets.
31.	Bees'-wax	100 lb.
32.	Perforated zinc sheeting	20
33.	Dhobi indigo	200 tolas.
34.	Washing soda	400 lb.
35.	Reels, khaki, white and black	400
36.	Ball thread	200
37.	Raw rice	500 lb.
38.	Sheep skin	50 "
39.	Book leathers	60 "
40.	Bullock hide	100 "
41.	Charcoal	4,000 "
42.	Castor oil	40 "
43.	Kus oil	20 "
44.	Coir yarn	1,000 "
45.	Coir fibre	200 "
46.	Country twine	100 "
47.	Jaggery in sealed 2 lb. tins, good quality	25 "
48.	Date mats	1,000
49.	American flour	100 lb.
50.	Bamboos for looms of the required size	200
51.	Cutch for mattresses	200 lb.
52.	Firewood	50 tons.
53.	White tarsi, 4s	1,200 lb.
54.	Do. 6s, 10s and 11s	1,200 " (in all).
55.	Do. 20s	800 lb.
56.	Do. 2/10s	200 "
57.	Do. 4/8s	100 "
58.	Do. 7/10s	100 "
59.	Coloured twist, 10s	250 "
60.	Rangoon teakwood planks above 12" wide without any defect	750 c.ft.
61.	Rangoon teakwood beadings, 12" and below, without any defect	350 "
62.	Other minor miscellaneous articles valued approximately Rs 1,000 in 1929.	

NOTE.—Tenders are also invited for taking contract for the purchase of oil-cake from the jail (500 lb. a week).

L. H. M. UPSHON, Major,
Superintendent.

Central Jail, Rajahmundry,
19th October 1929.

* Wastage in cleaning not to exceed 10 per cent and outturn of oil to be not less than 40 per cent.

† Wastage not to exceed 25 per cent in sawing.

TENDER FOR CONVEYANCE OF STATIONERY ARTICLES, ETC.

Tenders for conveyance of stationery to and from the undermentioned places during the official year 1930-31 will be received by the Superintendent of Stationery, Madras, at his office up to 12 noon on Friday the 20th December 1929:—

Rates for the conveyance of stationery articles.

Stationery Office (Old High Court Buildings or New Stationery Stores)—		
to the Salt Cotaurs	and vice versa.	Per 100 lb.
to the Central Station ..	"	"
to the Penitentiary Press ..	"	"
to the godowns of the Agent for Government Consignments ..	"	"
to the Government Press, Mint Buildings	"	"
to the Government Branch Press, Mount Road ..	"	"
to the Public Works Stores ..	"	"
to the Beach Goods Station ..	"	"
to the Beach Railway Station ..	"	"
to the Royapuram Railway Goods Station	"	"
to other places not mentioned above within the limits of Madras, per mile or fraction of a mile	"	"
to stations outside Madras, such as Poonamallee	"	"

For parcels below 100 lb.

Stationery Office (Old High Court Buildings or New Stationery Stores)—		
to the Salt Cotaurs	and vice versa.	Per package.
to the Government Press, Mint Buildings	"	"
to the Government Branch Press, Mount Road	"	"
to the Penitentiary Press ..	"	"
to the Royapuram Railway Station	"	"
to the Beach Goods Station ..	"	"
to the Beach Railway Station ..	"	"
to other places not mentioned above within the limits of Madras	"	"

Filing charges

Charges for removing and piling in the New Stationery Stores or Old High Court Buildings.	Per case, Per bale
Charges for the removal of empty desks and cases from officers in the City to the New Stationery Stores irrespective of the size or weight of the case or the distance ..	Per case.

CONDITIONS.

1. Tenders must be sent in sealed envelopes superscribed "Tender for conveyance of stationery articles, etc."

2. A deposit of Rs. 100 must be paid into the Imperial Bank of India, Madras, and the receipt of the Bank annexed to the tender. This amount will be returned to the tenderer on his executing the required bond or on his tender being rejected. Deposits in any other shape will not be accepted.

3. If a tenderer withdraws his tender before settlement, his tender deposit will be forfeited to Government.

4. The successful tenderer will be required to furnish a security of Rs. 300 with the necessary stamp duty and to execute a bond for the due performance of his contract within one week from the date on which the acceptance of his tender is intimated to him. If he fails to do so, the deposit amount received with his tender will be forfeited and his tender will be considered to have been cancelled.

5. The form of contract bond to be executed can be seen at the Stationery Office

6. The contractor must execute the orders of the Superintendent of Stationery, or any other officer on his behalf, within one hour's notice when not more than three carts are required, within three hours' notice when not more than six carts are required, and within six hours' notice when more than six carts are required for a trip during the day.

7. The contractor must take delivery of goods despatched to and from the Stationery Office as directed by the consignor and, if required, pile and arrange the packages as directed by the consignee within the premises of the offices without extra charges.

9. All cases and bales of papers intended for issue to the several branches of the Government Press on account of forms, etc., or to mofussil stations, shall be taken delivery of by the contractor at the places where they are piled in the godowns and shall be removed into the carts by his own men at his own cost.

9. When packages are despatched to railway stations, the contractor must obtain the railway receipts and deliver them at the Stationery Office on the same day that they are granted.

10. The contractor must examine the seals of packages received from the mofussil and mofussil offices, and have the packages weighed in the presence of the railway authorities before taking delivery of the packages, and must bring promptly to the notice of the Superintendent any differences in weight, failing which he will be held responsible for such differences.

11. The Superintendent of Stationery reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing.

12. For forms of tender and other particulars tenderers may apply at the Stationery Office on any office day between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

AUCTIONEERS FOR SALE OF STATIONERY ARTICLES, ETC., DURING 1930-1931.

Applications will be received by the Superintendent of Stationery, Madras, up to 12 noon on Friday the 20th December 1929 for the sale in public auction of articles of stationery, including second hand typewriters, etc., ordered to be treated as damaged, unserviceable or not required for use, and sold in the office premises.

CONDITIONS.

1. Applications should be sent in sealed covers superscribed "Auctioneer" and should contain full information regarding the applicant's present occupation, age and the value of immovable property or properties owned by him. A tender deposit of Rs. 25 should be made into the Imperial Bank of India, Madras, and the Bank receipt sent with the application. No cash will be accepted.

2. The value of typewriters and other articles auctioned in a year will amount to about Rs. 2,000. The amount of commission required on the net sale-proceeds should be clearly specified.

3. The auction sales shall be conducted in the office premises at least once a quarter or from time to time. Before the auction sales are held, notice of such sales in English, Tamil and Telugu shall be circulated broadcast and the auctions shall also be advertised in the local newspapers at the cost of the person appointed as auctioneer.

4. The person appointed as auctioneer shall be responsible for the complete collection of the sale-proceeds and for remitting them into the Imperial Bank of India, Madras, within a fortnight from the date of the auction sale, and, in the event of any loss arising therefrom, he shall be held responsible for the loss.

5. Should the applicant withdraw his application his tender deposit of Rs. 25 shall be forfeited to Government.

6. The successful applicant shall be required to deposit Rs. 200 for the faithful discharge of his duties, together with the necessary stamp-duty, and

to sign a contract bond (a form of which can be seen at the office) within a week from the date of his appointment as auctioneer. Should he not do so, his tender deposit of Rs. 25 shall be forfeited and his application considered as cancelled.

7. In the case of unsuccessful tenderers their tender deposit will be duly returned to them.

8. The Superintendent reserves to himself the right of rejecting applications without assigning any reasons for doing so.

9. Any further information required can be obtained from the office manager on working days between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

TENDER FOR PURCHASE AND REMOVAL OF WASTE-PAPER AND PRESS CUTTINGS.

SEALED tenders will be received by the Superintendent of Stationery up to 12 noon on Friday the 20th December 1929 for the purchase and removal of waste-paper and press cuttings from the Government offices in the Presidency town from the 1st April 1930 to 31st March 1931.

2. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of two hundred rupees in the form of a Book receipt. No cash will be accepted.

3. The arrangements made by the Superintendent of Stationery, Madras, for the sale of waste-paper do not apply to Imperial and Military Officers not under the control of the Government of Madras.

4. The word 'waste-paper' means paper that the officers concerned choose to treat as such and that is ordinarily torn up. It does not include old gazettes, newspapers or other publications that are no longer required, for the sale of which officers in the Presidency town will make their own arrangements.

5. The press cuttings will be sold as a whole assorted. Persons tendering should visit the Government Press and see for themselves what the cuttings are like on the average. No guarantee will be given that any particular proportion between white and other cuttings will be maintained.

6. The rate tendered for the purchase and removal of the waste-paper must be for a viss of 3½ lb. and that for press cuttings must be for a ton.

7. If a tenderer withdraws his tender before settlement his tender deposit will be forfeited to Government.

8. In the case of unsuccessful tenderers their tender deposit will be duly returned to them.

9. The successful tenderer will be required to execute a bond for the due performance of his contract within four days from the date on which the acceptance of his tender is intimated to him.

10. The form of bond to be executed can be seen at the Stationery Office on any working day between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.

11. The contractor will be required to deposit a sum of two hundred rupees as security for the performance of his contract.

12. The contractor must take charge of the accumulated waste paper and press cuttings direct from the officers immediately when they require him to do so.

13. Forms of tender and all particulars can be obtained at the Stationery Office.

14. The Superintendent reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for doing so.

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF EMPTY DEALWOOD CASES FOR PACKING.

SEALED tenders for the supply of dealwood boxes of the undermentioned description for packing stationary articles during the year 1930–31 will be received up to 12 noon on Friday the 20th December 1929 :—

Dealwood cases of different sizes for packing purposes.

	Probable quantity required, Nos.
Cases without tin linings ..	1,000

N.B.—(i) The planks must be nearly over ½" in thickness.

(ii) Payment will be made according to inside measurements.

(iii) The inside measurements of a case will be calculated by deducting one inch from the outside measurements.

(iv) The tops, sides and bottoms of the cases must all be made of strong planks of suitable breadth. They must not be made of several narrow planks. The tops must be strengthened by two cross pieces.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1. Tenders must be superscribed "Tenders for dealwood cases for packing," and must specify the rates at which the tenderers undertake to supply the cases. The tenders must be typed and submitted in the form printed below and must be accompanied by a deposit of 5 per cent on the value of the tender. This deposit must be remitted into the Imperial Bank of India, Madras, and the Bank's receipt attached to the tender. No money will be accepted.

2. A sample case, measuring about 30" × 28" × 20", must accompany the tender; it must be distinctly described and marked with the name of the tenderer on a label attached to it. Standard samples may be inspected at the Stationery Office.

3. The dealwood cases will be delivered at the Stationery Office, Madras, at the cost and risk of the contractor.

4. The successful tenderer will be required to pay a security of 10 per cent on the value of his tender, together with the proper stamp duty, and to sign a contract bond (the form of which can be seen at the office) within fifteen days from the date of his being informed of the acceptance of his tender. Should he not do so, or should he withdraw his tender before settlement, his deposit of 5 per cent delivered with the tender will be forfeited and credited to Government, and his tender will be regarded as cancelled.

5. The actual quantities required will be stated in the orders given from time to time, and the contractor must supply cases accordingly.

6. The Superintendent of Stationery reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing.

FORM OF TENDER.

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF DEALWOOD PACKING CASES.

To THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL.

I of hereby contract and agree on the acceptance of this tender by the Superintendent of Stationery, Madras, on behalf of the Secretary of State to supply to the Secretary of State, in accordance with the conditions of contract stated below, the packing cases hereunder named of the quality or sort and after the rate or price hereunder specified and I hereby forward the sum of Rs as earnest money to be returned to me by the Secretary of State if this tender is not accepted :—

Packing cases.	Number	Rate or price (in figures and in words).	Total number to be supplied (if limited).

CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

1. This contract is to last for twelve months beginning from 1st April 1930. But in the event of any breach of agreement at any time on the part of the contractor, the contract shall be determinable by the Superintendent of Stationery, Madras, for and on behalf of the Secretary of State without compensation to the contractor. The contract may also be put an end to at any time by the Secretary of State upon giving ten days' notice to the contractor.

2. The cases to be supplied under this contract are to be of the quality or sort above mentioned and in every respect equal and answerable to the patterns sent with the tender and such as the Secretary of State or any officers duly authorized by him shall approve.

3. The cases are to be delivered at the Stationery Office, Bench, Madras, free of charge to the Secretary of State and at the contractor's risk in such numbers, at such times and in such manner as the Superintendent of Stationery, Madras, or any one duly authorized by him shall from time to time order.

4. Rejected cases shall be removed by and at the expense of the contractor within seven days after notice shall have been given him of the rejection. If not so taken away, the Superintendent of Stationery may cause the cases to be removed and charge the contractor with all expenses incurred in such removal.

5. In case of failure by the contractor to deliver cases demanded from him within the period limited for delivery or in case of cases delivered by him not being of the stipulated quality, or materials being delivered without a correct invoice in duplicate, the Superintendent of Stationery or any one duly authorized by him shall have power to reject any such cases or materials so rejected or not delivered unless the contractor shall himself forthwith supply others that shall be sufficient and satisfactory and any excess of cost so incurred by the Secretary of State over the contract price, together with all charges and expenses attending the purchase, shall be recoverable by the Secretary of State from the contractor.

6. The contract or any part, share or interest in it is not to be transferred or assigned by the contractor directly or indirectly to any person or persons whomsoever without the written consent of the Superintendent of Stationery, Madras.

7. With every delivery of goods or materials under the contract invoices in duplicate are to be sent by the contractor. The duplicate will be returned by the Superintendent of Stationery with the quantities or numbers received duly noted thereon. The contractor is to send in his account monthly to the Superintendent of Stationery within seven days from the termination of the month with the amount due correctly calculated according to the price agreed upon whereupon (after examination of the claim) notice shall be given to him of the day on which he or his authorized agent may attend for payment. Fractions of a rupee in the totals of the contractors' bills shall be rounded off to the nearest rupee (i.e., fractions of less than half shall be disregarded and half a rupee and over shall be taken as a rupee) in the case of bills amounting to Rs. 25 and upwards. The totals of bills for less than Rs 25 shall be rounded to the nearest anna (i.e., amounts below six pies shall be disregarded and six pies and over taken as one anna).

8. Any notice to the contractor shall be deemed to be sufficiently served if given or left in writing at his usual or last known place of abode or business.

9. The contractor shall furnish security for the due fulfilment of the contract equivalent to 10 per cent of the total value of the contract. This security may be in the form of cash or Government securities, Municipal debentures, Port Trust bonds and deposit receipts of recognized banks or Post Office five-year cash certificates. Where cash is furnished as security, the amount of the earnest money shall be taken into account in fixing the amount of security. The Superintendent of Stationery may at his discretion accept in lieu of such securities a security bond from two sureties to be approved by him.

10. Upon the complete fulfilment of this contract by the contractor to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State or any officer duly authorized by him, the said sum of Rs. so deposited as security by the contractor shall be returned to him less the amount, if any, due by the contractor to the above officer.

Contractor's signature.
Address by post.
Witness to the above signature.

H. S SHIELD,
Superintendent.

Stationery Office, Madras,
23rd October 1929

TENDER FOR SUB WORKS OF ESTIMATE.—CONSTRUCTING PUMPING SET AT REPALLE AND A PIPE LINE FROM REPALLE TO CHATRAGEDDA.

SEALED tenders will be received by the undersigned at the office of the Executive Engineer, Kistna Central Division, up to 5 p.m. on 15th November 1929 for the following sub-works:—

(1) (a) Constructing engine and store shed,

(b) Conveyance of pipe—Lump sum contract for (a) and (b).

(2) Earthwork for pipe laying K-2—Contract.

2. Tenders should be submitted in sealed covers the name of the tenderer and the name of the work being noted on the cover and should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Kistna Central Division, Bezwada. The covering letter with which the tender is to be submitted should be in the prescribed form obtainable from the office of Executive Engineer, Kistna Central Division, Bezwada.

3. (a) Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 100 in cash or currency notes of the Madras Circle which should be remitted to the Executive Engineer, Kistna Central Division, Bezwada, either in person or through an agent of the tenderer or by money order.

(b) In the case of parties whose tenders are not accepted the earnest money will be refunded by means of cheques only drawn on the Imperial Bank of India, Bezwada.

(c) The parties should make their own arrangements to have the cheques cashed.

4. The Executive Engineer, Kistna Central Division, will reserve to himself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reasons for so doing.

5. As soon as the acceptance of the tender is notified the successful tenderer will be required to deposit a further sum of Rs. 100 which with the earnest money received will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The successful tenderer will also be required to sign an agreement in the proper departmental form for the due fulfilment of the contracts, Lump sum contract for sub-work 1—vide paragraph 1 above; and K-2 agreement for sub-work 2.

7. Failure to comply with the conditions 5 and 6 above within fifteen days from the date of intimation of acceptance of the tender by the Executive Engineer will entail forfeiture of the earnest money.

8. It shall be the duty of the tenderer to make out a schedule of the quantities with the corresponding rates for each kind of work to be done and to quote a lump sum for which he will undertake to

complete the whole work.' This schedule should accompany his lump sum tender otherwise his tender will be rejected. On an application in writing the tenderers will however be allowed to use the detailed schedule of quantities and abstract without prices prepared by this department and make use of them as they wish, it being clearly and definitely understood that this department accepts no responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the schedule.

9. The contract must not be sublet.

10. In the event of the tender being submitted by a firm it must be signed separately and severally by each member thereof or in the event of absence of any partner, it must be signed on his behalf by any person holding power of attorney authorising him to do so.

11. Any tender not received in order and according to instructions given above by the due date will not be considered.

12. The tenderer should quote the lump sum amount not only in figures but also in words and similarly the rates for the K-2 form in words and figures

13. The lump sum contract should be completed, engine house constructed and pipes conveyed by the contractor within six weeks from the date of acceptance of the contract, failing which a penalty of Rs 10 per day will be levied and will be recovered from the contractor's outstandings till the work is completed and handed over to the Public Works Department. The contracts will also forfeit the security of Rs. 200 deposited by him if he fails to complete the work by time fixed.

14. The form of tender, the conditions of contract and the contract documents can be seen at any time between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. in the office of the Executive Engineer, Kistna Central Division, Bezwada, from which blank forms of tender can be obtained free of cost.

NOTE A.—The tenderer shall at his own cost—

(1) provide rods, stakes, ropes, and labour required in setting out the work

(2) provide all necessary scaffolding, rendering labour and appliances for hoisting

(3) provide sheds to keep materials under cover.

(4) arrange for protecting work during inclement weather.

(5) supply all requisite watching, watering and lighting.

(6) supply all water required for works and workmen.

(7) clean away all dirt, rubbish, superfluous materials and debris as they accumulate.

(8) afford facilities to any other parties employed upon the building or that their work may proceed during the progress of the contract and give such persons the use of ordinary scaffolding, ladder, etc.

LUMP SUM AGREEMENT.

Statement showing the different items of conveying pipes for constructing a pumping set at Repalle and a pipe line from Repalle to Chatregadda.

Item number.	Description of work.	Per
1.	Two hundred and ten mild steel pipes of 4½' outside diameter of a total length of about 4,200 to be carted from depot near Repalle Railway station and deposited in a line from the depot up to Isukapalli channel on the alignment proposed	L.S.
2.	Carting 305 M.S. pipes of 12" O.D. of a total length of about 7,200' from depot at Repalle Railway station to Uppuli bridge on Isukapalli channel along danka leading from Mannapuram road to Uppuli and conveying the pipes by one Government punt of size about 18' long, 4' wide along Isukapalli channel and depositing the same on the Public Works Department channel berm where instructed in a line from channel mileage 2/4 to 1/3 along the right bank of the channel	"

Item number.	Description of work.	Per
3.	Conveying 100 M.S. pipes of 4½" O.D. of a total length of about 1,980' from the head sluice of Isukapalli channel by a Government punt of size about 18' long and 4' wide along Isukapalli channel and depositing the same on the Public Works Department berm where instructed in a line from channel mileage 1/0 to 1/3 along the right bank of the channel	L.S.
4.	Carting 305 M.S. pipes of 4½" O.D. of a total length of about 5,490' from the newly built sluice on the right bank of Bank canal at about 62/3 mile and depositing the same in a line along the danka, Avanigapalli channel and another danka up to 1/6 of Isukapalli channel in the mentioned alignment	"

NOTE.—(1) The two Government punts may be used without charge by the contractor. No stores or crew will be supplied with them and cost of repairs of any damages caused to the punts while in charge of the contractor will be recovered from the contractor.

(2) The pipes must be placed by the contractor as close as possible to their location when laid in place, i.e., not more than five pipes in a length of 100 lineal feet on the alignment.

	Engine and store shed at Repalle complete as per specifications and as per plan E.C. No. 55-E/1928 including masonry supporting walls with foundations for oil storage tanks	"

N.B.—Broken stone for concrete will be supplied departmentally at Rs. 7-1-6 per 100 c.ft. at E.C. Stores shed, Pammaddy.

Tender under K-2 Form.

1.	Earthwork excavating trench 2' 6" wide and averaging 2½' to 3' deep and depositing spoil 3' from side of trench including refilling after the pipes are laid and tested and including of ramming the earth in 9" layers during refilling	1,000 c.ft.
2.	Extra if refilling is done in two operations, i.e., first stage refilling and ramming leaving joints exposed, after pipe water pressure test is completed and second stage refilling and ramming at joints after the oil pressure test is completed ..	1,000 "

NOTE.—(1) No extra payment will be made for leads or lifts irrespective of lead or height lifted. The tenderer should therefore peruse carefully the longitudinal section of the pipe line.

(2) The tenderer must arrange to keep open only one furlong of trench in advance of the pipe laying and refill as instructed immediately after pipe pressure tests are completed.

E. H. CHAVE,
Executive Engineer, Kistna Central Division.
Bezwada, 20th October 1929.

TENDER FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT AT MELUR

CORRIGENDA.

Last sentence of paragraph 10 of the tender notice should read as below :—

"Copies of drawings and specifications will not be supplied to the intending tenderers."

In the schedule for constructing a ryot shed based on type-design No. C.A. 194/1923, the quantity under Pillai marudu wood wrought and put up should be 85·54 cubic feet instead of 6,654 cubic feet.

T. I. S. MACKAY,
Executive Engineer, Madura Division.
Tallakulam, 26th October 1929.

TENDERS FOR PURCHASE OF SKINS OF WILD ANIMALS.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of skins of wild animals, such as tiger, panther and leopard or cheetah, bear and wild dogs, from the Huzur Treasury, Chittoor, during the year 1930.

2 Rates at which the tenderers are willing to purchase each skin should be specified.

Skins of tigers.
Skins of cheetah, leopard or panther.
Skins of bears.
Skins of wild dogs.

3. The contract shall be for one year from 1st January 1930 to 31st December 1930.

4. The tenders should be superscribed "Tender for the purchase of skins of wild animals" and must reach the undersigned by the 15th December 1929.

5. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs 10 which will be returned if the tender is not accepted. The deposit of successful tenderer will be retained until the termination of the contract as a security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The contract should not be sublet.

7. The cost of the skin should be paid on delivery. The successful tenderer must make his own arrangements for the removal of the skins from the Huzur Treasury as soon as intimation is received by him from this office every month.

8. The contractor shall be bound to purchase all skins received in the Treasury during the period of contract, irrespective of their quality and size, and must obey all orders that may be issued from time to time by the District Collector in the matter of removal of the skins. If he neglects such orders or otherwise fails to fulfil the terms of the contract, his deposit will be forfeited and his contract cancelled. He shall also be liable to make good any loss caused to Government owing to his failure to fulfil the terms of the contract.

C. F. BRACKENBURY,
Collector.

Chittoor Collector's Office,
21st October 1929.

AUCTION OF SANDALWOOD.

THE following quantities of sandalwood more or less will be sold by auction on the dates and at the places given below:—

	Approximate quantity in tons.	Place of sale.	Date of sale.
			1929.
Coorg sandalwood ..	206	Fraserpet ..	12th Dec.
Madras sandalwood ..	270	Satyamangalam.	9th ,,
Do. .. }	336	Tirupattur ..	4th ,,
Do. .. }		Vellore ..	2nd ,,

NOTE.—Fraserpet is 58 miles by road from Mysore. Satyamangalam is 42 miles by road from Coimbatore station on the South Indian Railway. Tirupattur and Vellore are railway stations on the South Indian Railway. For terms and details of sales and quantities, apply as under:—

Coorg sales—Chief Forest Officer, Duncan division, Coorg.

Satyamangalam sales—District Forest Officer, North Coimbatore.

Tirupattur and Vellore sales—District Forest Officer, Vellore.

T. A. WHITEHEAD,
Conservator of Forests, V Circle.

Coimbatore, 15th October 1929.

SALE OF SANDALWOOD IN NORTH COIMBATORE DISTRICT, 1929-30.

THE following approximate quantities of cleaned sandalwood will be put up to auction at 12 noon on Monday the 9th December 1929 at the forest depot at Satyamangalam (38 miles by road from the Erode Railway station and 43 miles from the Coimbatore Railway station) from which there is a motor bus running at 8 a.m.

The following statement shows the probable quantity of sandalwood under various classes available for sale on the 9th December 1929. The statement is only an advance estimate, and a revised classification list will be given at the time of sale.

Serial number and name of class.			Probable quantity			
			Tons.	Cwt.	Qr.	lb.
1	Billet, classes 1 to 6	.. ..	1	0	0	0
2	Ghattadala ..	.. ..	42	0	0	0
3	Bagadal ..	.. ..	55	0	0	0
4	Root, first class ..	.. ..	0	15	0	0
5.	,, second class	.. ..	17	0	0	0
6	,, third class	.. ..	27	0	0	0
7.	Jugpokal, first class	.. ..	17	10	0	0
8.	,, second class	.. ..	8	0	0	0
9	Ain Bagai ..	.. ..	33	10	0	0
10.	Chuttah ..	.. ..	5	0	0	0
11.	Ain chilla ..	.. ..	1	10	0	0
12	Hatri chilla ..	.. ..	0	1	0	0
13	Mulva chilla ..	.. ..	15	0	0	0
14	Kusali bukai ..	.. ..	62	15	0	0
15	Saw dust ..	..	1	5	0	0
		Total ..	279	0	0	0

Nilgiri wood.

			Tons.	Cwt.	Qr.	lb.
1	Billet classes ..	.. ..	1	13	3	10½
2.	Root classes ..	.. ..	0	2	3	12
3	Chips ..	.. ..	0	2	2	14
4.	Saw dust ..	.. ..	0	0	0	10½
		Total ..	1	0	1	0
		Grand total ..	279	0	1	0

2. The wood will be sold per ton and the contractor's bid will be for each lot as arranged in the depot. Purchasers are advised to inspect in advance each lot put up for sale. They must accept the classification.

3 The bids will be per ton.

4. The sales will be subject to confirmation by the Conservator of Forests, who does not bind himself to accept the highest or any bid.

5. Each purchaser shall, immediately after a lot is knocked down to him, sign his name at the foot of the sale list in the column provided for the purpose. Such signature will be held as an admission of his part of having the lot.

6. Immediately after the sales each purchaser, if his offer has been accepted by the Conservator of Forests, for that lot, will be furnished with a memorandum showing the total amount due by him and shall remit 50 per cent of the same into the Imperial Bank of India at Coimbatore or Madras, before 10th January 1930 and shall similarly remit the balance before 15th February 1930 failing which the money already remitted shall lapse to Government and the District Forest Officer will be at liberty to re-sell the lot at the risk of the original purchaser who shall be liable for any loss but shall not participate in any profit accruing by the resale.

7. The purchaser must pay the full value and take delivery of the wood before 3rd March 1930. Refund of the value of deficit on account of dryage will be paid in due course. If he or his accredited agent does not attend on or before the date for the weighment of the sandalwood purchased, no further weighment will be made, and the weight recorded in the depot books (which is the weight recorded immediately after final shipping and that notified at the time of sale) must be accepted by him.

If however on reweighment an excess should be found over that recorded at the time of sale the excess value at the purchase rate should be paid for by the purchaser before removal is permitted.

8. On each purchaser's presenting to the officer in charge of the sandalwood depot, Satyamangalam

(Range Officer, Satyamangalam), chalana as proof that the whole of his purchase has been paid for, it will be weighed in his or his agent's presence and the quantity handed over to him.

No further cleaning or classification of sandalwood will be undertaken by the Forest department nor will purchasers be allowed to clean any wood previous to weighment. The classification, cleaning and weighment as determined by the Forest department must be accepted.

9. The purchaser will be allowed reasonable time, not exceeding one month from the date of delivery after weighment, to remove the wood. But after it has once been weighed and handed over, if the purchaser fails to remove all the wood within one month, demurrage will be charged at the rate of Rs. 2 per ton per mensem from the date of sale until the wood is finally removed.

10 No sandalwood shall be removed from the depot till a hessoo to remove it signed by the officer of the Forest department who delivered the wood, shall have been obtained and till every piece of sandalwood that can be stamped bears the Ranger's "Sale hammer."

11. The officer conducting the sale shall be at liberty to stop the sale at any time without giving any reason to the intending purchasers.

12. The wood purchased by each purchaser shall be in the depot at the purchaser's risk from the date of sale until it is removed.

13. The contractor shall bear the cost of taking delivery of sandalwood.

14. Further particulars can be had on application to the District Forest Officer, North Coimbatore.

15. Each intending bidder should remit an earnest money deposit of Rs 1,000 before bidding, which should be in Madras notes of Rs 1,000 or Rs. 500. It would be still more convenient if the intending bidders tender at the time of sale receipted treasury chalans for the sum of Rs. 1,000

16. The earnest money deposit of unsuccessful bidders will be returned immediately after the sale is closed, and those of successful bidders will be credited towards the first instalment due.

J. A. WILSON,
District Forest Officer, North Coimbatore.

Coimbatore, 23rd October 1923.

TENDERS FOR BINDING LAW REPORTS, DRAFT JUDGMENTS, ETC.

TENDERS are invited from qualified book binders for the execution of the works noted below.

2. Tenders will be received up to the 5th December 1923 in the District Court, West Tanjore, and any tender received after that date will not be considered.

3. Tenders should be sent in sealed covers superscribed "Tenders for the binding of Law Reports and Draft Judgments, West Tanjore District Court" and the address of tenderers should be given in full in the tender application and signed by the tenderers themselves and not by their agents or partners. The rate at which the tenderer is prepared to undertake the work should be specified against each kind of record in the tender.

4. The successful tenderer will, subject to the approval of the tender by the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras, be required to execute the necessary agreement within a date to be fixed by the District Judge, and if he fails to execute the agreement within that date, his tender will be liable to be rejected. Charges for binding work performed and admitted will be paid from time to time.

5. The binding work should not be sublet.

6. The work should be completed before the date fixed by the District Judge for each work.

7. The District Judge reserves to himself the right to reject the lowest or any tender without assigning reason for doing so.

8 The binding work of draft judgments should be executed in the District Court, West Tanjore.

9. Tenderers may apply at any time before the date for any further information required in connection with the nature of work to be done and the mode of execution of work.

Nature and details of work.

I. Indian Law Reports—Madras, Bombay, Calcutta, Patna, Allahabad, Rangoon, Lahore and Lucknow Series—Eight volumes.
II. Indian Appeals—One volume.
III Madras Law Journal—Two volumes.
IV. Tamil Lawyer—Two volumes.
V. Printed judgments in Sessions Cases—One volume.
VI. Draft judgments—Seventy-six volumes.
VII. Government orders—Four volumes.

NOTE.—Strawboards and not country-pasteboards shall be used for covers. Cardboard of 2½ lb of special size, and leather for back and English calico shall be used for Indian Law Reports, Indian Appeals, Madras Law Journal and Tamil Lawyer, of 2 lb and leather for back and marble for printed judgments in Sessions Cases and Government Orders and of 2½ lb and 2 lb, as the case of the volumes may require, and leather for back and marble for draft judgments.

K. SUNDARAM CHETTIYAR,
District Judge.

Tanjore, 25th October 1923.

RECOVERY OF WRECKS

NOTICE is hereby given under section 57 of Act II of 1905 (Madras Port Trust Act) that the undermentioned property has been salvaged within the limits of the Port of Madras, and claimants should submit their claim within a week's time from the date of the circular and remove the articles claimed within the close of the month on payment of the salvage charge. Should they fail, the articles will be sold in the following month by the Traffic Manager, Port Trust, Madras.

Description of articles and mark.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 3, 20th September 1923.

Seven empty gunny bags, nil.
Three rope slings, nil.
One bundle round iron bars; nil.
One round iron bar; nil.
One case screw drivers; P. C. I. Co.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 4, 21st September 1923.

Two rope slings; nil.
One piece wire netting and two bent iron plates; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 3, 23rd September 1923.

One wooden sleeper; nil.
Nine flat steel bars and one square iron bar; nil.

Place and date of recovery—No. 5 Moorings, 24th September 1923.

Seven junglewood pieces; nil.
Two galvanized corrugated sheets; nil.
Seven flat iron bars and one round iron bar; nil.
One case beer, N.C.S. & Co.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 2, 26th September 1923

One angle iron bar; nil.
Three telegraph post tubes, nil.
One wooden scantling and one wooden sleeper; nil.
Four old iron bars, nil.
One galvanized wire rope piece; nil.
One T angle iron bar; nil.

Place and date of recovery—No. 6 Moorings, 26th September 1923

Eight old iron bars; nil.
One galvanized wire rope piece; nil.
One junglewood piece, nil.
One iron pipe; nil.

Place and date of recovery—No. 5 Moorings, 27th September 1929.

One steel girder; nil.
One steel rod; nil.
Five old iron bars; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 2, 30th September 1929

Two iron pipes and five old iron pieces; nil.
Ninety-eight casuarina log pieces; nil.
Ninety-six casuarina log pieces; nil.
Two steel girders; nil.

Place and date of recovery—No. 3 Moorings, 7th October 1929.

One wooden piece and one bundle wooden sounding; nil.
One iron pipe; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 1. 7th October 1929.

One tube; G T.D.

Place and date of recovery—No. 3 Moorings, 7th October 1929.

Eleven old iron bars and pieces, nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 2, 8th October 1929.

One angle iron bar; nil,
One anchor; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 3, 8th October 1929.

One bundle rubber tyres; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 2, 8th October 1929.

Twenty-three old iron bars and pieces; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 3, 9th October 1929.

One bundle rubber tyres; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 1, 9th October 1929.

Two cyanide drums; nil.
One gas light top; nil.
One wire rope piece and one sling rope piece; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 4, 10th October 1929.

Two cases beer (broken) each containing 42 bottles; P.B.C.
Two cases beer (broken) one containing 39 and the other 46 bottles; A T N.
One cast iron piece; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 3, 11th October 1929

Six old iron bars (three flat and three round); nil.
Two bales wattle bark, nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 2, 14th October 1929

Ten casuarina pole pieces, nil.
One handle fish plates, nil.
One hand trolley; nil
Two jungle wood pieces, nil.
One iron piece and two old iron plates; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No 1, 14th October 1929.

Two round iron bars; nil.
One gas cylinder; nil.
One wire rope piece; nil
One lot old iron containing six iron pieces; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 1, 16th October 1929.

Six square iron bars and ten flat iron bars; nil.
Seven round iron bars, nil.
One jungle wood piece; nil.
One wire rope piece, nil.
One angle iron bar; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 3, 17th October 1929

Three round iron bars and two square iron bars, nil.
One angle iron bar, nil.

Place and date of recovery—West Quay No. 4, 17th October 1929.

One packet horns; nil
Fifteen casuarina pole pieces; nil.

இதனால் 1905-ம் ஆண்டு II-வது சட்டம் (Madras Port Trust Act) 57 வது செக்ஷனுடன் சேர்ந்த பிரிவின் பிரகாரம், மதராஸ் போர்ட் ட்ரஸ்ட் கமிஷனர் உத்தரவின் பேரில் கீழ்க்கண்ட இனங்களுக்கு சொந்தக்காரர் ஏதேனும் இருந்தால் அவர்கள் தங்களுடைய பாத்தியதை இந்த விஷயத்தில் முறையாக நிரூபணமாக தெரிவிக்க வேண்டும் என்று கேட்டுக்கொள்ளப்படுகிறது. அப்படி செய்யத் தவறினால் மேற்கண்டபடி செய்யப்படுவதாக அதற்கு மாறாக இல்லை செய்யப்படும்—

சாமான்கள் விவரம்—ரூபி.

அகப்பட்ட இடம்—வெஸ்ட் கே குவே 3
அகப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு செப்டெம்பர் 26-ந்.

7 கரி கொள்கை.
3 மணிலா கயர்.
1 கட்டை உருண்டை இருப்புச் சட்டம்.
1 உருண்டை இருப்புச் சட்டம்.

1 பெட்டி, பிரஞ்சு தபாலில் அனுப்பியது. P.C.1, Co.

அகப்பட்ட இடம்—வெஸ்ட் கே குவே 4.
அகப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு செப்டெம்பர் 21-ந்.
2 மணிலா கயர்.
1 இருபது கிலோவும் 2 கிலோக்கு இருபது மீட்டரும்.

அகப்பட்ட இடம்—வெஸ்ட் கே குவே 2.
அகப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு செப்டெம்பர் 23-ந்.
1 மரச்சீப்பு.
3 கட்டை இருப்புச் சட்டமும் 1 சதுர இருப்புச் சட்டமும்.

அகப்பட்ட இடம்—ஈஸ்ட் கே குவே 5.
அகப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு செப்டெம்பர் 24-ந்.
7 கட்டை மரத் துண்டுகள்.
2 தகரத்தகடுகள்.
7 கட்டை இருப்புச் சட்டமும் 1 உருண்டை இருப்புச் சட்டமும்.
1 பீப்பெட்டி—N O S. & Co.

அகப்பட்ட இடம்—வெஸ்ட் கே குவே 2.
அகப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு செப்டெம்பர் 25-ந்.
1 ஆங்கில இருப்புச் சட்டம்.
3 தகரித் துருவை.
1 மரத்துணியில் 1 மரச்சீப்பும்.
4 பலகை உருவுள்ள சட்டம்.
1 தூண்டி இருப்புக் கயர்.
1 T இருப்புச் சட்டம்.

அகப்பட்ட இடம்—ஈஸ்ட் கே குவே 5.
அகப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு செப்டெம்பர் 24-ந்.
6 பலகை இருப்புச் சட்டம்.
1 தூண்டி இருப்புக் கயர்.
1 சாவி மரத் துண்டு.
1 இருப்புத் துருவை.

அகப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு செப்டெம்பர் 27-ந்.
1 உருகு சாட்டை.
1 உருகுக் கத்தி.
5 பலகை இருப்புச் சட்டம்.

அகப்பட்ட இடம்—வெஸ்ட் கே குவே 2.
அகப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு செப்டெம்பர் 30-ந்.
96 சுருட்டுக் கட்டைகள்கொண்ட,
2 பலகை இருப்பு முளையும் 5 பலகை இருப்புச் சட்டமும்.
96 சுருட்டு கட்டைத் துண்டுகள்.
2 உருகு சாட்டைகள்.

அகப்பட்ட இடம்—ஈஸ்ட் கே குவே 3.
அகப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு அக்டோபர் 7-ந்.
1 மரத்துண்டில் 1 கட்டை மரத்துண்டுத்தும்.
1 இருப்புத் துருவை.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி. மே. 1.
1 டாங்—G T D.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—முன்ரோ மே. 3.
11 மைல்ஸ் இரும்பு சாலை.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 2.
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு அக்டோபர் மா...
1 சூரிய இருப்புச் சட்டை.
1 ரேக்ஸை.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 3.
1 கட்டு சுமை பலம்.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 2.
23 மைல்ஸ் இரும்பு சாலைகள்.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 3.
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு அக்டோபர் மா...
1 கட்டு சுமை பலம்,

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 1.
2 சுமைட் சூரை.
1 காரை மிளகு மேல் பலம்.
1 குல்டு இருப்புச் சுவர், 1 குல்டு மலிவான சுவ...

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 4.
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு அக்டோபர் மீ 10ம்...
2 மடித்த சீர் பெண்டலும் கொண்டும் 42 சீரான ...
மடக்கியது—P.R.C.
2 மடித்த சீர் பெண்டலும் பெண்டும் 19 மற்றுமான ...
45 சீரான்ஸ் மடக்கியது—A.F.N.
1 உருப்புச் சுவர்.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 3
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு அக்டோபர் 11ம்...
6 மைல்ஸ் இருப்புச் சட்டம் (3 சட்டை, 3 உருப்ப...
2 சுமாரான பட்டை ஸ்ப்ரிங்ஸ்

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 2
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு அக்டோபர் 11ம்...
10 சுருக்கு கட்டைப் முன்னேற்ற
1 கட்டு சீர்ப் பிரேம்.
1 ரோ சுமாரி
2 சட்டை பாத் சுமைகள்.
1 ஸ்டேஷன் முன்னேற்ற 3 மைல்ஸ் இருப்பு பிரேம்பர்...

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 1.
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு அக்டோபர் 13ம்...
2 உருப்பட்ட இருப்புச் சட்டம்
1 காரை சீர்ஸ்டன் (Bar cylinder).
1 குல்டு இருப்புச் சுவர்.
1 கட்டு மைல்ஸ் இருப்பு சாலைகள் மூன்றாவது

அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு அக்டோபர் 16ம்...
6 சட்ட இருப்புச் சட்டை, 10 கட்டை இருப்புச் சட்டம்.
7 உருப்பட்ட இருப்புச் சட்டம்.
1 கட்டு மைல்ஸ் சுமாரி
1 குல்டு இருப்புச் சுவர்.
1 குல்டு இருப்புச் சட்டை

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 3
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு அக்டோபர் 17ம்...
3 உருப்பட்ட இருப்புச் சட்டமும் 3 சட்ட இருப்புச் ...
1 குல்டு இருப்புச் சட்டம்

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கெண்ட் சி மே. 4.
1 மாடுக்க சோப்புச் சுமைகள் வரை
15 சுருக்கு கட்டை முன்னேற்ற.

R. W. V. BEATTY, Commander, R I M,
Deputy Conservator of the Port,
for *Receiver of Wrecks for the Port of Madras.*
Harbour Office, Madras,
19th October 1929.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

AT THE GOVERNMENT BRANCH PRESS, 168, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS, S.C., AND BY AGENTS.

[*A Catalogue of all Madras Government Publications available for sale may be obtained gratis from the Government Press, Mint Buildings, or at Mount Road Branch, Madras.*]

[*The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.*]

MADRAS ACT V OF 1929—Hindu Religious Endowment (Amendment), Tamil—Anna 1 Pies 3 (6 *p.*); Telugu—Annas 2 (6 *p.*); Kanarese—Annas 2 (6 *p.*), Malayalam—Annas 2 (6 *p.*).

MADRAS ACT VII OF 1929—Madras Port Trust (Amendment), Tamil—Anna 1 Pies 6 (8 *p.*).

AGRICULTURAL BULLETIN No. 98—PEPPER CULTIVATION ON THE WEST COAST. As. 2 (6 *p.*)

AGRICULTURAL BULLETIN No. 99—RESULTS OF EXPERIMENTS AT SAMALKOTA ON INTERMEDIATE SEASON CROPPING. As 2 (6 *p.*).

INDUSTRIES BULLETIN No. 27—Bark of Hopea Parviflora as a Tanning material. As. 6 (1 *a.*).

MEDICAL COLLEGE, VIZAGAPATAM, 1929-30. As. 12. (2 *as.*).

FOURTH LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO MADRAS FAMINE CODE, 1927. Pies 3 (6 *p.*).

BOARD'S STANDING ORDERS. Correction slip No. 354 to Vol. I. Pies 3 (6 *p.*).

THIRTEENTH, FOURTEENTH AND FIFTEENTH LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE MADRAS FOREST DEPARTMENT AND ACCOUNT CODE. Pies 3 (6 *p.*) each.

SIXTH LIST OF CORRECTIONS TO THE MADRAS FOREST DEPARTMENT AND ACCOUNT CODE, VOL. II. Pies 3 (6 *p.*).

MADRAS CIVIL MEDICAL CODE, FOURTH EDITION, VOL. I, 1929. Rs. 2-12-0 (10 *as.* 6 *p.*).

LIST OF GAZETTED OFFICERS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY corrected up to 1st October 1929. As. 12 (1 *a.* 6 *p.*).

A & C TO ANNUAL SUPPLEMENT TO THE MADRAS QUARTERLY CIVIL LIST, 1929. As. 2 (6 *p.*).

GENERAL LIST OF RANGERS OF THE FOREST DEPARTMENT IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY corrected up to 1st May 1929. As. 5 (6 *p.*).

QUARTERLY LIST OF GAZETTED OFFICERS IN THE POLICE DEPARTMENT corrected up to 1st October 1929. As. 4 (6 *p.*).

CLASSIFIED LIST OF FOREST OFFICERS corrected up to 1st October 1929. Anna 1 (6 *p.*)

QUARTERLY LIST OF OFFICERS OF THE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT corrected up to 1st October 1929 As. 3 (6 *p.*).

QUARTERLY LIST OF GAZETTED OFFICERS OF THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT corrected up to 1st October 1929. As. 4 (1 *a.*).

FISHERIES—REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON—IN MADRAS, 1929. Rs. 2 (6 *as.*).

MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS—VOL. I—No. 1, Tuesday, 24th September 1929, As 2 (2½ *as.*); No. 2, Wednesday, 25th September 1929, As. 2 (1 *a.* 6 *p.*); No 3, Thursday, 26th September 1929, As. 2 (1 *a.* 6 *p.*); No. 4, Friday, 27th September 1929. As 2 (1 *a* 6 *p.*); No. 5, Monday, 30th September 1929. As. 2 (1 *a.* 6 *p.*); No. 6, Tuesday, 1st October 1929. As. 2 (1 *a.* 6 *p.*); and No. 7, Thursday, 3rd October 1929 As 2 (1 *a* 6 *p.*).

REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF POLICE OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY, 1928. Re. 1 (3 *as.* 6 *p.*)

REPORT ON VACCINATION IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR THE TRIENNIUM ENDING 1928-29. As. 12 (1 *a.* 6 *p.*).

SIXTY-FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND TWENTY-NINTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SANITARY ENGINEER, 1928. Rs. 1-4-0 (6 *as.*).

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NEW PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

INTERIM REPORT OF THE INDIAN STATUTORY COMMISSION (REVIEW OF GROWTH OF EDUCATION IN BRITISH INDIA BY THE AUXILIARY COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE COMMISSION, September 1929). Re. 1 (7 as.).

INCOME-TAX MANUAL, VOL. I. THIRD EDITION, 1929. Rs. 1-2-0 (7 as.)

RESOURCE MANUAL. As. 7 (3 as. 6 p.).

VACANCY.

APPLICATIONS are invited from duly qualified persons for the post of Minor Irrigation Overseer in Ramnad district on Rs. 50 per mensem.

2. The appointment is temporary for a period of six months. But it is likely to continue for six months more.

3. Applications should reach the Collector of Ramnad at Madura on or before 15th November.

P. MACQUEEN,
Collector.

Collector's office, Madura,
17th October 1929.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

ON or after 4th November 1929, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

N. NATESAN.

Tirukkoyilur, 4th October 1929.

ON or after 2nd December 1929, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

C. S. PAMPAPATI SASTRI.

Mayavaram, 17th October 1929.

ON or after 19th November 1929, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

T. RAMACHANDRA RAO.

Triplicane, 19th October 1929.

ON or after 30th November 1929, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

V. RANGACHARI.

Guntur, 24th October 1929.

ON or after 15th November 1929, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

S. RAMAMURTHI.

Narsapur, 23rd October 1929.

SUCCESSION NOTICES.

O P. No. 15 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, BEZWADA.

[*In the matter of succession certificate to the estate of late Tarlapati Venkatachalapati Rao Pantulu Garu.*]

(1) Tarlapati Padmanabha Rao, (2) Tarlapati Sitharamanjaneyulu second being minor by mother and next friend Tarlapati Venkata Subbamma—*Petitioners.*

PETITIONERS applied for succession certificate and the petition stands posted to 6th November 1929. Anybody opposing it may appear and oppose in Court on 8th November 1929 at 11 a.m.

V. DASARADHA RAMAYYA,
Advocate.

Bezwada, 17th October 1929.

O P. No. 26 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, VALAPGIRAM.

K. Perumal Reddiyar—*Petitioner.*

Ayyalu Reddiyar alias Thirumalai Reddiyar and Rama Reddiyar alias Ramu Reddiyar—*Respondents.*

THE petitioner herein has applied for the issue of a succession certificate in his favour in respect of a debt due to the estate of the deceased Chinnathamba Reddiyar who had his permanent residence at Narasingapet, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district, and who died there issueless on 7th June 1929. The petition is posted to 9th November 1929 for hearing. Any person interested in the matter may appear on that date before the Court and state his objections.

C. S. DESIKACHARI,
Advocate for Petitioner.

Kumbakonam, 22nd October 1929.

NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS
(ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION)

[*In the matter of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and of the Trichinopoly Hindu Savings Bank, Limited.*]

O.P. No. 193 of 1929.

Sir T. Desikacharlar, M. Vaithyanatha Iyer and N. Dharmaraja Iyer all residing at Trichinopoly—*Petitioners.*

The Trichinopoly Hindu Savings Bank, Limited, through its authorized agent S. R. Padmanaba Iyer—*Respondents.*

NOTICE is hereby given that a petition for the winding up of the abovenamed Company by the High Court of Judicature, Madras, was on the 9th day of October 1929 presented to the High Court of Judicature at Madras by the abovenamed petitioners, who are shareholders and creditors of the said Company. And that by order of Court, dated 16th October 1929, the said petition is directed to be heard on the 18th day of November 1929: And any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his Counsel for the purpose, and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same, by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charges for the same.

M. S. VAIDYANATHA IYER,
T. S. SRINIVASAN,
Counsels for Petitioners.

No. 51, Advocates' Chambers,
High Court Buildings, Madras.

INSOLVENCY NOTICES.

TAKE notice that one Jada Ankiah of Kalluvara, formerly a resident of Pinapadu, has filed insolvency petition No. 17 of 1929 on the file of Tenali District Munsif's Court against Peragu Mankyamma and others under section 10 of the Provincial Insolvency Act and it stands posted to 15th November 1929 for notice to creditors. Those who wish to oppose the same may do so at 11 a.m. on that date.

K. KRISHNA RAO,
Vakil for Petitioner.

Tenali, 18th October 1929.

No. 26 of 1929, SUB-COURT, CHINGLEPUT.

M. Vadivelu Mudaliar—*Petitioner.*

S. H. Batcha Sahib & Co.—*Creditors.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has filed a petition under section 13 of Act V of 1920 to declare him as insolvent and the same is posted to 8th November 1929. The respondents or any other creditors who wish to oppose the petition may appear in person or through a vakil on that date.

V. ANANTARAMA IYER,
Counsel for Petitioner.

Chingleput, 10th October 1929.

No. 39 of 1929, Principal Sub-Court, Guntur.

Kesarupalli China Venkatappiah—*Insolvent.*
Kesarparthi Lakshmi Narasimham and others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has filed a petition to this Court to be adjudged an insolvent and the petition is posted to 30th October 1929 for hearing.

N. SITARAMIAH,
Pleader.

Guntur, 22nd October 1929.

LOST, STOLEN OR DESTROYED RECEIPT (AS THE CASE MAY BE).

A receipt numbered I/43, dated 18th April 1929, and granted by Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, on submission of the undermentioned Government Promissory Note. Notice of loss has been given to the Public Debt Office, Bank of Madras, and the undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the Security :—

Holder's name.—V. Muthamani Pillai.

G.P. Note No.	Loan.	Amount.
		Rs.
F 93427	1934	1,000
D 10200	"	100
D 10201	"	100
D 10202	"	100
	Total ..	1,300

Name of the Proprietor.—V. Muthamani Pillai.

Residence.—3, Vellala Street, Vepery, Madras.

A receipt numbered I/43, dated 18th April 1929, and granted by Public Debt Office, Imperial Bank of India, on submission of the undermentioned Government Promissory Note. Notice of loss has been given to the Public Debt Office, Bank of Madras, and the undersigned is about to apply for surrender of the Securities.

Holders' names.—C. C. Ponnambala Mudaliyar and V. Muthamani Pillai.

G.P. Note No.	Loan.	Amount.
		Rs.
G 00169	1941-51	5,000
D 01155	"	100
D 01156	"	100
D 01157	"	100
D 01158	"	100
D 01159	"	100
D 01160	"	100
D 01161	"	200
D 00019	"	50
D 00025	"	50
	Total ..	5,800

Names of the Proprietors.—(1) C. C. Ponnambala Mudaliyar, (2) V. Muthamani Pillai.

Residence.—(1) 122, Govindappa Naick Street, Madras, (2) 3, Vellala Street, Purasawalkam.

ESTATE OF Mrs. K. E. LECHLER (DECEASED).

The Administrator General of Madras hereby gives notice that he is administering from the 15th October 1929 the estate of Kate Eliza Lechler, late of Yercaud and Kotagiri, but now deceased, under a grant of probate of the Will, dated 11th February 1925, made to him on the 3rd October 1929 by the High Court of Madras and that all persons having claims against the said estate as creditors, next of-kin, legatees or in any other manner whatsoever should prefer their claims to the said Administrator-General on or before the 29th November 1929, after which date he will proceed to make a distribution of the assets of the said estate and will recognize in such distribution only such claims as shall have previously been established to his satisfaction.

S. RANGASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Acting Administrator-General.

Madras, 15th October 1929.

METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS.

FROM THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY REGISTER.

	Barometer reduced to 32° F. sea level and gravity.	Thermometers. Corrected daily means. Dry.	Wet.	Observed extremes. Max.	Min.	Radiation on grass.	Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction	Daily velocity	Depth of rain	Cloudy sky.	Bright sunshine.	General weather.
1929.	Inches	°	°	°	°	°	Cts			Mins.	Cts	Hrs.	
Oct. 21st, Monday ..	29·813	81·0	76·0	84·0	77·0	76·2	70	NNE		72	81	3·1	Passing shower.
" 22nd, Tuesday ..	29·796	82·1	76·7	86·0	76·6	75·2	77	NNE		136	Nil	9·2	Fine with passing clouds.
" 23rd, Wednesday	29·809	82·0	76·7	86·5	74·8	71·6	77	NE by N		106	Nil	4·6	Do.
" 24th, Thursday ..	29·821	82·0	77·3	84·1	75·5	72·3	77	NE by N		330	Nil	3·3	Do.
" 25th, Friday ..	29·691	79·9	77·3	80·2	76·2	74·5	88	NNE		103	0·47	0·3	Thunderstorm.
" 26th, Saturday ..	29·693	80·3	74·7	87·6	74·4	72·6	75	N by W		143	Nil	8·3	Fine with passing clouds
" 27th, Sunday ..	29·873	80·2	79·1	87·8	73·1	70·2	77	NNE		315	Nil	7·2	Distant thunder.

The Standard Barometer and Thermometers are read at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 4 p.m. and 8 p.m. and the daily means are obtained by the application of hourly corrections, deduced from twenty years' observations. The cistern of the barometer is twenty-two feet above the level of the sea, and the receiver of the rain-gauge is two feet from the ground. The wind, rain and general weather registered are for the current civil day—from midnight to midnight.

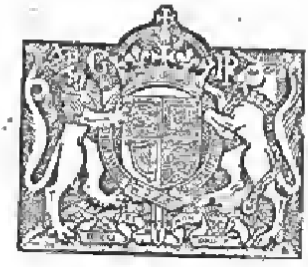
The total quantity of rain collected since 1st January is 26·50 inches, the average due for the same period being 28·14 inches.

A. A. NARAYANA AYYAR,
Assistant Meteorologist.

Madras Observatory,
28th October 1929.

MADRAS : PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

Reg. No. 1—M.



SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 44.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 29, 1929. [Price, 3 annas.

DAILY RAINFALL RECORDED IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY

FOR THE MONTH OF

AUGUST 1929

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madra

No.	Station	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Districts (Taluks)																				
1	Ranibennur																				
2	Kundgol																				
3	Adur																				
4	Harihar																				
5	Harpanahalli																				
6	Kudligi																				
7	Hadagalli																				
8	Hagaribommanahalli																				
9	Kottur																				
10	Sandur																				
11	Siruguppa																				
12	Bellary																				
13	Kudatini																				
14	Yemmiganur																				
15	Gooty																				
16	Tadpatri																				
	Average																				
	Ceded Districts (Average)																				
	Dharwar																				
	Belgaum																				
	N. Kanara																				
	S. Kanara																				
	Coorg																				
	Bombay																				
	Mysore																				
	Average (a)																				
	Nilgiris (Hill area)																				
1	Pykara (a)																				
2	Nadgani																				
3	Nedugula																				
4	Kotagiri																				
5	Upper Kundahs																				
6	Coonoor																				
7	Kateri																				
8	Hulikal																				
9	Ootacamund																				
10	Glenmorgan																				
11	Sispara																				
12	Devala																				
	Average																				
	Coimbatore Division																				
1	Pollachi																				
2	Palladam																				
3	Udumalpet																				
4	Coimbatore																				
5	Sulur																				
6	Karamadai																				
7	Mettupalayam																				
8	Sirumugai																				
9	Avanashi																				
10	Tiruppur																				
11	Kangayam																				
12	Dharapuram																				
13	Kulittalai																				
14	Karur																				
15	Aravakurichi																				
16	Erode																				
17	Kodumudi																				
18	Perundurai																				
19	Bhavani																				
20	Gobichettipalayam																				
21	Satyamangalam																				
22	Tiruchengodu																				
23	Namakkal																				
24	Rasipuram																				
25	Salem																				
26	Omalur																				
27	Mettur																				
28	Hanur																				
29	Krishnagiri																				
30	Vellore																				
31	Arcot																				
32	Cheyyar																				
33	Polur																				
34	Tiruvannamalai																				
	Average																				
	Madura Division																				
1	Periyakulam																				
2	Bodinayakanur																				
3	Uttamapalayam																				
4	Andipatti																				
5	Dindigul																				
6	Kodaikanal																				
7	Vedasandur																				
8	Palni																				
9	Oddanchatram																				
10	Madura																				
11	Melur																				
12	Peraiyur																				
13	Usilampatti																				
14	Nilakottai																				
15	Aruppukottai																				
16	Sattur																				
17	Srivilliputtur																				
18	Rajapalaiyam																				
19	Shencottah																				
20	Tenkasi																				
21	Ambasamudram																				
22	Nanguneri																				
23	Palamcottah																				
24	Tuticorin																				
25	Kovilpatti																				
26	Srivaikuntam																				
27	Tiruchendur																				
28	Sattankulam																				
29	Ottapidaram																				
	Average																				

* Excluding hour totals and averages. (a) Calculated only with reference to those stations for which normals are available.

Presidency for the month of August 1929.

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

Division	No.	Station	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Guntur.	1	Guntur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	Bapatla	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	Narasaraopet	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4	Tenali	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	5	Repalle	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	Ponnur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	7	Ramallakota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	8	Samalkota	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	Chintalapudi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	Gudivada	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11	Bezwada	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12	Nandigama	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	13	Vinukonda	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	Ongole	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	15	Kandukur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	16	Kavali	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Average	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nellore.	1	Atmakur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	Udayagiri	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	Kovvuru	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4	Nellore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	5	Gudur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	Sullurpeta	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	7	Venkatagiri	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	8	Kalahasti	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	Polur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	Tada	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Average	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Madras		Madras	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chingleput.	1	Kattur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	Arakgal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	Poonamallee	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4	Kathivakkam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	5	Tiruvallur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	Conjeevaram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	7	Kriahnagiri	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	8	Vellamallee	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	Salapet	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	Tirupati	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11	Chingleput	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12	Chengam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	13	Madurantakam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	Uttiramerur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Average	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chittoor.	1	Tiruttani	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	Puttur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	Kalahasti	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4	Tirupati	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	5	Chandragiri	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	Palmaner	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	7	Kuppam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	8	Vellore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	Arcot	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	Arni	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11	Polur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12	Tiruvannamalai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	13	Cheyyar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	Vandavasi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	15	Tindivanam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	16	Gingee	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	17	Vikravandi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	18	Kanakavalli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Average (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
North Arcot.	1	Polur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	Arni	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	Wandiwash	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4	Uberpur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	5	Arcot	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	Walajah	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	7	Vellore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	8	Arkonam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	Vellore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	Ambur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11	Gudiyatam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12	Vaniyambadi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	13	Tiruvallur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	Tiruvannamalai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	15	Chengam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Average	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Arcot.	1	Gingee	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	Tindivanam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	Merkanam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4	Vanur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	5	Villupuram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	Tirupati	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	7	Cuddalore	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	8	Chidambaram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

* Excluded from totals and averages.

(a) Calculated only with reference to those stations for which normals are available.

Presidency for the month of August 1929—*cont.*

29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	Stations.	Districts.
0·39	0·01	0·01	0·13	0·05	0·03	0·01	0·01	0·16	0·01	2·16	1·13	4·05	0·74	—	4·0	0·1	Average.	
0·01	0·01	0·01	0·01	0·00	0·01	0·01	—	0·00	—	0·01	0·01	0·21	0·03	0·00	0·0	0·0	Madras	Madras.
0·78	0·16	0·13	0·10	0·30	0·30	—	—	—	—	—	1·56	1·89	3·47	0·75	10	0·5	Kanur	Cannanore.
0·44	0·16	—	0·20	0·20	—	—	—	—	—	—	2·23	1·00	3·23	0·45	4	0·2	Allipi	
1·13	0·21	0·03	0·05	—	0·23	—	—	—	—	—	2·11	0·40	2·51	0·47	1	0·1	Pooppi	
0·21	0·10	0·01	0·10	0·40	0·31	—	—	—	—	—	2·24	0·85	4·09	0·41	1	0·0	Kalikota	
0·03	0·36	0·03	0·03	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	1·86	0·83	2·69	0·35	1	0·0	Tellicherry	
—	—	0·33	0·40	0·40	0·31	—	—	—	—	—	2·73	1·66	4·42	0·92	24	0·8	Cannanore	
—	—	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	0·03	0·03	—	—	—	1·23	0·26	3·41	0·28	5	0·2	Anjarakandy	
0·03	0·06	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	1·71	0·34	2·05	0·27	3	0·1	Panamaram	
—	—	0·45	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	1·23	0·34	4·23	0·28	3	0·1	Sultan's Battery	
—	0·06	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	0·85	0·34	4·44	0·31	3	0·1	Kavalam	
0·03	—	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	0·85	0·34	4·44	0·31	3	0·1	Chavakad	
—	—	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	0·85	0·34	4·44	0·31	3	0·1	Chowghat	
—	—	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	0·85	0·34	4·44	0·31	3	0·1	Mahé	
—	—	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	0·85	0·34	4·44	0·31	3	0·1	Tellicherry	
—	—	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	0·85	0·34	4·44	0·31	3	0·1	Cannanore	
—	—	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	0·85	0·34	4·44	0·31	3	0·1	Anjarakandy	
—	—	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	0·85	0·34	4·44	0·31	3	0·1	Panamaram	
—	—	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	0·85	0·34	4·44	0·31	3	0·1	Sultan's Battery	
—	—	0·33	0·33	0·40	0·06	—	—	—	—	—	0·85	0·34	4·44	0·31	3	0·1	Kavalam	
—

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

Division	No.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
South Arcot—contd.	6	Mannarkudi (Taluk Office)	1·14	0·11	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	0·47	0·45	0·46	...	...	0·07	...
	30	Kovilur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	31	Chidambaram	1·31	0·65	...	...	1·00	...	0·08	...	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	0·21	0·10	...	...	0·16	...
	32	Mannargudi	1·70	1·10	...	...	0·60	...	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	1·70	...	...	1·60	1·75	...	...	0·64	...
	33	Nannilam	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	1·00	0·00	...	...	0·00	...
	34	Tiruvarur	0·72	0·47	...	0·00	1·24	...	0·15	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	0·24	...	...	...	...	...
	35	Needamangalam	...	0·00	...	...	1·20	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·45	0·81	...	...	0·00	...
	36	Kodavasal	0·97	0·43	0·00	...	0·45	...	0·31	...	...	...	...	0·40	0·00	...	...	0·30	0·10	...	...	0·78	...
	37	Mannargudi	0·61	...	...	...	0·45	...	0·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·15	0·45	...	...	0·00	...
	38	Valangaiman	0·27	0·00	0·11	...	0·00	...	0·00	...	0·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	0·00	...	1·30	...
		Average ...	0·72	0·40	0·00	0·40	0·71	...	0·34	0	0·01	0·00	0·07	...	0·00	0·00	0·10	0·10	0·10	0·07	...	...	...
Tanjore.	1	Shiyali	0·22	0·00	...	...	0·61	...	0·28	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	1·06	...	...	...	0·48	...
	2	Kodavasal	1·28	...	...	...	1·00	...	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	1·50	...	...	1·15	...	...	...	0·54	...
	3	Tranquebar	0·25	0·23	...	...	0·75	...	0·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	0·34	...
	4	Nannilam	0·31	0·23	...	...	0·91	...	1·02	...	...	...	...	...	0·30	...	...	1·02	0·30	...	...	1·00	...
	5	Kumbakonam	0·10	0·30	...	...	...	...	1·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	6	Papanasam	0·55	0·23	0·04	...	0·45	...	1·03	...	0·03	...	0·03	0·10	0·07	0·00	...	0·04	...	...	...	0·00	0·13
	7	Valangaiman	0·10	0·00	...	...	0·45	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	0·11	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	8	Kodavasal	0·21	...	...	...	0·45	...	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	9	Nannilam	0·04	...	0·01	...	...	...	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	10	Tiruvalur	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	11	Nannilam	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	0·11	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	12	Tiruppalli	0·24	0·16	...	...	...	...	0·54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·13	...
	13	Nidamangalam	0·23	0·13	...	...	...	...	0·05	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·31	...	...	...	0·13	...
	14	Tiruturaipundi	0·15	1·75	...	...	...	...	1·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	15	Mannargudi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·24	...	...	...	0·00	...
	16	Mannargudi	0·00	1·92	...	...	...	...	1·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	17	Nidamangalam	1·00	1·06	...	...	...	...	3·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	18	Tiruvadi	0·03	0·38	...	...	0·00	...	2·51	...	...	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	19	Tiruchattiparli	0·00	0·25	...	...	1·43	...	2·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	20	Tiruvur	0·05	0·02	...	...	0·00	...	0·45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	21	Vallam	0·16	0·15	...	...	1·25	...	0·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	22	Pattukkottai	...	0·05	...	...	1·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	23	Adiramapattinam	...	0·01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	24	Kilvelur	...	...	0·04	...	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	0·31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·14	0·11
	25	Aranvayal	...	...	0·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	26	Grand Anicut *	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
		Average (*) ...	0·45	0·43	0·01	0·07	0·82	...	0·73	...	0·01	0·00	0·04	0·14	0·10	...	0·00	0·09	0·03	...	...	0·23	0·01
Trichinopoly.	1	Musiri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	2	Turaiyur	...	0·00	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	3	Uppiliyapuram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	4	Perambalur	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	5	Ariyalur	0·30	0·33	...	...	0·33	...	0·33	...	...	...	0·12	...	0·20	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	0·00	...
	6	Jayankondam	0·27	0·35	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	0·16	...	...	...	0·00	...
	7	Lalgudi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	8	Trichinopoly	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	9	Kulitalai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	10	Manapparai	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	11	Thuraiyur	...	...	0·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	12	Musiri	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	13	Kattuputtur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	14	Turaiyur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	15	Manapparai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	16	Aravakurichi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	17	Thottiyapatti	...	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
		Average ...	0·28	0·09	0·03	0·01	0·16	...	0·10	...	0·01	0·13	0·13	0·13	0·09	0·00	0·03	0·04	...	...	...	0·03	...
Pudukkottai State.	1	Pudukkottai	...	...	1·47	0·70	...	...	0·07	0·41	...	...	0·01	...	...	0·28	0·48	...	...	...	...	0·36	...
	2	Alangudi	...	...	0·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·03	...	...	...	...	...	0·10	...
	3	Karambakudi	...	0·25	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	4	Tirumayam	...	...	0·25	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	0·35	...	1·43	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	5	Kunnandarkoil	...	...	1·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	6	Annavasal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	7	Viralimalai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	8	Gandarvakottai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	9	Arimalam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	10	Pudukkottai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
	11	Ambukovil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	0·00	...
		Average ...	...	0·25	0·35	...	0·00	...	0·08	0·41	0·00	...	0·01	0·35	0·00	0·15	0·48	0·00	0	...	...	0·01	0·00
Madura.	1	Usilampatti	0·02	0·04	0·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	2	Peraiyur	...	0·04	0·21	...	0·20	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	3	Nilakottai	0·10	0·40	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	4	Periyakulam	...	0·05	0·00	...	0·20	...	0·40	...	...	...	...	0·10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	5	Uttamapalaiyam	...	0·36	0·52	...	0·00	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	0·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	6	Tevaram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	7	Cumbum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	8	Uttamapalaiyam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	9	Periyakulam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	10	Kodaikanal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	11	Palni	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Average ...	0·01	0·08	0·12	0·11	0·10	0·00	0·00	...	...	...	0·07	0	0·01	0·03	0·00	0·04	0·01	...	0·00	0·00	0
	10	Kodaikanal	...	0·00	0·00	...	1·14	0·41	0·44	...	...	...	0·00	...	0·24	1·20	1·00	0·01	...	0·07	0·14	0·01	0·01
		Average ...	0·01	0·07	0·00	0·17	0·37	0·04	0·11	...	...	...	0·00	0	0·02	0·11	0·10	0·04	0·02	0·10	0·00	0·01	0

Abstracted from totals and averages.

(*) Calculated only with reference to those stations for which normals are available.

Presidency for the month of August 1929—*cont.*

| 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 |

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

Presidency for the month of August 1929—contd.

28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	Stations.	Districts.
Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.		
0·14	0·03	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tiruchendur	Tirunelveli.
0·24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Valanadu	
—	0·30	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tirunelveli	
0·06	0·13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Nanguneri	
0·11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tisaiyanvilai	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Ambasamudram	
0·20	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Papanasam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Manimuthar	
0·07	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Cheranmahadevi	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Palavur	
0·04	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Kallidaikurichi	
0·07	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Sivagiri	
0·07	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Srivaikuntam	
0·10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Settur	
0·03	0·09	0	—	—	—	0·04	0·18	0·01	1·00	0·03	1·00	—	0·3	3·7	Averages.	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tindivanam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Arasoli	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tindivanam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Kanjipuram	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Acharapakkam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Sriperumbudur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tambaram	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Chengalpattu	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Madhuranthakam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Uttiramerur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Kanchipuram	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Walajabad	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Sriperumbudur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tiruvallur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Poonamallee	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Ponneri	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gummidipundi	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tiruttani	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Pallipet	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Sholinghur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Arkonam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Nemili	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Walajah	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Arcot	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Kaveripakkam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Ranipet	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Vellore	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gudiyattam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Vaniyambadi	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Ambur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Jolarpet	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tirupattur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Uttangarai	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Krishnagiri	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Hosur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Denkanikota	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Rayakottai	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Palakodu	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Karur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Kulittalai	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Manapparai	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Musiri	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Namakkal	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tiruchengodu	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Rasipuram	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Salem	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Attur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Yercaud	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Omalur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Mettur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Sankari Durg	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Erode	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Perundurai	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Kodumudi	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Gobichettipalaiyam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Bhavani	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Sathyamangalam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Coimbatore	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Pollachi	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Udumalpet	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Dharapuram	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Kangayam	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Perundurai	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Modakkurichi	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Erode	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tiruchengodu	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Namakkal	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Paramattivelur	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Tiruchengodu	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Sankari Durg	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Salem	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	Rasipuram

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

Presidency for the month of August 1929—cont.

30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	Station.	
											Rainfall from 1st to 15th.	Rainfall from 16th to 31st.	Total rainfall for the month.	Average rainfall for the month.	Greatest rainfall during the month.	Total number of rainy days in the month.	Average number of rainy days in the month.			
0·04	0·21	—	0·14	0·04	0·13	0·05	—	0·13	—	0·19	0·05	0·14	0·19	0·27	0·07	2	1·3	13	(Pumbu Pachaka-palam).	Thirunelveli (T. Cotton District—con.
0·20	0·13	—	—	—	0·15	0·21	—	—	0·05	0·12	0·05	0·10	0·15	0·21	0·07	2	1·3	14	Kodaikanal	
—	—	0·10	0·10	—	0·20	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·10	0·10	0·14	0·04	1	0·7	15	Ayakudi	
0·05	0·07	0·10	0·15	0·10	0·10	0·10	—	—	—	0·05	—	0·10	0·10	0·14	0·04	1	0·7	16	Ayanarpuram	
—	—	0·10	0·10	0·05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·05	0·07	0·02	1	0·7	17	Bhavanisagar (Lower Dam).	
0·05	0·01	0·05	0·05	0·15	0·03	—	—	—	—	0·13	Nil.	0·50	0·50	0·70	0·20	3	2·0	18	Shenkotta (Taluk Cutcherry).	
0·31	0·04	—	—	0·04	0·08	0·05	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·21	0·26	0·36	0·10	2	1·3	19	Quilon (Engineer's Office).	
0·15	0·13	—	0·02	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·05	1·23	0·17	0·12	2	1·3	20	Quilon (Taluk Cutcherry).	
—	—	—	0·05	0·10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·40	0·15	0·05	2	1·3	21	Paravur	
0·10	0·03	0·05	0·05	0·03	0·07	0·04	0·05	0·03	0·05	0·05	0·07	0·03	0·10	0·13	0·03	—	19·5	19·0		Average.	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·30	0·20	0·50	1·39	0·19	3	1·9	1	Alangal (Chirayinkil).	Travancore—H. Cotton District—con.
—	—	—	—	0·04	0·10	—	—	—	—	0·30	0·31	1·01	1·32	2·53	0·37	6	3·9	2	Nedumangad	
0·13	—	—	0·15	0·04	0·24	—	—	—	—	0·04	0·46	1·55	2·01	3·76	0·53	6	3·9	3	Trivandrum	
0·05	—	—	0·10	0·10	0·15	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·27	0·97	1·24	2·45	0·35	6	3·9	4	Pallode	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·40	0·45	0·70	0·10	2	1·3	5	Neyyattinkara	
0·13	0·10	0·05	0·10	0·04	0·37	—	—	—	—	0·10	0·05	0·10	0·15	0·23	0·03	2	1·3	6	Parassala	
—	0·05	—	0·10	—	0·05	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·20	0·25	0·39	0·05	2	1·3	7	Peechipara	
0·03	—	0·01	0·05	0·03	0·10	—	0·01	—	—	—	0·05	0·50	0·55	0·86	0·15	3	1·9	8	P.W. Channel (Neyyar side).	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·04	0·70	0·74	1·16	0·21	3	1·9	9	Kallayi	
0·13	0·03	—	0·10	0·20	0·10	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·50	0·55	0·86	0·15	3	1·9	10	Kulasekharam	
0·08	0·07	—	0·05	0·05	0·10	—	—	—	—	0·10	0·05	0·65	0·70	1·09	0·20	3	1·9	11	Pechai Dam	
0·18	0·03	0·10	0·10	0·05	0·15	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·65	0·70	1·09	0·20	3	1·9	12	Chekkilai	
0·08	0·05	—	—	0·13	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·04	0·70	0·74	1·16	0·21	3	1·9	13	Tirunelveli	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—		
0·15	0·05	0·10	0·05	0·20	0·20	—	—	—	—	—	0·45	1·00	1·45	2·26	0·32	7	4·5	14	Thalaiyuthu	
—	0·10	0·10	—	0·07	0·10	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·90	0·95	1·48	0·21	5	3·2	15	Seethapuli	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	Kodaikanal (Taluk Office).	
—	0·05	0·10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·30	0·30	0·60	0·93	0·13	3	1·9	17	Idaikal	
0·14	0·20	0·10	0·05	0·05	0·05	—	—	—	—	—	0·20	0·20	0·40	0·62	0·09	2	1·3	18	Kukkalmuni	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·70	0·75	1·16	0·21	3	1·9	19	Bhavanipuram (Taluk).	
—	—	0·10	0·05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	20	Aruvankad	
—	0·10	—	—	—	0·10	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·30	0·35	0·54	0·07	2	1·3	21	Tuckalu (Kalayam).	
0·10	0·05	0·05	—	0·04	0·05	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·50	0·55	0·85	0·12	3	1·9	22	Kunjal	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·10	0·60	0·70	1·08	0·15	4	2·5	23	Kukkalmi (Salt Factory).	
—	0·10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·50	0·55	0·85	0·12	3	1·9	24	Kokachal (Police station).	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·10	0·60	0·70	1·08	0·15	4	2·5	25	Nagercoil	
—	—	—	0·10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·10	0·50	0·60	0·93	0·13	3	1·9	26	Kanchirapuram (Agricultural).	
—	—	—	0·05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·10	0·50	0·60	0·93	0·13	3	1·9	27	Kanyakumari	
—	0·10	0·05	—	—	0·05	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·50	0·55	0·85	0·12	3	1·9	28	Kalakkadu	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·50	0·55	0·85	0·12	3	1·9	29	Tamarakulam (Old Salt Factory).	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·10	0·50	0·60	0·93	0·13	3	1·9	30	Tamarakulam (New Salt Factory).	
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·50	0·55	0·85	0·12	3	1·9	31	Kottaram	
0·03	0·13	0·05	0·05	0·03	0·05	0·01	0	—	0	0·03	0·05	0·16	0·21	0·34	0·04	2·4	2·1		Average.	
0·30	0·05	0·05	0·15	0·05	0·05	0·31	—	—	0·31	0·17	0·04	0·37	0·41	0·64	0·09	2	1·3	1	Ervadikkam	Cochin State.
0·10	0·45	0·30	0·05	1·24	0·45	0·05	—	—	—	—	0·10	0·30	0·40	0·62	0·09	2	1·3	2	Erumeliore	
0·13	0·43	0·30	0·05	1·07	0·15	0·10	0·05	—	0·11	—	0·10	0·30	0·40	0·62	0·09	2	1·3	3	Kanjirakkode	
0·13	0·03	0·30	0·05	0·91	0·05	0·05	—	—	—	—	0·05	0·25	0·30	0·46	0·07	2	1·3	4	Trichur	
0·03	0·03	0·07	0·05	1·11	0·07	0·02	0·01	—	0·03	—	0·05	0·30	0·35	0·54	0·07	2	1·3	5	Vazhakkachery	
1·20	1·01	0·45	1·05	1·04	0·40	0·53	0·15	—	0·09	0·12	0·10	0·07	0·17	0·10	0·03	1·7	1·6	6	Chittur	
0·15	0·03	0·05	0·05	0·04	0·03	0·14	—	0·15	0·03	0·11	0·07	0·04	0·11	0·16	0·04	1·4	1·3		Average	
0·33	1·01	0·05	0·20	1·43	0·17	0·11	0·13	0·30	—	—	0·15	0·05	0·20	0·32	0·05	1·1	1·0	1	Alattur	Ceded Districts.
0·40	1·30	0·10	0·05	3·40	1·04	0·20	—	0·15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	Palakkad	
1·10	0·05	0·10	0·05	1·00	0·05	—	0·10	0·20	—	0·07	0·05	0·05	0·10	0·16	0·04	1·1	1·0	3	Pattambi	
0·37	1·74	0·40	0·10	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·10	0·16	0·04	1·1	1·0	4	Ottapalam	
0·32	1·04	0·44	0·04	0·54	0·01	0·06	0·05	0·21	0·05	—	0·05	0·05	0·10	0·16	0·04	1·1	1·0	5	Chittur-Gudalur	
1·00	1·45	1·20	0·25	1·05	0·05	—	—	0·06	—	—	0·05	0·05	0·10	0·16	0·04	1·1	1·0	6	Kunnathidam	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	7	Mannarghat	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	8	Perintalmanna	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	9	Mannarghat	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	10	Nilambur	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	11	Nilambur	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	12	Taylakkal	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	13	Nilambur	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	14	Tirur	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	15	Perumanna	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	16	Chowghat	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	17	Tellicherry	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	18	Badagara	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	19	Kuttiyadi	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	20	Quilandi	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	21	Calicut	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	22	Tanur	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	23	Ponnani	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	24	Chowghat	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	25	Pattambi	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	26	Ottapalam	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	27	Chittur	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	28	Mannarghat	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	29	Perintalmanna	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	30	Mannarghat	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	31	Nilambur	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	32	Taylakkal	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	33	Nilambur	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	34	Tirur	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	35	Perumanna	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	36	Chowghat	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	37	Tellicherry	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	38	Badagara	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	39	Kuttiyadi	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	40	Quilandi	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	41	Calicut	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	42	Tanur	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	43	Ponnani	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	44	Chowghat	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	45	Tellicherry	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	46	Badagara	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	47	Kuttiyadi	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	48	Quilandi	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	49	Calicut	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	50	Tanur	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	51	Ponnani	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	52	Chowghat	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	53	Tellicherry	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	54	Badagara	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	55	Kuttiyadi	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	56	Quilandi	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	57	Calicut	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	58	Tanur	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	59	Ponnani	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	60	Chowghat	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	61	Tellicherry	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	62	Badagara	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	63	Kuttiyadi	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	64	Quilandi	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	65	Calicut	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	66	Tanur	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	67	Ponnani	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	68	Chowghat	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	69	Tellicherry	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	70	Badagara	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	71	Kuttiyadi	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	72	Quilandi	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	73	Calicut	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	74	Tanur	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	75	Ponnani	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	76	Chowghat	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	77	Tellicherry	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	78	Badagara	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	79	Kuttiyadi	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	80	Quilandi	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	81	Calicut	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	82	Tanur	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	83	Ponnani	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	84	Chowghat	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	85	Tellicherry	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	86	Badagara	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	87	Kuttiyadi	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	88	Quilandi	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	89	Calicut	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	90	Tanur	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	91	Ponnani	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	92	Chowghat	
0·05	1·03	0·10	0·05	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	93	Tellicherry	
0·40	0·05	1·30	0·55	0·75	0·01	0·02	0·15	—	0·07	—	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	94	Badagara	
0·25	1·03	0·05	0·05	0·45	0·05	0·05	0·05	0·20	0·07	0·05	0·04	0·04	0·08	0·13	0·03	1·1	1·0	95	Kuttiyadi	
0·05

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

Presidency for the month of August 1929—*cont.*

12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	Stations	Districts
												Rainfall from 1st to last.	Rainfall from 1st to 31st.	Total rainfall for the month.	Av. rain rainfall for the month.	Heaviest rainfall during the month.	Total number of rainy days in the month.	Average number of rainy days in the month.			
																				Nellore	South Kanara.
																				Kanagapal	
																				Porur	
																				Chingleput	
																				Bangalore	
																				Mangalore	
																				Mahé	
																				Cochin	
																				Calicut	
																				Coimbatore	
																				Bellary	
Average.																				Average.	
																				Thalli	South Kanara.
																				Devikolam	
																				Hosur	
																				Kadavoor	
																				Krishnagiri	
																				Chittoor	
																				Hosur	
																				Dharmapuri	
																				Palacode	
																				Pennagram	
																				Omalur	
																				Salem	
																				Rasipuram	
																				Namakkal	
																				Tiruchengodu	
																				Thanthonimalai	
																				Attur	
																				Vridhachalam	
																				Nam. Kal	
																				Paramakudi	
																				Ramnadvaragudi	
Average.																				Average.	
																				Veppanal	
Average.																				Average.	
																				Kollegal	Coimbatore.
																				Talavadi	
																				Satyamangalam	
																				Gobi Mettupalayam	
																				Bhavani	
																				Erode	
																				Perundurai	
																				Kodumudi	
																				Dharapuram	
																				Karur	
																				Palladam	
																				Aravakurichi	
																				Salem	
																				Tiruchengodu	
																				Periyakulam	
																				Periyakulam	
																				Mettupalayam	
																				Pollachi	
																				Aanur	
																				Tiruppur	
																				Anamalai Hills	
																				Malabar	
Average excluding Anamalai Hills and Malabar.																				Average excluding Anamalai Hills and Malabar.	
Average excluding Anamalai, Nelliampathi, Anamalai Hills and Malabar.																				Average excluding Anamalai, Nelliampathi, Anamalai Hills and Malabar.	
																				Erode	Erode.
																				Gobichettipalayam

Daily Rainfall recorded in the Madras

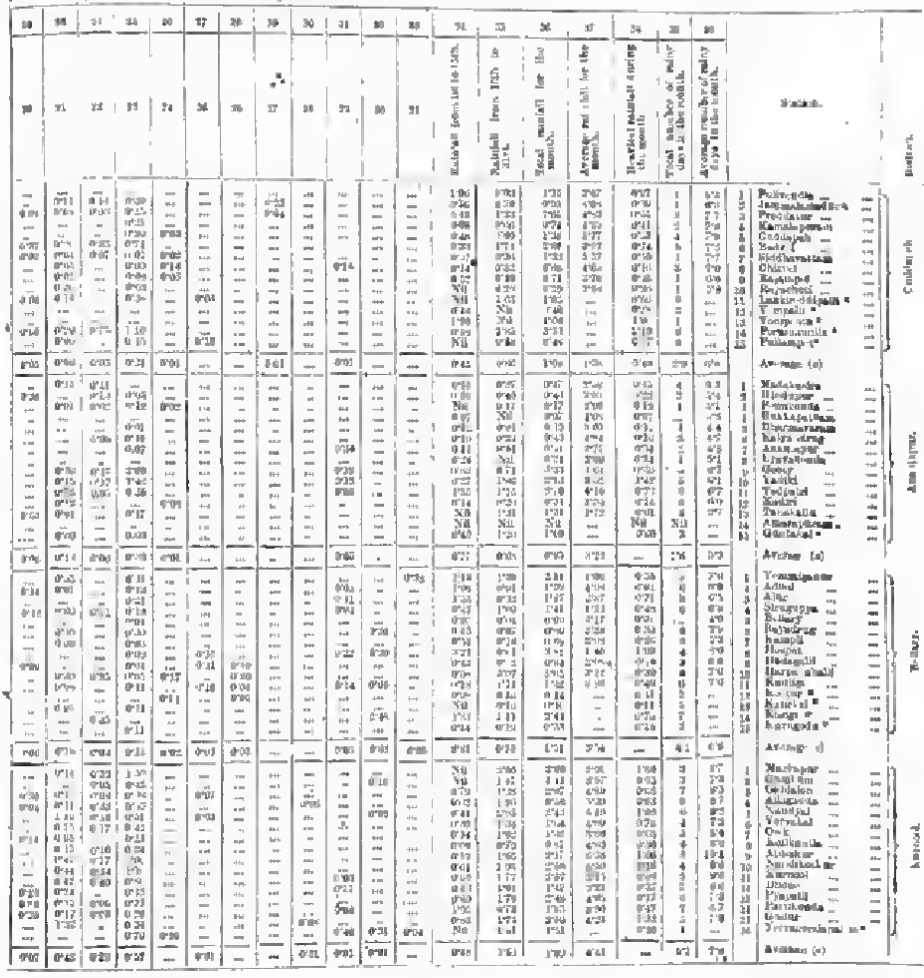
District	No.	Station.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Chingleput	1	Palavanda	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·37	—	0·00	0·75	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·20	—	—
	2	Jagadambapuram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·00	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·10	—	—
	3	Chembakkam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·40	—	—
	4	Kanchipuram	—	—	—	—	—	0·00	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·21	—	—
	5	Chetpattu	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·00	—	—
	6	Kattivakkam	—	—	—	—	0·15	—	—	—	—	0·00	—	0·00	—	—	—	—	—	0·10	0·00	—	—
	7	Sriperumbudur	—	—	—	—	0·16	—	—	—	0·13	—	—	—	—	—	0·04	—	—	0·01	0·21	—	—
	8	Chembarambakkam	—	—	—	—	0·07	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·03	0·15	—	—
	9	Kattankolattur	—	—	—	—	0·07	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0·05	—	—	—
	10	Tambaram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11	Kayarambedu	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12	Tiruporur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	13	Chengalpattu	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	Vayalur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	15	Tirukalukundram	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	16	Pallavaram †	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Average (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chingleput	1	Madhuranthagam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	Kilambakkam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	Perumbakkam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4	Kolambakkam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	5	Kolattur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	Chembarambakkam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	7	Kalandarai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	8	Attanjeri	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	Uttukkottai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	Uthiyur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11	Tiruvallur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12	Kadiri	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	13	Tiruttani	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	Arakkonam †	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	15	Chittamur †	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Average (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salem	1	Tirumanur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	Attur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	Ayar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4	Peranganpa	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	5	Belandy	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	Thalaiyur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	7	Kanjanur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	8	Hosapet	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	Thalaivalli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	Harur-Samalli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11	Anthiyur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12	Bhavani	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	13	Kodumudi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	Erode	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	15	Kangayam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	16	Karungalpalayam	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Average (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kurnool	1	Markapur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	Ungalakunta	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	3	Gundalakunta	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4	Allagadda	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	5	Nandikotkur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	6	Nandyal	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	7	Owk	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	8	Kodumuru	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	9	Adoni	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	10	Yemmiganur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	11	Kosigi	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	12	Pattikonda	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	13	Dhone	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	14	Peapalli	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	15	Pattikonda	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	16	Yerragudipalem	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Average (a)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

* Excluded from totals and averages.

(a) Calculated only with reference to those stations for which normals are available.

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement),
Madras, 25th September 1929.

Presidency for the month of August 1929—*contd.*



K. RAMAN NAYAR,
Assistant Secretary.

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Reg. No. I—M.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 44] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 29, 1929. [Price, 6 pies.

SEASON REPORT FOR SEPTEMBER 1929.

Statement I.—Statement showing the average fall of rain in each district during the month of September 1929 and also the total fall of rain from 1st April up to the month compared with the corresponding figures of the preceding year and with the averages for a series of years ending 1920.

Districts.	Average for 51 years			1928-29			1929-30		
	In the month.		From 1st April up to month.	In the month.		From 1st April up to month.	In the month.		From 1st April up to month.
	Rainy days.	Rainfall.		Rainy days.	Rainfall.		Rainy days.	Rainfall.	
	No.	INCHES.	INCHES.	No.	INCHES.	INCHES.	No.	INCHES.	INCHES.
Circars—									
1. Ganjam	10·0	6·47	26·48	12·7	8·61	33·48	9·0	6·20	32·56
2. Vizagapatam { Agency / Littoral }	10·8	7·63	28·14	11·5	9·42	31·71	8·6	3·99	26·62
	10·0	7·63	28·14	12·0	7·46	29·78	9·6	8·21	30·75
3. East Godavari	9·1	7·38	30·68	10·6	7·73	28·96	10·0	6·44	26·36
4. West Godavari	9·1	7·12	28·43	12·3	7·95	25·53	9·4	8·62	29·89
5. Kistna	8·4	6·96	26·37	10·5	8·21	22·45	6·3	3·14	18·68
6. Guntur	7·3	5·81	20·62						
Deccan—									
7. Kurnool	5·0	6·05	19·28	3·7	4·78	17·48	8·4	5·32	14·46
8. Bellary	6·2	5·67	17·19	6·8	4·13	12·48	10·3	7·32	16·53
9. Anantapur	7·8	6·79	18·03	4·8	5·55	14·49	9·8	9·00	15·78
10. Cuddapah	7·6	6·55	17·87	5·8	5·71	15·09	10·2	7·78	14·64
Carnatic—									
11. Nellore	6·2	6·20	12·96	7·1	6·63	14·71	8·4	6·21	13·10
12. Madras	7·4	4·50	17·58	11·0	6·18	18·47	10·0	7·08	12·49
13. Chingleput	7·0	5·36	17·78	8·4	6·04	18·96	7·2	5·41	17·04
14. South Arcot	7·6	6·16	19·31	5·9	6·18	20·45	5·8	4·16	13·02
Central—									
15. Chittoor	7·3	6·94	17·97	6·4	3·78	13·76	8·1	5·78	14·76
16. North Arcot	8·3	6·75	21·49	8·6	6·12	20·84	7·4	5·37	17·57
17. Salem *	7·8	6·78	20·26	2·9	1·37	15·14	8·0	6·38	17·69
18. Coimbatore †	6·3	2·28	13·44	0·8	0·33	8·95	7·2	3·48	16·18
19. Trichinopoly	8·8	6·18	18·88	2·3	1·48	9·89	9·1	6·90	15·10
South—									
20. Tanjore	6·8	4·12	15·13	2·5	1·68	12·36	6·6	4·24	14·21
21. Madura ‡	5·5	3·54	14·12	1·7	1·06	13·05	8·1	6·47	17·77
22. Ramnad	4·8	2·76	10·98	2·4	1·18	8·57	7·4	4·92	16·24
23. Tinnevelly	5·0	1·82	9·50	0·3	0·13	4·01	6·1	3·83	13·46
West Coast—									
24. Malabar	12·7	3·21	89·47	1·8	2·30	78·85	16·0	19·14	118·13
25. South Kanara	16·9	12·48	132·66	11·8	4·80	120·44	18·0	18·56	157·22
Hills—									
26. The Nilgiris	13·8	7·77	59·50	4·1	1·83	46·58	13·8	9·71	56·00

* Excluding Tercad. † Excluding Kollegal, Anamalai Hills and Malabar. ‡ Excluding Kodaikanal.

Statement II.—Statement showing the extent of cultivation (Government and minor inams only) from April to September 1929.

[*Areas in hundreds of acres, i.e., 00 being omitted.*]

District and Group	Percentage of the area of Government and minor inam land to the total area.	Area cultivated in September 1929. First crop. Dry.	Wet.	Second crop. Dry.	Wet.	Area cultivated from April to September 1929. First crop. Dry.	Wet.	Second crop. Dry.	Wet.	Area cultivated from April to September 1928. First crop. Dry.	Wet.	Second crop. Dry.	Wet.	Average area cultivated from April to September (a). First crop. Dry.	Wet.	Second crop. Dry.	Wet.	Percentage of the average area shown from April to Sep. to the average annual area (a). Dry.	Wet.	District and Group.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
Ganjam	95	57,7	91,3	2,6	11,4	206,1	224,3	2 8	19,1	190,8	246,7	4,4	13,4	2 05,5	226,1	3,6	16,6	63	76	Ganjam.
Vizagapatam	8	7,0	23,5	17,8	23,5	108,5	134,5	29,7	68,0	96,6	116,1	23,5	54,8	100,4	119,1	33,6	31,8	70	75	Vizagapatam.
Godavari, East	65	42,1	26,0	4,1	1,8	208,1	303,7	62	1,4	284,7	316,8	6,6	0	237,7	305,3	8,1	0	85	84	Godavari, East.
Godavari, West	94	36,2	29,5	3,9	Nil	214,9	285,8	2,6	Nil	180,8	212,8	4	Nil	(r)144,7	(r)240,1	(r)2,0	(r) 1	65	82	Godavari, West.
Kistna		101,5	67,1	4	Nil	222,9	294,3	5	Nil	191,2	227,4	1,2	2,1	(r)171,1	(r)270,7	(r)2,0	(r) 1	53	93	Kistna.
Guntur	91	322,6	46,3	2,9	Nil	(r)201,0	(r)104,2	(r)2,4	(r) Nil	(r)2,056,5	(r)277,4	1,4	2	015,4	250,2	1,9	1	55	99	Guntur.
Circars ..	43	671,9	281,7	29,1	37,9	1,950,3	3 607,3	33,7	56,3	2,012,8	1,686,7	33,7	43,1	1,751,1	1,61 .8	29,2	52,2	60	79	Circars.
Kurnool	95	488,0	5,8	1	Nil	1,011,3	26,2	1	Nil	1,750,5	36,5	Nil	0	1,343,9	33,4	0	1	66	61	Kurnool.
Bellary	96	362,3	6,0	1,0	2	952,0	31,0	1,7	3,3	1,667,0	38,7	0,5	1,0	1,300,0	30,9	2,5	1,1	53	68	Bellary.
Anantapur	56	259,3	31,4	3	4	315,5	48,1	6	4	1,226,7	66,7	1,1	1,5	1,058,1	81,0	1,0	1,2	64	49	Anantapur.
Cuddapah	84	123,1	10,5	0	1,0	234,5	30,1	1,4	1,0	326,0	46,2	2,0	0,5	481,0	58,2	3,3	2,7	54	47	Cuddapah.
Deccan ..	85	1,202,6	38,3	3,0	1,0	2,723,5	136,7	4,1	4,6	4,690,4	208,1	13,3	6,5	4,152,1	202,1	6,0	5,8	61	57	Deccan.
Nellore	50	37,7	23,0	2	0	65,0	31,0	4	0	103,1	128,4	1,6	0	158,8	131,7	1,3	1,3	80	70	Nellore.
Chingleput	66	69,1	102,7	6	2,2	122,6	214,2	5	5,1	272,2	24 ,6	8	5,4	478,4	276,6	1,6	4,6	65	85	Chingleput.
South Arcot	66	370,9	96,7	6,6	2,8	616,2	242,5	1,7	3,6	633,3	300,3	7,2	6,6	606,6	183,2	6,7	4,6	59	61	South Arcot.
Carnatic ..	65	397,1	271,3	4,5	5,3	891,2	484,2	8,9	0,0	958,5	613,3	9,7	10,0	939,8	604,2	11,4	10,3	51	49	Carnatic.
Chittoor	81	78,2	8,6	5	6	231,7	46,6	4	0	302,3	61,2	3,3	1,5	260,1	63,6	3,6	1,1	76	41	Chittoor.
North Arcot	64	117,6	39,0	0,1	2,7	441,6	243,1	0,5	(r) 4,1	440,4	176,7	6,5	7,0	387,8	173,1	7,7	7,3	61	38	North Arcot.
Salem	76	223,3	8,0	14,0	2,3	891,0	54,1	19,5	0,7	(r)289,3	(r) 72,6	(r)11,0	(r)3,1	218,7	68,1	14,0	5,2	67	57	Salem.
Coimbatore	87	618,4	13,8	42,2	2,6	1,037,0	76,3	5 ,0	3,6	1,201,0	79,1	21,6	2,4	1,257,9	78,2	27,9	4,3	91	80	Coimbatore.
Trichinopoly	80	176,6	40,2	2	1,8	324,7	213,3	1,4	1,6	396,7	122,5	1,2	2,1	270,6	97,1	1,4	3,1	69	44	Trichinopoly.
Central ..	78	649,9	109,1	61,4	9,5	2,0..0,0	433 4	30,2	14,2	3,136,5	485,0	45,5	17,3	3,152,7	474,0	52,1	18,5	68	52	Central.
Tanjore	70	51,0	381,5	0	2	161 5	667,0	0	0	169,0	624,3	2	5	181,6	678,6	0	0	63	67	Tanjore.
Madura	63	71,2	17,5	0,5	3,4	219,2	110,0	0,2	2,0	196,2	97,4	8,0	2,8	266,0	103,2	10,0	3,6	53	36	Madura.
Ramnad	37	0,0	7	0	Nil	28,3	12,4	0	1	33,1	9,8	1	2	42,6	12,6	0	0	16	31	Ramnad.
Tinnevelly	65	5,7	2,3	0	0	111,8	126,1	1,3	0,6	109,7	110,7	7	1,3	129,6	126,3	3,2	2,0	23	41	Tinnevelly.
South ..	58	128,9	401,8	7,2	9,0	564,1	555,5	10,3	6,4	475,0	831,3	9,3	4,9	680,7	716 0	13,1	6,5	30	49	South.
Malabar	100	0,0	22,0	0,1	79,6	017,6	672,7	0,0	72,1	593,8	495,4	73	64,7	78 ,6	524,0	0,0	63,0	21	72	Malabar.
South Kanara	100	2,1	3,5	Nil	1,8	164,1	306 8	Nil	1,6	166,7	403,7	Nil	7	198,0	393,0	Nil	5	22	69	South Kanara.
West Coast ..	100	11,7	25,2	0,1	71,0	1,060,7	808.5	0,0	70,5	1,023.5	938.2	7,3	55,4	015 0	917.0	0,0	63,0	92	71	West Coast.
The Nilgiris ..	100	1,7	0	0	Nil	(r 82,0	0,6	0	Nil	(r 76,3	5.6	1	Nil	70.7	5.9	0	Nil	96	99	The Nilgiris.
Grand Total ..	65	1,240,5	1,000,3	111,9	120,5	10,222,1	4,458.1	144.6	167,0	12,570,1	4,516.0	118,9	137,5	11,66,0	4,532.5	118,0	157.1	58	42	Grand Total.

(a) Average of the five years ending 1928-29. (b) Average of the four years ending 1928-29. (r) Revised figure.

SECTION III.—Statement showing the average prices of the principal food-grains and salt for the month of September 1929.

Group.	Districts.	Number of Imperial Seers of 80 Tolas per Rupee					
		Rice, second sort.			Ragi.		
		In the previous month.	In the month.	In the corresponding month of the previous year.	In the previous month.	In the month.	In the corresponding month of the previous year.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1. Circars	1. Ganjam (Agency. / Littoral.)	8·1	8·1	8·1	17·8	17·8	17·6
	2. Vizagapatam (Agency. / Littoral.)	7·1	7·0	6·7	15·6	15·4	12·6
	3. Godavari, East (Agency. / Littoral.)	8·3	8·0	8·5	14·0	13·9	13·8
	4. Godavari, West	8·1	8·1	8·1	12·6	12·8	13·8
	5. Kistna	8·3	8·4	8·3	11·9	14·6	10·0
	6. Guntur	8·0	8·7	8·8	12·9	13·7	13·2
	7. Kurnool	7·1	8·9	8·8	11·8	11·8	11·6
	8. Bellary	7·1	6·9	8·5	13·1	12·9	10·7
2. Deccan	9. Anantapur	8·8	8·8	8·1	13·4	11·5	8·2
	10. Cuddapah	8·0	8·7	8·8	11·8	11·8	11·7
	11. Nellore	5·8	6·6	6·4	11·2	10·7	9·8
3. Carnatic	12. Chingleput	5·4	6·7	6·3	11·6	11·0	10·1
	13. Madras	7·1	7·6	6·9	9·5	8·8	8·3
	14. South Arcot	4·8	4·8	4·6	8·2	7·9	7·5
	15. Chittoor	6·2	6·7	6·3	10·8	10·8	8·6
	16. North Arcot	6·0	6·0	5·8	9·5	9·8	8·7
4. Central	17. Salem	6·0	6·7	6·6	9·2	9·4	8·3
	18. Coimbatore	6·7	6·8	6·3	8·7	9·2	9·0
	19. Trichinopoly	5·6	5·8	5·9	8·6	8·8	8·6
	20. Tanjore	5·8	5·9	5·1	9·4	9·8	8·9
5. South	21. Madura	5·8	5·8	5·2	9·1	9·2	7·3
	22. Ramnad	5·8	5·9	5·2	9·8	9·9	8·9
	23. Tinnevelly	6·5	6·7	6·0	10·6	11·1	10·0
6. West Coast	24. Malabar	6·0	7·0	6·6	11·6	11·8	9·8
	25. South Kanara	8·4	8·0	6·7	..	..	..
7. Hills	26. The Nilgiris	7·8	7·8	6·2	..	..	..
		6·1	6·0	6·1	7·4	7·4	6·8

Group.	Districts.	Number of Imperial Seers of 80 Tolas per Rupee—contd.								
		Cholam.			Cumbu.			Salt.		
		In the previous month.	In the month.	In the corresponding month of the previous year.	In the previous month.	In the month.	In the corresponding month of the previous year.	In the previous month.	In the month.	In the corresponding month of the previous year.
		(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1	1. Ganjam (Agency. / Littoral.)	..	..	..	..	..	..	9·7	9·7	9·7
	2. Vizagapatam (Agency. / Littoral.)	..	..	..	10·0	10·5	15·6	17·8	17·9	13·4
	3. Godavari, East (Agency. / Littoral.)	12·6	13·8	11·1	11·2	11·4	11·2	10·4	9·7	10·4
	4. Godavari, West	11·9	11·8	10·8	14·8	16·0	14·6	16·6	16·7	16·4
	5. Kistna	11·0	13·0	10·3	13·8	14·5	12·8	17·3	17·3	17·1
	6. Guntur	9·8	9·9	9·1	13·0	13·0	16·0	16·0	16·4	16·5
	7. Kurnool	10·6	11·0	10·6	9·1	8·9	8·1	10·8	17·0	16·7
	8. Bellary	10·6	9·8	12·3	9·5	9·5	9·1	18·4	18·7	18·6
2	9. Anantapur	10·7	9·7	10·4	13·7	9·7	10·0	12·9	14·1	13·9
	10. Cuddapah	11·0	10·0	9·4	9·3	9·0	8·3	13·8	13·8	12·8
	11. Nellore	14·4	13·8	9·1	9·8	9·4	9·7	11·1	11·7	15·8
3	12. Chingleput	..	..	..	..	..	..	19·2	19·8	18·7
	13. Madras	..	..	..	..	..	..	19·2	19·7	20·0
	14. South Arcot	..	..	..	..	..	..	20·7	20·7	20·7
	15. Chittoor	..	..	..	9·6	10·1	7·8	18·4	18·3	17·4
	16. North Arcot	..	..	..	9·8	9·8	8·3	18·5	18·7	18·7
4	17. Salem	8·0	9·4	8·9	9·0	9·2	8·3	18·1	18·1	18·4
	18. Coimbatore	8·2	9·3	7·6	7·7	7·8	7·4	15·0	15·3	14·6
	19. Trichinopoly	9·0	9·9	8·4	8·9	8·8	8·3	14·8	15·2	14·2
	20. Tanjore	..	..	..	8·3	8·5	7·8	15·8	16·4	15·8
5	21. Madura	10·0	9·8	9·0	7·9	7·4	6·8	15·8	16·3	15·6
	22. Ramnad	11·5	10·9	8·8	8·7	8·0	7·6	17·2	17·3	15·9
	23. Tinnevelly	11·1	10·7	9·6	10·0	9·6	8·1	19·1	19·2	18·4
6	24. Malabar	..	..	..	9·8	9·9	7·8	20·2	20·3	20·0
	25. South Kanara	..	..	..	..	..	..	14·1	14·2	13·8
7	26. The Nilgiris	..	..	..	..	..	..	16·0	16·1	15·8
		10·0	9·8	9·0	8·7	8·6	7·8	9·5	9·6	10·8

REMARKS.—As compared with the previous month, the price of rice was stationary in six districts, rose in twelve and fell in eight; ragi was stationary in four districts, rose in nine and fell in eleven; cholam was stationary in two districts, rose in twelve and fell in one, cumbu was stationary in three districts, rose in nine and fell in seven; and was stationary in five districts, rose in six and fell in fifteen. (Agency excluded from the remarks.)

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement), Madras, 21st October 1929.

By order of the Board,
R. G. HOLDSWORTH,
Secretary.

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Reg. No. I—M.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 44] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 29, 1929. [Price, 6 pice.

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDING 26th OCTOBER 1929.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Rainfall heavy in the Nilgiris, moderate in Ganjam, Vizagapatam (Agency), Chingleput, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevelly, Malabar and South Kanara; nil in Anantapur and fair or light elsewhere. Sowing or transplantation of paddy proceeding in parts of Cuddapah, Nellore, South Arcot, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevelly and South Kanara and sowing of dry crops in parts of East and West Godavari, Kurnool, Bellary, Anantapur, Cuddapah, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, and Ramnad. Standing crops generally fair to good. Harvest of paddy proceeding in Ganjam, East Godavari, Nellore, Malabar and South Kanara, ragi in Ganjam, Nellore and Coimbatore, cumbu in Guntur, Kurnool, Nellore, South Arcot and Coimbatore, korra in Guntur and Kurnool, gingelly in Ganjam, East Godavari, Guntur and Nellore and groundnut in Ganjam and Bellary; outturn generally fair to normal. Condition of cattle generally fair to good. Fodder generally sufficient. Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts of Kistna, Bellary, Anantapur, Nellore, South Arcot, Salem, Coimbatore, Trichinopoly, Madura and Ramnad. Prices generally stationary.

E. G. HOLDSWORTH,
Secretary.

BOARD (LAND REVENUE AND SETTLEMENT),
MADRAS, *29th October 1929.*

DISTRICT REPORTS.

GANJAM.

Water-supply sufficient. 44·46 feet of water in the Rusenlkonda reservoir (F.T.L. 46 d) and 28·20 feet of water in the Surada reservoir (F.T.L. 28). Standing paddy crop good. Harvest of paddy, ragi, groundnut and gingelly proceeding; outturn of paddy poor; groundnut normal; rest fair. Pasture available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle good.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops thriving. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

EAST GODAVARI.

Water-supply generally sufficient. The Godavari 2·47 feet above the crest of the anicut. Sowing of cholam, chillies and pulses and transplantation of tobacco proceeding. Sowings normal. Standing crops generally fair to good. Harvest of paddy proceeding and at gingelly concluding; outturn fair to normal. Pasture available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

WEST GODAVARI.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing of cholam and horsegram concluding. Standing crops fair to good. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest prevails in parts.

KISTNA.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts of the upland taluks. The Kistna 5·85 feet above the crest of the anicut. Standing crops fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair.

GUNTUR.

Water-supply generally sufficient for drinking in tanks and wells; supply in canals sufficient for irrigation. Transplantation of chillies and tobacco proceeding in parts. Sowings normal. Harvest of cholam, cumbu, maize, korra and gingelly proceeding; outturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. More rain needed in parts.

KURNOOL.

Water-supply sufficient for irrigation in Kurnool-Cuddapah canal and canal-fed tanks. Rain-fed tanks have received full or partial supplies. The Tungabhadra 0·78 foot above crest. Sowing of

cholam and horsegram proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvest of cumbu and korra proceeding; cutturn fair to normal. Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient except in two taluks. Condition of cattle generally good.

BELLARY.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts. Sowing of cholam proceeding. Standing crops fair to good. Harvest of groundnut proceeding; cutturn poor to fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

ANANTAPUR.

Water-supply sufficient in wells, tanks and a few tanks. Sowing of cholam, korra, horsegram and cotton proceeding. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder available in limited quantities. Condition of cattle generally good. More rain needed.

CUDDAPAH.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Sowing and transplantation of paddy and sowing of cholam, ragi, korra, arika, horsegram and groundnut concluding. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

NELLORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts of four taluks. 10·5 feet of water in Mopad reservoir (F.T.L. 27·4), 20·70 feet in Kanjiri reservoir (F.T.L. 21·45). Transplantation of paddy proceeding in parts. Standing crops generally fair to good. Harvest of paddy, ragi, cumbu and gingelly proceeding; cutturn of ragi and cumbu fair to normal; rest fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

CHINGLEPUT.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowings normal. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair, but rinderpest prevails in parts.

SOUTH ARCOT.

Water-supply generally insufficient except in two taluks. Transplantation and sowing of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvest of varagu and cumbu proceeding in parts; cutturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

CHITTOOR.

Water-supply normal in four taluks and four divisions and below normal elsewhere. Sowing of groundnut proceeding. Standing crops fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair. More rain needed.

NORTH ARCOT.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Sowings normal. Standing groundnut crop generally fair. Pasture available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. More rain needed.

SALEM.

Water-supply for irrigation sufficient in parts of Hosur, Dharmapuri, Omalur, Krishnagiri, Attur and Tiruchengode taluks and under the Cauvery channels in the Namakkal taluk and generally insufficient elsewhere. Drinking water generally sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

COIMBATORE.

Water-supply in tanks generally insufficient; supply in other sources generally sufficient. 11.40 feet of water in the Cauvery at Erode. Transplantation of paddy and ragi, and sowing of cholam, cumbu, horsegram and cotton proceeding. Sowings normal. Standing crops fair to good. Harvest of ragi and cumbu proceeding, cutturn fair to normal. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair. More rain needed.

TRICHINOPOLY.

Water-supply in wells and rain-fed tanks sufficient except in two taluks; supply in river channels sufficient. Sowing and transplantation of paddy and sowing of cholam and varagu proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair.

TANJORE.

Water-supply sufficient. Height of water at the Grand Anicut 2·2 feet above crest. Discharge in the Coleroon over lower anicut, northern and southern branches 4·56 and 5·05 feet respectively. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

MADURA.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of the non-Periyar area. Average discharge in the Periyar main canal 930 cusecs. Transplantation of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. More rain needed in parts.

RAMNAD.

Water-supply insufficient for irrigation except in parts. Sowing of paddy, cholam, cumbu, ragi, varagu, vali, pulses, groundnut and cotton proceeding. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

TINNEVELLY.

Water-supply sufficient. No flow over the Srivaikuntam anicut. Discharge adequate. Sowing and transplantation of paddy proceeding. Pasture available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

MALABAR.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing paddy crop fair. Harvest of paddy concluding in parts; cutturn fair to normal. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair, but rinderpest prevails in parts.

SOUTH KANARA.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing of paddy proceeding in parts. Sowing early. Standing crops fair. Harvest of paddy proceeding in parts; cutturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

THE NILGIRIS.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY DEPARTMENT.

The following Report of the Select Committee, on the Bill further to amend the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, for certain purposes, was presented to the Legislative Assembly on the 25th September 1920.—

We, the undersigned Members of the Select Committee to which the Bill further to amend the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, for certain purposes was referred, have considered the Bill and the papers noted in the margin, and have now the honour to submit this our Report, with the Bill as amended by us annexed thereto.

Papers Nos. I—IV.

Clause (3) (a) (iii).—In the new proviso we have substituted the word "other" for the word "additional" to make the meaning clear.

We have also made an amendment of substance, designed to avoid hardship to applicants. Unless the Controller has power to fix later dates, as proposed by us, it may happen that the time for acceptance of additional applications prescribed in sub-section (4) of section 5 will be over before these applications can be properly examined and accepted. We have further provided that the date borne by the application shall for all purposes be deemed to be the date on which it was made. The amendment follows the English practice. At the same time, we consider it advisable that the Controller's discretion in fixing dates should be curtailed, and we recommend that a rule should be made under section 77 restricting the fixing of the date of an additional application to within one month of the date of the original application. If this is found to be insufficient in practice, the period may be extended.

Clause 3 (b).—It has been held that an application under section 5 (4) for extension of time made after the expiry of twelve months from the date of the application cannot be granted inasmuch as the application will already have become void. We understand that it is convenient from the administrative point of view that such applications should be granted, and this sub clause is designed to permit of this.

Clause 5.—We felt that there was substance in the criticisms of clause 5 on the ground of vagueness, and have preferred simply to substitute an extension from three to four months for the more intricate provision relating to the time requisite for obtaining copies of the specification. We are of opinion that that time is fairly represented by one month, but hope that the operation of this new provision will be carefully watched with a view to ascertaining its adequacy.

Clause 6 (1).—We have introduced some drafting amendments designed to indicate that a "direction" by the Controller is not a "decision" such as is referred to in section 9 (3) of the Act.

Clause 6 (2) (ii).—We have made an addition necessitated by the fact that various provisions of section 10 of the Act allow various periods for sealing a patent.

Clause 9 (a) is designed to achieve, *mutatis mutandis*, an object similar to that mentioned above in connexion with clause 3 (*b*).

Clause 15.—Opinions received on proposed section 21 disclose some apprehension that irresponsible persons may be permitted to issue written authorizations on behalf of Government departments. We have preferred to revert to the previous wording of the proviso to existing section 21, which does not appear to have caused any inconvenience in practice.

We have also, in deference to opinions received, provided in sub-sections (*2*) and (*3*) of proposed section 21 that notice should be given to the inventor or patentee.

The other changes in this clause are of a drafting nature.

Clauses 24 and 27 (a).—We do not consider that the interposition of the Governor General in Council between the Controller and the High Court in the matter of references under proposed section 51A (*2*) and proposed sub-section (*3*) of existing section 64 serves any useful purpose. We have therefore omitted this provision in each case.

Clause 28A.—We have extended the period of limitation for appeals under section 70 from two to three months. The shorter period has in practice been found too short for appeals in India and a *fortiori* for overseas appeals.

2. Our attention has been directed by the opinions received to the fact that section 7 of the Statute 7 Edward VII c. 29 contains more elaborate provisions for preliminary examination of an application than those contained in the Indian Act. We have reason to believe that an amplification of the Indian Act on the lines of the British Statute would be conducive to the interests of applicants, who, in existing conditions, possibly suffer loss by being encouraged to expend money on inventions when applications for patents in respect of them have not been summarily rejected. We desire to place on record our opinion that this question deserves careful examination by Government.

3. Opinions received also disclose a considerable volume of opinion in favour of registration of trade marks. We understand that the absence of such registration is one of the reasons which prevent India participating in the International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property and we have reason to believe that India's want of participation in this Convention effects prejudicially the interests of Indian inventors in foreign countries in certain matters. We feel, however, that this subject is not strictly germane to the present Bill and content ourselves with the suggestion that it be examined by Government.

4. The Bill was published as follows :—

IN ENGLISH

Gazette.	Date.
Gazette of India	.. 17th September 1928.
Fort Saint George Gazette ..	.. 2nd October 1928
Bombay Government Gazette	.. 1st November 1928
Calcutta Gazette	.. 25th October 1928.
United Provinces Gazette ..	. 3rd November 1928,

IN ENGLISH—*contd.*

Gazette.	Date.
Punjab Government Gazette ..	23rd November 1928.
Burma Gazette	3rd November 1928.
Central Provinces Gazette ..	6th October 1928.
Assam Gazette	3rd October 1928.
Bihar and Orissa Gazette ..	10th October 1928
Coorg District Gazette ..	1st November 1928.
North-West Frontier Gazette ..	2nd November 1928.

IN THE VERNACULARS.

Province.	Language.	Date.
Madras ..	Tamil ..	1st January 1929.
	Telugu ..	8th January 1929
	Hindustani ..	8th January 1929.
	Kanarese ..	12th December 1928.
Bombay ..	Malayalam ..	8th January 1929.
	Marathi ..	6th November 1928
	Gujarathi ..	6th November 1928.
	Kanarese ..	9th November 1928
Coorg ..	Kanarese ..	2nd January 1929.

6. We think that the Bill has not been so altered as to require republication, and we recommend that it be passed as now amended.

PURSHOTAMDAS THAKURDAS.
B. N. MITRA.
LALCHAND NAVALRAI.
GANGANAND SINHA.
M. ANWAR UL-AZIM.

The 21st September 1929.

L.A. BILL No. 33 OF 1928.

[AS AMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.]

[Words printed in italics indicate the amendments suggested by the Committee.]

A Bill further to amend the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, for certain purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is II of 1911. hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Indian Patents and Designs (Amendment) Act, 1929.

(*2*) It shall come into force on the 1st day of January 1930.

Amendment of section 2, Act II of 1911.

2. In section 2 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 II of 1911. (hereinafter referred to as the said Act),—

(a) for clause (*b*) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*b*) 'design' means only the features of shape, configuration, pattern or ornament applied to any article by any industrial process or means, whether manual, mechanical or chemical, separate or combined, which in the finished article appeal to and are judged solely by the eye; but does not include any mode or principle of construction or anything which is in substance a mere mechanical

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device, and does not include any trade mark as defined in section 478, or property mark as defined in section 479, of the Indian Penal Code: ";

XLV of 1860.

(b) for clause (*12*) the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*12*) 'patentee' means the person for the time being entered on the register of patents kept under this Act as the grantee or proprietor of the patent :"; and

(c) in clause (*14*), for the words "new and original" the words "new or original" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 5, Act II of 1911.

3. In section 5 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (*1*)—

(i) in clause (*b*), the words "or relate to more than one invention" shall be omitted ;

(ii) after clause (*c*) the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"or

(*f*) the specification relates to more than one invention,"; and

(iii) the following proviso shall be added to the sub-section, namely :—

"*Provided that, when a specification comprises more than one invention, the application shall, if the Controller or the applicant so requires, be restricted to one invention and the other inventions may be made the subject-matter of fresh applications*; and any such fresh application shall be proceeded with as a substantive application, but the Controller may, in his discretion, direct that any such fresh application made before the acceptance of the original application shall bear the date of the original application or such later date as he may fix, and the fresh application shall be deemed, for the purposes of this Act, to have been made on the date which it bears in accordance with such direction."; and

(b) in sub-section (*4*), for the proviso the following proviso shall be substituted, namely :—

"*Provided that where, before, or within three months after, the expiration of the said period of twelve months, a request is made to the Controller for an extension of time by any period not exceeding three months, the application shall, on payment of the prescribed fee, be continued or revived, as the case may be, during, but not beyond, the period of extension so requested.*"

Omission of section 8 from Act II of 1911.

4. Section 8 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 9, Act II of 1911.

5. *In sub-section* (*1*) *of* section 9 of the said Act, *for the word "three" the word "four" shall be substituted.*

Amendment of section 10, Act II of 1911.

6. (*1*) After sub-section (*2*) of section 10 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

"(*2A*) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (*2*), where—

(a) an applicant has agreed in writing that on the grant to him of a patent he will assign it to another party or to a joint applicant and refuses to proceed with the application, or

(5) disputes arise between joint applicants as to proceeding with an application,

the Controller, if he is satisfied of the existence of such agreement or, in any other case, that any joint applicant or applicants ought to be allowed to proceed alone, may *direct that* such other party or joint applicant or applicants may proceed with the application accordingly and may grant a patent to him or them, as the case may be:

Provided that—

(i) the Controller shall not give any such *direction* until every party interested has had an opportunity of being heard by him, and

(ii) an appeal from any such *direction* shall lie to the Governor-General in Council."

(*b*) In sub-section (*2*) of the same section,—

(*i*) in clause (*b*) of the proviso, the words " or by a reference under section 8," shall be omitted; and

(*ii*) in clause (*d*), for the words " in consequence of the neglect or failure of the applicant to pay any fee" the words " for any reason " shall be substituted; *after the words "allowed by" the words "any of the foregoing provisions of" shall be inserted*; and for the words " to such an extent as may be prescribed " the words " to the extent applied for but not exceeding three months " shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 11, Act II of 1911.

7. In section 12 of the said Act, for the words " publication of the specification " the words " advertisement of the acceptance of the application " shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 13, Act II of 1911.

8. For sub-section (*2*) of section 13 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*2*) Where a patent has been revoked by the High Court on the ground that it has been obtained in fraud of the true and first inventor, or where the grant of a patent has been refused by the Controller under section 9 on the ground stated in clause (*a*) of sub-section (*1*) of that section, the Controller may, on the application of the true inventor or his legal representative or assign made in accordance with the provisions of this Act, grant to him a patent for the whole or any part of the invention, and the patent so granted shall bear the same date as the patent so revoked or, in the case of a patent the grant of which has been refused, the same date as would have been borne by the patent if it had been granted:

Provided that no suit shall be brought for any infringement of the patent so granted committed before the actual date when such patent was granted."

Amendment of section 14, Act II of 1911.

9. In section 14 of the said Act,—

(*a*) in sub-section (*1*), for the word " fourteen " the word " sixteen " shall be substituted;

(*b*) after the same sub-section the following sub-sections shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*1A*) Any patent the original term of which had not expired on or before the 1st day of January 1930, shall have effect as if the term mentioned therein was sixteen years instead of fourteen years, and any licence existing at that date which has been granted for the term of the patent shall be treated as having been granted for the term as so extended if the licensee so desires

(*1B*) Where any party to a contract with the patentee or any other person entered into before the 1st day of January 1930, is subjected to loss or liability by reason of the extension of the term of

any patent under this section, any District Court having jurisdiction may determine in what manner and by whom parties such loss or liability shall be borne"; and

(c) in sub-section (2), *for the proviso the following proviso shall be substituted, namely :—*

"*Provided that where the patentee, before, or within three months after, the expiration of the time for payment, applies to the Controller for an extension of time by any period not exceeding three months, the patent shall, on payment of such additional fee as may be prescribed, be continued or revived, as the case may be, during, but not beyond, the period of extension applied for.*"

10. In section 15 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 15, Act II of 1911.

(a) in sub-section (1), the words "after advertising in the prescribed manner his intention to do so," shall be omitted; and after the words "prescribed fee" the following shall be added, namely :—

"and must be advertised by the patentee within the prescribed time and in the prescribed manner";

(b) in sub-section (2), after the word "may" the words "within such time as may be prescribed and on payment of the prescribed fee," shall be inserted; and

(c) in sub-section (3), for the words "seven" and "fourteen" the words "five" and "ten" shall be substituted, respectively.

11. After section 15 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new section 15-A in Act II of 1911.

"15A. (1) Where a patent for an invention has been applied for or granted, and the applicant or the patentee, as the case may be, applies for a further patent in respect of any improvement in or modification of the invention, he may in his application for the further patent request that the term limited in that patent for the duration thereof be the same as that of the original patent or so much of that term as is unexpired, and, if he does so, a patent (hereinafter referred to as a patent of addition) may be granted for such term as aforesaid. Patents of addition.

(2) Save as otherwise expressly provided by this Act, a patent of addition shall remain in force as long as the patent for the original invention remains in force, but no longer, and in respect of a patent of addition no fees shall be payable for renewal:

Provided that if the patent for the original invention is revoked, then the patent of addition shall, if the authority by which it is revoked so orders, become an independent patent, and the fees payable, and the dates when they become payable, shall be determined by its date, but its duration shall not exceed the unexpired term of the patent for the original invention.

(3) The grant of a patent of addition shall be conclusive evidence that the invention is a proper subject for a patent of addition, and the validity of the patent shall not be questioned on the ground that the invention ought to have been the subject of an independent patent."

12. In section 18 of the said Act, after the word "disclaimer" the words, "correction or explanation" shall be inserted. Amendment of section 18, Act II of 1911.

Amendment of section 19, Act II of 1911.

13. In section 19 of the said Act, for the words "before the disclaimer, correction or explanation" the words "before the date of the decision allowing the amendment" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 20, Act II of 1911.

14. In sub-section (4) of section 20 of the said Act, the words "and, unless such copies have been so supplied, such deeds, licenses or other documents shall not be received as evidence of any transaction affecting a patent" shall be omitted.

Substitution of new sections for section 21, Act II of 1911.

15. For section 21 of the said Act the following sections shall be substituted, namely :—

Patent to bind Crown.

"21. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this section, a patent shall have to all intents the like effect as against His Majesty the King as it has against a subject.

(2) *The officers or authorities administering any* department *of the service of His Majesty* may, by *themselves* or by such of *their* agents, contractors or others as may be authorised in writing by *them*, at any time after the application, *and after giving notice to the applicant or patentee*, make, use or exercise the invention for the service of the Crown on such terms as may, either before or after the use thereof, be agreed on, with the approval of the Governor General in Council, between *such officers or authorities and the applicant or* patentee, or, in default of agreement, as may be settled in the manner hereinafter provided. And the terms of any agreement or license concluded between the *applicant* or patentee and any person other than *such officers or authorities*, shall be inoperative so far as concerns the making, use or exercise of the invention for the service of the Crown.

(3) Where an invention which is the subject of any patent has, before the date of the patent, been duly recorded in a document by, or tried by or on behalf of, *the officers or authorities administering any department of the service of His Majesty* (such invention not having been communicated directly or indirectly by the *applicant* or patentee), *such officers or authorities*, or such of *their* agents, contractors, or others, as may be authorised in writing by *them*, may, *after giving notice to the applicant or patentee*, make, use or exercise the invention so recorded or tried for the service of the Crown, free of any royalty or other payment to the *applicant or* patentee, notwithstanding the existence of the patent. If in the opinion of *such officers or authorities* the disclosure to the *applicant* or patentee, as the case may be, of the document recording the invention, or the evidence of the trial thereof, if required, would be detrimental to the public interest, it may be made confidentially to counsel on behalf of the *applicant* or patentee, or to any independent expert mutually agreed upon.

(4) In the event of any dispute as to the making, use or exercise of an invention under this section, or the terms therefor, or as to the existence or scope of any record or trial as aforesaid, the matter shall be referred to the High Court for decision, who shall have power to refer the whole matter or any question or issue of fact arising thereon to be tried before a special or official referee or an arbitrator upon such terms as it may direct. The Court, referee or arbitrator, as the case may be, may, with the consent of the parties, take into consideration the validity of the patent for the purposes only of the reference and for the determination of the issues between the *applicant or patentee* and *such officers or authorities*. The Court, referee,

or arbitrator, further, in settling the terms as aforesaid, shall be entitled to take into consideration any benefit or compensation which the *applicant or* patentee, or any other person interested in the patent, may have received directly or indirectly from the Crown or from *such officers or authorities* in respect of such patent:

Provided that, if the inventor or patentee is a Government servant and the subject-matter of the invention is certified by the Governor General in Council or Local Government to be connected with work done in the course of such service, any such dispute shall be settled by the Governor General in Council after hearing the *applicant* or patentee and any other person having an interest in the invention or patent.

(5) The right to use an invention for the services of the Crown under the provisions of this section, or any provisions for which this section is substituted, shall include, and shall be deemed always to have included, the power to sell any articles made in pursuance of such right which are no longer required for the services of the Crown.

(6) Nothing in this section shall affect the right of the Crown or of any person deriving title directly or indirectly from the Crown to sell or use any articles forfeited under any law for the time being in force relating to customs or excise.

Assignment of patent to the Secretary of State for India in Council.

21A (1) The inventor of any improvement in instruments or munitions of war may (either for or without valuable consideration) assign to the Secretary of State for India in Council on behalf of His Majesty all the benefit of the invention and of any patent obtained or to be obtained for the invention; and the Secretary of State for India in Council may be a party to the assignment.

(2) The assignment shall effectually vest the benefit of the invention and patent in the Secretary of State for India in Council on behalf of His Majesty, and all covenants and agreements therein contained for keeping the invention secret and otherwise shall be valid and effectual (notwithstanding any want of valuable consideration), and may be enforced accordingly by or on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council.

(3) Where any such assignment has been made, the Governor General in Council may, at any time before the publication of the specification, certify to the Controller that, in the interest of the public service, the particulars of the invention and of the manner in which it is to be performed should be kept secret.

(4) If the Governor General in Council so certify, the application and specification, with the drawings (if any) and any amendment of the specification and any copies of such documents and drawings, shall, instead of being left in the ordinary manner at the Patent Office, be delivered to the Controller in a packet sealed by authority of the Governor General in Council.

(5) The packet shall, until the expiration of the term during which a patent for the invention may be in force, be kept sealed by the Controller, and shall not be opened save under the authority of an order of the Governor General in Council.

(6) The sealed packet shall be delivered at any time during the continuance of the patent to any person authorized by the Governor General in Council to receive it, and shall if returned to the Controller be again kept sealed by him.

(7) On the expiration of the term of the patent, the sealed packet shall be delivered to the Governor General in Council.

(8) Where the Governor General in Council certifies as aforesaid after an application for a patent has been left at the Patent Office but before the publication of the specification, the application and specifications, with the drawings (if any), shall be forthwith placed in a packet sealed by authority of the Controller, and the packet shall be subject to the foregoing provisions respecting a packet sealed by authority of the Governor General in Council.

(9) No proceeding by petition or otherwise shall be for revocation of a patent granted for an invention in relation to which a certificate has been given by the Governor General in Council as aforesaid.

(10) No copy of any specification or other document or drawing, by this section required to be placed in a sealed packet, shall in any manner whatever be published or open to the inspection of the public, but, save as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions of this Act shall apply in respect of any such invention and patent as aforesaid.

(11) The Governor General in Council may at any time waive the benefit of this section with respect to any particular invention, and the specifications, documents and drawings shall be thereforth kept and dealt with in the ordinary way.

(12) The communication of any invention for any improvement in instruments or munitions of war to the Secretary of State for India in Council or the Governor General in Council or to any person or persons authorised by the Secretary of State for India in Council or the Governor General in Council to investigate the same or the merits thereof, shall not, nor shall anything done for the purposes of the investigation, be deemed use or publication of such invention so as to prejudice the grant or validity of any patent for the same

Amendment of section 22, Act II of 1911.

16. In section 22 of the said Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1), for the words "the reasonable requirements of the public with respect to a patented invention have not been satisfied" the words "the demand for a patented article in British India is not being met to an adequate extent and on reasonable terms" shall be substituted;

(b) in sub-section (4), for the words "the reasonable requirements of the public with reference to the patented invention have not been satisfied" the words "the demand for the patented article in British India is not being met to an adequate extent and on reasonable terms" shall be substituted; and for the words "the reasonable requirements of the public will not be satisfied" the words "the demand will not be adequately met" shall be substituted;

(c) in sub-section (5),—

(i) for the words "the reasonable requirements of the public shall not be deemed to have been satisfied" the words "the demand for a patented article shall not be deemed to have been met to an adequate extent and on reasonable terms" shall be substituted;

(ii) in clause (a), the words "or the demand for the patented article or the article produced by the patented process is not reasonably met" shall be omitted; and

(iii) in clause (b), the words "before or after the commencement of this Act" shall be omitted; and

(d) sub-section (6) shall be omitted.

17. In section 23 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 23, Act II of 1911.

(*a*) in sub-section (*2*), for the words "for the revocation of the patent" the words "for relief under this section" shall be substituted; and

(*b*) in sub-section (*2*), after the words "may make an order" the letter and brackets "(*a*)" shall be inserted, and after clause (*a*) the following shall be added, namely:—

"or

(*b*) ordering the patentee to grant a license to the applicant which may be a license exclusive to him or otherwise as the Governor General in Council may direct."

18. After section 23 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:— Insertion of new section 23-A in Act II of 1911.

"23-A. An order of the High Court under section 22 or the Governor General in Council under section 22 or section 23 directing the grant of any license shall, without prejudice to any other method of enforcement, operate as if it were embodied in a deed granting a license and executed by the patentee and all other necessary parties." Operation of order under section 22 or section 23.

19. In clause (*g*) of sub section (*1*) of section 26 of the said Act, for the words "a part", in both places where they occur the words "the whole or a part" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 26, Act II of 1911.

20. In sub section (*2*) of section 35 of the said Act, for the words "either of" the word "all" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 35, Act II of 1911.

21. After section 35 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:— Insertion of new section 35-A in Act II of 1911.

"35-A. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 19, 72 the Court in any action for infringement of a patent finds that any one or more of the claims in the specification in respect of which the infringement is alleged are valid, it may, subject to its discretion as to costs and as to the date from which damages should be reckoned and to such terms as to amendment as it may deem desirable, grant relief in respect of any of such claims which are infringed without regard to the invalidity of any other claim in the specification. In exercising such discretion the Court may take into consideration the conduct of the parties in inserting such invalid claims in the specification or permitting them to remain there." Grant of relief in respect of particular claims.

22. In section 36 of the said Act— Amendment of section 36, Act II of 1911.

(*1*) for the words "to be the patentee of an invention" the words "to have an interest in a patent" shall be substituted;

(*2*) for the words "any legal rights of the person making such threats" the words "the patent" shall be substituted; and

(*3*) for the proviso the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that this section shall not apply if an action for infringement of the patent is commenced and prosecuted with due diligence."

23. In section 44 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 44, Act II of 1911.

(*1*) in clause (*a*), for the words "new and original design" the words "new or original design" shall be substituted; and

(*c*) after clause (*b*) the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that such subsequent registration shall not extend the period of copyright in the design beyond that arising from previous registration."

Insertion of new sections 51A and 51B in Act II of 1911

24. After section 51 of the said Act the following sections shall be inserted, namely :—

Cancellation of registration.

"51A. (*1*) Any person interested may present a petition for the cancellation of the registration of a design—

(*a*) at any time after the registration of the design to the High Court on any of the following grounds, namely :—

(*i*) that the design has been previously registered in British India ; or

(*ii*) that it has been published in British India prior to the date of registration ; or

(*iii*) that the design is not a new or original design ; or

(*b*) within one year from the date of the registration, to the Controller on either of the grounds specified in sub-clauses (*i*) and (*ii*) of clause (*a*).

(*2*) No appeal shall lie from any order of the Controller under this section to the High Court, and the Controller may at any time refer any such petition to the High Court, and the High Court shall decide any petition so referred.

Registration of design to bind the Crown.

51B. The provisions of section 21 shall apply to registered designs as if those provisions were re-enacted herein and in terms made applicable to registered designs."

Amendment of section 62, Act II of 1911

25. In section 62 of the said Act, clause (*b*) shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 63, Act II of 1911.

26. In section 63 of the said Act,—

(*a*) for sub-sections (*1*) and (*2*) the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*1*) Where a person becomes entitled by assignment, transmission or other operation of law to a patent or to the copyright in a registered design, he may make application to the Controller to register his title, and the Controller shall, on receipt of such application and on proof of title to his satisfaction, register him as the proprietor of such patent or design, and shall cause an entry to be made in the prescribed manner in the register of the assignment, transmission or other instrument affecting the title.

(*2*) Where any person becomes entitled as mortgagee, licensee or otherwise to any interest in a patent or registered design, he may make application to the Controller to register his title, and the Controller shall, on receipt of such application and on proof of title to his satisfaction, cause notice of the interest to be entered in the prescribed manner in the register of patents or designs, as the case may be, with particulars of the instrument, if any, creating such interest" ; and

(*b*) after sub-section (*3*) the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(*4*) Except in the case of an application made under section 64, a document or instrument in respect of which no entry has been made in the register in accordance with the provisions of sub-section

(*I*) and (*II*) shall not be admitted in evidence in any Court in proof of the title to a patent or to copyright in a design or to any interest therein, unless the Court, for reasons to be recorded in writing, otherwise directs."

27. In section 64 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 64, Act II of 1911.

(*a*) in sub-section (*I*), for the words "A High Court" the words "The Controller," and for the words "as it may think fit" the words "as he thinks fit and rectify the register accordingly" shall be substituted, respectively;

(*b*) in sub-section (*2*), for the word "Court" the word "Controller" shall be substituted;

(*c*) for sub-section (*3*) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*3*) an appeal shall lie to the High Court from any order of the Controller under this section; and the Controller may refer any application under this section to the High Court for decision, and the High Court shall dispose of any application so referred"; and

(*d*) for sub-section (*5*) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*5*) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to empower the Controller—

(*a*) to rectify the register of patents, or to decide any question relating to a patent, otherwise than for the purpose of correcting a mistake of fact apparent from a reference either to the patent itself or to some order of a competent authority made under any other provision of this Act, or

(*b*) to make any such order cancelling the registration of a design as is provided for in section 51A."

28. Section 69 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (*I*) of that section, and to that section as so renumbered the following sub-section shall be added, namely :— Amendment of section 69, Act II of 1911.

"(*2*) An appeal shall lie to the Governor General in Council from an order of the Controller under this section."

28A. In section 70 of the said Act, for the word "two", in both places where it occurs, the word "three" shall be substituted. *Amendment of section 70, Act II of 1911.*

29. After section 74 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new section 74A in Act II of 1911.

"74A. Where a person giving notice of any opposition under this Act or giving notice to the Court of appeal from any decision of the Controller under this Act, neither resides nor carries on business in British India, the Controller or the Court, as the case may be, may require such person to give security for the payment of all costs incurred and likely to be incurred in the proceedings or appeal, as the case may be, and, in default of such security being given, may disallow the opposition or dismiss the appeal." Security for costs.

30. In section 77 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 77, Act II of 1911.

(*I*) after clause (*a*) of sub-section (*2*) the following clauses shall be inserted, namely :—

(*aa*) for the manner in which fees leviable under this Act may be paid ;

(*aaa*) for ensuring secrecy with respect to patents to which section 21A applies ;", and

(*f*) after sub-section (*f*) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

"(*fA*) Nothing in sub section (*f*) shall apply in the case of rules made for the purpose specified in clause (*xv*) of sub-section (*1*); and any such rules may modify any of the provisions of this Act so far as may be necessary for that purpose."

Amendment of section 78A Act II of 1911

31. In section 78A of the said Act,—

(*1*) in clause (*a*) of the proviso to sub-section (*1*), for the word "four" the word "six" shall be substituted ; and

(*2*) in sub-section (*4*), after the words "His Majesty's dominions", where they first occur the words "or of any State in India", and after those words where they occur for the second time, the words "or in that State, as the case may be", shall be inserted.

Amendment of the Schedule to Act II of 1911.

32. In the Schedule to the said Act in the entry specifying the fee payable before the expiration of the 8th year from the date of a patent, for the figures "50" the figures "100" shall be substituted, and for the last five entries the following shall be substituted, namely :—

	Rs.
"Before the expiration of the 12th year from the date of the patent	150
Before the expiration of the 13th year from the date of the patent	150
Before the expiration of the 14th year from the date of the patent	150
Before the expiration of the 15th year from the date of the patent	150
Provided that the fees for two or more years may be paid in advance.	
On application to extend the term of a patent ..	50
Before the expiration of each year of the extended term of a patent or of a new patent granted under section 15	150
On application for registration of a design	3 "

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929 :—

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY BILL No. 21 OF 1929.

A Bill to repeal certain special enactments supplementary the ordinary criminal law.

WHEREAS it is expedient that certain special enactments supplementing the ordinary criminal law should be repealed ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title, Extent.

1. This Act may be called the Special Laws Repeal Act, 19 .

2. The repeal of any enactment by this Act shall have effect in every part of British India in which the enactment was in force at the date of the commencement of this Act, and any notification, made under any law for the time being in force, whereby any such enactment has been declared to be in force in, applicable to, or

has been extended to, any such part, shall, on and from that date, be deemed to have been cancelled in so far as it relates to that enactment.

3. The enactments mentioned in the Schedule are hereby repealed to the extent specified in the fourth column thereof. Repeal.

THE SCHEDULE.

ENACTMENTS REPEALED.

(*See section 3.*)

Year.	No.	Short title.	Extent of Repeal
		Regulations.	
1818	III	The Bengal State Prisoners Regulation, 1818.	The whole.
1819	II	The Madras State Prisoners Regulation, 1819.	The whole.
1827	XXV	A Regulation for the Confinement of State Prisoners, Bombay.	The whole
		Acts of the Governor General in Council.	
1850	XXXIV	The State Prisoners Act, 1850	The whole.
1857	XXIII	The Punjab Murderous Outrages Act, 1857	The whole.
1911	X	The Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act, 1911	The whole.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

The ordinary criminal law of the land is sufficient to deal with persons guilty of offences against the State. The Indian Penal Code was not in the Statute-book when the Bengal, Madras and Bombay Regulations were enacted. The other three enactments, *viz.*, Act XXXIV of 1850, Act XXIII of 1857 and Act X of 1911 are no longer necessary.

"PURRACHAL,"
BURDWAN:
The 31st July 1929.

AMAR NATH DUTT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929 :—

L.A. BILL No. 22 OF 1929.

A Bill to secure a share for Hindu widows in their husbands' family property.

WHEREAS it is expedient to secure a share for Hindu widows in their husbands' family property ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Hindu Widows' Right of Inheritance Act, 19 . Short title, extent and commencement.

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan and the Scothal Parganas.

(3) It shall come into force on the day of 19 .

Definition.

2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, "Widow" includes the widow of a person who at the time of his death professed the Hindu, Jaina or Sikh religion.

Widow's right to share in joint family and other property of her husband.

3. (1) Where the husband of a widow was at the time of his death a member of a joint family, the widow shall be entitled to such share of the joint family property as her husband would have been entitled to, had a partition taken place in his lifetime, and may sue for partition. This share shall become her absolute property.

(2) Where the husband of a widow was not at the time of his death a member of a joint Hindu family, the widow shall take all his property absolutely:

Provided that, should a widow adopt a son to her deceased husband, the personal law of adoption applicable to the widow shall take effect but to the extent of a moiety only of the family property.

Widow's share to be exclusive of *stridhan*.

4. A widow's share under this Act shall be exclusive of her independent personal property or her *stridhan*.

Widow's claim to maintenance to cease on separation of her share.

5. A widow's claim to maintenance from the funds of a joint family shall cease on the partition and separation of her share as provided in this Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Hindu Law of inheritance, so far as women are concerned, is unsatisfactory and unjust, and the position of Hindu widows under it is deplorable.

A Hindu woman does not get any share in her father's property—share in the sense of property of which she becomes absolute owner—nor does she get any in her husband's. Widow's right of inheritance is very scantily and sparingly recognised by different schools of Hindu Law. Katyayana says "Let the widow succeed to her husband's wealth"—Mitakshara ii, 2 s. 2 (Mayne's Hindu Law, p. 757). Mayne says: "Originally she (the widow) shared in the general incapacity for inheritance which affected all women . . . neither Manu, Apasthamba, Vashishtha nor Narada recognise her right as heir though they do acknowledge that of the daughter and the mother," p. 756.

After tracing the growth of widows' rights, Mayne says that Mitakshara arrived at the conclusion that "the widow is entitled to inherit to her husband, if he died separated and not re-united and leaving no male issue, and this rule is now adopted universally except where the authority of Jimuta Vahana prevails", p. 762. He adds: "It is therefore equally settled in Bengal that a widow succeeds to her husband's share when he is undivided just as she would to the entire property of one who held as separated". But even in Bengal the widow of a son who pre-deceases his father undivided inherits nothing.

Then as a rule "a widow's right as heir does not go beyond the reason for it, *viz.*, her claim to a personal maintenance. And this is the reason why, where a woman inherits to a male, his heirs and not hers take at her death" A widow's right is practically a right to maintenance and no more.

In practice a widow in Hindu society is at the mercy of coparceners. Even though her husband may have amassed the entire wealth of the family and she may, during his lifetime, have lived a life of affluence and luxury, as soon as he dies, the entire property goes to the surviving male members of the family and she becomes thenceforth only entitled to maintenance, which, as popularly understood, denotes bare means of living.

This state of affairs may have operated tolerably well in days when India was practically isolated from the rest of the world, and the principles and ideals underlying the joint Hindu family system were properly understood and fully acted upon by members of the family. But with the disappearance of those ideals which the originators of the joint family system had in view, the non-observance of the principles on which this system was originally based, the gradual and slowly continuing disintegration of the joint family system, the progressive loosening of caste bonds, resulting in gradual disappearance of the homogeneity and the harmony of Hindu society and various other causes—all due more or less to the acceptance of new ideas of life and conduct and the influence of foreign culture and contact—the Hindu Law of Inheritance has begun to operate against women with a disastrous effect and their lives are becoming difficult and distressful and often miserable; while the condition of widows has become intolerable and in many cases appalling.

The present Bill proposes to give relief to Hindu widows by giving them a share in family property and making them sole owners of their deceased husbands' personal property.

HARBILAS SARDA.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 24th September 1929:—

L.A. BILL NO. 23 OF 1929.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Majority Act, 1875.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Majority Act, 1875, so as to attain uniformity and certainty respecting the age of majority; It is hereby enacted as follows:— IX of 1875.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Indian Majority (Amendment) Act, 19 . Short title and commencement.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may notify in this behalf.

2. In section 3 of the Indian Majority Act, 1875, the words beginning with "of whose person or property" and ending with the words "the minor has attained that age" shall be omitted; and in the same section the words beginning with "Subject as aforesaid" to the end of the section shall be omitted. IX of 1875. Amendment of section 3, Act IX of 1875.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The object of the Bill is to attain that uniformity which the framers of the Act of 1875 desired to achieve. If it was too big a jump in 1875 to raise the age of majority from 15 years to 21 years, it is not so to-day, 50 years later, to raise it from 18 to 21 years, and that even only in a few cases. Young men at an age as early as 18 years are exposed to so much temptations and dangers that it is extremely necessary that they should be adequately protected. The modern

tendency invariably is to increase the period of nonage. This Bill proposes to repeal those provisions of the Indian Majority Act of 1875 which make it possible for a minor to attain majority even at the age of 18 years.

The 26th July 1929. GANGANAND SINHA.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 28th September 1929 :—

L.A. BILL No. 24 OF 1929.

A Bill to finally recognise and place beyond doubt the validation of inter-marriages of Arya Samajists.

WHEREAS it is expedient to finally recognise and place beyond doubt the validation of inter-marriage of Arya Samajists ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and extent.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Arya Marriage Validation Act, 19 .

(*2*) It shall apply to the whole of British India and shall apply to all cases that may come up for decision after the passing of the Act whether the marriage in question has taken place before or after the passing of this Act.

Definition.

2. For the purpose of this Act "Arya Samajist" shall mean a person who—

(*a*) is a member of any Arya Samaj ; or

(*b*) is a member of the family of, or a relative dependent on, or a person under the guardianship of, any person mentioned in clause (*a*) ;

(*c*) within five years of the passing of this Act or within one year of his marriage (whichever period expires last) executes a written document expressing himself to be an Arya Samajist or in terms equivalent thereto, and includes the members of the family of, relatives dependent on, and persons under the guardianship of, such a person.

Explanation.—Where the document mentioned in clause (*c*) is registered under the Indian Registration Act, 1908, it shall be conclusive and no evidence shall be admissible to prove that any person mentioned in clause (*c*) is not an Arya Samajist. XVI of 1908.

Validation of inter-marriages of Arya Samajists.

3. No marriage of an Arya Samajist shall be invalid by reason of the couple having belonged to different castes or sub-castes of Hindus or to different religions, any law or usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

As the Arya Samajists who form quite an appreciable number of the Indian population conscientiously believe that the present caste system is not in accordance with their scriptures, the Vedas, and as according to the law as administered at present marriages among couples belonging to different castes or sub-castes are considered invalid and there is a fear of the issue of such marriages being declared illegitimate and as quite a large number of such marriages have taken place and more would have taken place had there been no such obstacles, it is necessary to have a law which would give relief to the Arya Samajists. Hence the above short law is proposed.

MUKHTAR SINGH.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929 :—

L.A. Bill No. 25 of 1929.

A Bill to provide for the protection of Cattle.

WHEREAS the prices of agricultural cattle and milk have gone up abnormally on account of shortage of cattle, due, in no small measure, to the overseas trade in dry meat ;

And whereas, as a result thereof, the agriculturist has to undergo great hardships and sufferings and the people, particularly the vegetarians, have to go without milk ;

And whereas it has been found expedient to reduce the sufferings of the agriculturists and save the people from mal-nutrition and consequent death ;

It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and extent.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Prevention of Export of Dried Meat Act, 19 .

(*2*) It shall extend to the whole of British India.

Definition.

2. "Cattle" shall mean and include cows, bulls, bullocks or buffaloes as well as their young ones.

Offence.

3. Subject to anything otherwise provided for in any part of this Act or by rules made under this Act, it shall be unlawful for any person—

(*a*) to directly or indirectly knowingly despatch or attempt to despatch cattle meat by ship, boat, sailing vessel or in any other way from any port or seashore in British India to any destination ;

(*b*) to knowingly despatch or carry or attempt to despatch or carry cattle meat by rail, road, conveyance or in any other way from any part of British India to any other part outside British India ;

(*c*) to carry on as principal or agent trade in cattle meat for export trade or knowingly to finance such trade ; or

(*d*) to do any other act or wilfully cause, allow or permit any other act to be done in contravention of the provisions of this Act or of the rules to be made under this Act;

Exemption.

Provided that it shall not be unlawful to carry dry or fresh cattle meat by steamer or sailing vessel for the *bona fide* use of passengers and crew during the outward voyage from the shores of India.

Rule making power.

4. The Government of India and the Local Government, in consultation with the Government of India, shall have power to make such rules as may be necessary for the proper working of this Act

Publication of rules.

5. All such rules shall be published in the official Gazette of the Government by which such are made, and on publication shall have effect as if they were enacted under this Act.

Offences cognizable and bailable.

6. All offences under this Act shall be cognizable and bailable and shall be triable by a Magistrate of the first class.

Punishment.

7. Any person found guilty of any offence under this Act or under rules made or to be made under this Act, or of abetment thereof, shall be punishable with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend, in the case of first offenders, to six months, or fine which may extend to one thousand rupees, or both, and

forfeiture to His Majesty of the cattle meat if any captured; and in the case of other offenders the punishment may extend to imprisonment for two years, or fine which may extend to five thousand rupees, or both, and, in addition, forfeiture of the meat as well as the ship, sailing vessel, boat or any other conveyance by which the attempt is made to carry the meat.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

India is mainly an agricultural country. Nearly two-thirds of the population depend directly or indirectly upon agriculture. The bulk of the people are also vegetarians. Cattle are essential to the agriculturist and milk to the great bulk of the population. Since the introduction of dry meat trade in India an enormous number of cattle has been slaughtered every year for the purpose of trade. This has naturally seriously raised the prices of cattle and milk. The agriculturist finds it increasingly difficult to purchase a sufficient number of cattle for his plough. The dearness of milk is not a less serious hardship upon the people in general, but its evil results have been most felt in the case of infants. The number of deaths of infants who die for want of proper nourishment is appalling. The great rise in infant mortality during recent years has been distressing. The object of this Bill is to combat these growing evils to some extent by penalising export trade in cattle meat.

The 26th July, 1929. GANGANAND SINHA.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929:—

L.A. BILL No. 26 OF 1929.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926; It is hereby enacted as follows:— XXXVIII of 1926.

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Indian Bar Councils (Amendment) Act, 1929.

(*2*) It shall extend to the whole of British India, where the Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926, is in force. XXXVIII of 1926.

(*3*) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, appoint.

Amendment of section 4, Act XXXVIII of 1926

2. In section 4 of the Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act),— XXXVIII of 1926

(a) sub-section (*3*) shall be omitted; and

(*b*) the proviso to sub-section (*4*) shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 9, Act XXXVIII of 1926.

3. In section 9 of the said Act,—

(a) to sub-section (*3*) the following words shall be added at the end, namely:—

"and shall also provide for uniformity of rights, privileges and robes of advocates"; and

(*b*) sub-section (*4*) shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 14, Act XXXVIII of 1926.

4. In section 14 of the said Act,—

(a) in clause (*a*) of sub-section (*1*), the words and figures "subject to the provisions of sub-section (*4*) of section 9" shall be omitted; and

(*b*) sub-section (*3*) shall be omitted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The main object of the Indian Bar Councils Act, 1926, was the creation of a united Indian Bar. There are certain provisions in the Act which stand in the way of creation of a united bar by allowing distinction about rights and privileges among advocates. It is desirable that the Act should be so amended, which will do away with all distinctions among advocates, to facilitate the creation of a united Indian Bar.

"PUERACHAL,"
BURDWAN;
The 31st July 1929.

AMAR NATH DUTT.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929 :—

L.A. BILL No. 27 OF 1929.

A Bill further to amend the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920, for certain purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920, for certain purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows :— XLVII of 1920.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Imperial Bank of India (Amendment) Act, 19 . Short title and commencement.

(*2*) It shall come into force on such date as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, appoint.

2. After clause (*b*) of sub-section (*2*) of section 10 of the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the following clauses and sub-section shall be inserted, namely :— XLVII of 1920. Insertion of new clauses and sub-section in section 10, Act XLVII of 1920.

"(*c*) that from the date of the promulgation of this Act as amended, the total number of European officers shall not at any period exceed the number employed at the time of amalgamation of the Presidency Banks; and

(*d*) that the London branch shall provide training for at least five Indian graduates from recognised Universities every year.

(*3*) All future agreements with the Imperial Bank of India shall be subject to the approval of the Legislative Assembly and shall be of temporary nature."

3. In clause (*c*) of sub-section (*1*) of section 28 of the said Act, after the words "such number of Managing Governors not exceeding two as may be appointed by the Governor General in Council after consideration of the recommendations of the Central Board" the words "of whom one at least shall be an Indian" shall be inserted. Amendment of section 28 Act XLVII of 1920.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

It was expected that a Reserve Bank for India will come into existence and will exercise the privileges now enjoyed by the Imperial Bank of India at present. It will take a few more years till India has her own Reserve Bank under the control of the Government and people of India. Eventually the Imperial Bank of India will have to take place with other Banks in India, and hence it is desired that neither the Government of India nor the Secretary of State should enter into any further agreement without consent of the Legislature Assembly. The Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920, was framed

mainly in the interests of its old constituents—the Presidency Banks, and it is desired in the interest of the tax payers that the special privileges it has been so far enjoying should not be abused.

2. A number of minor amendments in the interest of the tax-payers and the Indian public are also made to focus the attention of the authorities of the Imperial Bank to their definite obligations to India and Indians.

B. DAS.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1923 :—

L.A. BILL No. 28 OF 1923.

A Bill to remove certain existing disabilities in respect of the power of adoption amongst Hindus.

WHEREAS it is expedient to remove certain disabilities in respect of the power of adoption amongst Hindus; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Adoption Validating Act, 19 .

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, provided that the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, exclude any province from the operation of this Act.

(3) It shall come into force on the 1st day of 19 .

Adoption of sons of certain relatives legalised.

2. Notwithstanding any custom, rule or interpretation of the Hindu Law to the contrary, no adoption by a Hindu shall be invalid by reason only that the adoptive father could not have legally married in her maiden state the genitive mother of the adopted son.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

This Bill is intended to legalise the adoption of the daughter's son, sister's son, mother's sister's son and the like, whose adoptions are at present regarded by British Indian Courts as invalid, amongst the three higher classes of Hindus. This rule of prohibition is based on a fantastic conception, itself the result of an implication arising from a pure metaphor, that the adopted son must be the "reflection" of the natural-born son. Out of this conception a rule came to be gradually evolved that the adopted boy must not be so related to the adoptive father that the latter could not have married his genitive mother in her maiden state. The rule, when so stated, had the effect of excluding from the circle of persons capable of being adopted some of the most eligible relatives like the daughter's son, or sister's son. Consequently, in course of time, attempts were made to evade the rule, and ultimately, by a somewhat forced interpretation of the Smriti texts, the disqualification came to be restricted, for instance in the Bombay Presidency, to the three higher classes of Hindus.

(*See* Ramchandra Krishna Joshi and others *versus* Gopal Dhonoo Joshi and others—I.L.R. 32 Bombay, 612.)

(Gopannan Bulkrishna Deshpande *versus* Kashinath Narayan Deshpande—I.L.R. 39 Bombay, 410.)

Even amongst these classes, exceptions have been recognised to the rule, apparently as the result of local customs, *e.g.*, amongst the Brahmans of the Southern Maratha Country the adoption of a daughter's son or sister's son is allowed.

(*See* Vayidinada *versus* Appu—I.L.R. 9 Madras, 44.)

Likewise, the adoption of a daughter's son has been recognised amongst Brahmans in many parts of the Madras Presidency.

(*See* Sri Vadrava Viswasundara Row and another *versus* Ryah Somasundara Rao—I.L.R. 43 Madras, 878.)

Many eminent commentators of the texts and also British Indian judges have doubted the propriety of this prohibition, and there are strong grounds in support of the view that, even in ancient times, the texts giving rise to the prohibition were regarded as purely recommendatory. It is, therefore, thought expedient and desirable to remove the restriction altogether, the origin and propriety of which were always doubtful, and to extend the adoptive father's freedom of choice to some of his nearest relatives (such as his daughter's son), who from the view-point of natural love and affection may be regarded as most eligible for adoption.

The 25th June 1929. M. R. JAYAKAR.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929 :—

L.A. BILL No. 29 OF 1929.

A Bill to declare gains of learning by a Hindu to be his separate property.

WHEREAS it is expedient to remove all uncertainty as to the extent and nature of the right, title and interest, which a member of a Hindu joint family has over property acquired by him by means of his learning and to provide a uniform rule applicable thereto, irrespective of the nature of such learning and acquisition; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Hindu Gains of Learning Act, 1929.

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India.

(*3*) It shall come into force on the 1st day of January 1930.

Definitions.

2. In this Act, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*a*) the expression "learning" shall mean education, whether elementary, liberal, technical, special or scientific, and training of every kind, which is usually intended to enable a person to pursue any trade, industry, profession or avocation in life;

(*b*) the expression "gains of learning" shall mean all acquisitions of property made substantially by means of learning, whether such acquisitions be made before or after the commencement of this Act and whether such acquisitions be the ordinary or the extraordinary result of such learning; and

(*c*) the expression "acquirer" means a member of a Hindu joint family, who acquires the gains of learning.

Gains of learning to be the separate property of the acquirer.

3. Notwithstanding any custom, rule or interpretation of the Hindu Law to the contrary, no property being gains of learning made by the acquirer shall be held not to be his exclusive and separate property—

(*a*) by reason of such learning having been, in whole or in part, imparted to him by any member, living or deceased, of such family, or with the aid of the joint funds of such family, or with the aid of the funds of any member thereof, or

(b) by reason of himself or his family having, while he was acquiring such learning, been maintained or supported, wholly or in part, by the joint funds of such family or by the funds of any member thereof.

Saving clause.

4. Nothing in this Act contained shall affect—

(a) any decision which may have been passed in any suit or proceeding before the coming into operation of this Act by any Court or other competent authority;

(b) any right or liability created under a partition of, or an agreement for a partition of, joint family property, made prior to the commencement of this Act;

(c) any right or liability of any party to a suit or proceeding pending at the date of the commencement of this Act;

(d) any alienation made of, or charge created over, any property prior to the commencement of this Act by any person other than the acquirer; or

(e) any sale made, prior to the commencement of this Act, in execution of a decree

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STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.*

The Bill reproduces what, it is submitted, is the true rule of the Hindu Law, in the matter of individual and personal earnings by the member of a joint family. It derives support from the equitable and liberal spirit which pervades the utterances of the Smriti writers (with almost a solitary exception) on the subject-matter of this Bill and which forms quite a contrast to the narrow views of the latter-day commentators and the decisions based thereon. The opinion of many eminent British Indian Judges, including their Lordships of the Privy Council, who have approached the subject without pre-possession, is distinctly in favour of the principle of the Bill. The propriety of conceding to the acquirer the sole and independent right in his gains of learning is not merely a matter of expediency, but a question of natural justice which, in modern times, can hardly be gain said by any fair-minded person. The Bill, if passed, will check wasteful, harassing and unrighteous litigation, remove distrust and greatly tend to promote peace and goodwill among members of Hindu families. The measure will likewise lead to a profitable employment of capital, that is otherwise locked up in jewellery and in safes, by removing some of the obstacles existing in the present state of the law, which induce a wealthy member of a family to keep his savings in disguised investments in landed property, rather than in an open and easily convertible form.

2. An important result of the proposed Bill will be that it will immensely improve the position of the female members in a Hindu family. The widow and the daughter of the acquirer, often left helpless, will, in the absence of male issue, take by inheritance the deceased's gains of learning, in preference to distant male members who can, under the present law, lay claim to the same by survivorship.

3. The present rule is archaic. It is based upon a misconception of the true spirit of the Hindu Law and has, in modern conditions of Hindu society, the effect of stagnation. It breeds most wasteful

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* See 1891, Madras Law Journal, page 130, and 1900, Madras Law Journal, page 3.

litigation, as is obvious to any one, who has even a cursory acquaintance with reported Indian decisions or the Daily Cause Lists of judicial tribunals. It is necessary that the original doctrine should be revived, which will set the spirit of private enterprise and individual exertion once more free from the trammels imposed in later times.

4. The Bill aims at laying down the law in a progressive spirit suited to modern times, and in terms free from ambiguity. It seeks to remove the grave uncertainty and doubt which hang round the question. The important modification of the existing law, which it seeks to introduce, is to put the gains of special or scientific learning on the same footing as those of ordinary education. There are cogent reasons, in modern conditions of life, for the adoption of such a course. Any other plan must result in impracticable and fanciful distinctions and anomalies. To refer only to one case which is a fruitful source of harassing litigation. The issue is comparatively clear as to cases where the education imparted at the expense of the family funds is a purely elementary one. (Lakshman *versus* Jamnabai, I.L.R., 6 Bombay 225.) It is equally clear where such instruction is on a special branch of education, for instance, training for the I.C.S. (Gokal Chand *versus* Hukam Chand-Nath, L.R. 48, Indian Appeals, p. 163.) But the issue is not clear in cases which fall neither in the one nor in the other category. Such cases are numerous.

5. Under the old law of the Smritis (with possibly the single exception of Katyayana), acquisitions made by means of learning were the exclusive property of the acquirer. (See e.g., Manu Smriti, Chapter IX, Verse 206. Narada Smriti, Chapter XIII, Verse 6.) There was no distinction drawn between ordinary or special and scientific education, nor between ordinary and extraordinary gains of learning. If, however, the acquisition itself was made with the aid of family funds, it was divisible among the coparceners. Later commentators, however, relying upon the text of Katyayana, have placed restrictions on the right of the acquirer in the gains made by him by means of his learning. According to these later authorities, the gains of science are divisible among the members of the family, if the acquirer was instructed in the science by a member of his family or if, while he was studying the science, he or his family had been maintained by other members of the undivided family. It was only where the learning was acquired from a stranger and while receiving maintenance from strangers, that the gains of science formed the separate property of the acquirer. According to these commentators, whether the learning is ordinary or special, the gains of such learning are divisible if the learning was imparted at the expense of the family or by a member of the family. The Mitakshara does not make any difference between the ordinary and extraordinary gains of learning.

6. The view taken by the Courts with regard to this question has undergone considerable fluctuations. At first it was held that the gains of an ordinary general education, at all events the ordinary gains of such education, were partible, if the education was imparted at the family expense or was received by a person in the enjoyment of a family maintenance. Latterly, however, the tendency of the Courts has been in favour of the opposite view, viz., that the gains of education imparted at the expense of the family are divisible only where the education is in a special branch of science which is the source of acquisition and not the elementary or general education

which is the necessary stepping stone to the acquisition of all sciences. The view taken by the Courts at the present time is opposed to the ancient texts, and is based upon distinctions of an unworkable character which have caused great uncertainty and confusion in their practical application. They place one class of earnings at a great disadvantage. The large majority of people who acquire property by means merely of an ordinary or general education, can treat their gains as their separate property; but the comparatively smaller section of the community, which acquires property by means of a special, scientific or extraordinary education, must divide its gains with the other members of the family. There is often great difficulty in working out the distinction drawn between the two classes of cases. What is special or scientific education and what is ordinary or general education is a matter which it is extremely difficult to determine. The standard of education varies in different localities, in different classes and in different families. It is also shifting from time to time. What might at one time have been regarded as extraordinary education becomes ordinary education after the lapse of some years. What might be ordinary education in the case of a wealthy family would be extraordinary education in a family of scanty means. The result is a great uncertainty of the present law. It is impossible for any person who acquires property by his learning to feel any certainty that his earnings will be regarded as his own. The uncertainty is greater if the distinction drawn in some of the texts and decisions between ordinary and extraordinary gains of learning is borne in mind.

7. A state of the law which renders it impossible for the acquirer of property to know whether he can or cannot exercise any control over it, calls for immediate alteration. The desire of a person to keep for himself what he has earned and the disposition to regard such earnings as his exclusive property are so universal that the claim of the acquirer to his acquisitions must be regarded as natural and legitimate. Likewise, the legal recognition of the claim of the acquirer to be master of his own earnings is the strongest impetus to exertion, an incentive to increase his wealth and a means of promoting the progress of the community.

8. The question did not assume any great importance till modern times, for self-acquisitions were comparatively rare. Under the old conditions of life, when the members of a family all lived together in the same place and followed the same occupation, there was seldom any scope for such acquisition. But, under the altered conditions of present-day life, when the joint family is constantly splitting up and the members leave their ancestral home for different places to seek their living by new pursuits, not merely is the strength of the family tie considerably loosened, but the amount of the acquisitions of the individual members is, in the main, determined by the capacity, character and special aptitude of the individual.

9. It cannot be denied that the consequences of the present law are unfair to the acquirer and his widow and female issue. So long as he remains an undivided member of the family, the other members have an equal share in his earnings during his lifetime, and the acquirer cannot make a gift, *inter vivos* or after his death, out of his acquisitions even to his own daughter or widow, in order to redress the inequalities of the Hindu Law of Intestate succession. The idle members of his family do not act very hostilely to the earner in his lifetime, for he can effect a partition, and thereby deprive them of

all opportunity of sharing his subsequent earnings. Troubles generally arise after the death of the acquirer, and they affect persons least able to protect themselves. If the acquirer dies leaving a widow and female children only, the children are entitled to nothing, and the widow has a bare claim to maintenance. A more shocking case of injustice can hardly be imagined. The proposed measure will have the effect of raising in some cases at least, the status of women and uplifting them out of a position of helpless dependence in which they are placed by the present law.

10. By depriving a person of control over his earnings, the present law checks the natural impulses to earn and to save. It has also the effect of compelling the acquirer of property to find a means of circumventing the restrictions of the law. It exercises a demoralising influence upon his character by inducing him to have recourse to dishonest subterfuges like *benami* transactions.

11. Likewise, the present rule is not favourable to the growth of self-reliance among the dependent members of the family. In a rich family, it offers a premium to extravagance, idleness and perpetual discord. Its injustice is manifestly galling. Take, *e.g.*, a case in which a father has three sons and incurs the same expenditure on their education. He sends them all to England to be educated for the I.C.S. One is successful, the other two fail. Of the two who fail, one takes to trade, the other is unwilling to do any work and remains idle. The trader earns a large fortune, which the present law allows him to keep to himself, because his education in England was for the Civil Service and not for trade. But, out of the earnings of the Civilian, two shares are claimed, one by the trader and the other by the brother who has been idle. The trader keeps his own earnings and also takes a share of the Civilian's earnings. Take again a case in which three brothers are given by their father the same education, for the same profession and at the same cost. Though they have had the same start in life, the degree of success attained by them may vary according to the differences of aptitude, character and other advantages, natural or accidental. Is there any reason in this case why the more successful brother should be compelled to share his earnings with his less able brothers? It is not suggested here that the claim of a brother to support and assistance should not be recognized by his more fortunate brother, but the claim should rest upon purely moral sanctions, and should not be invested with any legal recognition. Knowing, as we all do, the great intensity of family ties among Hindus, it would be absurd to contend that, if legal obligations were removed, the moral obligation would cease to be recognized even to the extent to which it prevails among non-Hindu races.

12. There is, likewise, ample basis for the view that the ancient Hindu Law did not regard a person who spent money upon the education of a member of his family as having any legal right to reimbursement or return of the outlay. Ages ago, it was laid down by the Smritis, and it is still the Law, that an educated member of the family is entitled to demand a partition at any time and his share is not liable to be debited with even a farthing of the cost of his education, however high it may have been. Nor can the member who has made the outlay compel the member, educated at his expense, to earn or to save or even to postpone his demand for partition, and it is perfectly true to assert that a member of the family who spends money for another's education has no legal right to any return of the

outlay. His expectation of benefit, if any, is a mere moral expectation, and it is neither necessary nor feasible to clothe it with legal sanction without violating the most deep-rooted principles of the Hindu Law.

13. If an educated member of a family, unrestrained by feelings of delicacy, forces a partition as soon as he begins to earn, the family has no legal claim upon him for reimbursement of the outlay made on his education, nor any share in his future acquisitions. It is not, therefore, merely anomalous but unjust that, while in such a case the earning member should be able to keep all his earnings to himself, the educated member who, from feelings of generous delicacy, does not wish to enforce a partition against the other members, but confers benefits upon them during the time they are joint, should, in return for his generosity, be subjected to the penalty of a forfeiture of the greater part of his own acquisitions.

14. The Bill will also have the effect of preventing an inquiry into the character of the education and the means by which such education was imparted. The difficulties of such an inquiry in any suit concerning the property of the acquirer are enormous, especially when it takes place after the death of the acquirer and many years after the completion of his education. In most cases, such an inquiry is very harassing, when conducted at the expense of the estate and with a helpless widow or daughter on the defensive.

15. No fear need be entertained that the present Bill, if passed into law, will lead to the violent break-up of the joint family system, for, while the existing law furnishes the strongest inducement to the educated member to separate himself as soon as he begins to make a respectable income, the Bill, on the other hand, would remove this inducement.

16. The Bill is in conformity with the unquestionable working of the 'great law of property' as Ruskin called it, which obtains in all civilized countries and according to which a man who works for a thing shall be allowed to get it, keep it and consume it in peace.

The 12th July 1929. M. R. JAYAKAR.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929:—

L.A. BILL No. 30 OF 1929.

A Bill to regulate the publication of reports of judicial proceedings in such manner as to prevent injury to public morals.

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate the publication of reports of judicial proceedings in such manner as to prevent injury to public morals; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Judicial Proceedings Regulation Act, 19 .

(2) It extends to the whole of British India including British Baluchistan and the Sonthal Parganas.

(3) It shall come into force on the 1929.

Publication of judicial proceedings relating to an indecent matter.

2. It shall not be lawful to print or publish or cause or procure to be printed or published in relation to any judicial proceedings any indecent matter or indecent medical, surgical or physiological details, being matter or details the publication of which would be calculated to injure public morals.

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to the printing of any pleadings, transcript of evidence or other document for use in connexion with any judicial proceeding or the communication thereof to persons concerned in the proceedings or to the printing or publishing of any notice or report in pursuance of the directions of Court, or the printing or publishing of any matter in any separate volume or part of a *bona fide* series of law reports or in any publication of a technical character *bona fide* intended for circulation among members of the legal or medical profession.

Punishment.

3. If any person acts in contravention of the provisions of this Act, he shall in respect of each act be liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two months or to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees or to both such imprisonment and fine:

Provided that no person other than a proprietor, editor, master, printer or publisher shall be liable to be convicted under this Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Progressive countries have realized the necessity of preventing the publication of indecent details concerning judicial proceedings, the two outstanding examples being France and Great Britain. The necessity that arises in this behalf is an urgent one particularly in cases where minor children are involved and where sordid details of domestic life have to be exposed in law courts. This Bill follows generally the lines and language of the British enactment covering the same subject.

The 30th July 1928. DIWAN CHAMAN LALL.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929:—

L.A. BILL No. 31 OF 1929.

A Bill to abolish the punishment of death for offences under the Indian Penal Code.

WHEREAS it is expedient to abolish the punishment of death in British India, which may be inflicted in pursuance of sentences passed under the Indian Penal Code; It is hereby enacted as follows:— XLV of 1860.

Short title, extent, application and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Abolition of Capital Punishment Act, 19 .

(2) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan, and the Santhal Parganas.

(3) The provisions of this Act shall apply to all persons to whom the provisions of the Indian Penal Code apply.

(4) It shall come into force on the 1st January 1931.

Abolition of capital punishment.

2. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Penal Code whereby Courts are empowered to pass a sentence of death by way of punishment, no Court in British India shall pass such sentence of death for any offence committed in or outside British India, by any person to whom the provisions of this Act apply. XLV of 1860.

Exception.—The provisions of this Act shall not affect the provisions of section 132 of the Indian Penal Code or, of the Indian Army Act, 1911, or any other law or Statute passed either by the Indian Legislature or the British Parliament, under which death penalty can be inflicted, and which affects the discipline or maintenance of His Majesty's military, naval or air forces in India. XLV of 1860, VIII of 1911.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Capital punishment has been wholly or partly abolished in many of the progressive countries of the world. Australia, Belgium, Denmark, Holland, Italy, Norway, Portugal, Sweden, and a few States in America, have already done away with death penalty. Public opinion in England, and in many other countries is also coming round to the view that capital punishment is a relic of barbarism, and is not suited to the moral needs of the present time. The plea that capital punishment acts as a deterrent, and exercises a restraining influence, is not borne out by the experience of modern States.

The arguments in support of the abolition of the death penalty are shortly as follows:—

It demoralizes those who inflict it; its harshness has the effect of hardening the public sentiment. To authorize killing is to tamper with the sanctity of human life; sometimes innocent persons have been sentenced to death, and in such cases no reparation is possible. Science has now proved that murders are often committed under the influence of a *frenzy*, which is of the nature of a disease, and has to be treated like many other diseases by proper therapeutic means. To end the life of such criminal may seem to be a short cut; but it has the effect of depriving the culprit of all opportunity of improvement under proper remedial conditions. In times when the dignity of human life was not adequately realized, public conscience tolerated this drastic remedy. But with the growth of a larger perception of the economy of human life, and the need of making the best use of the same, it is necessary that means should be adopted to remove this method of punishment. The principle that punishment for offences should be primarily regarded as a means of correction and reformation of criminals and criminally inclined persons, as also as a means of educating the moral conscience of the community against crimes of violence or cruelty makes it imperative under modern conditions that the death penalty for offences should be abolished. The provisions of the Bill are accordingly intended to give effect to the above objects.

The Bill is not intended to affect any Statute of the British Parliament applicable to India, nor does it in any way affect discipline in His Majesty's army, navy, or air force.

The 3rd July 1929. GAYA PRASAD SINGH.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September, 1929:—

L.A. BILL No. 43 OF 1929.

A Bill to make better provision for certain heirs, under Hindu Law, especially with respect to women, regarding their rights of inheritance.

Whereas it is expedient to make better provision for certain heirs, under Hindu Law, especially with respect to women, regarding their rights of inheritance; it is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Hindu Law (Amendment) Act, 19 .

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India.

(*3*) It shall come into force on and from the day of 19 .

Share of daughter.

2. Notwithstanding any provision of Hindu Law to the contrary, and irrespective of the fact that she changes her religion or that she is married or unmarried, barren or issueless, or with issue, which is male or female, indigent or wealthy, chaste or unchaste, widowed or not, or suffering from disease, distemper, or deformity, curable or incurable, or that there is a custom excluding her from inheritance, every daughter in a Hindu family shall be entitled to inherit the property, ancestral or otherwise, of her father:

Provided that—

(*i*) where he leaves sons or grandsons or great-grandsons in the male line, a daughter shall take only a share equal to half of what she would get, if all the children of the father were sons;

(*ii*) where he leaves a widow, father or mother along with female issue, the latter shall take, out of the share provided for in proviso (1) *supra*, only two thirds, and the remaining one third shall be taken for life by the widow, father, or mother, or, all together, or such of them as shall be in existence, at the time, and the reversion therein shall be vested in the female issue aforesaid, or failing them, their heirs;

(*iii*) where the property left by the father is an Impartible Estate, or an Estate in which the Law of Primogeniture prevails, or both, the eldest daughter shall succeed to the whole Estate of the father, in cases where he leaves no male issue or widow; and every daughter who does not take the Estate itself, shall, as to rights of maintenance and other rights to properties, be in the same position, as if she were a younger son of the father, except that, in cases where he leaves a son or sons, the daughter or daughters shall have a right to recover, from the holder of the Estate, half of the maintenance, which a younger brother would get, if all the children of the father were sons.

Nature of right taken by daughter.

3. Every daughter, inheriting her father's or mother's property, shall take the same or her share therein, absolutely; and for purposes of reinheritance by her heirs, the property shall be treated as her *Stridhanam*, with rights of disposition.

Provided that—

(*i*) in cases where a daughter inherits the whole property of the father, and dies leaving one or more sons or daughters, or both, the share shall pass to her, absolutely, in the proportion of 3 to 1; and in the absence of children, the whole share, and in default of sons, but the existence of daughter or daughters, two shares out of the four, shall pass to the reversioners of the father, and the remaining two shares be taken by the daughter, or daughters together;

(*ii*) in cases where the daughter does not get the whole share of the father, but only a fractional share of a son or sons, as provided in this section, the property, which pass she so inherits, shall absolutely to her sons and daughters, in the proportion of 3 to 1 aforesaid; and in default of daughters, the whole property, which she inherits, shall pass to the sons; and in default of the latter, to her daughters, and in default of both sons and daughters, to her other heirs, but not to the reversioners of her father.

Nature of right taken by widow.

4. Notwithstanding any rule of the Mitakshara to the contrary, every widow shall have a right to enjoy, during her lifetime, or widowhood (in the event of re-marriage) any share of the property, to which her husband would have been entitled, if a partition had been effected just prior to his death:

Provided that where the husband has left male issue, she shall be entitled, during her life, to a share equal to that of a son.

Order of succession of sister and sister's son.

5. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Mitakshara or Dayabhaga schools of Hindu Law, the sister and sister's son shall rank, in the order of succession, next after the brother's grandson.

Woman's right to partition

6. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Hindu Law, a woman shall have a right to claim partition of a share, to which she may be entitled and get the same separated.

Rights of alienation in a joint Hindu family.

7. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Mitakshara, a member of a joint Hindu family shall be entitled to alienate family property by way of gift, devise, sale, mortgage or the like with respect to the whole or any portion of his share.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

It is intended by this Bill to extend the scope of the Hindu Law of Inheritance, as at present administered, by giving larger rights to women generally and to the members of a Hindu joint family and also to sister's sons and other heirs. As regards the existing rights of inheritance of women under Hindu Law, there is a large body of public opinion which desires that their position should be improved, especially that of daughters and widows. I have thought over the matter and consulted friends on the subject; and I must confess that while the desire to improve the position of daughters, sister's son and widows, to mention only a few of the heirs under Hindu Law, is strong in them, there is not only no consensus of opinion, as to what should exactly be their position and status, with respect to succession, but there is a great diversity and divergence of opinion. Some say that the giving of a share to women and a right to partition will tend to create disruption of the Hindu joint family system, and therefore suggest that only the value of the share should be given to them. Some are of opinion that, if the value of the share be given to them, the husband, the father-in-law, or other male relations, as the case may be, of the daughter, the widow, and other female heirs, will have an incentive to appropriate it to themselves, in times of need. They, therefore, suggest the advisability of giving them an annuity and making it to secure for the benefit, if necessary, of their issue, wholly, or until their education is completed, or their marriage is over, or majority is attained. I had therefore to draft Bills, from time to time, on different considerations. At last, I considered it better to provide a share to these heirs.

One object I kept in view throughout was, not altogether to ignore the claims of reversioners, who seemed to me to be unpopular in the eyes of some of the present-day Hindus, with respect to their rights of succession. They were allowed rights on the ground that it is they who have, in the absence of nearer heirs, to promote the spiritual benefit, by offering oblations and *pinda* to the propositus, in cases where he dies issueless. My chief aim in not ignoring their claim is to give some importance to the offer of *pinda* and oblation, which most of the Hindus believe would tend to the spiritual benefit of the propositus.

NOTES ON CLAUSES.

In clause 2 of the Bill I provide for the daughter a share in the property of the father. My reason for this is, that, I consider, it is

only just, for she shares, with sons, the same blood and has as good a place in her parent's affections as the sons.

As the Law at present stands, under the Mitakshara School of Hindu Law, if one of two undivided brothers dies first, leaving a daughter, and afterwards the surviving brother dies childless, the estate will pass to the collateral relations and not to the daughter of the first brother. But, under the Dayabhaga School, which obtains in Bengal the daughter would, at once, take the share of her deceased father. In this case, and circumstances such as these, the administration of Law, so far as the daughters governed by the Mitakshara School is concerned, is felt to be a great hardship. I have therefore practically suggested that, in this respect, the law under Mitakshara should be brought into line, with that under Dayabhaga, and in those parts of the country where the Mitakshara prevails she should be allowed a definite share. The idea of allowing female issue a share in her father's estate is not altogether foreign to Hindu Law. If I remember aright, Yagyavalkya advocated a share to daughters.

The clause makes it clear that daughters shall have a share, irrespective of any circumstances, in which they may be placed. My reason for this is, there is a great variance in this matter in different parts of the country; and I consider these differences should not be kept up in the present conditions of things. There are certain castes, in certain parts of India, where there are local or family customs, by which a daughter is excluded from succeeding to the widow of her father.

In Bengal, incontinence will prevent a daughter taking the estate of her father. In other parts of India, virtue in the daughter is not considered essential for her to inherit; and it is not enforced in the case of any female heir other than a widow or wife.

Again, in a decision reported in the Bombay High Court Reports, it was stated that a daughter should be excluded from inheritance, in case she suffered from an incurable disease, on the authority of *Smriti Chandrika*, which based its views as to rights of daughters, upon religious principles; but the Madras High Court declined to accept this view. Similarly, with regard to other matters mentioned in the proviso, there is a great divergence of opinion. I consider that, in this matter, she should be given a right, unfettered by any conditions.

Proviso 1 allows daughters no equal share with sons, but only a moiety of their share. The reason for this distinction is that while both the son and daughter share their parent's blood equally and are equally high in the affections of their parents, one continues in the family and perpetuates the lineage of the father, the other passes out of it into a different family. On this account, I considered that a differentiation in the matter of the share was proper.

Proviso 2 deals with the cases of the rights of a widow, mother or father of a person to whose properties daughters succeed along with the sons or by themselves, when the father is devoid of male issue. Considering that a father is bound to maintain them irrespective of the possession of assets from their ancestors, it is only right they should not be altogether neglected by their grandsons (so far as the parents of the father are concerned) and by their sons (so far as their own mother or step-mother is concerned). I therefore thought it

right, they should get a portion of the share provided for the daughters for their lives, with a reversion of the same to the daughters or on their default to their heirs.

Proviso 3 places the eldest daughter in the same position as the eldest son, so far as her right to succession to Impartible Estates, and to estates in which the Law of primogeniture prevails, or in both; and in all cases where the father leaves no sons, it gives to the other daughters the same rights as to the younger sons left by the father, whose property is taken by the eldest son alone.

Clause 3 gives daughters in the share provided for her, absolute powers, except that in case where she inherits the whole property of her father, it is, in a certain proportion, divided between her sons and daughters as it is considered just, that the daughters also should get a small share in her mother's property, inherited by the latter, from her father, along with her sons. The son is necessarily provided with a larger share, as he gives *pinda* to his maternal grandfather, which daughters cannot do. In case of the failure of issue, or in case of the existence of only daughters, on the principle that those who give *pinda* to the maternal grandfather should be also benefited, I provided reversion of the whole share in the former case, and a half share in the latter case.

In cases where she has brothers and gets a fractional share, I provided that her children, and in their absence, her heirs, shall take her share and not the father's reversioners, as the father has male heirs to attend to his spiritual needs.

Clause 4 deals with the case of the widow's right. Under Dayabhaga school of law, a widow is entitled to the share of her husband for life. This is, of course, due to the fact that the law, as administered under Dayabhaga school, treats each member of an undivided family as a tenant in common and not as a joint tenant. Under Mitakshara school of law, the case is different; and a widow is entitled to maintenance from members of a joint Hindu family, though she succeeds to her husband's share, where he leaves self-acquired or separate property. It is proposed in this clause to follow the provisions of Dayabhaga in all cases. I know that there is a difference of opinion, on this matter, among those, who follow the rules of the Mitakshara. Whatever be the view taken the maintenance now allowed to the widows under Hindu Law as administered in parts other than Bengal, where Dayabhaga law prevails, varies from the full income of the share of the husband to a trifle, at the discretion of Courts. In order to give effect to her right to the full share of her husband's income, I provided that the share of the husband should be given to her for life, as in Bengal.

Proviso to clause 4 gives a widow, in cases where the husband leaves male issue, a share equal to that of a son for her life. I think it is only reasonable that the mother who was the mistress of the house before her husband's death, should be treated equally with a son in the matter of a share, though such share be limited for her life.

Clause 5 deals with the cases of sister, and sister's son. Both these are very hard cases deserving of great consideration.

In the case of a sister and her position as heir under Hindu Law, it has a checquered career. Mayne in his Hindu Law stated as follows: "She is said to have no religious efficacy whatever, as she cannot offer any oblations to her brother. Benares writers, while accepting her as a *sapinda*, by reason of affinity, do not make her a *gotra-sapinda*, as she passes into a strange *gotra* immediately on

her marriage. A passage in *Smrtis* and *Lachita* seems to affirm the right of a sister to succeed to her brother. Nandapandita and Balambhatta interpret the text of the Mitakshara, which gives inheritance to brothers, as including sisters, so that brothers take first and then sisters. The Bombay High Court, though it accepted this interpretation, does not fix her position in the line of heirs. But she is said to be opposed to the spirit of the Benares Law. Her position now stands as follows. In Bombay her right to succeed to the brother is beyond dispute. In Bengal and Benares, she has no right. In Madras, her right was recognised a few years ago and she is placed, even where she is recognised as heir, very far away from daughters and brothers." This, I consider, is very unjust.

Similarly with regard to sister's son, the same high authority says that "he has suffered and been suffering grave injustice in the matter of his right of inheritance. Among the *Bandhus* who are omitted by the Mitakshara, the sister's son has had the severest struggle for existence, having even run the gauntlet of an adverse decision from the Privy Council. His right has always been recognised under Bengal Law. She is expressly named by the Dayabhaga. In the provinces governed by Mitakshara (not including Western India) it was supposed that she had no claim and this view was put forward almost unanimously by Text writers, Pandits, and Judges. The decision of the Bengal High Court was afterwards followed by the Madras High Court and in the High Court of the North-Western Provinces." In the circumstances I thought it would be only right to advance their ranks in the order of succession.

Clause 6 deals with the right of women to claim partition. "In former times", according to Mayne, again "when partitions were made, interests of women were much better provided for, than at present When partition took place at father's death, the mother and the grandmother were each entitled to a share equal to the sons and the unmarried daughters each to a fourth share. If sons chose to remain undivided, they had a right to do so. Women could never compel a division. This still obtains where the father leaves male issue." To me it looks unreasonable and unjust to give women a right to division and yet place restrictions thereon. I therefore provided for this right.

In spite of all this, the sister and sister's son were recognised by decisions to be *mere* heirs. This is hardly fair They deserve to be brought much nearer than they are at present in the matter of their rank in the order of succession. What is after all the difference between a brother and sister, except it be their sex? While one continues in the *gotra*, the other goes out of it. The same thing may be stated with regard to the brother's son and sister's son So far as the blood relationship is concerned, one is as near to the propositus as the other. In the case of the sister's son he is in a position to attend to the spiritual necessities of his maternal uncle. I therefore think it is only right that these two heirs, the sister and her son should be promoted and allowed to rank at least after the brother's grandson. I, therefore, suggest that these be ranked as provided for in the order of succession.

Clause 7 deals with the right of alienation by a member of a joint Hindu family to dispose of his share of property as he likes. At present, an alienation by him is invalid, unless he was divided or had

declared, in an unequivocal manner, his intention to divide or separate (*vide* 31 M.L.J. 55 P.C.; 43 I.A. 15). If he so likes, just before he devised his property, he could make this declaration and then his disposition is held to be valid. In these circumstances, there is no meaning in saying that a coparcener has no right to devise property, when he can do it by means of merely making an unequivocal declaration.

V. V. JOGIAH.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1923:—

L.A. BILL No. 35 OF 1923.

A Bill to amend the Mussalman Wakf Validating Act, 1913.

WHEREAS doubts have arisen regarding the applicability of the Mussalman Wakf Validating Act, 1913, to wakfs created before its enactment; AND whereas it is expedient to resolve such doubts; It is hereby enacted as follows:— VI of 1913.

Short title. 1. This Act may be called the Mussalman Wakf Validating (Amendment) Act, 19 .

Amendment of section 1, Act VI of 1913. 2. In sub-section (2) of section 1 of the Mussalman Wakf Validating Act, 1913, after the words "It extends to the whole of British India" the following words shall be added, namely:— VI of 1913.

"and shall apply to all wakfs whenever executed"

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Muhammadan law permits a perpetual bequest in the form of a *Wakf al-aulad*, that is a bequest for the benefit of the testator's descendants. As such, it contravenes the law against perpetuities as enacted in section 14 of the Transfer of Property Act, and section 114 of the Indian Succession Act. A doubt was cast on this doctrine by the Privy Council in several cases in which their Lordships held such bequests illegal as obnoxious to the rule against perpetuities (*Abdul Fata* v. *Rasamaya* 22 C. 619 P.C.; *Abdul Fayaz* v. *Nizamuddin* 17 B.I.P.C.; *Mujib-u-nissa* v. *Abdul Sobhan* 23 A. 233 P.C.; *Muhammad Munawar Ali* v. *Rasul Bibi* 27 A. 320 P.C.). Mr. Jinnah introduced a Bill which became Act VI of 1913 restoring the validity of such *Wakfs*.

But in several cases since decided this Act is held to be inapplicable to wakfs created before its enactment (*Khajah Sulaiman* v. *Sulaimullah* 49 C. 320 P.C.; *Rahimunissa* v. *Shaik Munir Jan* 19 C.W.N. 76; *Mahomed Bakhi* v. *Dewan Ayaaz Reja* 43 C. 159; *Amir Bibi* v. *Aminbibi* 39 B. 583).

As Act VI of 1913 was merely declaratory of the validity of such wakfs, it was understood that it would apply equally to all wakfs whether created before or since that enactment. But as the Courts have held otherwise, this Bill is framed to give that Act retrospective operation.

It is apprehended that the Mussalman Wakfs Validating Act (VI of 1913) was not intended to introduce a change in the old law being enacted, to restore the old rule. This Bill will, if passed, carry out its intention by resolving a doubt resulting from recent cases.

The 8th July 1923. A. H. GHUZNAVI.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929 :—

L.A. BILL No. 36 OF 1929.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Penal Code.

XLV of 1860. WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Penal Code ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Indian Penal Code (Amendment) Act, 19 .

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India.

(*3*) It shall come into force on the first day of April 19 .

Insertion of new section 317A in Act XLV of 1860.

XLV of 1860. 2. After section 317 of the Indian Penal Code the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Punishment of putative father as abettor of offence by mother under section 317.

"317A. Whenever the mother of an illegitimate child, below the age of twelve years, shall expose or leave such child in any place with the intention of wholly abandoning such child and is convicted under section 317 of this Act, or of murder or culpable homicide, as the case may be, if the child dies in consequence of the exposure, the putative father of the child shall be charged with abetment of the offence for which the mother has been accused or convicted, and shall be presumed to be guilty until the contrary is proved, and he shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both."

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Man-made laws have at times been extremely harsh on women folk. A woman often suffers special obloquy and even gets ostracised if she becomes a mother through free love while in unmarried or widowed state. To save herself from social ostracism often she has recourse to exposure of the child of the illicit love on the roadside. At times the poor mother has not the wherewithal to support the child and social ostracism forces her to abandon the child. The law —man-made law it is in every case—provides for exemplary punishment to the unfortunate woman, but the real culprit—the man who seduced and abandoned the helpless girl and the innocent child in their deplorable state—goes unpunished. The present Bill, if passed into law, will hold the putative father equally guilty for the murder of the innocent child, and he shall be liable to receive equal punishment with the mother. Incidentally such a deterrent law will minimise seduction of helpless widows and maidens, and illicit love will be a forbidden fruit.

B. DAS.

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929 :—

L.A. BILL No. 37 OF 1929.

A Bill further to amend the Special Marriage Act, 1872.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Special Marriage Act, 1872 ; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

III of 1872. 1. This Act may be called the Special Marriage (Amendment) Act, 19 . Short title.

Amendment of preamble to Act III of 1872.

2. In the preamble to the Special Marriage Act, 1872 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act),— III of 1872

(*i*) after the words "a form of" the word "civil" shall be inserted;

(*ii*) after the words "for persons" the words "domiciled in British India" shall be inserted; and

(*iii*) the words "who do not profess the Christian, Jewish, Hindu, Muhammadan, Parsi, Buddhist, Sikh or Jaina religion" shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 2, Act III of 1872.

3. In section 2 of the said Act,—

(*i*) the words "neither of whom professes the Christian or the Jewish, or the Hindu or the Muhammadan, or the Parsi or the Buddhist, or the Sikh or the Jaina religion" shall be omitted; and

(*ii*) after the words "between persons" the words "domiciled in British India" shall be inserted

Amendment of clause 2, Second Schedule to Act III of 1872.

4. In the Second Schedule to the said Act, for clause 2 in the Declarations to be made by the bridegroom and the bride, respectively, the following shall be substituted, namely:—"I am domiciled in British India".

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The laws of all civilized countries provide for the contract of civil marriage by persons who may so desire. The disability to contract such marriages in India is merely territorial and there is no reason why a similar law should not be enacted for this country. The enactment, if passed, would be merely optional and leaves intact the existing personal laws which control the performance of marriages.

The reasons which have induced me to draft this Bill are as follows:—

Sir Henry Maine as Law Member of the Governor General's Council had introduced a Civil Marriage Bill; but, as the Government were then immediately concerned with an enactment to prescribe a civil form of marriage applicable only to Brahmos by whom they were moved for the enactment of a secular law to enable them to contract marriages, its provisions were so limited in the Bill which became Act III of 1872.

In 1909, the late Mr. Bhupendra Nath Basu and later on Dr. H. S. Gour had also introduced a similar Bill, but its provisions were eventually transformed into those of Act XXX of 1923.

The Baroda State have recently introduced a Civil Marriage Bill; while the Laws of other Indian States are understood to provide for the performance of such marriages. The advantages of the measure, if enacted, are obvious. The Bill would enable persons subject to polygamous marriage laws to contract monogamous marriages and remove the inequality in the matter of divorce. It would elevate the status of women. These benefits have already been secured to the Hindus, Buddhists, Sikhs and Jains by Act XXX of 1923, and there is no reason why the benefit that that Act confers upon the communities named should not be extended to other communities who might as regards succession be equally brought under the law enacted in the Indian Succession Act. A provision to this effect has not been inserted in the Bill, but it can be added at a later stage if public opinion favours it. The absence of a civil marriage law lends itself to perjury and artificial conversions which

it is the policy of the State to prevent. It was so observed by Sir Henry Maine who advocated the establishment of a non-sectarian marriage law in order to prevent the abuse resulting from such conversions (Proceedings Imperial Council, dated 27th November 1868, pp. 298, 299).

To sum up then the advantages of such marriages are as follows :—

1. Such marriages are recognized and provided for by the laws of all civilized countries, and it is possible to contract such marriages outside the territorial limits of India. The disability is, therefore, purely territorial, and patriotic Indians are naturally anxious to remove all such disabilities from their way.

2. The Bill is monogamous in its policy and would result in introducing monogamy where polygamous marriages alone are at present possible.

3. It would prevent artificial conversions resulting from the exigency of marriages.

4. It would give a wider field for selection and thus ensure a happier domestic life.

5. It would introduce a greater sincerity in marriages by dispensing with the subscription of a declaration which many desiring to marry under the existing Act have to subscribe to not without considerable mental reserve.

6. It would tend to the unification of the Indian races without at the same time interfering with their personal religion.

7. It would give the wife a more assured position and entitle her to exercise her right of divorce which may not be possible if married under her personal law.

8. And being merely optional it trenches upon no one's rights, but merely prescribes a form to those who, while desiring to escape from the thraldom of their religious ritual, do not wish to renounce it.

It is believed that, with the growing strength of the national sentiment, such a Bill has become a public desideratum, and it has therefore been decided to re-introduce it in the Central Legislature.

M. R. JAYAKAR

The following Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 26th September 1929 :—

L.A. Bill No. 39 of 1929.

A Bill further to amend the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, for certain purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, for certain purposes hereinafter appearing ; It is hereby enacted as follows :— IX of 1910.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Indian Electricity (Amendment) Act, 19 . Short title, extent and commencement.

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India.

(*3*) It shall come into force on the 1st day of January 1930.

Amendment of section 37, Act IX of 1910

2. In clause (3) of sub-section (2) of section 37 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, after the words "regulate the publication of IX of 1910 notices" the words "in any newspaper published in the area of supply, or, in absence of the same, in a newspaper published in the province," shall be inserted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Section 37 of the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, empowers the Governor General in Council to make rules to regulate generation, transmission, supply and use of energy, and, generally, to carry out the purposes and objects of the Act, and the Indian Electricity Rules of 1922 were framed for that purpose.

Applicants for an electric license to supply in any area of supply are required to advertise the draft license in three successive issues of the same newspaper published or circulated in the proposed area of supply. This loophole "circulated in the proposed area of supply" leads to many abuses. Advertisements have appeared in newspapers published outside the province even. That was not the purpose of the Act or Rules. With the attainment of provincial autonomy, it should be only natural to expect that such notices should be advertised in newspapers published in the town or in the province. The provision in the rule "or in such newspapers as the Local Government may approve" covers the second alternative.

I may add here that the Bill, if passed into law, will necessitate an amendment of rule 13, clause 3, to the following effect :—

In rule 13, clause 3, omit "circulated" after the words "in at least three successive issues of some newspaper published".

K. DAS.

The following Bill was introduced in the Council of State on the 23rd September 1929 :—

C. of S. Bill No. 9 of 1929

A Bill to prohibit the export of Cattle

WHEREAS it is expedient to remove preventible causes for the shortage of agricultural cattle and reduction of the milk supply in British India; and whereas the overseas trade in cattle has appreciably contributed to the said shortage of agricultural cattle and the said reduction of the milk supply, it is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Prohibition of Export of Cattle Act, 19 .

(2) It shall extend to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall come into force on the 19 .

Definition.

2. "Cattle" shall mean and include cows, bulls, bullocks and buffaloes as well as their calves.

Offence.

3. Whoever exports or carries coastwise cattle from British India or carries such cattle by rail, road, water or air within British India for the purpose of such export or carrying coastwise and whoever abets the commission of any of the said acts shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine or with both.

4. On conviction for an offence under this Act the cattle in respect of which the offence is committed shall be forfeited. Forfeiture

5. All offences under this Act shall be cognizable and bailable and shall be triable in the manner prescribed for warrant cases by a Magistrate of the first class. Offences cognizable and bailable

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

India is mainly an agricultural country. Cattle are essential to the agriculturist and milk to the great bulk of the population. A large number of cattle has of late been exported every year for the purposes of the trade. This has naturally appreciably raised the prices of cattle and milk. The scarcity of milk is a serious hardship upon the people in general, but its evil results have been most felt in the case of infants. The great rise in infant mortality during recent years has been distressing. The object of this Bill is to combat these growing evils to some extent by penalising export trade in cattle.

JUBBULPORE,
The 24th July 1929. GOVIND DAS.

The following Bill was introduced in the Council of State on the 26th September 1929:—

C. OF S. BILL NO. 10 OF 1929.

A Bill to prohibit the export trade in Cattle Meat.

WHEREAS it is expedient to remove preventible causes for the shortage of agricultural cattle and the reduction of the milk supply in British India; and whereas the overseas trade in dry meat has substantially contributed to the said shortage of agricultural cattle and the said reduction of the milk supply; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Cattle Protection Act, 19 Short title, extent and commencement.

(2) It shall extend to the whole of British India.

(3) It shall come into force on the 19 .

2. "Cattle" shall mean and include cows, bulls, bullocks and buffaloes as well as their calves. Definition.

3. Whoever exports or carries coastwise the meat of cattle slaughtered in British India or carries such meat by road, rail, water or air within British India for the purpose of such export or carrying coastwise, and whoever abets the commission of any of the said acts, shall be guilty of an offence under this Act and shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine, or both. Offences

Explanation.—It is not an offence under this Act to carry cattle meat in the manner aforesaid for the *bona fide* use of passengers or crew during a voyage.

4. On conviction for an offence under this Act the cattle meat in respect of which the offence is committed shall be forfeited. Forfeiture

5. All offences under this Act shall be cognizable and bailable and shall be triable in the manner prescribed for warrant cases by a Magistrate of the first class. Offences cognizable and bailable.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

India is mainly an agricultural country. Cattle are essential to the agriculturist and milk to the great bulk of the population. Since the introduction of the dry meat trade in India an enormous number of cattle has been slaughtered every year for the purposes of the trade. This has naturally raised the prices of cattle and milk. The agriculturist finds it increasingly difficult to purchase a sufficient number of cattle for his plough. The scarcity of milk is not a less serious hardship upon the people in general, but its evil results have been most felt in the case of infants. The great rise in infant mortality during recent years has been distressing. The object of this Bill is to combat these growing evils to some extent by penalising export trade in cattle meat.

JUBBULPORE,
The 29th July 1929.

GOVIND DAS

The following Bill was introduced in the Council of State on the 25th September 1929 :—

C. OF S. BILL NO. 11 OF 1929.

A Bill further to alter the order in which certain heirs of a Hindu male dying intestate are entitled to succeed to his estate.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to alter the order in which certain heirs of a Hindu male dying intestate are entitled to succeed to his estate; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title, extent and application.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Hindu Law of Inheritance (Second Amendment) Act, 19 .

(*2*) It extends to the whole of British India, including British Baluchistan and the Scuthal Parganas, but it applies only to persons who, but for the passing of this Act, would have been subject to the Law of Mitakshara in respect of the provisions herein enacted, and it applies to such persons in respect only of the property of males not held in coparcenary and not disposed of by will.

Order of succession of son's and brother's widow.

2. A son's widow shall, in the order of succession, be entitled to rank next after a widow and before a daughter; and a brother's widow, next after a daughter's daughter and before a sister.

Savings.

3. Nothing in this Act shall—

(*a*) affect any special family or local custom having the force of law, or

(*b*) vest in a son's widow or a brother's widow an estate larger than, or different in kind from, that possessed by a female in property inherited by her from a male according to the school of Mitakshara Law by which the male was governed, or

(*c*) enable more than one person to succeed by inheritance to the estate of a deceased Hindu male which by a customary or other rule of succession descends to a single heir.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Indian Legislature has already passed an Act recognizing the rights of such females as are related to the deceased owner by blood. This Bill purports to give similar recognition to such females in the family as are related by marriage. Every Hindu now recognizes the

hardship to which a predeceased son's widow or a brother's widow is put, when the property passes to distant relations. It is to remedy this hardship that this Bill is being promoted. The principle having already been recognized, there should be no objection to the provisions of the present Bill.

ALLAHABAD,
The 7th August 1928.

NARAYAN PRASAD ASTHANA.

[AS INTRODUCED IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.]

A Bill further to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, for a certain purpose.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, for the purpose hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows :— V of 1898.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Code of Criminal Procedure (Amendment) Act, 1929.

Insertion of new section 540 B in Act V of 1898.

2. After section 540 A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (hereinafter referred to as the said Code), the following section shall be inserted, namely :— V of 1898.

Special provision for inquiry or trial being held when accused's absence arises from his voluntary act.

"540 B (*1*) At any stage of an inquiry or trial under this Code, if the Judge or Magistrate is satisfied, for reasons to be recorded, that any accused, in consequence of a single act or series of acts done or course of conduct pursued by him after his arrest, has voluntarily rendered himself incapable of remaining before the Court, such Judge or Magistrate may, whether such accused is represented by a pleader or not, dispense with his attendance and proceed with the inquiry or trial in his absence.

(*2*) In any such inquiry or trial, where a plea is required in answer to a charge from an absent accused whose attendance has been dispensed with under sub-section (*1*), such accused shall be deemed not to plead guilty.

(*3*) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Code, no finding, sentence or order passed in such inquiry or trial shall be held to be illegal by any Court by reason of any omission or irregularity whatsoever arising from the absence of any or all of the accused whose attendance has been dispensed with under sub-section (*1*).

(*4*) No order under sub-section (*1*) dispensing with the attendance of an accused shall affect his right to attend or to be represented by a pleader at any subsequent stage of the proceedings."

Application.

3. Where an inquiry or trial has begun before the commencement of this Act, section 540 B of the said Code as hereby enacted shall have effect :

Provided that, where the accused's incapability of remaining before the Court arises from a series of acts or course of conduct begun before the commencement of this Act, the said section shall have effect only where the series of acts or course of conduct is continued after the commencement of this Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, contains no provision by which an inquiry or a trial can continue in the absence of an accused person if he is not represented by counsel. The High Court of Judicature at Lahore have recently held that there is no provision of the law by which counsel may be appointed to represent an accused person without the latter's consent. It is, therefore, possible for an accused person to bring the administration of justice to a standstill by a voluntary act by which he renders himself incapable of attending Court.

2. The provisions of this Bill are intended to prevent the delay and defeat of justice by empowering Judges or Magistrates to proceed in the absence of an accused, even if he is not represented by counsel, if the Judge or Magistrate is satisfied that his incapacity to attend Court is due to a voluntary act, done or course of conduct pursued, by him after arrest.

SIMLA, JAMES CREERAR.
The 5th September 1929.

Acts of the Indian Legislature assented to by the Governor General.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 1st October 1929, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XX OF 1929.

An Act further to amend the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, for certain purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; IV of 1882
It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and commencement.

1. (*1*) This Act may be called the Transfer of Property (Amendment) Act, 1929.

(*2*) It shall come into force on the first day of April 1930.

Amendment of section 1, Act IV of 1882.

2. In section 1 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 IV of 1882. (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), for the figures "1877" the figures "1908" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 2, Act IV of 1882.

3. In section 2 of the said Act, the word "Hindu" and the words "or Buddhist" shall be omitted.

4. In section 3 of the said Act, for the last paragraph, containing the definition of "notice", the following shall be substituted, namely :— Amendment of section 3 Act IV of 1882

"'a person is said to have notice' of a fact when he actually knows that fact, or when, but for wilful abstention from an inquiry or search which he ought to have made, or gross negligence, he would have known it.

Explanation I.—Where any transaction relating to immoveable property is required by law to be and has been effected by a registered instrument, any person acquiring such property or any part of, or share or interest in, such property shall be deemed to have notice of such instrument as from the date of registration or, if the instrument has been registered under sub-section (2) of section 30 of XVI of 1908. the Indian Registration Act, 1908, from the earliest date on which a memorandum thereof has been filed by any Sub-Registrar under section 66 of that Act:

Provided that—

(1) the instrument has been registered and its registration completed in the manner prescribed by the Indian XVI of 1908 Registration Act, 1908, and the rules made thereunder,

(2) the instrument has been duly entered or filed, as the case may be, in books kept under section 51 of that Act, and

(3) the particulars regarding the transaction to which the instrument relates have been correctly entered in the indexes kept under section 55 of that Act.

Explanation II.—Any person acquiring any immoveable property or any share or interest in any such property shall be deemed to have notice of the title, if any, of any person who is for the time being in actual possession thereof

Explanation III.—A person shall be deemed to have had notice of any fact if his agent acquires notice thereof whilst acting on his behalf in the course of business in which that fact is material.

Provided that, if the agent fraudulently conceals the fact, the principal shall not be charged with notice thereof as against any person who was a party to or otherwise cognizant of the fraud."

5. In section 4 of the said Act, for the figures "1877" the figures "1908" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 4, Act IV of 1882.

Amendment of section 5, Act IV of 1882.

6. In section 5 of the said Act, after the words "or to himself" the words "or to himself" shall be inserted; and to the same section the following paragraph shall be added, namely:—

"In this section 'living person' includes a company or association or body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, but nothing herein contained shall affect any law for the time being in force relating to transfer of property to or by companies, associations or bodies of individuals."

Amendment of section 6, Act IV of 1882.

7. In section 6 of the said Act, after clause (*d*) the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*dd*) A right to future maintenance, in whatsoever manner arising, secured or determined, cannot be transferred."

Amendment of section 11, Act IV of 1882.

8. For the second paragraph of section 11 of the said Act beginning with the words "Nothing in this section" and ending with the words "in a particular manner" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"Where any such direction has been made in respect of one piece of immoveable property for the purpose of securing the beneficial enjoyment of another piece of such property, nothing in this section shall be deemed to affect any right which the transferor may have to enforce such direction or any remedy which he may have in respect of a breach thereof."

Amendment of section 15, Act IV of 1882.

9. In section 15 of the said Act, for the words "as regards the whole class" the following words shall be substituted, namely:—

"in regard to those persons only and not in regard to the whole class".

Substitution of new sections for sections 16, 17 and 18, Act IV of 1882.

10. For sections 16, 17 and 18 of the said Act the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—

Transfer to take effect on failure of prior interest.

"16. Where, by reason of any of the rules contained in sections 13 and 14, an interest created for the benefit of a person or of a class of persons fails in regard to such person or the whole of such class, any interest created in the same transaction and intended to take effect after or upon failure of such prior interest also fails.

Directions for accumulation.

17. (*1*) Where the terms of a transfer of property direct that the income arising from the property shall be accumulated either wholly or in part during a period longer than—

(*a*) the life of the transferor, or

(*b*) a period of eighteen years from the date of the transfer,

such direction shall, save, as hereinafter provided, be void to the extent to which the period during which the accumulation is directed exceeds the longer of the aforesaid periods, and at the end of such last-mentioned period the property and the income thereof shall be disposed of as if the period during which the accumulation has been directed to be made had elapsed.

(*2*) This section shall not affect any direction for accumulation for the purpose of—

(*i*) the payment of the debts of the transferor or any other person taking any interest under the transfer, or

(*ii*) the provision of portions for children or remoter issue of the transferor or of any other person taking any interest under the transfer, or

(*iii*) the preservation or maintenance of the property transferred;

and such direction may be made accordingly.

Transfer in perpetuity for benefit of public.

18. The restrictions in sections 14, 16 and 17 shall not apply in the case of a transfer of property for the benefit of the public in the advancement of religion, knowledge, commerce, health, safety, or any other object beneficial to mankind."

Amendment of section 39, Act IV of 1882.

11. In section 39 of the said Act,—

(*a*) the words "with the intention of defeating such right" shall be omitted, and for the words "of such intention" the word "thereof" shall be substituted; and

(*b*) the *Illustration* shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 40, Act IV of 1882.

12. In section 40 of the said Act, for the words "of the latter property or to compel its enjoyment in a particular manner," the words "in a particular manner of the latter property" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 43, Act IV of 1882.

13. In section 43 of the said Act, after the word "person" the words "fraudulently or" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 52, Act IV of 1882.

14. (*1*) In section 52 of the said Act,—

(*a*) for the words "active prosecution" the word "pendency" shall be substituted;

(*b*) for the words "a contentious" the word "any" shall be substituted; and

(*c*) after the words "suit or proceeding", where they occur for the first time, the words "which is not collusive and" shall be inserted.

(*2*) To the same section the following *Explanation* shall be added, namely:—

"*Explanation.*—For the purposes of this section, the pendency of a suit or proceeding shall be deemed to commence from the date of the presentation of the plaint or the institution of the proceeding in a Court of competent jurisdiction, and to continue until the suit or proceeding has been disposed of by a final decree or order and complete satisfaction or discharge of such decree or order has been obtained, or has become unobtainable by reason of the expiration of any period of limitation prescribed for the execution thereof by any law for the time being in force."

Substitution of new section for section 53, Act IV of 1882.

15. For section 53 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Fraudulent transfer.

"53. (*1*) Every transfer of immoveable property made with intent to defeat or delay the creditors of the transferor shall be voidable at the option of any creditor so defeated or delayed.

Nothing in this sub-section shall impair the rights of a transferee in good faith and for consideration.

Nothing in this sub-section shall affect any law for the time being in force relating to insolvency.

A suit instituted by a creditor (which term includes a decree-holder whether he has or has not applied for execution of his decree) to avoid a transfer on the ground that it has been made with intent to defeat or delay the creditors of the transferor, shall be instituted on behalf of, or for the benefit of, all the creditors.

(2) Every transfer of immovable property made without consideration with intent to defraud a subsequent transferee shall be voidable at the option of such transferee.

For the purposes of this sub-section, no transfer made without consideration shall be deemed to have been made with intent to defraud by reason only that a subsequent transfer for consideration was made."

Insertion of new section 53A in Act IV of 1882.

16. After section 53 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Part performance.

"53A. Where any person contracts to transfer for consideration any immoveable property by writing signed by him or on his behalf from which the terms necessary to constitute the transfer can be ascertained with reasonable certainty,

and the transferee has, in part performance of the contract, taken possession of the property or any part thereof, or the transferee, being already in possession, continues in possession in part performance of the contract and has done some act in furtherance of the contract,

and the transferee has performed or is willing to perform his part of the contract,

then, notwithstanding that the contract, though required to be registered, has not been registered, or, where there is an instrument of transfer, that the transfer has not been completed in the manner prescribed therefor by the law for the time being in force, the transferor or any person claiming under him shall be debarred from enforcing against the transferee and persons claiming under him any right in respect of the property of which the transferee has taken or continued in possession, other than a right expressly provided by the terms of the contract:

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect the rights of a transferee for consideration who has no notice of the contract or of the part performance thereof."

Amendment of section 55, Act IV of 1882.

17. In section 55 of the said Act,—

(*a*) in sub-clause (*a*) of clause (1), after the word "property" the words "or in the seller's title thereto" shall be inserted;

(*b*) in sub-clause (*b*) of clause (4), after the word "buyer", where it occurs for the second time, the words "any transferee without consideration or any transferee with notice of the non-payment," shall be inserted; and after the words "on such amount or part" the words

"from the date on which possession has been delivered" shall be added; and

(*c*) in sub-clause (*b*) of clause (6), the words "with notice of the payment" shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 56, Act IV of 1882.

18. For section 56 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Marshalling by subsequent purchaser.

"56. If the owner of two or more properties mortgages them to one person and then sells one or more of the properties to another person, the buyer is, in the absence of a contract to the contrary, entitled to have the mortgage-debt satisfied out of the property or properties not sold to him, so far as the same will extend, but not so as to prejudice the rights of the mortgagee or persons claiming under him or of any other person who has for consideration acquired an interest in any of the properties."

Amendment of section 58, Act IV of 1882.

19. In section 58 of the said Act,—

(*a*) to clause (*c*) the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that no such transaction shall be deemed to be a mortgage, unless the condition is embodied in the document which effects or purports to effect the sale";

(*b*) in clause (*d*)—

(*i*) after the words "Where the mortgagor delivers possession" the words "or expressly or by implication binds himself to deliver possession" shall be inserted;

(*ii*) for the words "and to appropriate them", the words "or any part of such rents and profits and to appropriate the same" shall be substituted; and

(*iii*) after the words "or partly in lieu of interest", for the word "and" the word "or" shall be substituted and

(*c*) after clause (*e*) the following clauses shall be added, namely:—

"(*f*) Where a person in any of the following towns, namely, the towns of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Karachi, Rangoon, Moulmein, Bassein and Akyab, and in any other town which the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, specify in this behalf, delivers to a creditor or his agent documents of title to immovable property, with intent to create a security thereon, the transaction is called a mortgage by deposit of title-deeds.

(g) A mortgage which is not a simple mortgage, a mortgage by conditional sale, an usufructuary mortgage, an English mortgage or a mortgage by deposit of title-deeds within the meaning of this section is called an anomalous mortgage."

20. In section 59 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 59, Act IV of 1882

(a) after the words "a mortgage", where they first occur, the words "other than a mortgage by deposit of title-deeds" shall be inserted; and

(b) the third paragraph beginning with the words "Nothing in this section" and ending with the words "a security thereon" shall be omitted.

21. After section 59 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:— Insertion of new section 59A in Act IV of 1882

"59A. Unless otherwise expressly provided, references in this Chapter to mortgagors and mortgagees shall be deemed to include references to persons deriving title from them respectively." References to mortgagors and mortgagees to include persons deriving title from them.

22. In section 60 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 60, Act IV of 1882.

(a) for the word "payable" the word "due" shall be substituted;

(b) for the words "the mortgage-deed, if any, to the mortgagor" the following words shall be substituted, namely:—

"to the mortgagor the mortgage-deed and all documents relating to the mortgaged property which are in the possession or power of the mortgagee";

(c) for the word "order" the word "decree" shall be substituted; and

(d) after the words "remaining due on the mortgage, except" the word "only" shall be inserted.

23. After section 60 of the said Act the following sections shall be inserted, namely:— Insertion of new sections 60A and 60B in Act IV of 1882.

60A. (1) Where a mortgagor is entitled to redemption, then, on the fulfilment of any conditions on the fulfilment of which he would be entitled to require a re-transfer, he may require the mortgagee, instead of re-transferring the property, to assign the mortgage-debt Obligation to transfer to third party instead of re-transference to mortgagor.

and transfer the mortgaged property to such third person as the mortgagor may direct; and the mortgagee shall be bound to assign and transfer accordingly.

(2) The rights conferred by this section belong to and may be enforced by the mortgagor or by any encumbrancer notwithstanding an intermediate encumbrance; but the requisition of any encumbrancer shall prevail over a requisition of the mortgagor and, as between encumbrancers, the requisition of a prior encumbrancer shall prevail over that of a subsequent encumbrancer.

(3) The provisions of this section do not apply in the case of a mortgagee who is or has been in possession.

Right to inspection and production of documents.

60F. A mortgagor, as long as his right of redemption subsists, shall be entitled at all reasonable times, at his request and at his own cost, and on payment of the mortgagee's costs and expenses in this behalf, to inspect and make copies or abstracts of, or extracts from, documents of title relating to the mortgaged property which are in the custody or power of the mortgagee."

Substitution of new section for section 61, Act IV of 1882.

24. For section 61 of the said Act and the *Illustration* thereto the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Right to redeem separately or simultaneously.

"61. A mortgagor who has executed two or more mortgages in favour of the same mortgagee shall, in the absence of a contract to the contrary, when the principal money of any two or more of the mortgages has become due, be entitled to redeem any one such mortgage separately, or any two or more of such mortgages together."

Amendment of section 62, Act IV of 1882.

25. In section 62 of the said Act,—

(*a*) after the word "property", where it first occurs, the words "together with the mortgage-deed and all documents relating to the mortgaged property which are in the possession or power of the mortgagee" shall be inserted;

(*b*) for the words "the interest of the principal money" the words "or any part thereof a part only of the mortgage-money," shall be substituted; and

(*c*) for the words "the principal money," where they occur for the second time, the words "the mortgage-money or the balance thereof" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 63, Act IV of 1882.

26. In section 63 of the said Act, for the words "at the same rate of interest" the words "with interest at the same rate as is payable on the principal, or, where no such

rate is fixed, at the rate of nine per cent per annum" shall be substituted

27. After section 63 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new section 63A in Act IV of 1882.

"63A. (1) Where mortgaged property in possession of the mortgagee has during the continuance of the mortgage, been improved, the mortgagor, upon redemption, shall, in the absence of a contract to the contrary, be entitled to the improvement; and the mortgagor shall not, save only in cases provided for in sub-section (2), be liable to pay the cost thereof. Improvements to mortgaged property

(2) Where any such improvement was effected at the cost of the mortgagee and was necessary to preserve the property from destruction or deterioration or was necessary to prevent the security from becoming insufficient, or was made in compliance with the lawful order of any public servant or public authority, the mortgagor shall, in the absence of a contract to the contrary, be liable to pay the proper cost thereof as an addition to the principal money with interest at the same rate as is payable on the principal, or, where no such rate is fixed, at the rate of nine per cent per annum, and the profits, if any, accruing by reason of the improvement shall be credited to the mortgagor."

28. In section 64 of the said Act, the words "for a term of years" shall be omitted. Amendment of section 64, Act IV of 1882.

29. In section 65 of the said Act,— Amendment of section 65, Act IV of 1882.

(a) in clause (d), the words "for a term of years" shall be omitted ; and

(b) the words "Nothing in clause (c), or in clause (d), so far as it relates to the payment of future rent, applies in the case of an usufructuary mortgage" shall be omitted.

30. After section 65 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new section 65A in Act IV of 1882.

"65A. (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), a mortgagor, while lawfully in possession of the mortgaged property, shall have power to make leases thereof which shall be binding on the mortgagee. Mortgagor's power to lease.

(2) (a) Every such lease shall be such as would be made in the ordinary course of management of the property

concerned, and in accordance with any local law, custom or usage.

(*b*) Every such lease shall reserve the best rent that can reasonably be obtained, and no premium shall be paid or promised and no rent shall be payable in advance

(*c*) No such lease shall contain a covenant for renewal.

(*d*) Every such lease shall take effect from a date not later than six months from the date on which it is made.

(*e*) In the case of a lease of buildings, whether leased with or without the land on which they stand, the duration of the lease shall in no case exceed three years, and the lease shall contain a covenant for payment of the rent and a condition of re-entry on the rent not being paid within a time therein specified

(*3*) The provisions of sub-section (1) apply only if and as far as a contrary intention is not expressed in the mortgage-deed; and the provisions of sub-section (*2*) may be varied or extended by the mortgage-deed and, as so varied and extended, shall, as far as may be, operate in like manner and with all like incidents, effects and consequences, as if such variations or extensions were contained in that sub-section"

Amendment of section 67, Act IV of 1882.

31. In section 67 of the said Act,—

(*a*) for the word "payable" the word "due" shall be substituted;

(*b*) for the words "an order", wherever they occur, the words "a decree" shall be substituted; and

(*c*) for clause (*a*) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*a*) to authorize any mortgagee, other than a mortgagee by conditional sale or a mortgagee under an anomalous mortgage by the terms of which he is entitled to foreclose, to institute a suit for foreclosure, or on usufructuary mortgagee as such or a mortgagee by conditional sale as such to institute a suit for sale; or".

Insertion of new section 67A in Act IV of 1882

32. After section 67 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Mortgagee when bound to bring one suit on several mortgages.

"67-A. A mortgagee who holds two or more mortgages executed by the same mortgagor in respect of each of which he has a right to obtain the same kind of decree under section 67, and who sues to obtain such decree on

any one of the mortgagees, shall, in the absence of a contract to the contrary, be bound to sue on all the mortgages in respect of which the mortgage-money has become due."

Substitution of new section for section 68, Act IV of 1882.

33. For section 68 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Right to sue for mortgage-money

"68. (*1*) The mortgagee has a right to sue for the mortgage-money in the following cases and no others, namely :—

(*a*) where the mortgagor binds himself to repay the same ;

(*b*) where, by any cause other than the wrongful act or default of the mortgagor or mortgagee, the mortgaged property is wholly or partially destroyed or the security is rendered insufficient within the meaning of section 65, and the mortgagee has given the mortgagor a reasonable opportunity of providing further security enough to render the whole security sufficient, and the mortgagor has failed to do so ;

(*c*) where the mortgagee is deprived of the whole or part of his security by or in consequence of the wrongful act or default of the mortgagor ;

(*d*) where, the mortgagee being entitled to possession of the mortgaged property, the mortgagor fails to deliver the same to him, or to secure the possession thereof to him without disturbance by the mortgagor or any person claiming under a title superior to that of the mortgagor ;

Provided that, in the case referred to in clause (*a*), a transferee from the mortgagor or from his legal representative shall not be liable to be sued for the mortgage-money.

(*2*) Where a suit is brought under clause (*a*) or clause (*b*) of sub-section (*1*), the Court may, at its discretion, stay the suit and all proceedings therein, notwithstanding any contract to the contrary, until the mortgagee has exhausted all his available remedies against the mortgaged property or what remains of it, unless the mortgagee abandons his security and, if necessary, re-transfers the mortgaged property."

Amendment of section 69, Act IV of 1882.

34. In section 69 of the said Act,—

(*a*) the first paragraph beginning with the words "A power conferred by the mortgage-deed" and ending

with the words "specify in this behalf" shall be numbered as sub-section (*1*);

(*b*) in the sub-section so numbered,—

(*i*) for the words "A power conferred by the mortgage-deed on the mortgagee, or on any person on his behalf, to sell or concur in selling, in default of payment of the mortgage-money, the mortgaged property, or any part thereof, without the intervention of the Court, is valid in the following cases and in no others, namely:—" the following words shall be substituted, namely:—

"Notwithstanding anything contained in the Trustees' and Mortgagees' Powers Act, 1866, a mortgagee, or any person acting on his behalf, shall, subject to the provisions of this section, have power to sell or concur in selling the mortgaged property, or any part thereof, in default of payment of the mortgage-money, without the intervention of the Court, in the following cases and in no others, namely:—"; XXVIII of 1866.

(*ii*) in each of clauses (*b*) and (*c*), after the word "where" the words "a power of sale without the intervention of the Court is expressly conferred on the mortgagee by the mortgage-deed, and" shall be inserted; and

(*iii*) in clause (*c*), for the word "is" the words "was, on the date of the execution of the mortgage-deed," shall be substituted, and after the words "any other town" the words "or area" shall be inserted;

(*c*) the word "But" in the beginning of the second paragraph shall be omitted, and the said paragraph ending with the words "after becoming due" shall be numbered as sub-section (*2*), and clauses (*1*) and (*2*) of the said paragraph shall be lettered as (*a*) and (*b*), respectively;

(*d*) the third paragraph beginning with the words "When a sale has been made" and ending with the words "exercising the power" shall be numbered as sub-section (*3*),

(*e*) the fourth paragraph beginning with the words "The money which is received" and ending with the words "of the sale thereof" shall be numbered as sub-section (*4*);

(*f*) for the fifth paragraph beginning with the words "Nothing in the former part" and ending with the words

"comes into force" the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(5) Nothing in this section or in section 69A applies to powers conferred before the first day of July, 1882"; and

(g) the last paragraph beginning with the words "The powers and provisions" and ending with the words "local official Gazette" shall be omitted.

Insertion of new section 69A in Act IV of 1882.

85. After section 69 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Appointment of receiver.

"69A. (1) A mortgagee having the right to exercise a power of sale under section 69 shall, subject to the provisions of sub-section (2), be entitled to appoint, by writing signed by him or on his behalf, a receiver of the income of the mortgaged property or any part thereof.

(2) Any person who has been named in the mortgage-deed and is willing and able to act as receiver may be appointed by the mortgagee.

If no person has been so named, or if all persons named are unable or unwilling to act, or are dead, the mortgagee may appoint any person to whose appointment the mortgagor agrees; failing such agreement, the mortgagee shall be entitled to apply to the Court for the appointment of a receiver, and any person appointed by the Court shall be deemed to have been duly appointed by the mortgagee

A receiver may at any time be removed by writing signed by or on behalf of the mortgagee and the mortgagor, or by the Court on application made by either party and on due cause shown.

A vacancy in the office of receiver may be filled in accordance with the provisions of this sub-section.

(3) A receiver appointed under the powers conferred by this section shall be deemed to be the agent of the mortgagor; and the mortgagor shall be solely responsible for the receiver's acts or defaults, unless the mortgage-deed otherwise provides or unless such acts or defaults are due to the improper intervention of the mortgagee.

(4) The receiver shall have power to demand and recover all the income of which he is appointed receiver, by suit, execution or otherwise, in the name either of the mortgagor or of the mortgagee to the full extent of the interest which the mortgagor could dispose of, and to give

valid receipts accordingly for the same, and to exercise any powers which may have been delegated to him by the mortgagee in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(*5*) A person paying money to the receiver shall not be concerned to inquire if the appointment of the receiver was valid or not.

(*6*) The receiver shall be entitled to retain out of any money received by him, for his remuneration, and in satisfaction of all costs, charges and expenses incurred by him as receiver, a commission at such rate not exceeding five per cent on the gross amount of all money received as is specified in his appointment, and, if no rate is so specified, then at the rate of five per cent on that gross amount, or at such other rate as the Court thinks fit to allow, on application made by him for that purpose.

(*7*) The receiver shall, if so directed in writing by the mortgagee, insure to the extent, if any, to which the mortgagee might have insured, and keep insured against loss or damage by fire, out of the money received by him, the mortgaged property or any part thereof being of an insurable nature.

(*8*) Subject to the provisions of this Act as to the application of insurance money, the receiver shall apply all money received by him as follows, namely: —

(*i*) in discharge of all rents, taxes, land revenue, rates and outgoings whatever affecting the mortgaged property;

(*ii*) in keeping down all annual sums or other payments, and the interest on all principal sums, having priority to the mortgage in right whereof he is receiver;

(*iii*) in payment of his commission, and of the premiums on fire, life or other insurances, if any, properly payable under the mortgage-deed or under this Act, and the cost of executing necessary or proper repairs directed in writing by the mortgagee;

(*iv*) in payment of the interest falling due under the mortgage;

(*v*) in or towards discharge of the principal money, if so directed in writing by the mortgagee;

and shall pay the residue, if any, of the money received by him to the person who, but for the possession of the receiver, would have been entitled to receive the income

of which he is appointed receiver, or who is otherwise entitled to the mortgaged property

(9) The provisions of sub-section (1) apply only if and as far as a contrary intention is not expressed in the mortgage-deed; and the provisions of sub-sections (3) to (8) inclusive may be varied or extended by the mortgage-deed, and, as so varied or extended, shall, as far as may be, operate in like manner and with all the like incidents, effects and consequences, as if such variations or extensions were contained in the said sub-sections.

(10) Application may be made, without the institution of a suit, to the Court for its opinion, advice or direction on any present question respecting the management or administration of the mortgaged property, other than questions of difficulty or importance not proper in the opinion of the Court for summary disposal. A copy of such application shall be served upon, and the hearing thereof may be attended by, such of the persons interested in the application as the Court may think fit.

The cost of every application under this sub-section shall be in the discretion of the Court.

(11) In this section, "the Court" means the Court which would have jurisdiction in a suit to enforce the mortgage."

Amendment of section 71, Act IV of 1882.

36. In section 71 of the said Act, the words "for a term of years" shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 72, Act IV of 1882.

37. In section 72 of the said Act,—

(a) for the words "When, during the continuance of the mortgage, the mortgagee takes possession of the mortgaged property, he" the words "A mortgagee" shall be substituted;

(b) clause (a) shall be omitted;

(c) in clause (b), for the words "its preservation" the words "the preservation of the mortgaged property" shall be substituted;

(d) after the words "nine per cent per annum" the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided that the expenditure of money by the mortgagee under clause (b) or clause (c) shall not be deemed to be necessary unless the mortgagor has been called upon and has failed to take proper and timely steps to preserve the property or to support the title;" and

(e) for the words "a charge on the mortgaged property, in addition to the principal money, with the

same priority and with interest at the same rate" the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"added to the principal money with interest at the same rate as is payable on the principal money or, where no such rate is fixed, at the rate of nine per cent per annum."

Substitution of new section for section 73, Act IV of 1882.

38. For section 73 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Right to proceeds of revenue sale or compensation on acquisition.

"73. (1) Where the mortgaged property or any part thereof or any interest therein is sold owing to failure to pay arrears of revenue or other charges of a public nature or rent due in respect of such property, and such failure did not arise from any default of the mortgagee, the mortgagee shall be entitled to claim payment of the mortgage-money, in whole or in part, out of any surplus of the sale proceeds remaining after payment of the arrears and of all charges and deductions directed by law.

(2) Where the mortgaged property or any part thereof or any interest therein is acquired under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, or any other enactment for the time being in force providing for the compulsory acquisition of immovable property, the mortgagee shall be entitled to claim payment of the mortgage-money, in whole or in part, out of the amount due to the mortgagor as compensation. 1 of 1

(3) Such claims shall prevail against all other claims except those of prior encumbrancers, and may be enforced notwithstanding that the principal money on the mortgage has not become due."

Omission of sections 74 and 75, Act IV of 1882.

39. Section 74 and section 75 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 76, Act IV of 1882.

40. In section 76 of the said Act,—

(a) in clause (c), after the words "charges of a public nature" the words "and all rent" shall be inserted;

(b) in clause (h), after the words "deducting the expenses" the words "properly incurred for the management of the property and the collection of rents and profits and the other expenses" shall be inserted, and the words "on the mortgage-money" shall be omitted; and

(c) in clause (i), the word "gross" shall be omitted, and after the words "as the case may be" the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"and shall not be entitled to deduct any amount therefrom on account of any expenses incurred after such date or time in connexion with the mortgaged property."

Omission of section 80, Act IV of 1882.

41. Section 80 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 81, Act IV of 1882.

42. For section 81 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Marshalling securities.

"81. If the owner of two or more properties mortgages them to one person and then mortgages one or more of the properties to another person, the subsequent mortgagee is, in the absence of a contract to the contrary, entitled to have the prior mortgage-debt satisfied out of the property or properties not mortgaged to him, so far as the same will extend, but not so as to prejudice the rights of the prior mortgagee or of any other person who has for consideration acquired an interest in any of the properties."

Amendment of section 82, Act IV of 1882.

43. In section 82 of the said Act,—

(a) for the first paragraph beginning with the words "Where several properties," and ending with the words "date of the mortgage" the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"Where property subject to a mortgage belongs to two or more persons having distinct and separate rights of ownership therein, the different shares in or parts of such property owned by such persons are, in the absence of a contract to the contrary, liable to contribute rateably to the debt secured by the mortgage, and, for the purpose of determining the rate at which each such share or part shall contribute, the value thereof shall be deemed to be its value at the date of the mortgage after deduction of the amount of any other mortgage or charge to which it may have been subject on that date" and

(b) in the third paragraph, for the word "second" the word "subsequent" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 83, Act IV of 1882.

44. In section 83 of the said Act,—

(a) for the words "has become payable" the words "payable in respect of any mortgage has become due" shall be substituted;

(*b*) for the words "if then in his possession or power" the words "and all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property" shall be substituted;

(*c*) after the word "mortgage-deed," where it occurs for the second time, the words "and all such other documents" shall be inserted; and

(*d*) the following paragraph shall be added after the words "such other person as aforesaid," namely:—

"Where the mortgagee is in possession of the mortgaged property, the Court shall, before paying to him the amount so deposited, direct him to deliver possession thereof to the mortgagor and at the cost of the mortgagor either to retransfer the mortgaged property to the mortgagor or to such third person as the mortgagor may direct or to execute and (where the mortgage has been effected by a registered instrument) have registered an acknowledgment in writing that any right in derogation of the mortgagor's interest transferred to the mortgagee has been extinguished."

Amendment of section 81, Act IV of 1882

45. In section 84 of the said Act,—

(*a*) after the words "from the date of the tender or" the words "in the case of a deposit, where no previous tender of such amount has been made" shall be inserted;

(*b*) for the words "as the case may be" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"and the notice required by section 83 has been served on the mortgagee:

Provided that, where the mortgagor has deposited such amount without having made a previous tender thereof and has subsequently withdrawn the same or any part thereof, interest on the principal money shall be payable from the date of such withdrawal"; and

(*c*) after the words "tender of the mortgage-money" the words "and such notice has not been given before the making of the tender or deposit, as the case may be" shall be added.

Substitution of new section for section 91, Act IV of 1882.

46. For section 91 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

"91. Besides the mortgagor, any of the following persons may redeem, or institute a suit for redemption of, the mortgaged property, namely:— Persons who may sue for redemption.

(*a*) any person (other than the mortgagee of the interest sought to be redeemed) who has any interest in, or charge upon, the property mortgaged or in or upon the right to redeem the same;

(*b*) any surety for the payment of the mortgage-debt or any part thereof; or

(*c*) any creditor of the mortgagor who has in a suit for the administration of his estate obtained a decree for sale of the mortgaged property."

47. After section 91 of the said Act the following sections shall be inserted, namely:— Insertion of new sections 92, 93 and 94 in Act IV of 1882.

"92. Any of the persons referred to in section 91 (other than the mortgagor) and any co-mortgagor shall, on redeeming property subject to the mortgage, have, so far as regards redemption, foreclosure or sale of such property, the same rights as the mortgagee whose mortgage he redeems may have against the mortgagor or any other mortgagee. Subrogation.

The right conferred by this section is called the right of subrogation, and a person acquiring the same is said to be subrogated to the rights of the mortgagee whose mortgage he redeems.

A person who has advanced to a mortgagor money with which the mortgage has been redeemed shall be subrogated to the rights of the mortgagee whose mortgage has been redeemed, if the mortgagor has by a registered instrument agreed that such persons shall be so subrogated.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to confer a right of subrogation on any person unless the mortgage in respect of which the right is claimed has been redeemed in full.

93. No mortgagee paying off a prior mortgage, whether with or without notice of an intermediate mortgage, shall thereby acquire any priority in respect of his original security, and, except in the case provided for by section 79, no mortgagee making a subsequent advance to the mortgagor, whether with or without notice of an intermediate mortgage, shall thereby acquire any priority in respect of his security for such subsequent advance. Prohibition of tacking

Rights of mesne mortgagee.

84. Where a property is mortgaged for successive debts to successive mortgagees, a mesne mortgagee has the same rights against mortgagees posterior to himself as he has against the mortgagor."

Substitution of new sections for section 85, Act IV of 1882.

48. For section 85 of the said Act the following sections shall be substituted, namely :—

Right of redeeming co-mortgagor to expenses

"85. Where one of several mortgagors redeems the mortgaged property, he shall, in enforcing his right of subrogation under section 92 against his co-mortgagors, be entitled to add to the mortgage-money recoverable from them such proportion of the expenses properly incurred in such redemption as is attributable to their share in the property.

Mortgage by deposit of title-deeds

96. The provisions hereinbefore contained which apply to a simple mortgage shall, so far as may be, apply to a mortgage by deposit of title-deeds."

Amendment of section 98, Act IV of 1882.

49. In section 98 of the said Act, for the words "a mortgage not being a simple mortgage, a mortgage by conditional sale, an usufructuary mortgage or an English mortgage or a combination of the first and third, or the second and third, of such forms", the words "an anomalous mortgage" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 100, Act IV of 1882.

50. In section 100 of the said Act,—

(*a*) for the words "as to a mortgagor shall, so far as may be, apply to the owner of such property, and the provisions of sections 81 and 82 shall, so far as may be, apply to the person having such charge" the words "which apply to a simple mortgage shall, so far as may be, apply to such charge," shall be substituted ; and

(*b*) after the words "in the execution of his trust" the following words shall be added, namely :—

"and save as otherwise expressly provided by any law for the time being in force, no charge shall be enforced against any property in the hands of a person to whom such property has been transferred for consideration and without notice of the charge."

Substitution of new section for section 101, Act IV of 1882.

51. For section 101 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

No merger in case of subsequent encumbrance.

"101. Any mortgagee of, or person having a charge upon, immovable property, or any transferee from such mortgagee or charge holder, may purchase or otherwise acquire the rights in the property of the mortgagor or owner, as the case may be, without thereby causing the mortgage or charge to be merged as between himself and any subsequent mortgagee of, or person having a subsequent charge upon, the same property; and no such subsequent mortgagee or charge-holder shall be entitled to foreclose or sell such property without redeeming the prior mortgage or charge, or otherwise than subject thereto."

Amendment of section 102, Act IV of 1882.

52. In section 102 of the said Act,—

(*a*) for the words "Where the person or agent on whom such notice should be served cannot be found in the said district, or is unknown" the words "Where no person or agent on whom such notice should be served can be found or is known", shall be substituted;

(*b*) after the words "and any notice served in compliance with such direction shall be deemed sufficient" the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided that, in the case of a notice required by section 83, in the case of a deposit, the application shall be made to the Court in which the deposit has been made";

(*c*) for the words "Where the person or agent to whom such tender should be made cannot be found within the said district, or is unknown" the words "Where no person or agent to whom such tender should be made can be found or is known", shall be substituted; and

(*d*) for the words "in such Court as last aforesaid" the words "in any Court in which a suit might be brought for redemption of the mortgaged property" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 103, Act IV of 1882.

53. In section 103 of the said Act,—

(*a*) after the words "such notice may be served", the words "on or by" shall be inserted; and

(*b*) for the words and figures "Chapter XXXI of the Code of Civil Procedure" the words and figures "Order XXXII in the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908," shall be substituted.

of 1908.

Amendment of section 106, Act IV of 1882.

54. In section 106 of the said Act, for the words "tendered or delivered either personally to the party who is intended to be bound by it," the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"either be sent by post to the party who is intended to be bound by it or be tendered or delivered personally to such party".

Amendment of section 107, Act IV of 1882.

55. In section 107 of the said Act, after the words "by delivery of possession", where they first occur, the following paragraph shall be inserted, namely:—

"Where a lease of immovable property is made by a registered instrument, such instrument or, where there are more instruments than one, each such instrument shall be executed by both the lessor and the lessee".

Amendment of section 108, Act IV of 1882.

56. In section 108 of the said Act,—

(*a*) in clause (*h*)—

(*i*) after the words "the lessee may" the words "even after the determination of the lease" shall be inserted; and

(*ii*) for the words "during the continuance of the lease," the words "whilst he is in possession of the property leased but not afterwards," shall be substituted; and

(*b*) in clause (*o*), after the words "or fell" the words "or sell" shall be inserted, and after the words "or damage buildings," the words "belonging to the lessor or" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 111, Act IV of 1882.

57. In clause (*g*) of section 111 of the said Act,—

(*a*) the words "or the lease shall become void" shall be omitted;

(*b*) after the words "title in himself" the following shall be inserted, namely:—

"or (3) the lessee is adjudicated an insolvent and the lease provides that the lessor may re-enter on the happening of such event";

(*c*) for the words "either case" the words "any of these cases" shall be substituted; and

(*d*) for the words "does some act showing" the words "gives notice in writing to the lessee of" shall be substituted.]

58. After section 114 of the said Act the following section shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new section 114-A in Act IV of 1882, Relief against forfeiture in certain other cases

"114A. Where a lease of immovable property has determined by forfeiture for a breach of an express condition which provides that on breach thereof the lessor may re-enter, no suit for ejectment shall lie unless and until the lessor has served on the lessee a notice in writing—

(a) specifying the particular breach complained of; and

(b) if the breach is capable of remedy, requiring the lessee to remedy the breach;

and the lessee fails, within a reasonable time from the date of the service of the notice, to remedy the breach, if it is capable of remedy.

Nothing in this section shall apply to an express condition against the assigning, under-letting, parting with the possession, or disposing, of the property leased, or to an express condition relating to forfeiture in case of non-payment of rent."

59. For section 119 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :— Substitution of new section for section 119, Act IV of 1882.

"119. If any party to an exchange or any person claiming through or under such party is by reason of any defect in the title of the other party deprived of the thing or any part of the thing received by him in exchange, then, unless a contrary intention appears from the terms of the exchange, such other party is liable to him or any person claiming through or under him for loss caused thereby, or at the option of the person so deprived, for the return of the thing transferred, if still in the possession of such other party or his legal representative or a transferee from him without consideration." Right of party deprived of thing received in exchange.

60. In section 123 of the said Act, after the words "debts due by" the words "and liabilities of" shall be inserted. Amendment of section 123, Act IV of 1882.

61. In section 129 of the said Act, the words "or, save as provided by section 123, any rule of Hindu or Buddhist law" shall be omitted. Amendment of section 129 Act IV of 1882.

Amendment of section 130, Act IV of 1882.

62. In section 130 of the said Act,—

(a) after the words "The transfer of an actionable claim" the words "whether with or without consideration", shall be inserted; and

(b) the words "and notwithstanding anything contained in section 123", shall be omitted.

Saving clause.

63. Nothing in any of the following provisions of this Act, namely, sections 3, 4, 9, 10, 15, 18, 19, 27, 30, clause (c) of section 31, sections 32, 33, 34, 35, 46, 52, 55, 57, 58, 59, 61 and 62 shall be deemed in any way to affect—

(a) the terms or incidents of any transfer of property made or effected before the first day of April 1930,

(b) the validity, invalidity, effect or consequences of anything already done or suffered before the aforesaid date,

(c) any right, title, obligation or liability already acquired, accrued or incurred before such date, or

(d) any remedy or proceeding in respect of such right, title, obligation or liability; and nothing in any other provision of this Act shall render invalid or in any way affect anything already done before the first day of April 1930, in any proceeding pending in a Court on that date; and any such remedy and any such proceeding as is herein referred to may be enforced, instituted or continued, as the case may be, as if this Act had not been passed.

The following Act of the Indian Legislature received the assent of the Governor General on the 4th October 1929, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XXI OF 1929.

An Act to supplement the Transfer of Property (Amendment) Act, 1929.

WHEREAS by reason of the passing of the Transfer of Property (Amendment) Act, 1929, it is expedient that XX of 1929. certain amendments should be made in certain other enactments; It is hereby enacted as follows :—

Short title and commencement.

1 (1) This Act may be called the Transfer of Property (Amendment) Supplementary Act, 1929.

(2) It shall come into force on the first day of April 1930.

Amendment of section 8, Act III of 1874.

III of 1874.

2. For the proviso to section 8 of the Married Women's Property Act, 1874, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely :—

"Provided that nothing herein contained shall—

(a) entitle such person to recover anything by attachment and sale or otherwise out of any property which has been transferred to a woman or for her benefit on condition that she shall have no power during her marriage to transfer or charge the same or her beneficial interest therein, or

(b) affect the liability of a husband for debts contracted by his wife's agency expressed or implied."

Insertion of new section 27A in Act I of 1877.

I of 1877.

3. After section 27 of the Specific Relief Act, 1877, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Specific performance in case of part performance of contract to lease.

"27A. Subject to the provisions of this Chapter, where a contract to lease immoveable property is made in writing signed by the parties thereto or on their behalf, either party may, notwithstanding that the contract, though required to be registered, has not been registered, sue the other for specific performance of the contract if,—

(a) where specific performance is claimed by the lessor, he has delivered possession of the property to the lessee in part performance of the contract; and

(b) where specific performance is claimed by the lessee, he has in part performance of the contract, taken possession of the property, or, being already in possession, continues in possession in part performance of the contract, and has done some act in furtherance of the contract :

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect the rights of a transferee for consideration who has no notice of the contract or of the part performance thereof.

This section applies to contracts to lease executed after the first day of April 1930."

Substitution of new rules for rules 2 to 8, Order XXXIV, Schedule I, Act V of 1908.

V of 1908.

4. In Order XXXIV in the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for rules 2 to 8 the following rules shall be substituted, namely :—

Preliminary decree in foreclosure suit.

"2. (1) In a suit for foreclosure, if the plaintiff succeeds, the Court shall pass a preliminary decree—

(a) ordering that an account be taken of what was due to the plaintiff at the date of such decree for—

(i) principal and interest on the mortgage,

(ii) the costs of suit, if any, awarded to him, and

(*iii*) other costs, charges and expenses properly incurred by him upto that date in respect of his mortgage-security, together with interest thereon; or

(*b*) declaring the amount so due at that date; and

(*c*) directing—

(*i*) that, if the defendant pays into Court the amount so found or declared due on or before such date as the Court may fix within six months from the date on which the Court confirms and countersigns the account taken under clause (*a*), or from the date on which such amount is declared in Court under clause (*b*), as the case may be, and thereafter pays such amount as may be adjudged due in respect of subsequent costs, charges and expenses as provided in rule 10, together with subsequent interest on such sums respectively as provided in rule 11, the plaintiff shall deliver up to the defendant, or to such person as the defendant appoints, all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property, and shall, if so required, re-transfer the property to the defendant at his cost free from the mortgagee and from all incumbrances created by the plaintiff or any person claiming under him, or, where the plaintiff claims by derived title, by those under whom he claims, and shall also, if necessary, put the defendant in possession of the property; and

(*ii*) that, if payment of the amount found or declared due under or by the preliminary decree is not made on or before the date so fixed, or the defendant fails to pay, within such time as the Court may fix, the amount adjudged due in respect of subsequent costs, charges, expenses and interest, the plaintiff shall be entitled to apply for a final decree debarring the defendant from all right to redeem the property.

(2) The Court may, on good cause shown and upon terms to be fixed by the Court, from time to time, at any time before a final decree is passed, extend the time fixed for the payment of the amount found or declared due under sub-rule (*1*) or of the amount adjudged due in respect of subsequent costs, charges, expenses and interest.

(3) Where, in a suit for foreclosure, subsequent mortgagees or persons deriving title from, or subrogated to the rights of, any such mortgagees are joined as parties, the preliminary decree shall provide for the adjudication of the respective rights and liabilities of the parties to the

suit in the manner and form set forth in Form No. 9 or Form No 10, as the case may be, of Appendix D with such variations as the circumstances of the case may require.

Final decree in foreclosure suits.

3. (1) Where, before a final decree debarring the defendant from all right to redeem the mortgaged property has been passed, the defendant makes payment into Court of all amounts due from him under sub-rule (1) of rule 2, the Court shall, on application made by the defendant in this behalf, pass a final decree—

(a) ordering the plaintiff to deliver up the documents referred to in the preliminary decree,

and, if necessary,—

(b) ordering him to re-transfer at the cost of the defendant the mortgaged property as directed in the said decree,

and, also, if necessary,—

(c) ordering him to put the defendant in possession of the property.

(2) Where payment in accordance with sub-rule (1) has not been made, the Court shall, on application made by the plaintiff in this behalf, pass a final decree declaring that the defendant and all persons claiming through or under him are debarred from all right to redeem the mortgaged property and also, if necessary, ordering the defendant to put the plaintiff in possession of the property.

(3) On the passing of a final decree under sub-rule (2), all liabilities to which the defendant is subject in respect of the mortgage or on account of the suit shall be deemed to have been discharged.

Preliminary decree in suit for sale.

4. (1) In a suit for sale, if the plaintiff succeeds, the Court shall pass a preliminary decree to the effect mentioned in clauses (a), (b) and (c) (i) of sub-rule (1) of rule 2, and further directing that, in default of the defendant paying as therein mentioned, the plaintiff shall be entitled to apply for a final decree directing that the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof be sold, and the proceeds of the sale (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) be paid into Court and applied in payment of what has been found or declared under or by the preliminary decree due to the plaintiff, together with such amount as may have been adjudged due in respect of subsequent costs, charges, expenses and interest, and the

balance, if any, be paid to the defendant or other persons entitled to receive the same.

(2) The Court may, on good cause shown and upon terms to be fixed by the Court, from time to time, at any time before a final decree for sale is passed, extend the time fixed for the payment of the amount found or declared due under sub-rule (1) or of the amount adjudged due in respect of subsequent costs, charges, expenses and interest.

Power to decree sale in foreclosure suit.

(3) In a suit for foreclosure in the case of an anomalous mortgage, if the plaintiff succeeds, the Court may, at the instance of any party to the suit or of any other person interested in the mortgage-security or the right of redemption, pass a like decree (in lieu of a decree for foreclosure) on such terms as it thinks fit, including the deposit in Court of a reasonable sum fixed by the Court to meet the expenses of the sale and to secure the performance of the terms.

(4) Where in a suit for sale or a suit for foreclosure in which sale is ordered, subsequent mortgagees or persons deriving title from, or subrogated to the rights of, any such mortgagees are joined as parties, the preliminary decree referred to in sub-rule (1) shall provide for the adjudication of the respective rights and liabilities of the parties to the suit in the manner and form set forth in Form No. 9, Form No. 10 or Form No. 11, as the case may be, of Appendix D with such variations as the circumstances of the case may require.

Final decree in suit for sale.

5. (1) Where, on or before the day fixed or at any time before the confirmation of a sale made in pursuance of a final decree passed under sub-rule (3) of this rule, the defendant makes payment into Court of all amounts due from him under sub-rule (1) of rule 4, the Court shall, on application made by the defendant in this behalf, pass a final decree or, if such decree has been passed, an order—

(a) ordering the plaintiff to deliver up the documents referred to in the preliminary decree,

and, if necessary,—

(b) ordering him to transfer the mortgaged property as directed in the said decree,

and, also, if necessary,—

(c) ordering him to put the defendant in possession of the property.

(2) Where the mortgaged property or part thereof has been sold in pursuance of a decree passed under sub-rule (3) of this rule, the Court shall not pass an order under sub-rule (1) of this rule, unless the defendant, in addition to the amount mentioned in sub-rule (1), deposits in Court for payment to the purchaser a sum equal to five per cent of the amount of the purchase-money paid into Court by the purchaser.

Where such deposit has been made, the purchaser shall be entitled to an order for repayment of the amount of the purchase-money paid into Court by him, together with a sum equal to five per cent thereof.

(3) Where payment in accordance with sub-rule (1) has not been made, the Court shall, on application made by the plaintiff in this behalf, pass a final decree directing that the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof be sold, and that the proceeds of the sale be dealt within the manner provided in sub-rule (1) of rule 4.

Recovery of balance due on mortgage in suit for sale.

6. Where the net proceeds of any sale held under the last preceding rule are found insufficient to pay the amount due to the plaintiff, the Court, on application by him may, if the balance is legally recoverable from the defendant otherwise than out of the property sold, pass a decree for such balance.

Preliminary decree in redemption suits.

7. (1) In a suit for redemption, if the plaintiff succeeds, the Court shall pass a preliminary decree—

(a) ordering that an account be taken of what was due to the defendant at the date of such decree for—

(i) principal and interest on the mortgage,

(ii) the costs of suit, if any, awarded to him, and

(iii) other costs, charges and expenses properly incurred by him up to that date, in respect of his mortgage-security, together with interest thereon; or

(b) declaring the amount so due at that date; and

(c) directing—

(i) that, if the plaintiff pays into Court the amount so found or declared due on or before such date as the Court may fix within six months from the date on which the Court confirms and countersigns the account taken under clause (a), or from the date on which such amount is declared in Court under clause (b), as the case may be, and thereafter pays such amount as may be adjudged due in respect of subsequent costs, charges and

expenses as provided in rule 10, together with subsequent interest on such sums respectively as provided in rule 11, the defendant shall deliver up to the plaintiff, or to such person as the plaintiff appoints, all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property, and shall, if so required, re-transfer the property to the plaintiff at his cost free from the mortgage and from all incumbrances created by the defendant or any person claiming under him, or, where the defendant claims by derived title, by those under whom he claims, and shall also, if necessary, put the plaintiff in possession of the property, and

(*ii*) that, if payment of the amount found or declared due under or by the preliminary decree is not made on or before the date so fixed, or the plaintiff fails to pay, within such time as the Court may fix, the amount adjudged due in respect of subsequent costs, charges, expenses and interest, the defendant shall be entitled to apply for a final decree—

(*a*) in the case of a mortgage other than a usufructuary mortgage, a mortgage by conditional sale, or an anomalous mortgage the terms of which provide for foreclosure only and not for sale, that the mortgaged property be sold, or

(*b*) in the case of a mortgage by conditional sale or such an anomalous mortgage as aforesaid, that the plaintiff be debarred from all right to redeem the property.

(*2*) The Court may, on good cause shown and upon terms to be fixed by the Court, from time to time, at any time before the passing of a final decree for foreclosure or sale, as the case may be, extend the time fixed for the payment of the amount found or declared due under sub-rule (*1*) or of the amount adjudged due in respect of subsequent costs, charges, expenses and interest.

Final decree in redemption suit.

8. (*1*) Where, before a final decree debarring the plaintiff from all right to redeem the mortgaged property has been passed or before the confirmation of a sale held in pursuance of a final decree passed under sub-rule (*3*) of this rule, the plaintiff makes payment into Court of all amounts due from him under sub-rule (*1*) of rule 7, the Court shall, on application made by the plaintiff in this

behalf, pass a final decree or, if such decree has been passed, an order—

(*a*) ordering the defendant to deliver up the documents referred to in the preliminary decree,
and, if necessary,—

(*b*) ordering him to re-transfer at the cost of the plaintiff the mortgaged property as directed in the said decree,
and, also, if necessary,—

(*c*) ordering him to put the plaintiff in possession of the property.

'(*2*) Where the mortgaged property or a part thereof has been sold in pursuance of a decree passed under sub-rule (*3*) of this rule, the Court shall not pass an order under sub-rule (*1*) of this rule, unless the plaintiff, in addition to the amount mentioned in sub-rule (*1*), deposits in Court for payment to the purchaser a sum equal to five per cent of the amount of the purchase-money paid into Court by the purchaser.

Where such deposit has been made, the purchaser shall be entitled to an order for repayment of the amount of the purchase-money paid into Court by him, together with a sum equal to five per cent thereof.

(*3*) Where payment in accordance with sub-rule (*1*) has not been made, the Court shall, on application made by the defendant in this behalf,—

(*a*) in the case of a mortgage by conditional sale or of such an anomalous mortgage as is hereinbefore referred to in rule 7, pass a final decree declaring that the plaintiff and all persons claiming under him are debarred from all right to redeem the mortgaged property and, also, if necessary, ordering the plaintiff to put the defendant in possession of the mortgaged property; or

(*b*) in the case of any other mortgage, not being a usufructuary mortgage, pass a final decree that the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof be sold, and the proceeds of the sale (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) be paid into Court and applied in payment of what is found due to the defendant, and the balance, if any, be paid to the plaintiff or other persons entitled to receive the same".

Insertion of new rule 8A in Order XXXIV, Schedule I, Act V of 1908.

5. In Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, after rule 8 the following rule shall be inserted, namely:— V of 1908

Recovery of balance due on mortgage in suit for redemption.

"8A. Where the net proceeds of any sale held under the last preceding rule are found insufficient to pay the amount due to the defendant, the Court, on application by him, may, if the balance is legally recoverable from the plaintiff otherwise than out of the property sold, pass a decree for such balance."

Substitution of new rules for rules 10 and 11 of Order XXXIV, Schedule I, Act V of 1908.

6. In Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for rules 10 and 11 the following rules shall be substituted, namely:— V of 1908

Costs of mortgagee subsequent to decree.

"10 In finally adjusting the amount to be paid to a mortgagee in case of a foreclosure, sale or redemption, the Court shall, unless in the case of costs of the suit the conduct of the mortgagee has been such as to disentitle him thereto, add to the mortgage-money such costs of the suit and other costs, charges and expenses as have been properly incurred by him since the date of the preliminary decree for foreclosure, sale or redemption up to the time of actual payment.

Payment of interest.

11. In any decree passed in a suit for foreclosure, sale or redemption, where interest is legally recoverable, the Court may order payment of interest to the mortgagee as follows, namely:—

(*a*) interest up to the date on or before which payment of the amount found or declared due is under the preliminary decree to be made by the mortgagor or other person redeeming the mortgage—

(*i*) on the principal amount found or declared due on the mortgage,—at the rate payable on the principal, or, where no such rate is fixed, at such rate as the Court deems reasonable,

(*ii*) on the amount of the costs of the suit awarded to the mortgagee,—at such rate as the Court deems reasonable from the date of the preliminary decree, and

(*iii*) on the amount adjudged due to the mortgagee for costs, charges and expenses properly incurred by the mortgagee in respect of the mortgage-security up

to the date of the preliminary decree and added to the mortgage-money,—at the rate agreed between the parties, or, failing such rate, at the same rate as is payable on the principal, or failing both such rates, at nine per cent per annum ; and

(*b*) subsequent interest up to the date of realization or actual payment at such rate as the Court deems reasonable—

(*i*) on the aggregate of the principal sums specified in clause (*a*) and of the interest thereon as calculated in accordance with that clause ; and

(*ii*) on the amount adjudged due to the mortgagee in respect of such further costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10."

of 1908. 7. In Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, for rule 15 the following rule shall be substituted, namely :— Substitution of new rule for rule 15, Order XXXIV, Schedule I, Act V of 1908.

Mortgages by the deposit of title-deeds and charges.

"15. All the provisions contained in this Order which apply to a simple mortgage shall, so far as may be, apply to a mortgage by deposit of title-deeds within the meaning of section 58, and to a charge within the meaning of section 100 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882." of 1882.

of 1908. 8. For Forms 5 to 11 in Appendix D to the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the Forms set forth in the Schedule shall be substituted. Substitution of new Forms for Forms 5 to 11 in Appendix D, Schedule I, Act V of 1908.

of 1908. 9. In article No. 132 in the First Division of the First Schedule to the Indian Limitation Act, 1903, the following clause shall be added after clause (*b*) of the Explanation, namely :— Amendment of Act IX of 1908.

"and

(*c*) advances secured by mortgage by deposit of title-deeds."

I of 1908. 10. (*1*) In section 17 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908,— Amendment of Act XVI of 1908.

(*a*) after clause (*d*) of sub-section (*1*) the following clause shall be added, namely :—

"(*e*) non-testamentary instruments transferring or assigning any decree or order of a Court award

when such decree or order or award purports or operates to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent, of the value of one hundred rupees and upwards, to or in immoveable property"; and

(*b*) in clause (*m*) of sub-section (*f*) for the words "and any award" the words "except a decree or order expressed to be made on a compromise and comprising immoveable property other than that which is the subject-matter of the suit or proceeding" shall be substituted.

(2) In section 48 of the same Act, after the words "or followed by delivery of possession" the following words shall be added, namely:—

"and the same constitutes a valid transfer under any law for the time being in force:

Provided that a mortgage by deposit of title-deeds as defined in section 58 of the Transfer of Property Act, IV of 1882. 1882, shall take effect against any mortgage-deed subsequently executed and registered which relates to the same property."

(3) In section 49 of the same Act—

(*a*) after the word and figures "section 17" the words "or by any provision of the Transfer of Property IV of 1882. Act, 1882," shall be inserted; and

(*b*) to that section the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that an unregistered document affecting immoveable property and required by this Act or the IV of 1882. Transfer of Property Act, 1882, to be registered may be received as evidence of a contract in a suit for specific performance under Chapter II of the Specific Relief Act, I of 1877. 1877, or as evidence of part performance of a contract for the purposes of section 53A of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, or as evidence of any collateral transaction not XV of 1882. required to be effected by registered instrument."

Amendment of Madras Act I of 1914.

11. In the Hindu Transfers and Bequests Act, 1914, Mad. Act I of 1914. for sections 3, 4 and 5 the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—

Disposition for the benefit of person not in existence.

"3. Subject to the limitations and provisions specified in this Act, no disposition of property by a Hindu, whether by transfer *inter vivos* or by will, shall be invalid by reason only that any person for whose benefit it may have been made was not born at the date of such disposition.

4. The limitations and provisions referred to in section 3 shall be the following, namely :— Limitations and conditions.

(*a*) in respect of dispositions by transfers *inter vivos*, those contained in Chapter II of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, and of 1882.

(*b*) in respect of dispositions by will, those contained in sections 113, 114, 115 and 116 of the Indian Succession Act, 1925." XIX of 25

12. (*1*) In section 3 of the Hindu Disposition of Property Act, 1916,— Amendment of Act XV of 1916. of 1916.

(*a*) in clause (*a*), for the words and figures "sections 18, 14 and 20" the word and figure "Chapter II" shall be substituted, and

(*b*) in clause (*b*), for the words and figures "sections 100 and 101 of the Indian Succession Act, 1865" the words and figures "sections 113, 114, 115 and 116 of the Indian Succession Act, 1925," shall be substituted. of 1865. XIX of 25

(*2*) Section 4 of the same Act shall be omitted.

13. In the Hindu Transfers and Bequests (City of Madras) Act, 1921, for sections 3, 4 and 5 the following sections shall be substituted, namely :— Amendment of Act VIII of 1921. III of 1921.

"3. Subject to the limitations and provisions specified in this Act, no disposition of property by a Hindu, whether by transfer *inter vivos* or by will, shall be invalid by reason only that any person for whose benefit it may have been made was not born at the date of such disposition. Disposition for the benefit of person not in existence.

4. The limitations and provisions referred to in section 3 shall be the following, namely :— Limitations and conditions.

(*a*) in respect of disposition by transfers *inter vivos*, those contained in Chapter II of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, and of 1882.

(*b*) in respect of dispositions by will, those contained in sections 113, 114, 115 and 116 of the Indian Succession Act, 1925." [XIX of 25.

14. (*1*) In section 115 of the Indian Succession Act, 1925,— Amendment of Act XXXIX of 1925. [XIX of 25.

(*a*) for the words "wholly void" the words "void in regard to those persons only and not in regard to the whole class" shall be substituted;

(*b*) in *Illustration* (*i*), for the words "and, as it is given to all his children as a class, it is not good as to any

division of that class, but is wholly void" the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

"and in regard to those who do not attain the age of 25 within 18 years after A's death, but is operative in regard to the other children of A"; and

(*c*) in *Illustration* (*i*), for the words "The mention of B, C and D by name does not prevent the bequest from being regarded as a bequest to a class, and the bequest is wholly void" the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

"Although the mention of B, C and D does not prevent the bequest from being regarded as a bequest to a class, it is not wholly void. It is operative as regards any of the children B, C or D, who attains the age of 25 within 18 years after A's death."

(*3*) For section 116 of the same Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Bequest to take effect on failure of prior bequest.

"116. Where by reason of any of the rules contained in sections 113 and 114, any bequest in favour of a person or of a class of persons is void in regard to such person or the whole of such class, any bequest contained in the same will and intended to take effect after or upon failure of such prior bequest is also void."

(*3*) For section 117 of the same Act and the *Illustrations* thereto the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Effect of direction for accumulation.

"117. (*1*) Where the terms of a will direct that the income arising from any property shall be accumulated either wholly or in part during any period longer than a period of eighteen years from the death of the testator, such direction shall, save as hereinafter provided, be void to the extent to which the period during which the accumulation is directed exceeds the aforesaid period, and at the end of such period of eighteen years the property and the income thereof shall be disposed of as if the period during which the accumulation has been directed to be made had elapsed.

(*2*) This section shall not affect any direction for accumulation for the purpose of—

(*a*) the payment of the debts of the testator or any other person taking any interest under the will, or

(ii) the provision of portions for children or remoter issue of the testator or of any other person taking any interest under the will, or

(iii) the preservation or maintenance of any property bequeathed;

and such direction may be made accordingly."

(4) In Schedule III to the same Act, after the figures and comma '116,' the figures and comma '117,' shall be inserted.

Savings.

15. (1) Save as provided in sub-section (2), nothing in this Act shall be deemed to affect—

(a) the terms or incidents of any transfer or disposition of property made or effected before the first day of April 1930;

(b) the validity, invalidity, effect or consequences of anything already done or suffered before the aforesaid date;

(c) any right, title, obligation or liability already acquired, accrued or incurred before such date;

(d) any remedy or proceeding in respect of such right, title, obligation or liability; or

(e) anything done in the course of any proceeding pending in any Court on the aforesaid date,

and any such remedy or proceeding may be enforced, instituted or continued, as the case may be, as if this Act had not been passed.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 9 of this Act, in the Presidency of Bombay and such other territories as the Governor General in Council may, by notification in the Gazette of India, specify in this behalf, a suit by a mortgagee for foreclosure or sale on a mortgage by deposit of title-deeds may be instituted within two years from the date of the commencement of this Act, or within sixty years from the date when the money secured by the mortgage became due, whichever period expires first; and no such suit instituted within the said period of sixty years and pending at the date of the commencement of this Act, either in a Court of first instance or of appeal, shall be dismissed on the ground that the twelve years' rule of limitation is applicable.

SCHEDULE.

(See section 8.)

FORM No. 8.

Preliminary decree for foreclosure.

(Order XXXIV, rule 2.—Where accounts are directed to be taken.)

(TITLE.)

This suit coming on this day, etc.; It is hereby ordered and decreed that it be referred to as the Commissioner to take the accounts following:—

(*i*) an account of what is due on this date to the plaintiff for principal and interest on his mortgage mentioned in the plaint (such interest to be computed at the rate payable on the principal or where no such rate is fixed, at six per cent per annum or at such rate as the Court deems reasonable);

(*ii*) an account of the income of the mortgaged property received up to this date by the plaintiff or by any other person by the order or for the use of the plaintiff or which without the wilful default of the plaintiff or such person might have been so received;

(*iii*) an account of all sums of money properly incurred by the plaintiff up to this date for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) in respect of the mortgage-security, together with interest thereon (such interest to be computed at the rate agreed between the parties, or, failing such rate, at the same rate as is payable on the principal, or, failing both such rates, at nine per cent per annum);

(*iv*) an account of any loss or damage caused to the mortgaged property before this date by any act or omission of the plaintiff which is destructive of, or permanently injurious to, the property or by his failure to perform any of the duties imposed upon him by any law for the time being in force or by the terms of the mortgage-deed.

2. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that any amount received under clause (*ii*) or adjudged due under clause (*iv*) above, together with interest thereon, shall first be adjusted against any sums paid by the plaintiff under clause (*iii*) together with interest thereon, and

the balance, if any, shall be added to the mortgage-money or, as the case may be, be debited in reduction of the amount due to the plaintiff on account of interest on the principal sum adjudged due and thereafter in reduction or discharge of the principal.

3. And it is hereby further ordered that the said Commissioner shall present the account to this Court with all convenient despatch after making all just allowances on or before the day of , and that upon such report of the Commissioner being received, it shall be confirmed and countersigned, subject to such modification as may be necessary after consideration of such objections as the parties to the suit may make.

4. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed—

(i) that the defendant do pay into Court on or before the day of , or any later date up to which time for payment may be extended by the Court, such sum as the Court shall find due, and the sum of Rs. for the costs of the suit awarded to the plaintiff;

(ii) that, on such payment and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the plaintiff shall bring into Court all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents shall be delivered over to the defendant, or to such person as he appoints, and the plaintiff shall, if so required, re-convey or re-transfer the said property free from the said mortgage and clear of and from all incumbrances created by the plaintiff or any person claiming under him or any person under whom he claims and free from all liability whatsoever arising from the mortgage or this suit and shall, if so required, deliver up to the defendant quiet and peaceable possession of the said property.

5. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment as aforesaid, the plaintiff shall be at liberty to apply to the Court for a final decree that the defendant shall thenceforth stand absolutely debarred and

foreclosed of and from all right to redeem the mortgaged property described in the Schedule annexed hereto and shall, if so required, deliver up to the plaintiff quiet and peaceable possession of the said property, and that the parties shall be at liberty to apply to the Court from time to time as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE.

Description of the mortgaged property.

FORM No. 2-A.

Preliminary decree for foreclosure.

(Order XXXIV, rule 2.—Where the Court declares the amount due.)

(TITLE.)

This suit coming on this day, etc., It is hereby declared that the amount due to the plaintiff on his mortgage mentioned in the plaint calculated up to this day of is the sum of Rs. for principal, the sum of Rs. for interest on the said principal, the sum of Rs. for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) properly incurred by the plaintiff in respect of the mortgage security, together with interest thereon, and the sum of Rs. for the costs of this suit awarded to the plaintiff, making in all the sum of Rs.

2. And it is hereby ordered and decreed as follows:—

(*i*) that the defendant do pay into Court on or before the day of or any later date up to which time for payment may be extended by the Court of the said sum of Rs. ;

(*ii*) that, on such payment and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the plaintiff shall bring into Court all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property

in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents shall be delivered over to the defendant, or to such person as he appoints, and the plaintiff shall, if so required, reconvey or re-transfer the said property free from the said mortgage and clear of and from all incumbrances created by the plaintiff or any person claiming under him or any person under whom he claims and free from all liability whatsoever arising from the mortgage or this suit and shall, if so required, deliver up to the defendant quiet and peaceable possession of the said property.

3. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment as aforesaid, the plaintiff may apply to the Court for a final decree that the defendant shall thenceforth stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all right to redeem the mortgaged property described in the Schedule annexed hereto and shall, if so required, deliver up to the plaintiff quiet and peaceable possession of the said property; and that the parties shall be at liberty to apply to the Court from time to time as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE

Description of the mortgaged property.

FORM No. 4.

Final decree for foreclosure.

(Order XXXIV, rule 3)

(TITLE.)

Upon reading the preliminary decree passed in this suit on the day of and further orders (if any) dated the day of and the application of the plaintiff dated the day of for a final decree and after hearing the parties and it appearing that the payment directed by the said decree and orders has not been made by the defendant or any person on his behalf or any other person entitled to redeem the said mortgage:

It is hereby ordered and decreed that the defendant and all persons claiming through or under him be and they are hereby absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and

from all right of redemption of and in the property in the aforesaid preliminary decree mentioned;* [and *(if the defendant be in possession of the said mortgaged property)* that the defendant shall deliver to the plaintiff quiet and peaceable possession of the said mortgaged property].

2. And it is hereby further declared that the whole of the liability whatsoever of the defendant up to this day arising from the said mortgage mentioned in the plaint or from this suit is hereby discharged and extinguished.

FORM No. 4

Preliminary decree for sale.

(Order XXXIV, rule 4.—Where accounts are directed to be taken.)

(TITLE.)

This suit coming on this day, etc; It is hereby ordered and decreed that it be referred to as the Commissioner to take the accounts following:—

(*i*) an account of what is due on this date to the plaintiff for principal and interest on his mortgage mentioned in the plaint (such interest to be computed at the rate payable on the principal or where no such rate is fixed, at six per cent. per annum or at such rate as the Court deems reasonable);

(*ii*) an account of the income of the mortgaged property received up to this date by the plaintiff or by any other person by the order or for the use of the plaintiff or which without the wilful default of the plaintiff or such person might have been so received;

(*iii*) an account of all sums of money properly incurred by the plaintiff up to this date for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) in respect of the mortgage-security, together with interest thereon (such interest to be computed at the rate agreed between the parties, or, failing such rate, at the same rate as is payable on the principal, or, failing both such rates, at nine per cent. per annum);

(*iv*) an account of any loss or damage caused to the mortgaged property before this date by any act or omission of the plaintiff which is destructive of, or permanently injurious to, the property or by his failure to perform any

* Words not required to be deleted.

of the duties imposed upon him by any law for the time being in force or by the terms of the mortgage-deed.

2. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that any amount received under clause (*i*) or adjudged due under clause (*ii*) above, together with interest thereon, shall first be adjusted against any sums paid by the plaintiff under clause (*iii*), together with interest thereon, and the balance, if any, shall be added to the mortgage-money or, as the case may be, be debited in reduction of the amount due to the plaintiff on account of interest on the principal sum adjudged due and thereafter in reduction or discharge of the principal.

3. And it is hereby further ordered that the said Commissioner shall present the account to this Court with all convenient despatch after making all just allowances on or before the day of , and that upon such report of the Commissioner being received, it shall be confirmed and countersigned, subject to such modification as may be necessary after consideration of such objections as the parties to the suit may make.

4. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed—

(*i*) that the defendant do pay into Court on or before the day of or any later date up to which time for payment may be extended by the Court, such sum as the Court shall find due and the sum of Rs. for the costs of the suit awarded to the plaintiff;

(*ii*) that, on such payment and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit, and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the plaintiff shall bring into Court all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents shall be delivered over to the defendant, or to such person as he appoints, and the plaintiff shall, if so required, re-convey or re-transfer the said property free from the mortgage and clear of and from all incumbrances created by the plaintiff or any person claiming under him

or any person under whom he claims and shall, if so required, deliver up to the defendant quiet and peaceable possession of the said property.

5. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment as aforesaid, the plaintiff may apply to the Court for a final decree for the sale of the mortgaged property; and on such application being made the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof shall be directed to be sold; and for the purposes of such sale the plaintiff shall produce before the Court, or such officer as it appoints, all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property.

6. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that the money realised by such sale shall be paid into Court and shall be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) in payment of the amount payable to the plaintiff under this decree and under any further orders that may be passed in this suit and in payment of any amount which the Court may adjudge due to the plaintiff in respect of such costs of the suit, and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and that the balance, if any, shall be paid to the defendant or other persons entitled to receive the same.

7. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, if the money realised by such sale shall not be sufficient for payment in full of the amount payable to the plaintiff as aforesaid, the plaintiff shall be at liberty (where such remedy is open to him under the terms of his mortgage and is not barred by any law for the time being in force) to apply for a personal decree against the defendant for the amount of the balance; and that the parties are at liberty to apply to the Court from time to time as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE.

Description of the mortgaged property.

FORM No. 8A.

Preliminary decree for sale.

(Order XXXIV, rule 4—When the Court declares the amount due.)

(TITLE.)

This suit coming on this day, etc.; It is hereby declared that the amount due to the plaintiff on the mortgage mentioned in the plaint calculated up to this day of is the sum of Rs. for principal, the sum of Rs. for interest on the said principal, the sum of Rs. for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) properly incurred by the plaintiff in respect of the mortgage-security, together with interest thereon, and the sum of Rs. for the costs of the suit awarded to the plaintiff, making in all the sum of Rs.

2. And it is hereby ordered and decreed as follows:—

(i) that the defendant do pay into Court on or before the day of or any later date up to which time for payment may be extended by the Court, the said sum of Rs ;

(ii) that, on such payment and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the plaintiff shall bring into Court all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents shall be delivered over to the defendant, or to such person as he appoints, and the plaintiff shall, if so required, re-convey or re-transfer the said property free from the said mortgage and clear of and from all incumbrances created by the plaintiff or any person claiming under him or any person under whom he claims and shall, if so required, deliver up to the defendant quiet and peaceable possession of the said property.

3. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment as aforesaid, the plaintiff may apply

to the Court for a final decree for the sale of the mortgaged property; and on such application being made, the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof shall be directed to be sold; and for the purposes of such sale the plaintiff shall produce before the Court or such officer as it appoints all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property.

4. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that the money realized by such sale shall be paid into Court and shall be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) in payment of the amount payable to the plaintiff under this decree and under any further orders that may be passed in this suit and in payment of any amount which the Court may adjudge due to the plaintiff in respect of such costs of the suit, and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11 of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and that the balance, if any, shall be paid to the defendant or other persons entitled to receive the same.

5. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, if the money realised by such sale shall not be sufficient for payment in full of the amount payable to the plaintiff as aforesaid, the plaintiff shall be at liberty (where such remedy is open to him under the terms of his mortgage and is not barred by any law for the time being in force) to apply for a personal decree against the defendant for the amount of the balance; and that the parties are at liberty to apply to the Court from time to time as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE.

Description of the mortgaged property.

FORM No. 6

Final decree for sale.

(Order XXXIV, rule 5.)

(TITLE.)

Upon reading the preliminary decree passed in this suit on the day of and further orders (if any)

dated the day of and the application of the plaintiff dated the day of for a final decree and after hearing the parties and it appearing that the payment directed by the said decree and orders has not been made by the defendant or any person on his behalf or any other person entitled to redeem the mortgage :

It is hereby ordered and decreed that the mortgaged property in the aforesaid preliminary decree mentioned or a sufficient part thereof be sold, and that for the purposes of such sale the plaintiff shall produce before the Court or such officer as it appoints all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property.

2. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that the money realized by such sale shall be paid into the Court and shall be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) in payment of the amount payable to the plaintiff under the aforesaid preliminary decree and under any further orders that may have been passed in this suit and in payment of any amount which the Court may have adjudged due to the plaintiff for such costs of the suit including the costs of this application and such costs, charges, and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and that the balance, if any, shall be paid to the defendant or other persons entitled to receive the same.

FORM No. 7.

Preliminary decree for redemption where on default of payment by mortgagor a decree for foreclosure is passed.

(Order XXXIV, rule 7.—Where accounts are directed to be taken.)

(TITLE.)

This suit coming on this day, etc.; It is hereby ordered and decreed that it be referred to as the Commissioner to take the accounts following:—

(*i*) an account of what is due on this date to the defendant for principal and interest on the mortgage mentioned in the plaint (such interest to be computed at

the rate payable on the principal or where no such rate is fixed, at six per cent per annum or at such rate as the Court deems reasonable);

(*ii*) an account of the income of the mortgaged property received up to this date by the defendant or by any other person by order or for the use of the defendant or which without the wilful default of the defendant or such person might have been so received,

(*iii*) an account of all sums of money properly incurred by the defendant up to this date for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) in respect of the mortgage security together with interest thereon (such interest to be computed at the rate agreed between the parties, or, failing such rate, at the same rate as is payable on the principal, or, failing both such rates, at nine per cent per annum);

(*iv*) an account of any loss or damage caused to the mortgaged property before this date by any act or omission of the defendant which is destructive of, or permanently injurious to, the property or by his failure to perform any of the duties imposed upon him by any law for the time being in force or by the terms of the mortgage-deed.

2. It is hereby further ordered and decreed that any amount received under clause (*ii*) or adjudged due under clause (*iv*) above, together with interest thereon, shall be adjusted against any sums paid by the defendant under clause (*iii*) together with interest thereon, and the balance, if any, shall be added to the mortgage-money, or, as the case may be, be debited in reduction of the amount due to the defendant on account of interest on the principal sum adjudged due and thereafter in reduction or discharge of the principal.

3. And it is hereby further ordered that the said Commissioner shall present the account to this Court with all convenient despatch after making all just allowances on or before the day of , and that upon such report of the Commissioner being received, it shall be confirmed and countersigned, subject to such modification as may be necessary after consideration of such objections as the parties to the suit may make.

4. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed—

(i) that the plaintiff do pay into Court on or before the day of , or any later date up to which time for payment may be extended by the Court such sum as the Court shall find due and the sum of Rs. for the costs of the suit awarded to the defendant;

(ii) that, on such payment, and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the defendant shall bring into Court all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents shall be delivered over to the plaintiff, or to such person as he appoints, and the defendants shall, if so required, re-convey or re-transfer the said property free from the said mortgage and clear of and from all incumbrances created by the defendant or any person claiming under him or any person under whom he claims and free from all liability whatsoever arising from the mortgage or this suit and shall, if so required, deliver up to the plaintiff quiet and peaceable possession of the said property

5. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment as aforesaid, the defendant shall be at liberty to apply to the Court for a final decree that the plaintiff shall thenceforth stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all right to redeem the mortgaged property described in the Schedule annexed hereto and shall, if so required, deliver up to the defendant quiet and peaceable possession of the said property; and that the parties shall be at liberty to apply to the Court from time to time as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE.

Description of the mortgaged property.

FORM No. 1-A.

Preliminary decree for redemption where on default of payment by mortgagor a decree for sale is passed.

(Order XXXIV, rule 7.—Where accounts are directed to be taken.)

(TITLE.)

This suit coming on this day, etc.; It is hereby ordered and decreed that it be referred to as the Commissioner to take the accounts following:—

(*i*) an account of what is due on this date to the defendant for principal and interest on the mortgage mentioned in the plaint (such interest to be computed at the rate payable on the principal or where no such rate is fixed, at six per cent per annum or at such rate as the Court deems reasonable);

(*ii*) an account of the income of the mortgaged property received up to this date by the defendant or by any other person by the order or for the use of the defendant or which without the wilful default of the defendant or such person might have been so received;

(*iii*) an account of all sums of money properly incurred by the defendant up to this date for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) in respect of the mortgage-security together with interest thereon (such interest to be computed at the rate agreed between the parties, or, failing such rate, at the same rate as is payable on the principal, or, failing both such rates, at nine per cent per annum);

(*iv*) an account of any loss or damage caused to the mortgaged property before this date by any act or omission of the defendant which is destructive of, or permanently injurious to, the property or by his failure to perform any of the duties imposed upon him by any law for the time being in force or by the terms of the mortgage-deed.

2. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that any amount received under clause (*ii*) or adjudged due under clause (*iv*) above, together with interest thereon, shall first be adjusted against any sums paid by the defendant under clause (*iii*) together with interest thereon, and the balance, if any, shall be added to the mortgage-money, or, as the case may be, be debited in reduction of the

amount due to the defendant on account of interest on the principal sum adjudged due and thereafter in reduction or discharge of the principal.

5. And it is hereby further ordered that the said Commissioner shall present the account to this Court with all convenient despatch after making all just allowances on or before the day of , and that, upon such report of the Commissioner being received, it shall be confirmed and countersigned, subject to such modification as may be necessary after consideration of such objections as the parties to the suit may make.

4. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed—

(i) that the plaintiff do pay into Court on or before the day of or any later date up to which time for payment may be extended by the Court, such sum as the Court shall find due and the sum of Rs. for the costs of the suit awarded to the defendant;

(ii) that, on such payment and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the defendant shall bring into Court all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents shall be delivered over to the plaintiff, or to such person as he appoints, and the defendant shall, if so required, re-convey or re-transfer the said property free from the said mortgage and clear of and from all incumbrances created by the defendant or any person claiming under him or any person under whom he claims and shall, if so required, deliver up to the plaintiff quiet and peaceable possession of the said property.

6. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment as aforesaid, the defendant may apply to the Court for a final decree for the sale of the mortgaged property; and on such application being made, the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof shall be directed to be sold; and for the purposes of such sale the defendant shall produce before the Court or such officer as it appoints, all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property.

6. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that the money realized by such sale shall be paid into Court and shall be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) in payment of the amount payable to the defendant under this decree and under any further orders that may be passed in this suit and in payment of any amount which the Court may adjudge due to the defendant in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and that the balance, if any, shall be paid to the plaintiff or other persons entitled to receive the same.

7. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, if the money realized by such sale shall not be sufficient for payment in full of the amount payable to the defendant as aforesaid, the defendant shall be at liberty (where such remedy is open to him under the terms of his mortgage and is not barred by any law for the time being in force) to apply for a personal decree against the plaintiff for the amount of the balance; and that the parties are at liberty to apply to the Court from time to time as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE.

Description of the mortgaged property.

FORM No. 78.

Preliminary decree for redemption where on default of payment by mortgagor a decree for foreclosure is passed.

(Order XXXIV, rule 7.—Where the Court declares the amount due.)

(TITLE.)

This suit coming on this day, etc.; It is hereby declared that the amount due to the defendant on the mortgage mentioned in the plaint calculated up to this day of is the sum of Rs. for principal, the sum of Rs. for interest on the said principal, the sum of Rs for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) properly

incurred by the defendant in respect of the mortgage-security together with interest thereon, and the sum of Rs. for the costs of the suit awarded to the defendant, making in all the sum of Rs.

2. And it is hereby ordered and decreed as follows:—

(*i*) That the plaintiff do pay into Court on or before the day of . or any later date up to which time for payment may be extended by the Court the said sum of Rs ;

(*ii*) that, on such payment and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the defendant shall bring into Court all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents shall be delivered over to the plaintiff, or to such person as he appoints, and the defendant shall, if so required, re-convey or re-transfer the said property free from the said mortgage and clear of and from all incumbrances created by the defendant or any person claiming under him or any person under whom he claims, and free from all liability whatsoever arising from the mortgage or this suit and shall, if so required, deliver up to the plaintiff quiet and peaceable possession of the said property.

3. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment as aforesaid, the defendant may apply to the Court for a final decree that the plaintiff shall thenceforth stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all right to redeem the mortgaged property described in the Schedule annexed hereto and shall, if so required, deliver up to the defendant quiet and peaceable possession of the said property, and that the parties shall be at liberty to apply to the Court from time to time as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE.

Description of the mortgaged property.

FORM No. 10.

Preliminary decree for redemption where on default of payment by mortgagor a decree for sale is passed.

(Order XXXIV, rule 7.—Where the Court declares the amount due.)

(TITLE.)

This suit coming on this day, etc.; It is hereby declared that the amount due to the defendant on the mortgage mentioned in the plaint calculated up to this day of is the sum of Rs. for principal, the sum of Rs. for interest on the said principal, the sum of Rs. for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) properly incurred by the defendant in respect of the mortgage-security together with interest thereon, and the sum of Rs for the cost of this suit awarded to the defendant, making in all the sum of Rs.

2. And it is hereby ordered and decreed as follows:—

(*i*) that the plaintiff do pay into Court on or before the day of or any later date up to which time the payment may be extended by the Court the said sum of Rs ;

(*ii*) that, on such payment and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the defendant shall bring into Court all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents shall be delivered over to the plaintiff, or such person as he appoints, and the defendant shall, if so required, re-convey or re-transfer the said property to the plaintiff free from the said mortgage and clear of and from all incumbrances created by the defendant or any person claiming under him or any person under whom he claims and shall, if so required, deliver up to the plaintiff quiet and peaceable possession of the said property.

3. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment as aforesaid, the defendant may apply to the Court for a final decree for the sale of the

mortgaged property; and on such application being made, the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof shall be directed to be sold; and for the purposes of such sale the defendant shall produce before the Court or such officer as it appoints all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property.

4. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that the money realised by such sale shall be paid into Court and shall be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) in payment of the amount payable to the defendant under this decree and under any further orders that may be passed in this suit and in payment of any amount which the Court may adjudge due to the defendant in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and that the balance, if any, shall be paid to the plaintiff or other persons entitled to the same.

5. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, if the money realised by such sale shall not be sufficient for the payment in full of the amount payable to the defendant as aforesaid, the defendant shall be at liberty (where such remedy is open to him under the terms of the mortgage and is not barred by any law for the time being in force) to apply for a personal decree against the plaintiff for the amount of the balance; and that the parties are at liberty to apply to the Court from time to time as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE

Description of the mortgaged property.

FORM No. 7D.

Final decree for foreclosure in a redemption suit on default of payment by mortgagor.

(Order XXXIV, rule 8.)

(TITLE)

Upon reading the preliminary decree in this suit on the day of and further orders (if any) dated the day of ,

and the application of the defendant dated the day of for a final decree and after hearing the parties, and it appearing that the payment as directed by the said decree and orders has not been made by the plaintiff or any person on his behalf or any other person entitled to redeem the mortgage :

It is hereby ordered and decreed that the plaintiff and all persons claiming through or under him be and they are hereby absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all right of redemption of and in the property in the aforesaid preliminary decree mentioned * [and *(if the plaintiff be in possession of the said mortgaged property)* that the plaintiff shall deliver to the defendant quiet and peaceable possession of the said mortgaged property].

2. And it is hereby further declared that the whole of the liability whatsoever of the plaintiff up to this day arising from the said mortgage mentioned in the plaint or from this suit is hereby discharged and extinguished.

* Words not required to be deleted.

FORM No. 9E.

Final decree for sale in a redemption suit on default of payment by mortgagor.

(Order XXXIV, rule 8)

(TITLE.)

Upon reading the preliminary decree passed in this suit on the day of and further orders (if any) dated the day of and the application of the defendant dated the day of , for a final decree and after hearing the parties and it appearing that the payment directed by the said decree and orders has not been made by the plaintiff or any person on his behalf or any other person entitled to redeem the mortgage :

It is hereby ordered and decreed that the mortgaged property in the aforesaid preliminary decree mentioned or a sufficient part thereof be sold and that for the purposes of such sale the defendant shall produce before the Court, or such officer as it appoints, all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property.

2. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that the money realised by such sale shall be paid into Court

and shall be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) in payment of the amount payable to the defendant under the aforesaid preliminary decree and under any further orders that may have been passed in this suit and in payment of any amount which the Court may have adjudged due to the defendant for such costs of this suit including the costs of this application and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with the subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and that the balance, if any, shall be paid to the plaintiff or other persons entitled to receive the same.

FORM No. 9F.

Final decree in a suit for foreclosure, sale or redemption where the mortgagor pays the amount of the decree.

(Order XXXIV, rules 3, 5 and 8.)

(TITLE)

This suit coming on this day for further consideration and it appearing that on the day of the mortgagor or , the same being a person entitled to redeem, has paid into Court all amounts due to the mortgagee under the preliminary decree dated the day of ; It is hereby ordered and decreed that—

(*i*) the mortgagee do execute a deed of re-conveyance of the property in the aforesaid preliminary decree mentioned in favour of the mortgagor * or, as the case may be, who has redeemed the property or an acknowledgment of the payment of the amount due in his favour;

(*ii*) the mortgagee do bring into Court all documents in his possession and power relating to the mortgaged property in the suit.

And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, upon the mortgagee executing the deed of re-conveyance or acknowledgment in the manner aforesaid,—

(*i*) the said sum of Rs. , be paid out of Court to the mortgagee;

(*ii*) the said deeds and documents brought into the Court be delivered out of Court to the mortgagor * [or the

* Words not required to be deleted.

FORM No. 9.

Preliminary decree for foreclosure or sale

[Plaintiff ..... 1st Mortgagee,

vs.

Defendant No. 1..... Mortgagor.

Defendant No. 2..... 2nd Mortgagee]

(Order XXXIV, rules 2 and 4.)

(TITLE)

The suit coming on this day, etc ; It is hereby declared that the amount due to the plaintiff on the mortgage mentioned in the plaint calculated up to this day of is the sum of Rs. for principal, the sum of Rs for interest on the said principal, the sum of Rs. for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) incurred by the plaintiff in respect of the mortgage-security with interest thereon and the sum of Rs. for the costs of this suit awarded to the plaintiff, making in all the sum of Rs.

Similar declarations to be introduced with regard to the amount due to defendant No. 2 in respect of his mortgage if the mortgage money due thereunder has become payable at the date of the suit.

2. It is further declared that the plaintiff is entitled to payment of the amount due to him in priority to defendant No. 2 * [or (if there are several subsequent mortgagees) that the several parties hereto are entitled to the following order to the payment of the sums due to them respectively :—]

3. And it is hereby ordered and decreed as follows :—

(*i*) (*a*) that defendants or one of them do pay into Court on or before the day of or any later date up to which time for payment has been extended by the Court the said sum of Rs. due to the plaintiff ; and

(*b*) that defendant No. 1 do pay into Court on or before the day of or any later date up to which time for payment has been extended by the Court the said sum of Rs. due to defendant No. 2 ; and

* Words not required to be deleted.

(*ii*) that, on payment of the sum declared to be due to the plaintiff by defendants or either of them in the manner prescribed in clause (*i*) (*a*) and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the plaintiff shall bring into Court all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents shall be delivered over to the defendant No. (who has made the payment), or to such person as he appoints, and the plaintiff shall, if so required, re-convey or re-transfer the said property free from the said mortgage and clear of and from all incumbrances created by the plaintiff or any person claiming under him or any person under whom he claims, and also free from all liability whatsoever arising from the mortgage or this suit and shall, if so required, deliver up to the defendant No. (who has made the payment) quiet and peaceable possession of the said property.

(*Similar declarations to be introduced, if defendant No. 1 pays the amount found or declared to be due to defendant No 2 with such variations as may be necessary having regard to the nature of his mortgage.*)

4. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment as aforesaid of the amount due to the plaintiff, the plaintiff shall be at liberty to apply to the Court for a final decree—

(*i*) *[in the case of a mortgage by conditional sale or an anomalous mortgage where the only remedy provided for in the mortgage-deed is foreclosure and not sale] that the defendants jointly and severally shall thenceforth stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all right to redeem the mortgaged property described in the Schedule annexed hereto and shall, if so required, deliver to the plaintiff quiet and peaceable possession of the said property; or

(*ii*) *[in the case of any other mortgage] that the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof shall be

* Words not required to be deleted.

sold; and that for the purposes of such sale the plaintiff shall produce before the Court or such officer as it appoints, all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property; and

(iii) *[*in the case where a sale is ordered under clause 4 (ii) above*] that the money realised by such sale shall be paid into Court and be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) in payment of the amount payable to the plaintiff under this decree and under any further orders that may have been passed in this suit and in payment of the amount which the Court may adjudge due to the plaintiff in respect of such costs of this suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and that the balance, if any, shall be applied in payment of the amount due to defendant No. 2; and that if any balance be left, it shall be paid to the defendant No. 1 or other persons entitled to receive the same; and

(iv) that, if the money realised by such sale shall not be sufficient for payment in full of the amounts due to the plaintiff and defendant No 2, the plaintiff or defendant No. 2 or both of them, as the case may be, shall be at liberty (when such remedy is open under the terms of their respective mortgages and is not barred by any law for the time being in force) to apply for a personal decree against defendant No. 1 for the amounts remaining due to them respectively.

5. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed—

(a) that if defendant No. 2 pays into Court to the credit of this suit the amount adjudged due to the plaintiff, but defendant No. 1 makes default in the payment of the said amount, defendant No. 2 shall be at liberty to apply to the Court to keep the plaintiff's mortgage alive for his benefit and to apply for a final decree (*in the same manner as the plaintiff might have done under clause 4 above*)—

[(i)* that defendant No. 1 shall thenceforth stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all right to redeem the mortgaged property described in the Schedule annexed hereto and shall, if so required, deliver up to defendant No. 2 quiet and peaceable possession of the said property;] or

* Words not required to be deleted.

*[(*iii*) that the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof be sold and that for the purposes of such sale defendant No. 2 shall produce before the Court or such officer as it appoints, all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property;

and (*b*) (if on the application of defendant No. 2 such a final decree for foreclosure is passed), that the whole of the liability of defendant No 1 arising from the plaintiff's mortgage or from the mortgage of defendant No. 2 or from the suit shall be deemed to have been discharged and extinguished.

6. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed *[*in the case where a sale is ordered under clause 5 above*]—

(*a*) that the money realised by such sale shall be paid into Court and be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) first in payment of the amount paid by defendant No. 2 in respect of the plaintiff's mortgage and the costs of the suit in connection therewith and in payment of the amount which the Court may adjudge due in respect of subsequent interest on the said amount; and that the balance, if any, shall then be applied in payment of the amount adjudged due to defendant No. 2 in respect of his own mortgage under this decree and any further orders that may be passed and in payment of the amount which the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of this suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable to defendant No. 2 under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and that the balance, if any, shall be paid to defendant No. 1 or other persons entitled to receive the same; and

(*b*) that, if the money realised by such sale shall not be sufficient for payment in full of the amount due in respect of the plaintiff's mortgage or defendant No. 2's mortgage, defendant No. 2 shall be at liberty (where such remedy is open to him under the terms of his mortgage and is not barred by any law for the time being in force) to apply for a personal decree against defendant No 1 for the amount of the balance.

7. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that the parties are at liberty to apply to the Court from time

* Words not required to be deleted.

to time as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE.

Description of the mortgaged property

FORM No. 10.

Preliminary decree for redemption of prior mortgage and foreclosure or sale on subsequent mortgage

[Plaintiff.....2nd Mortgagee

vs.

Defendant No. 1.....Mortgagor,

Defendant No. 2.....1st Mortgagee]

(Order XXXIV, rules 2, 4 and 7.)

(TITLE.)

The suit coming on this day, etc.; It is hereby declared that the amount due to defendant No. 2 on the mortgage mentioned in the plaint calculated up to this day of is the sum of Rs. for principal, the sum of Rs. for interest on the said principal, the sum of Rs. for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) properly incurred by defendant No. 2 in respect of the mortgage-security with interest thereon and the sum of Rs for the costs of this suit awarded to defendant No. 2, making in all the sum of Rs.

(*Similar declarations to be introduced with regard to the amount due from defendant No. 1 to the plaintiff in respect of his mortgage if the mortgage-money due thereunder has become payable at the date of the suit.*)

2. It is further declared that defendant No. 2 is entitled to payment of the amount due to him in priority to the plaintiff * [or if (there are several subsequent mortgagees) that the several parties hereto are entitled in the following order to the payment of the sums due to them respectively:—].

3. And it is hereby ordered and decreed as follows:—

(1) (*a*) that the plaintiff or defendant No. 1 or one of them do pay into Court on or before the

* Words not required to be deleted.

day of or any later date up to which time for payment has been extended by the Court the said sum of Rs. due to defendant No. 2, and

(b) that defendant No. 1 do pay into Court on or before the day of or any later date up to which time for payment has been extended by the Court the said sum of Rs. due to the plaintiff; and

(c) that, on payment of the sum declared due to defendant No. 2 by the plaintiff and defendant No. 1 or either of them in the manner prescribed in clause (*b*) (*a*) and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11 of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, defendant No. 2 shall bring into Court all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents shall be delivered over to the plaintiff or defendant No. 1 (whoever has made the payment), or to such person as he appoints, and defendant No. 2 shall, if so required, re-convey or re-transfer the said property free from the said mortgage and clear of and from all incumbrances created by defendant No. 2 or any person claiming under him or any person under whom he claims, and also free from all liability whatsoever arising from the mortgage or this suit and shall, if so required, deliver up to the plaintiff or defendant No. 1 (whoever has made the payment) quiet and peaceable possession of the said property.

(Similar declarations to be introduced, if defendant No. 1 pays the amount found or declared due to the plaintiff with such variations as may be necessary having regard to the nature of his mortgage.)

4. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment as aforesaid, of the amount due to defendant No. 2, defendant No. 2 shall be at liberty to

apply to the Court that the suit be dismissed or for a final decree—

(i) *[*in the case of a mortgage by conditional sale or an anomalous mortgage where the only remedy provided for in the mortgage-deed is foreclosure and not sale*] that the plaintiff and defendant No. 1 jointly and severally shall thenceforth stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all right to redeem the mortgaged property described in the schedule annexed hereto and shall, if so required, deliver to the defendant No 2 quiet and peaceable possession of the said property ; or

(ii) *[*in the case of any other mortgage*] that the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof shall be sold ; and that for the purposes of such sale defendant No. 2 shall produce before the Court or such officer as it appoints, all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property ; and

(iii) *[*in the case where a sale is ordered under clause 4 (ii) above*] that the money realised by such sale shall be paid into Court and be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) in payment of the amount payable to defendant No. 2 under the decree and any further orders that may be passed in this suit and in payment of the amount which the Court may adjudge due to defendant No. 2 in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable to the plaintiff under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 : and that the balance, if any, shall be applied in payment of the amount due to the plaintiff and that, if any balance be left, it shall be paid to defendant No. 1 or other persons entitled to receive the same ; and

(iv) that, if the money realised by such sale shall not be sufficient for payment in full of the amounts due to defendant No. 2 and the plaintiff, defendant No 2 or the plaintiff or both of them, as the case may be, shall be at liberty (when such remedy is open under the terms of their respective mortgages and is not barred by any law for the time being in force) to apply for a personal decree against defendant No. 1 for the amounts remaining due to them respectively.

* Words not required to be deleted.

5. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed,—

(a) that, if the plaintiff pays into Court to the credit of this suit the amount adjudged due to defendant No. 2 but defendant No. 1 makes default in the payment of the said amount, the plaintiff shall be at liberty to apply to the Court to keep defendant No. 2's mortgage alive for his benefit and to apply for a final decree (*in the same manner as the defendant No 2 might have done under clause 4 above*)—

*[(i) that defendant No. 1 shall thenceforth stand absolutely debarred and foreclosed of and from all right to redeem the mortgaged property described in the Schedule annexed hereto and shall, if so required, deliver up to the plaintiff quiet and peaceable possession of the said property ;] or

*[(ii) that the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof be sold and that for the purposes of such sale the plaintiff shall produce before the Court or such officer as it appoints, all documents in his possession or power relating to the mortgaged property ;]

and (b) (if on the application of defendant No 2 such a final decree for foreclosure is passed), that the whole of the liability of defendant No 1 arising from the plaintiff's mortgage or from the mortgage of defendant No. 2 or from this suit shall be deemed to have been discharged and extinguished.

6 And it is hereby further ordered and decreed (*in the case where a sale is ordered under clause 5 above*)—

(i) that the money realised by such sale shall be paid into Court and be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) first in payment of the amount paid by the plaintiff in respect of defendant No. 2's mortgage and the costs of the suit in connection therewith and in payment of the amount which the Court may adjudge due in respect of subsequent interest on the said amount; and that the balance, if any, shall then be applied in payment of the amount adjudged due to the plaintiff in respect of his own mortgage under this decree and any further orders that may be passed and in payment of the amount which the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable to the plaintiff under rule 10, together

* Words not required to be deleted.

with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and that the balance, if any, shall be paid to defendant No. 1 or other persons entitled to receive the same ; and

(*ii*) that, if the money realised by such sale shall not be sufficient for payment in full of the amount due in respect of defendant No 2's mortgage or the plaintiff's mortgage, defendant No. 2 shall be at liberty (where such remedy is open to him under the terms of his mortgage and is not barred by any law for the time being in force) to apply for a personal decree against defendant No. 1 for the amount of the balance

7. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that the parties are at liberty to apply to the Court from time to time as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE.

Description of the mortgaged property.

FORM No. 11.

Preliminary decree for sale

[Plaintiff—Sub or derivative mortgagee

vs.

Defendant No. 1.—Mortgagor.
Defendant No. 2.—Original mortgagee.]

(Order XXXIV, rule 4.)

(TITLE.)

This suit coming on this day, etc. It is hereby declared that the amount due to defendant No. 2 on his mortgage calculated up to this day of is the sum of Rs. for principal, the sum of Rs. for interest on the said principal, the sum of Rs. for costs, charges and expenses (other than the costs of the suit) in respect of the mortgage-security together with interest thereon and the sum of Rs. for the costs of the suit awarded to defendant No. 2, making in all the sum of Rs.

(*Similar declarations to be introduced with regard to the amount due from defendant No. 2 to the plaintiff in respect of his mortgage.*)

2. And it is hereby ordered and decreed as follows:—

(*i*) that defendant No. 1 do pay into Court on or before the said day of or any later date up to which time for payment may be extended by the Court the said sum of Rs. due to defendant No. 2.

(*Similar declarations to be introduced with regard to the amount due to the plaintiff, defendant No. 2 being at liberty to pay such amount.*)

(*ii*) that, on payment of the sum declared due to defendant No. 2 by defendant No. 1 in the manner prescribed in clause 2 (i) and on payment thereafter before such date as the Court may fix of such amount as the Court may adjudge due in respect of such costs of the suit and such costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the plaintiff and defendant No. 2 shall bring into Court all documents in their possession or power relating to the mortgaged property in the plaint mentioned, and all such documents (except such as relate only to the sub-mortgage) shall be delivered over to defendant No. 1, or to such person as he appoints, and defendant No. 2 shall, if so required, re-convey or re-transfer the property to defendant No. 1 free from the said mortgage clear of and from all incumbrances created by defendant No. 2 or any person claiming under him or any person under whom he claims and free from all liability arising from the mortgage or this suit and shall, if so required, deliver up to defendant No. 1 quiet and peaceable possession of the said property; and

(*iii*) that, upon payment into the Court by defendant No. 1 of the amount due to defendant No. 2, the plaintiff shall be at liberty to apply for payment to him of the sum declared due to him together with any subsequent costs of the suit and other costs, charges and expenses, as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908; and that the balance, if any, shall then be paid to defendant No. 2; and that if the amount paid into the Court be not sufficient to pay in full the sum due to the plaintiff, the plaintiff shall be at liberty (if such remedy is open to him by the terms of the

mortgage and is not barred by any law for the time being in force) to apply for a personal decree against defendant No. 2 for the amount of the balance.

5. And it is further ordered and decreed that if defendant No. 2 pays into Court to the credit of this suit the amount adjudged due to the plaintiff, the plaintiff shall bring into the Court all documents, etc. [as in sub-clause (*ii*) of clause 2].

4. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, in default of payment by defendants Nos. 1 and 2 as aforesaid, the plaintiff may apply to the Court for a final decree for sale, and on such application being made the mortgaged property or a sufficient part thereof shall be directed to be sold; and that for the purposes of such sale the plaintiff and defendant No. 2 shall produce before the Court or such officer as it appoints, all documents in their possession or power relating to the mortgaged property.

5. And it is hereby further ordered and decree that the money realised by such sale shall be paid into Court and be duly applied (after deduction therefrom of the expenses of the sale) first in payment of the amount due to the plaintiff as specified in clause 1 above with such costs of the suit and other costs, charges and expenses as may be payable under rule 10, together with such subsequent interest as may be payable under rule 11, of Order XXXIV of the First Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and that the balance, if any, shall be applied in payment of the amount due to defendant No. 2; and that, if any balance be left, it shall be paid to defendant No. 1 or other persons entitled to receive the same.

6. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, if the money realised by such sale shall not be sufficient for payment in full of the amounts payable to the plaintiff and defendant No. 2, the plaintiff or defendant No. 2 or both of them, as the case may be, shall be at liberty (if such remedy is open under their respective mortgages and is not barred by any law for the time being in force) to apply for a personal decree against defendant No. 2 or defendant No. 1 (as the case may be) for the amount of the balance.

7. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that, if defendant No. 2 pays into Court to the credit of this suit the amount adjudged due to the plaintiff, but defendant No. 1 makes default in payment of the amount due to defendant No. 2, defendant No. 2 shall be at liberty to apply to the Court for a final decree for foreclosure or sale (as the case may be)—(*declarations as the ordinary form to be introduced according to the nature of defendant No. 2's mortgage and the remedies open to him thereunder*).

8. And it is hereby further ordered and decreed that the parties are at liberty to apply to the Court as they may have occasion, and on such application or otherwise the Court may give such directions as it thinks fit.

SCHEDULE.

Description of the mortgaged property.

L. GRAHAM,
Secretary to the Government of India.

(Republished by order of His Excellency the Governor in Council)

J. VENKATANARAYANA,
Secy. to Govt., Law (Legislative) Dept.

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Bill No. 14 of 1929.—Madras Town Planning (Amendment)—Tamil and Telugu.

Bill to be introduced in the Council of the Governor of Fort St George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Under rule 20 of the Madras Legislative Council Rules, the following Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons, is published for general information:—

BILL No. 21 OF 1929.

The Marumakkathayam and the Aliyasanthana Branch Partition Bill.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend and define the law applicable to partition governing the followers of the Marumakkathayam and the Aliyasanthana Law; And whereas the previous sanction of the Governor-General

Provided that where a branch consists of two adult members, both of them, and where it consists of more than two adults, a majority of such adult members, agree thereto;

Provided also that where a branch consists only of minors it shall be in the discretion of the Court to decree partition.

Provided further that where a tarwad consists of a single adult member and minors, the adult member shall not be entitled to claim partition.

Shares how determined.

4. At the partition, the share to which a branch shall be entitled shall be so much out of the properties of the tarwad as would fall to the shares of the members of that branch if a division *per capita* were made among all the living members of the tarwad.

No vested interest till partition.

5. Until partition no branch shall be deemed to have a definite share in the properties of the tarwad which shall be liable to be seized in execution, nor shall such branch be deemed to have any alienable or heritable interest therein.

CHAPTER III.

Impartible Tarwads.

Impartibility.

6. (i) Any tarwad wishing to exclude itself from the operation of Chapter II of this Act may, within one year after the passing of this Act, apply to the Court to have the tarwad registered as impartible.

(ii) Such application shall be made by not less than two-thirds of the adult members of each branch of the tarwad concerned.

(iii) On receipt of such application the Court shall, if it finds that the application is agreed to and signed by the majority as provided for by sub-section (ii) of this section, register the tarwad as impartible; otherwise it shall reject the same.

Cancellation of impartibility.

7. (i) It shall be competent to a tarwad registered as impartible to exempt itself from the operation of the provisions of this Chapter by an application made therefor and agreed to and signed by not less than two-thirds of the adult members of each branch of the tarwad.

(ii) On receipt of such application the Court shall, if it finds that the application is agreed to and signed by

the majority as provided for in sub-section (1) of this section cancel the registration of impartibility; otherwise it shall reject the same.

Provided that the rejection of an application shall not be a bar for a further application being made at any future time.

Proceedings made judicial.

8. All proceedings taken under this Chapter shall be deemed to be judicial proceedings and shall be governed, as far as may be, by the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Maintenance of register and granting of copies.

9. The Court shall keep a register of all applications made under the provisions of this Chapter and of all final orders made thereon, and certified copies of the same shall be granted to the public on application.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Marumakkathayam system of law prevails in Malabar and the southern parts of the Kasaragod taluk of the district of South Kanara and the Aliyasanthana law in the district of South Kanara. Under both the systems succession to property is traced through a female. The joint family or the tarwad consists of a mother and her children, male as well as female, and the male and female children of such female children, and so on. The children of a male are members not of the tarwad of their father but of their mother. A branch of a tarwad consisting of a living female and her descendants, as aforesaid, is known as a tavazhi. On the death of such a female there may be more tavazhis than one. The chief characteristic of the tarwad is its impartibility. Unless all the adult members consent, the property cannot be divided. Members have a right to be maintained out of the family property. Ordinarily the management of the property vests in the senior-most male as in Malabar or the seniormost male or female as in South Kanara. Subject to the liability of the maintenance of the junior members, the powers of the manager over the income of the family properties are absolute. The junior members have a right to get a manager deposed through Court if they are able to prove grave charges of mismanagement, misappropriation, etc. But they are not entitled to claim an account of the family income which had come into his hands.

The systems were no doubt suited to the military requirements of medieval times. But they have outlived their purpose. With the progress of modern civilization and of modern ideas, the joint family system even under mitakshara has largely broken up and it is but natural that the systems in question have to modify themselves to suit modern needs and requirements. The condition of affairs in actual practice is anything but satisfactory. Families

have grown into large sizes, and it is not infrequent to meet with families consisting of more than 200 members. In such a state of things it is too much to expect any real family tie or affection. In fact in large families even the manager does not know all the members. On the other hand it is found that the real affection of a member of a family flows naturally towards his wife and children rather than sisters or their children. Ordinarily one becomes fairly advanced in age when he gets the management of the tarwad. Naturally in the short interval left before him he tries to benefit his wife and children at the expense of the family. There may be good managers here and there, but they are few and their number is daily growing less. The family interests are neglected, and the junior members are uncared for. It is quite usual to find a member of a rich tarwad on the verge of starvation. The junior members as a rule resent the treatment and the result is frequent quarrels, and never-ending civil and criminal litigation between the junior members of the family and the manager. In recent times relief has no doubt been given by the Courts, by granting decrees for maintenance. Even this relief is precarious and dependent on conditions which vary with the vagaries of the case law. Decrees for maintenance obtained after great difficulty and expense are seldom realized. The manager misappropriates the large income and dies, and leaves a legacy of such decrees to his successor. The current income is attached in execution of such decrees and the new manager is severely handicapped, even if he is minded to do his duty. The only circumstances under which property can be alienated are for family necessity. But there is constant dread of litigation at the instance of the junior members. The condition of affairs therefore calls for immediate solution at the hands of the Legislature. By the Cochin Nayar Regulation XIII of Kollam 1095 and the Travancore Nayar Regulation II of Kollam 1101 the Marumakkathayam law relating to marriage, management, adoption and partition have been changed almost wholesale. Under the latter regulation even individual partition has been introduced. The present Bill, however, is not so drastic a measure and is intended to improve a state of things which calls for urgent relief with minimum alteration of the existing law.

NOTES ON CLAUSES.

Clause 1 of the Bill requires no explanation.

Clause 2 gives the definitions of the three important terms used in the Bill. By the proviso to this clause the provisions of the Act are made applicable also to tavazhis with separate properties. The word 'tavazhi' has been avoided as it is applied in ordinary use not only to main tavazhis but to sub-tavazhis as well. By this Bill the right to claim partition is confined only to the branch as a whole.

Clause 3 gives the right to a branch to claim partition and states the conditions in which it may so claim.

Clause 4 gives the basis for the calculation of shares.

Clause 5 says that no branch shall have a vested right to any definite share till partition.

Clause 6 provides for existing tarwads to register themselves as impartible if they so desire.

Clause 7 provides for subsequent cancellation of the registration of impartibility.

Clause 8 makes all proceedings under Chapter III judicial.

Clause 9 provides for the maintenance of registers and the grant of copies to the public.

10th August 1929. K. R KARANT.

R. V. KRISHNA AYYAR,
Secretary to the Legislative Council.

Act of the Local Legislature of Madras.

In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 81 of the Government of India Act, the following Act of the Local Legislature of Madras, having been assented to by the Governor-General on the 12th October 1929, is hereby published for general information :—

ACT No. XII OF 1929.

An Act to amend the Madras University Act, 1923.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Madras University Act, 1923, for the purposes hereinafter appearing; It is hereby enacted as follows :— Madras Act VII of 1923.

Short title. **1.** This Act may be called the Madras University (Amendment) Act, 1929.

Amendment of section 2 of Madras Act VII of 1923. **2.** In section 2 of the Madras University Act, 1923 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act)— Madras Act VII of 1923.

(i) after clause (*c*), the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

"(*cc*) '*Honours College*' means a first-grade college in which provision is made for Honours or post-graduate courses of study leading up to the higher degrees of the University;"

(ii) after clause (*e*), the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

"(*ee*) '*Oriental College*' means an institution in which provision is made for courses of study in oriental learning only and for the preparation of students for degrees, titles, or diplomas of the University in such learning, in accordance with the regulations;"

(iii) in clause (*f*), after the words 'prescribed by' the words 'this Act or' shall be inserted;

(iv) after clause (*g*), the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

"(*gg*) '*Professional College*' means a college in which are provided courses of study leading up to the professional degrees of the University;"

(v) for clause (*h*), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*h*) '*Registered graduates*' means graduates registered under this Act or the Indian Universities Act, 1904;" VIII of 1904.

(vi) in clause (*g*), for the words 'constituent college or of an affiliated college' the words 'constituent, affiliated or oriental college' shall be substituted;

(vii) for clause (*j*), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*j*) '*Teachers*' means such professors, readers, lecturers and other persons giving instruction in constituent, affiliated or oriental colleges or in hostels as may be declared by the Statutes to be teachers;" and

(viii) in clause (*n*), after the words 'means a,' the words 'whole-time or part-time' shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 3 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

3. In sub-section (1) of section 3 of the said Act, the words 'and the Council of Affiliated Colleges' shall be omitted, and after the words 'the Syndicate,' the word 'and' shall be inserted.

Insertion of new section 4A in Madras Act VII of 1923.

4. After section 4 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Powers of the University.

"4A. The University shall have the following powers, namely :—

(1) to provide for instruction and training in such branches of learning as it may think fit and to make provision for research and for the advancement and dissemination of knowledge;

(2) to establish, maintain and manage Institutes of Research;

(3) to make such provision as will enable constituent, affiliated and oriental colleges to undertake specialization of studies and to organize common laboratories, libraries and other equipment for research work;

(4) to institute professorships, readerships, lectureships and any other teaching posts required by the University and to appoint persons to such professorships, readerships, lectureships and other teaching posts;

(5) to institute degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions;

(6) to hold examinations and to confer degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions on persons who—

(a) shall have pursued an approved course of study in a constituent, affiliated or oriental college unless exempted therefrom in the manner prescribed by the Statutes and shall have passed the prescribed examinations of the University; or

(b) shall have carried on research under conditions prescribed;

(7) to confer honorary degrees or other distinctions under conditions prescribed;

(8) (a) to institute, maintain and manage constituent colleges, to recognize colleges not maintained by the University as constituent colleges, to allow colleges recognized by the University before the passing of this Act to continue to exercise the rights and privileges conferred on them by such recognition and any further rights conferred by or under this Act and to withdraw recognition from colleges;

(b) to approve institutions as oriental colleges, to allow institutions approved by the University before the passing of this Act to continue to exercise the rights and privileges conferred on them by such approval and any further rights conferred by or under this Act until such time as they may be transferred to other universities and to withdraw approval from institutions;

(9) to affiliate to itself colleges outside the limits of the University, to allow colleges affiliated to the University before the passing of this Act to continue to exercise the rights and privileges conferred on them by

the affiliation and any further rights conferred by or under this Act until such time as they may be transferred to other Universities and to withdraw affiliation from colleges;

(10) to recommend to the Local Government the recognition of any local area as a University centre;

(11) to establish, maintain and manage hostels, to recognize hostels not maintained by the University and to withdraw recognition therefrom;

(12) to hold and manage endowments and to institute and award fellowships, travelling fellowships, scholarships, studentships, bursaries, exhibitions, medals and prizes;

(13) to fix fees and to demand and receive such fees as may be prescribed;

(14) to create and manage an affiliated college fund;

(15) to make grants from the funds of the University for the maintenance of a University Training Corps;

(16) to exercise such control over the students of the University through the colleges as will secure their health and well-being;

(17) to institute and provide funds for the maintenance of

(*a*) a Publication Bureau;
(*b*) an Employment Bureau;
(*c*) Students' Unions;
(*d*) University Extension Boards; and
(*e*) University Athletic Clubs;

(18) to co-operate with other Universities and other authorities in such manner and for such purposes as the University may determine; and

(19) generally to do all such other acts and things as may be necessary or desirable to further the objects of the University."

Amendment of section 5 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

5. In sub-section (1) of section 5 of the said Act—

(i) *for* the words 'creed or class', the words 'creed, class, or political views' shall be substituted; and

(ii) for the words 'relating to religious belief or profession' the words 'relating to religious belief or profession or political views' shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 6 of Madras Act VII of 1923

6. For section 6 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Attendance qualifying for University examination.

"6. No attendance at instruction given in any institution other than that conducted, recognized or approved by the University shall qualify for admission to any examination of the University."

Amendment of section 7 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

7. In sub-section (2) of section 7 of the said Act, for the words 'associated with,' the words 'maintained, recognized or approved by or affiliated to' shall be substituted and the words 'or done' occurring after the words 'work conducted' shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 8 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

8. For section 8 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Officers of the University.

"8. The following shall be the officers of the University :—

(1) The Chancellor;
(2) The Pro-Chancellor;
(3) The Vice-Chancellor;
(4) The Registrar; and
(5) Such other persons as may be declared by the Statutes to be officers of the University."

Amendment of section 9 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

9. In sub-section (1) of section 9 of the said Act, for the first sentence the following sentence shall be substituted, namely :—

"The Governor of Madras shall be the Chancellor of the University."

Amendment of section 10 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

10. For sub-section (1) of section 10 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"10. (1) The Minister administering the subject of education for the time being shall be the Pro-Chancellor of the University."

Amendment of section 11 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

11. In section 11 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words 'five persons' the words 'three persons,' and for the words 'shall be prescribed' the words 'may be prescribed by the statutes' shall be substituted ; and

(ii) in sub-section (2)—

(*a*) for the word 'Where' the word 'When' shall be substituted ; and

(*b*) for the words 'carrying on the duties' the words 'exercising the powers and performing the duties' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 12 of Madras Act VII of 1923

12. In section 12 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (2), the words 'and of the Council of Affiliated Colleges' shall be omitted and after the words 'the Syndicate,' the word 'and' shall be inserted; the word 'at' occurring between the word 'address' and the words 'any meeting' shall be omitted; and

(ii) in sub-section (3), the words 'and the Council of Affiliated Colleges' shall be omitted and after the words 'the Syndicate,' the word 'and' shall be inserted.

Insertion of new section 12A in Madras Act VII of 1923.

13. After section 12 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

The Registrar.

"12A. (1) The Registrar shall be a whole-time paid officer of the University appointed by the Syndicate for such period and on such terms as may be prescribed by the Statutes.

(2) The Registrar shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as may be prescribed."

Amendment of section 13 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

14. In section 13 of the said Act—

(i) at the end of clause (5), the word 'and' shall be inserted;

(ii) clause (6) shall be omitted and clause (7) re-numbered as (6); and

(iii) in clause (6) as so re-numbered, for the word 'authorities' where it first occurs, the word 'bodies' shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section 14 in Madras Act VII of 1923.

15. For section 14 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

The Senate.

"14. (*a*) The Senate shall consist of the following persons, namely :—

CLASS I—EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS.

(1) The Chancellor;
(2) The Pro-Chancellor,
(3) The Vice-Chancellor;
(4) The Director of Public Instruction, Madras;
(5) The Principals of first-grade colleges;
(6) The Principals of professional colleges:

(7) The whole-time University Professors paid from University funds or endowments; and

(8) Members of the Syndicate who are not otherwise members of the Senate.

CLASS II—LIFE MEMBERS.

(1) Such number of persons not exceeding five as may be nominated by the Chancellor to be life members on the ground that they have rendered eminent services to education; and

(2) All persons who make a donation of not less than Rs. 25,000 to or for the general purposes of the University.

CLASS III—OTHER MEMBERS.

(1) Thirty members elected by registered graduates from among themselves according to the principle of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote.

(2) Twenty members elected by the Academic Council from among its own body, of whom not less than ten shall be teachers of affiliated colleges.

(3) Twelve members elected by the non-official members of the Legislative Council of Madras from among themselves.

(4) Five persons elected from among themselves by the Principals of second-grade colleges affiliated to the University and three persons elected from among themselves by Headmasters of High schools recognized by the Local Government.

(5) Four members elected by the Corporation of Madras from among its own body.

(6) Two members for each district, one elected by the members of the District Board from among themselves and the other by the Municipal Councillors of the Municipalities in the district from among themselves.

(7) Two members elected by the Madras Chamber of Commerce and two members elected by the Southern India Chamber of Commerce.

(8) Two members elected by the Madras Landholders' Association.

(9) Two members elected by the Muhammadan Educational Association of Southern India.

(10) Every association making a donation of not less than Rs 25,000 and every person making a donation of not less than Rs. 10,000 but not amounting to Rs. 25,000 or more to or for the general purposes of the University shall be entitled to nominate one member to the Senate who shall be a member for five years and if such member vacates his office before the expiry of the period of five years, another member may be nominated in his place by the association or person concerned, who shall hold office for the residue of such period, and the same provision shall apply in all cases of vacancies arising before the expiry of such period.

(11) Thirty members nominated by the Chancellor, of whom not less than twenty shall be nominated to secure the representation of the depressed and backward classes and of other minorities not otherwise adequately represented; and

(12) One member to represent each of the chief Indian languages in the Presidency, to be nominated by the Chancellor.

(*b*) Save as otherwise provided, elected and nominated members of the Senate shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of the election or nomination, as the case may be;

Provided, however, that no member elected in his capacity as a member of a particular electorate shall hold office for a longer period than three months after he has ceased to be such member unless meanwhile he again becomes a member of that electorate;

Provided also that where an elected or nominated member of the Senate is appointed temporarily to any of the offices by virtue of which he is entitled to be a member of the Senate ex-officio, he shall, by notice in writing signed by him and communicated to the Vice-Chancellor within seven days from the date of his taking charge of his appointment, choose whether he will continue to be a member of the Senate by virtue of his election or nomination or whether he will vacate office as such member and become a member ex-officio by virtue of his appointment and the choice shall be conclusive. On failure to make such choice, he shall be deemed to have vacated his office as an elected or nominated member.

(*c*) When a person ceases to be a member of the Senate he shall cease to be a member of any of the authorities of the University of which he may happen to be a member by virtue of his membership of the Senate."

Substitution of new section for section 15 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

16. For section 15 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

The Senate to be the supreme governing body.

"15. The Senate shall be the supreme governing body of the University and shall have power to review the action of the Syndicate and of the Academic Council save where the Syndicate and the Academic Council have acted in accordance with powers conferred on them under this Act, the Statutes, the Ordinances or the Regulations and shall exercise all the powers of the University not otherwise provided for and all powers requisite to give effect to the provisions of this Act :

Provided that if any question arises whether the Syndicate or the Academic Council has acted in accordance with such powers as aforesaid or not, the question shall be decided by a resolution passed by two-thirds of the number of members present and voting at a meeting of the Senate and the decision shall be final."

Substitution of new section for section 16 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

17. For section 16 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Powers of the Senate.

"16. In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by section 15, the Senate shall have the following powers, namely :—

(1) to make Statutes and amend or repeal the same;

(2) to modify or cancel Ordinances and Regulations in the manner prescribed by this Act;

(3) to make such provision as will enable constituent, affiliated and oriental colleges to undertake specialization of studies and to organize common laboratories, libraries and other equipment for research work;

(4) to provide for instruction and training in such branches of learning as it may think fit;

(5) to institute and maintain Constituent Colleges, to prescribe in consultation with the Academic Council the conditions of recognition as Constituent Colleges, of Colleges not maintained by the University, to allow Colleges recognized by the University before the passing of this Act to continue to exercise the rights and privileges conferred on them by the recognition and any further rights conferred by or under this Act and to withdraw recognition therefrom ;

(6) to prescribe in consultation with the Academic Council the conditions for approving as Oriental Colleges institutions in which provision is made for courses of study in Oriental Learning only and for the preparation of students for degrees, titles or diplomas of the University, and to allow Oriental institutions approved by the University before the passing of this Act to continue to exercise the rights and privileges conferred on them by such approval and any further rights conferred by or under this Act until they are transferred to other Universities and to withdraw such approval;

(7) to provide for research and the advancement and dissemination of knowledge;

(8) to institute, after consultation with the Academic Council, professorships, readerships, lectureships and any other teaching posts required by the University;

(9) to establish, equip and maintain University laboratories, libraries and Institutes of Research;

(10) to prescribe in consultation with the Academic Council the conditions of affiliation to the University of Colleges outside the limits of the University, to allow colleges affiliated to the University before the passing of this Act to continue to exercise the rights and privileges conferred on them by the affiliation and any further rights conferred by or under this Act until they are transferred to other Universities and to withdraw affiliation from colleges;

(11) to provide after consultation with the Academic Council such lectures and instruction for students of the constituent affiliated and oriental colleges of the University as the Senate may determine and also to provide for lectures and instruction to persons not being students of the University and to grant diplomas to them;

(12) to provide for the inspection of all colleges and hostels;

(13) to institute degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions;

(14) to confer degrees, titles, diplomas and other academic distinctions on persons who—

(a) shall have pursued an approved course of study in a constituent, affiliated or oriental college or have been exempted therefrom in the manner prescribed by

the statutes and shall have passed the prescribed examinations of the University, or

(b) shall have carried on research under conditions prescribed ;

(15) to confer honorary degrees or other distinctions on the recommendation of not less than two-thirds of the members of the Syndicate ;

(16) to establish and maintain hostels ;

(17) to institute, after consultation with the Academic Council, fellowships, travelling fellowships, scholarships, studentships, bursaries, exhibitions, medals and prizes ;

(18) to prescribe the fees to be charged for the recognition and affiliation of colleges, for admission to the examinations, degrees and diplomas of the University, for the registration of the graduates and for all or any of the purposes specified in section 4-A of this Act ;

(19) to consider and take such action as it may deem fit on the annual report, the annual accounts and the financial estimates ;

(20) to create and manage an affiliated college fund and make statutes therefor ;

(21) to institute, after consultation with the Academic Council, a Publication Bureau, an Employment Bureau, Students' Unions, University Extension Boards and University Athletic clubs ;

(22) to enter into any agreement with the Government or with a private management for assuming the management of any institution and for taking over its properties and liabilities or for any other purpose not repugnant to the provisions of this Act ;

(23) to make statutes regulating the method of election to the authorities of the University and the procedure at the meeting of the Senate, Syndicate and other authorities of the University and the quorum of members required for the transaction of business by the authorities of the University other than the Senate ;

(24) to recommend to the Local Government the recognition of any local area as a University centre ;

(25) to co-operate with other Universities and other authorities in such manner and for such purposes as it may determine ; and

(26) to delegate such of its powers as it may deem fit to any authority or authorities constituted under this Act."

Amendment of section 17 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

18. For sub-section (1) of section 17 of the said Act the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"17. (1) The Senate shall meet at least twice a year on dates to be fixed by the Vice-Chancellor. One of such meetings shall be called the annual meeting. The Senate may also meet at such other times as it may, from time to time, determine ;"

Amendment of section 18 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

19. (1) The paragraphs of section 18 of the said Act except the last paragraph shall be lettered as sub-section (*a*) of section 18 and in the sub-section as so lettered, under the head 'Class II—Other Members'—

(*a*) in clause (2) for the word 'three' the word 'six' shall be substituted, and at the end of clause (2) the following words shall be added : 'of whom three shall be teachers of affiliated colleges and the rest shall be persons other than teachers of affiliated colleges' ;

(*b*) clause (3) shall be omitted and clause (4) re-numbered as (3) ; and

(*c*) after clause (3) as so re-numbered, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely :—

"Provided that no whole-time University Professor or whole-time teacher of the University shall be eligible for election or nomination as a member of the Syndicate."

(2) For the last paragraph of the said section, the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

"(5) Save as otherwise provided, elected and nominated members of the Syndicate shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of the election or nomination as the case may be ;

Provided, however, that no member elected in his capacity as a member of a particular electorate shall hold office for a longer period than three months after he has ceased to be such member, unless meanwhile he again becomes a member of that electorate ;

Provided also that where an elected or nominated member of the Syndicate is appointed temporarily to any of the offices by virtue of which he is entitled to be a member of the Syndicate ex-officio, he shall, by notice in

writing signed by him and communicated to the Vice-Chancellor within seven days from the date of his taking charge of his appointment, choose whether he will continue to be a member of the Syndicate by virtue of his election or nomination or whether he will vacate office as such member and become a member ex-officio by virtue of his appointment and the choice shall be conclusive. On failure to make such choice, he shall be deemed to have vacated his office as an elected or nominated member;

Provided also that a member of the Syndicate shall cease to be a member if he subsequently becomes a whole-time University Professor or whole-time teacher of the University.

(*c*) When a person ceases to be a member of the Syndicate, he shall cease to be a member of any of the authorities of the University of which he may happen to be a member by virtue of his membership of the Syndicate."

Substitution of new section for section 19 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

20. For section 19 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Powers of the Syndicate.

"19. The Syndicate shall have the following powers, namely :—

(*a*) to make ordinances and amend or repeal the same;

(*b*) to hold, control and administer the properties and funds of the University;

(*c*) to direct the form, custody and use of the common seal of the University;

(*d*) to regulate and determine all matters concerning the University in accordance with this Act, the Statutes, the Regulations and the Ordinances;

(*e*) to frame the financial estimates of the University and submit the same to the Senate;

(*f*) to administer all properties and funds placed at the disposal of the University for specific purposes;

(*g*) to appoint the University Professors and Readers and the teachers and servants of the University, fix their emoluments, if any, define their duties and the conditions of their service; and provide for the filling up of temporary vacancies;

(*h*) to suspend and dismiss the University Professors and Readers and the teachers and servants of the University;

(*i*) to accept endowments, bequests, donations and transfers of any movable and immovable properties to the University on its behalf, provided that all such endowments, bequests, donations and transfers shall be reported to the Senate at its next meeting;

(*j*) to recognize colleges within the limits of the University and not maintained by the University as constituent colleges, affiliate to the University colleges outside the limits of the University; approve institutions as oriental colleges and recognize hostels not maintained by the University and withdraw recognition therefrom;

(*k*) to arrange for and direct the inspection of all constituent, affiliated and oriental colleges and hostels;

(*l*) to prescribe the qualifications of teachers in constituent, affiliated and oriental colleges and hostels;

(*m*) to award fellowships, travelling fellowships, scholarships, studentships, bursaries, exhibitions, medals and prizes in accordance with the Statutes;

(*n*) to charge and collect such fees as may be prescribed;

(*o*) to conduct the University examinations and approve and publish the results thereof;

(*p*) to make ordinances regarding the admission of students to the University or prescribing examinations to be recognized as equivalent to University examinations;

(*q*) to appoint members to the Boards of Studies;

(*r*) (i) to appoint examiners after consideration of the recommendations of the Boards of Studies; and

(ii) to fix their remuneration;

(*s*) to supervise and control the residence and discipline of the students of the University and make arrangements through the colleges for securing their health and well-being;

(*t*) to manage the University laboratories, libraries, institutes of research and other institutions established by the University;

(*u*) to manage hostels instituted by the University;

(*v*) to manage constituent colleges instituted by the University;

(*w*) to manage any Publication Bureau, Employment Bureau, Students' Union, University Extension Board or University Athletic Club instituted by the University;

(*x*) to exercise such other powers and perform such other duties as may be conferred or imposed on it by this Act, or the Statutes, Ordinances or Regulations; and

(*y*) to delegate any of its powers to the Vice-Chancellor, to a Committee from among its own members or to a Committee appointed in accordance with the statutes."

Amendment of the heading of Chapter V of Madras Act VII of 1923.

21. In the heading to Chapter V of the said Act for the words "and The Council of Affiliated Colleges" the words "The Boards of Studies and Other Authorities" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 23 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

22. For section 23 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

The Academic Council.

"23. (*a*) The members of the Academic Council in addition to the Vice-Chancellor shall be—

CLASS I—EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS.

(1) The Director of Public Instruction, Madras;

(2) The University Professors;

(3) The heads of University Departments of Study and Research;

(4) The Librarian of the University Library;

(5) The Principals of first-grade colleges;

(6) The Principals of professional colleges;

(7) The Principals of constituent second-grade colleges;

(8) Readers of the University appointed under clause (*g*) of section 19;

(9) Members of the Senate nominated under clause (12) of class III of sub-section (*a*) of section 14; and

(10) Members of the Syndicate who are not otherwise members of the Academic Council.

CLASS II—OTHER MEMBERS.

(1) Six members elected by the Principals of affiliated second-grade colleges from among themselves;

(2) Five members elected by the Senate from its own body who are not engaged in teaching;

(3) Three teachers of each of the honours colleges and of the Madras Medical College to be elected by the teachers in such college;

(4) Two teachers of each of the first-grade and professional colleges (other than honours colleges and the Madras Medical College) to be elected by the teachers in such college;

(5) Three persons elected from among themselves by the headmasters of high schools recognized by the Local Government;

(6) Save as otherwise provided, elected and nominated members of the Academic Council shall hold office for a period of three years from the date of the election or nomination as the case may be,

Provided however that no member elected in his capacity as a member of a particular electorate shall hold office for a longer period than three months after he has ceased to be such member unless meanwhile he again becomes a member of that electorate;

Provided also that where an elected or nominated member of the Academic Council is appointed temporarily to any of the offices by virtue of which he is entitled to be a member of the Academic Council ex-officio, he shall by notice in writing signed by him and communicated to the Vice-Chancellor within seven days from the date of his taking charge of his appointment, choose whether he will continue to be a member of the Academic Council by virtue of his election or nomination or whether he will vacate office as such member and become a member ex-officio by virtue of his appointment and the choice shall be conclusive. On failure to make such choice, he shall be deemed to have vacated his office as an elected or nominated member;

Provided also that a member elected under clause (2) of class II of sub-section (*a*) shall cease to be a member of the Academic Council if he subsequently becomes engaged in teaching."

(c) When a person ceases to be a member of the Academic Council he shall cease to be a member of any of the authorities of the University of which he may happen to be a member by virtue of his membership of the Academic Council

Substitution of new section for section 24 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

23. For section 24 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Powers of the Academic Council.

"24. Subject to the provisions of this Act the Academic Council shall have the following powers namely:—

(a) to make regulations and amend or repeal the same ;

(b) to advise the Senate and the Syndicate on all academic matters ;

(c) to make proposals to the Senate and the Syndicate for the institution of professorships, readerships, lectureships, or other teaching posts and in regard to the duties and emoluments thereof ;

(d) to make regulations regarding the special courses of study or division of subjects in constituent, affiliated and oriental colleges ;

(e) to make regulations for the encouragement of co-operation and reciprocity among constituent, affiliated and oriental colleges with a view to promoting academic life ;

(f) to make regulations regarding courses of study, examinations and the conditions on which students of constituent, affiliated and oriental colleges shall be admitted to examinations of the University ;

(g) to constitute Faculties in Arts, Science, Law, Medicine, Engineering, Technology, Teaching, Agriculture, Commerce, Oriental Learning, Indian System of Medicine, Fine Arts and such other subjects as may be prescribed ;

(h) to make proposals to the Syndicate for the framing of Ordinances for the management of University laboratories, libraries and institutes of research, constituent colleges and hostels instituted by the University and other institutions established by the University ;

(i) to recommend to the Senate schemes for the constitution or reconstitution of departments of teaching ;

(*f*) to promote research within the University and to call for reports on such research from the persons engaged therein and to make recommendations to the Syndicate thereon; and

(*k*) to appoint a Standing Committee of which not less than one-third shall be members of the Academic Council who are Principals or teachers of affiliated colleges and to delegate to it such of its powers as it may deem fit."

Substitution of new section for section 25 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

24. For section 25 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

The Faculties.

"25. The University shall include Faculties of Arts, Science, Law, Medicine, Engineering, Teaching, Agriculture, Commerce, Oriental Learning, Fine Arts, and such other Faculties as may be prescribed by the Statutes. Each Faculty shall comprise such departments of teaching as may be prescribed by the Ordinances. The constitution and functions of the Faculties shall in all other respects be prescribed by the Regulations; provided that not less than three-fourths of the total number of members of every Faculty shall be members of the Academic Council."

Insertion of new section 25A in Madras Act VII of 1923.

25. After section 25 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

The Boards of Studies.

"25A. There shall be Boards of Studies attached to each department of teaching. The constitution and powers of the Boards of Studies shall be prescribed by the Ordinances."

Repeal of sections 26 and 27 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

26. Sections 26 and 27 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 28 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

27. In section 28 of the said Act, for the word 'authorities' where it first occurs, the word 'bodies' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 29 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

28. In section 29 of the said Act—

(i) for clause (*e*) the following clause shall be substituted :—

"(*e*) the conditions of recognition of constituent colleges, of affiliation to the University of Affiliated Colleges and of approval of institutions as Oriental Colleges";

(ii) clauses (*e*) and (*m*) shall be *omitted* and clauses (*f*), (*g*), (*h*), (*i*), (*j*), (*k*), (*l*) and (*n*) re-lettered as (*e*), (*f*), (*g*), (*h*), (*i*), (*j*), (*k*) and (*l*) respectively;

(iii) for clause (*e*) as so re-lettered the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*e*) the powers, duties and conditions of service of the officers of the University other than the Chancellor and the Pro-Chancellor";

(iv) for clause (*h*) as so re-lettered, the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*h*) the administration of endowments and the institution and conditions of award of fellowships, travelling fellowships, scholarships, studentships, bursaries, exhibitions, medals and prizes"; and

(v) in clause (*k*) as so re-lettered, after the word 'graduates' at the end, the word 'and' shall be added.

Amendment of section 30 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

29. In section 30 of the said Act—

(i) sub-sections (1) and (2) shall be omitted and sub-sections (3) to (6) re-numbered as (1) to (4) respectively, and

(ii) in clause (*b*) of sub-section (4) as so re-numbered the words 'and the Council of Affiliated Colleges' shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 31 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

30. In section 31 of the said Act—

(i) clause (*b*) shall be omitted and clauses (*c*) to (*j*) re-lettered as (*b*) to (*i*) respectively;

(ii) for clause (*c*) as so re-lettered the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*c*) the conditions of recognition of hostels not maintained by the University";

(iii) in clause (*d*) as so re-lettered, the word 'number' shall be omitted;

(iv) in clause (*e*) as so re-lettered, the words 'for admission to the examinations, degrees and diplomas of the University and for the registration of graduates' shall be omitted; and before the words 'for tutorial and supplementary instruction' the word 'and' shall be inserted;

(v) in clause (*f*) as so re-lettered, after the word 'constituent' the words 'affiliated and oriental' shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 32 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

31. For sub-section (1) of section 32 of the said Act, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"32. (1) In making Ordinances the Syndicate shall consult—

(i) the Boards of Studies when such Ordinances affect the appointment and duties of examiners, and

(ii) the Academic Council when they affect the conduct or standard of examinations, or the conditions of residence of students."

Amendment of section 35 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

32. In section 35 of the said Act—

(i) In sub-section (2) *for* the words 'recognized by the Senate' the words 'recognized by the Syndicate' shall be substituted.

(ii) in sub-section (3) the words 'or hostel' in the two places where they occur shall be omitted ; and

(iii) after sub-section (3) the following sub-section shall be inserted as sub-section (4), namely :—

"(4) The Syndicate shall have power to suspend or withdraw the recognition of any hostel which may not be conducted in accordance with the conditions prescribed, provided that no such action shall be taken without affording the management of such hostel an opportunity of making such representation as it may deem fit."

Amendment of section 36 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

33. In section 36 of the said Act—

(i) In sub-section (1) *for* the word 'Madras' the words 'the University of Madras' shall be substituted ; and

(ii) In sub-section (2) *for* the words 'constituent college or of an affiliated college' the words 'constituent, affiliated or oriental college' shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 38 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

34. For section 38 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Filling of vacancies.

"38. All vacancies among the members (other than ex-officio members) of any authority or other body of the University shall be filled as soon as conveniently may be by the individual or electorate who nominated or elected the member whose place has become vacant."

Substitution of new section for section 42 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

35. For section 42 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Constitution of committees.

"42. All the authorities of the University shall have power to appoint committees and to delegate to them such of their powers as they deem fit; such committees shall, unless there be some special provision in this Act to the contrary, consist of such members of the authority concerned and of such other persons, if any, as the authority in each case may think fit."

Amendment of section 44 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

36. For clause (*b*) of the second paragraph of section 44 of the said Act, the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*b*) a sum of at least two lakhs of rupees on such conditions as the Local Government may impose towards the salary, if any, of the Vice-Chancellor, the development of laboratories, libraries, museums and workshops and the salaries of such teachers of the University as are appointed for higher research and for the advancement and dissemination of knowledge in particular branches of learning."

Amendment of section 51 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

37. In section 51 of the said Act, *for* the word 'property' the word 'properties' shall be substituted.

Repeal of section 54 of Madras Act VII of 1923.

38. Section 54 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Repeal of Schedule I to Madras Act VII of 1923.

39. Schedule I to the said Act shall be omitted.

Existing Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations to continue in force till replaced.

40. The Statutes, Ordinances and Regulations in force at the time of commencement of this Act shall continue to be in force until they are replaced by Statutes, Ordinances or Regulations framed under the said Act as amended by this Act.

Transitory provisions re existing members of Senate, Syndicate and Academic Council.

41. In their application to the members of the Senate, Syndicate and Academic Council in office at the commencement of this Act and the first reconstitution of these authorities in accordance therewith, the provisions of the said Act and of this Act shall be read subject to the rules contained in the Schedule.

THE SCHEDULE

Transitory provisions

1. The Local Government shall fix a date, not later than the 31st day of March 1930 on which the term of office of members of the Senate, Syndicate and Academic Council holding office at the commencement of this Act shall expire.

2. Any vacancy in the office of member of the Senate, Syndicate or Academic Council which is in existence at the commencement of this Act or which occurs before the date fixed under rule 1 shall be filled up in the same manner as it would have been filled up if this Act had not been passed:

Provided that any person elected or appointed as member under this rule shall hold office only up to the date referred to in rule 1.

Provided however that the Syndicate may decide to have no election in the case of vacancies that may last for less than three months.

3. The Vice-Chancellor shall cause arrangements to be made for the election or appointment of members of the Senate, Syndicate and Academic Council so that the newly elected and appointed members may come into office on the date fixed under rule 1 for the expiry of the term of office of members holding office at the commencement of this Act.

4. No acts or proceedings of the Academic Council reconstituted under this Act shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only of non-compliance with the provisions of clause (2) of class II of sub-section (*a*) of section 23 of the said Act as amended by this Act.

5. If any difficulty arises as to the reconstitution of the Senate, Syndicate or Academic Council under this Act, the Local Government, as occasion may require, may, by order, do anything which appears to them necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

(By order of His Excellency the Governor)

J. VENKATANARAYANA,
Secy. to Govt., Law (Legislative) Dept.

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